

Products

- Common protocols for greenhouse gas emission, soil properties and related measurements published
- Release of public data entry template
- Release of publically available ARS Data Portal : <http://nrrc.ars.usda.gov/arsdataportal/#/Home>
- Synthesis documents published
- Contributions to Greenhouse Gas Inventories made

Related efforts

USDA-ARS-Livestock GRACEnet

USDA-ARS-REAP: Resilient Economic Agricultural Practices

USDA-ARS-LTAR: Long-Term Agroecosystem Research

USDA Regional Climate Hubs

GRA: Global Research Alliance

MAGNET: Managing Agricultural Greenhouse Gases network

GRACEnet

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ARS National Programs

- Climate, Soils, and Emissions Research
- Agricultural System Competitiveness and Sustainability”

www.ars.usda.gov/research/programs.htm

ARS MISSION

The Agricultural Research Service conducts research to develop and transfer solutions to agricultural problems of high national priority and provides information access and dissemination to

- ensure high-quality, safe food and other agricultural products,
- assess the nutritional needs of Americans,
- sustain a competitive agricultural economy,
- enhance the natural resource base and the environment, and
- provide economic opportunities for rural citizens, communities, and society as a whole.

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Greenhouse gas Reduction through Agricultural Carbon Enhancement network

GRACEnet

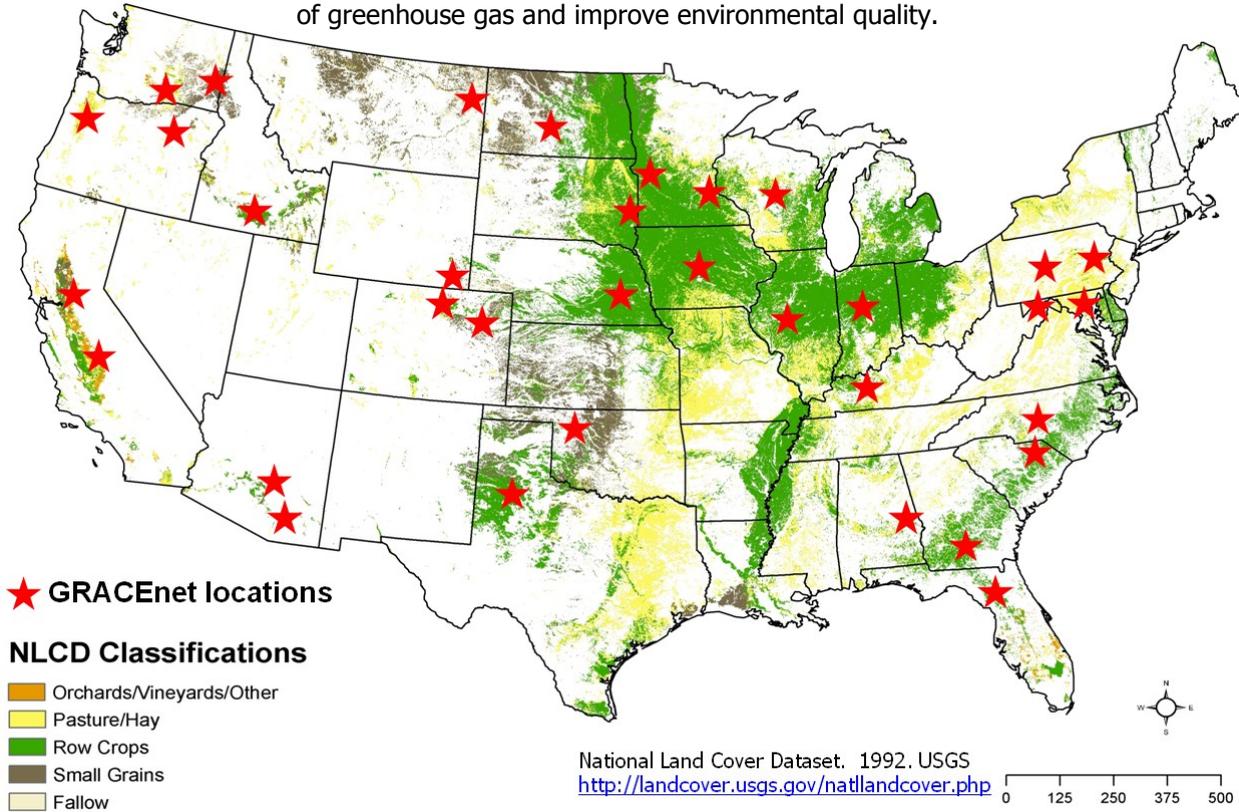
A research program to assess soil carbon sequestration and greenhouse gas mitigation by agricultural management



United States Department of
Agriculture-
Agricultural Research Service

GOAL

Identify and develop agricultural strategies to enhance soil carbon sequestration and reduce greenhouse gas emission and to provide a scientific basis for carbon credit programs, to reduce net emission of greenhouse gas and improve environmental quality.



APPROACH

Consistent protocols for soil, trace gas and plant sampling are used across the network.

Assessment within GRACEnet follows four location-specific scenarios:

1. Business as usual in production agriculture for various areas of the country.
 - What is the carbon accumulation/loss rate under typical agricultural management?

2. Maximizing carbon sequestration rate.
 - What can be done to reach the highest carbon sequestration rate?
3. Minimizing net greenhouse gas emission.
 - Agriculture is the main source of nitrous oxide and methane to the atmosphere. Practices will be developed to decrease the emission of these gases.
4. Maximizing environmental benefits by improving water, air, and soil quality.
 - This scenario investigates management systems to optimize both agricultural and environmental benefits, by sequestering soil carbon and decreasing greenhouse gas emissions.

OBJECTIVES

1. Evaluate status and direction of change in soil carbon for typical and alternative agricultural systems.



2. Determine net greenhouse gas emission (carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide) of current agricultural systems for typical and alternative agricultural systems.



3. Determine the environmental effects (water, air and soil quality) of agricultural systems developed to reduce greenhouse gas emission and increase soil carbon storage.

