Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Gender and age	Sample size		ergy	Pro	otein		rbo- lrate		otal gars		etary ber		otal fat		urated fat	unsat	ono- curated at	unsa	oly- turated fat
(years)		kcal	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Males:																			
2 - 5	336	1545	(27.4)	54.7	(1.62)	205	(3.4)	96	(2.2)	12.1	(0.45)	58.6	(1.48)	20.6	(0.46)	20.0	(0.66)	12.9	(0.49)
6 - 11	517	1973	(31.2)	69.2	(1.85)	258	(6.6)	117	(3.7)	14.7	(0.54)	76.3	(1.77)	27.0	(0.86)	25.7	(0.68)	16.7	(0.40)
12 - 19	609	2247	(69.7)	84.5	(3.24)	282	(8.9)	124	(5.0)	16.0	(0.56)	88.5	(3.00)	31.0	(1.18)	30.1	(1.14)	19.1	(0.54)
20 - 29	392	2570	(71.3)	107.3	(5.40)	293	(9.6)	121	(5.4)	18.9	(0.97)	100.0	(3.86)	33.4	(1.41)	35.2	(1.47)	21.8	(0.89)
30 - 39	418	2687	(73.8)	104.4	(4.02)	307	(6.2)	130	(5.2)	19.4	(0.66)	104.8	(4.86)	35.4	(1.92)	36.5	(1.80)	23.2	(1.02)
40 - 49	370	2519	(53.4)	98.1	(3.37)	283	(8.8)	120	(6.7)	19.2	(1.21)	98.6	(2.67)	31.7	(1.20)	35.1	(0.90)	22.5	(0.71)
50 - 59	397	2487	(72.1)	97.5	(3.87)	284	(10.7)	125	(8.6)	18.8	(0.88)	98.3	(3.78)	32.1	(1.30)	34.8	(1.44)	22.5	(1.10)
60 - 69	420	2166	(56.7)	87.0	(2.52)	253	(9.8)	106	(5.5)	19.5	(1.31)	86.5	(2.62)	27.6	(0.81)	31.0	(1.04)	20.2	(1.03)
70 and over	418	2014	(51.0)	76.0	(2.45)	232	(7.4)	99	(4.8)	17.6	(0.74)	83.9	(2.94)	27.9	(0.94)	29.6	(1.12)	19.1	(1.04)
2 - 19	1462	2009	(37.0)	73.1	(1.79)	258	(4.3)	116	(2.5)	14.8	(0.34)	78.2	(1.92)	27.5	(0.80)	26.5	(0.73)	17.0	(0.32)
20 and over	2415	2439	(27.5)	96.6	(1.85)	279	(3.1)	118	(2.8)	18.9	(0.43)	96.3	(1.71)	31.7	(0.69)	34.0	(0.60)	21.7	(0.44)
2 and over	3877	2332	(27.6)	90.7	(1.67)	274	(2.8)	118	(2.4)	17.9	(0.40)	91.8	(1.68)	30.7	(0.65)	32.2	(0.60)	20.5	(0.39)
Females:																			
2 - 5	329	1395	(35.6)	51.2	(0.98)	183	(6.2)	88	(3.8)	11.0	(0.37)	53.3	(1.29)	19.2	(0.42)	18.1	(0.50)	11.2	(0.46)
6 - 11	523	1834	(37.2)	64.5	(1.85)	237	(5.5)	105	(3.9)	14.0	(0.47)	72.3	(1.64)	25.9	(0.79)	24.3	(0.70)	15.6	(0.40)
12 - 19	587	1813	(44.7)	63.4	(1.88)	233	(5.3)	104	(3.7)	13.9	(0.25)	72.1	(2.21)	24.8	(1.00)	24.3	(0.69)	16.5	(0.55)
20 - 29	442	1917	(33.2)	72.6	(2.20)	231	(5.0)	101	(3.6)	15.3	(0.66)	76.7	(1.57)	24.5	(0.62)	26.6	(0.63)	18.6	(0.54)
30 - 39	435	1869	(53.3)	74.1	(2.39)	215	(8.9)	91	(4.2)	17.0	(1.07)	74.0	(2.16)	24.0	(0.82)	25.7	(0.78)	17.6	(0.76)
40 - 49	460	1845	(40.0)	72.7	(2.39)	218	(6.0)	97	(4.5)	15.2	(0.69)	73.7	(2.41)	23.7	(0.90)	26.0	(0.95)	17.5	(0.63)
50 - 59	419	1807	(32.1)	69.6	(1.74)	207	(6.7)	93	(3.6)	16.2	(0.81)	75.1	(3.23)	23.7	(0.83)	26.8	(1.79)	17.9	(0.85)
60 - 69	432	1686	(39.0)	65.0	(2.12)	200	(6.0)	91	(4.4)	15.7	(0.56)	70.4	(2.16)	23.8	(0.70)	24.3	(0.83)	16.1	(0.76)
70 and over	414	1598	(55.2)	60.7	(2.33)	196	(6.9)	87	(3.7)	14.9	(0.61)	64.3	(2.54)	21.3	(0.70) (0.92)	22.3	(0.93)	14.9	(0.70)
2 10	1439	1725				223				13.3	, ,	67.0		23.9		22.9			
2 - 19 20 and over	2602	1725	(21.3) (16.7)	61.0 69.4	(0.86) (0.81)	212	(2.7) (3.4)	101 94	(2.1) (1.9)	15.3	(0.21) (0.44)	67.9 72.7	(1.10) (1.12)	23.9	(0.55) (0.38)	25.4	(0.39) (0.52)	15.0 17.2	(0.25) (0.35)
20 and over	4041	1779	(10.7) (12.1)	67.5	(0.81) (0.71)	214	(2.6)	9 4 95	(1.9) (1.7)	15.7	(0.44) (0.36)	71.6	(0.79)	23.6	(0.38) (0.26)	24.8	(0.32) (0.38)	16.7	(0.33) (0.29)
Males and females:			` /		` /		` /		` '		` /		, ,		. ,		` '		` /
2 - 19	2901	1868	(25.2)	67.1	(1.14)	241	(3.0)	108	(2.1)	14.0	(0.22)	73.1	(1.29)	25.7	(0.57)	24.7	(0.48)	16.0	(0.22)
20 and over	5017	2105	(20.6)	82.5	(1.14) (1.20)	244	(2.4)	106	(2.1) (1.6)	17.3	(0.22) (0.39)	84.1	(1.29) (1.12)	27.5	(0.37) (0.47)	29.6	(0.48) (0.39)	19.4	(0.22) (0.30)
2 and over	7918	2048	(18.3)	78.8	(1.20) (1.09)	243	(2.4) (1.9)	106	(1.5)	16.5	(0.35)	81.4	(1.12) (1.03)	27.1	(0.47) (0.42)	28.4	(0.37)	18.6	(0.36)

Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages:Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual,
by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age		oles- erol	Re	tinol		min A AE)		pha- otene		eta- otene		crypto- nthin	Lyo	copene		tein + anthin	Th	iamin
(years)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)
Males:																		
2 - 5	188	(14.1)	443	(19.6)	556	(28.8)	271*	(83.2)		(231.0)	82	(10.1)	3689	(351.2)	780	(75.6)	1.29	(0.031)
6 - 11	228	(11.4)	503	(24.4)	638	(34.2)	365	(72.9)	1409	(203.0)	62	(6.8)	4354	(510.4)	793	(94.1)	1.59	(0.046)
12 - 19	276	(12.4)	532	(36.8)	653	(38.9)	252	(32.3)	1300	(112.9)	64	(5.1)	5607	(444.7)	901	(46.3)	1.83	(0.069)
20 - 29	377	(21.7)	523	(43.2)	677	(43.4)	291	(64.9)	1673	(186.9)	77	(11.2)	5850	(686.5)	1564	(121.5)	1.91	(0.060)
30 - 39	383	(24.2)	493	(28.7)	640	(29.5)	259	(33.2)	1610	(88.8)	77	(7.0)	6472	(599.4)	1441	(160.0)	1.93	(0.046)
40 - 49	359	(15.8)	478	(47.7)	693	(62.2)	540	(134.7)	2271	(327.1)	87	(13.0)	5952	(1145.4)	1528	(118.0)	1.81	(0.072)
50 - 59	353	(29.9)	445	(42.0)	661	(69.6)	489	(102.5)	2313	(486.6)	89	(11.7)	6533	(711.9)	1266	(107.5)	1.79	(0.072)
60 - 69	306	(16.7)	386	(17.6)	618	(34.2)	499	(81.5)	2503	(319.1)	91	(11.3)	4809	(588.5)	1557	(159.5)	1.79	(0.104)
70 and over	275	(15.3)	501	(26.7)	689	(36.7)	333	(39.2)	2034	(194.7)	109	(16.3)	5761	(551.1)	1600	(218.8)	1.73	(0.081)
2 - 19	242	(7.6)	504	(19.6)	628	(23.1)	295	(29.9)	1314	(106.8)	67	(4.9)	4780	(337.9)	839	(46.8)	1.64	(0.031)
20 and over	348	(11.1)	474	(17.3)	663	(19.2)	397	(35.4)	2042	(124.3)	87	(5.7)	5952	(298.0)	1483	(72.4)	1.83	(0.023)
2 and over	321	(8.6)	481	(14.2)	654	(16.0)	372	(30.3)		(109.3)	82	(4.7)	5659	(262.2)	1322	(61.1)	1.78	
Females:																		
2 - 5	177	(9.5)	417	(23.4)	530	(23.1)	291*	(102.1)	1188	(237.3)	61	(5.4)	2924	(409.4)	661	(61.5)	1.14	(0.046)
6 - 11	222	(14.2)	479	(18.3)	605	(26.7)	309	(68.0)	1316	(217.4)	84	(10.6)	4253	(546.8)	776	(39.5)	1.50	(0.045)
12 - 19	214	(11.2)	405	(25.5)	506	(29.6)	205	(40.4)	1086	(128.9)	55	(4.1)	3768	(247.8)	920	(136.4)	1.46	(0.052)
20 - 29	283	(13.1)	380	(19.0)	565	(28.3)	398	(90.7)	1990	(257.8)	67	(8.8)	4444	(656.5)	1635	(202.1)	1.39	(0.037)
30 - 39	267	(14.7)	384	(23.7)	681	(93.3)	711*	(350.6)	3172	(827.5)	85	(12.7)	4254	(552.6)	1819	(256.4)	1.43	(0.073)
40 - 49	263	(13.1)	377	(30.1)	564	(37.7)	332	(61.7)	2043	(214.3)	83	(11.7)	3846	(358.5)	1665	(158.7)	1.35	(0.045)
50 - 59	256	(13.4)	398	(22.6)	612	(39.1)	403	(87.9)	2309	(251.8)	120	(26.9)	5442	(833.5)	1872	(268.3)	1.37	(0.035)
60 - 69	240	(14.7)	346	(17.5)	566	(36.3)	416	(96.4)	2396	(285.2)	77	(9.1)	3310	(373.7)	1605	(141.3)	1.27	(0.032)
70 and over	219	(9.6)	358	(15.0)	599	(26.5)	389	(56.1)	2642	(277.6)	114	(19.3)	4101	(296.0)	1593	(372.3)	1.23	(0.047)
2 - 19	208	(6.4)	432	(13.7)	543	(19.3)	258	(41.8)	1182	(136.5)	65	(3.5)	3731	(277.4)	815	(59.6)	1.40	(0.030)
20 and over	256	(4.8)	376	(9.6)	598	(20.0)	440	(68.5)	2410	(164.8)	91	(7.2)	4294	(295.7)	1706	(120.7)	1.35	(0.020)
2 and over	245	(4.8)	389	(9.1)	585	(16.5)	398	(54.9)	2125	(142.5)	85	(5.7)	4164	(261.6)	1500	(103.0)	1.36	(0.017)
Males and females:																		
2 - 19	225	(5.4)	468	(15.8)	586	(18.6)	277	(25.9)	1249	(95.1)	66	(3.2)	4261	(230.4)	827	(40.2)	1.52	(0.025)
20 and over	300	(6.3)	423	(10.6)	629	(13.0)	420	(41.2)	2233	(110.0)	89	(5.8)	5092	(233.4)	1599	(83.4)	1.58	(0.020)
2 and over	282	(5.2)	434	(9.5)	619	(11.1)	385	(33.5)	1996	(98.7)	84	(4.8)	4892	(215.4)	1413	(73.2)	1.57	

Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age	Ribo- flavin	Niacin	Vitamin B6	Folic acid	Food folate	Folate (DFE)	Choline	Vitamin B12	Added Vitamin B12
(years)	mg (SE)	mg (SE)	mg (SE)	μg (SE)	μg (SE)	μg (SE)	mg (SE)	μg (SE)	μg (SE)
Males: 2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	1.74 (0.043)	17.0 (0.59)	1.44 (0.040)	186 (10.1)	133 (5.8)	448 (15.7)	221 (11.7)	3.94 (0.173)	0.91 (0.113)
	2.00 (0.069)	21.4 (0.58)	1.68 (0.067)	203 (6.5)	157 (5.6)	501 (14.3)	252 (8.8)	4.54 (0.235)	1.13 (0.136)
	2.26 (0.099)	27.8 (0.89)	2.11 (0.086)	243 (11.3)	186 (5.7)	599 (23.1)	303 (14.5)	5.94 (0.299)	1.61 (0.187)
20 - 29	2.60 (0.130)	36.3 (1.01)	2.98 (0.194)	222 (16.9)	249 (11.6)	627 (29.7)	406 (18.2)	6.36 (0.298)	1.85 (0.280)
30 - 39	2.64 (0.090)	35.2 (1.38)	2.83 (0.113)	214 (20.2)	264 (11.0)	628 (35.0)	419 (15.5)	6.77 (0.534)	1.81 (0.341)
40 - 49	2.50 (0.117)	32.0 (1.61)	2.49 (0.137)	201 (19.7)	258 (9.0)	598 (40.0)	406 (11.8)	6.19 (0.423)	1.33 (0.223)
50 - 59	2.62 (0.130)	29.8 (1.53)	2.41 (0.158)	171 (10.3)	250 (9.3)	541 (22.2)	421 (27.6)	6.23 (0.997)	1.06* (0.332)
60 - 69	2.36 (0.090)	27.6 (1.37)	2.14 (0.103)	171 (15.6)	245 (17.6)	536 (33.4)	367 (13.8)	4.65 (0.265)	0.89 (0.207)
70 and over	2.27 (0.083)	24.2 (0.92)	2.03 (0.096)	215 (18.8)	211 (6.7)	577 (32.5)	324 (12.0)	5.02 (0.319)	1.22 (0.241)
2 - 19	2.06 (0.051)	23.4 (0.53)	1.82 (0.050)	217 (5.7)	165 (3.7)	534 (11.8)	269 (7.9)	5.04 (0.171)	1.30 (0.105)
20 and over	2.52 (0.049)	31.4 (0.76)	2.53 (0.081)	200 (7.0)	248 (4.2)	587 (13.1)	395 (8.0)	5.97 (0.213)	1.39 (0.132)
2 and over	2.40 (0.045)	29.4 (0.65)	2.35 (0.065)	204 (5.4)	227 (3.6)	574 (10.4)	364 (6.7)	5.74 (0.173)	1.37 (0.104)
Females: 2 - 5	1.61 (0.072)	15.2 (0.62)	1.32 (0.063)	147 (12.7)	123 (4.0)	372 (23.3)	203 (9.2)	3.69 (0.212)	0.91 (0.131)
	1.87 (0.065)	19.9 (0.60)	1.56 (0.056)	205 (10.2)	148 (5.1)	497 (17.8)	242 (12.2)	4.29 (0.167)	1.00 (0.096)
	1.70 (0.069)	20.9 (0.63)	1.63 (0.055)	198 (13.0)	152 (4.8)	489 (23.3)	232 (8.8)	3.96 (0.174)	1.07 (0.096)
20 - 29	1.88 (0.065)	24.2 (0.87)	2.07 (0.114)	171 (7.4)	195 (8.2)	486 (10.4)	297 (11.9)	4.37 (0.259)	1.32 (0.295)
30 - 39	1.97 (0.088)	24.1 (0.79)	2.06 (0.114)	149 (10.9)	215 (17.0)	469 (25.0)	303 (12.0)	4.23 (0.242)	1.02 (0.162)
40 - 49	1.89 (0.065)	21.8 (0.73)	1.83 (0.106)	157 (11.7)	195 (7.9)	463 (24.1)	292 (8.3)	4.36 (0.247)	0.90 (0.148)
50 - 59	1.89 (0.065)	20.8 (0.64)	1.73 (0.072)	145 (8.6)	209 (9.6)	456 (18.6)	290 (11.6)	3.85 (0.204)	0.85 (0.138)
60 - 69	1.72 (0.062)	18.2 (0.94)	1.52 (0.091)	113 (9.1)	200 (10.9)	393 (21.0)	280 (9.9)	3.84 (0.282)	0.49 (0.127)
70 and over	1.66 (0.055)	17.9 (0.81)	1.47 (0.065)	135 (10.1)	170 (6.3)	400 (16.0)	251 (9.1)	3.56 (0.215)	0.68 (0.100)
2 - 19	1.73 (0.037)	19.3 (0.38)	1.54 (0.032)	189 (7.6)	144 (3.2)	465 (13.2)	228 (5.5)	4.00 (0.098)	1.01 (0.051)
20 and over	1.84 (0.039)	21.3 (0.36)	1.79 (0.046)	147 (4.0)	198 (6.0)	447 (10.6)	287 (4.1)	4.05 (0.087)	0.89 (0.082)
2 and over	1.82 (0.034)	20.9 (0.28)	1.73 (0.033)	156 (3.6)	186 (5.2)	451 (8.4)	273 (4.2)	4.04 (0.063)	0.92 (0.062)
Males and females: 2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	1.90 (0.042) 2.17 (0.040) 2.10 (0.037)	21.4 (0.40) 26.2 (0.53) 25.0 (0.43)	1.68 (0.038) 2.15 (0.051) 2.03 (0.040)	203 (5.6) 172 (4.2) 180 (3.6)	155 (2.3) 222 (4.4) 206 (4.1)	500 (10.1) 514 (10.0) 511 (8.3)	249 (5.6) 339 (4.6) 317 (4.2)	4.53 (0.125) 4.97 (0.123) 4.86 (0.105)	1.16 (0.069) 1.13 (0.088) 1.14 (0.068)

Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages:Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual,
by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	(al	min E pha- herol)		lded nin E	Vita	nmin K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Mag	nesium
(years)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)
Males:																
2 - 5	79.1	(5.60)	6.0	(0.31)	6.4	(0.32)	0.8	(0.24)	55.4	(2.84)	959	(29.7)	1100	(32.3)	203	(6.7)
6 - 11	67.2	(6.90)	5.6	(0.34)	7.3	(0.16)	0.5	(0.09)	62.9	(4.13)	1040	(42.5)	1308	(40.9)	239	(5.5)
12 - 19	67.9	(3.77)	5.7	(0.44)	8.5	(0.39)	0.8*	(0.26)	78.6	(3.63)	1128	(54.2)	1471	(56.9)	276	(12.7)
20 - 29	91.9	(6.09)	5.2	(0.41)	10.6	(0.67)	1.3	(0.35)	115.8	(7.28)	1150	(58.0)	1719	(71.8)	360	(15.7)
30 - 39	89.1	(6.05)	5.6	(1.01)	10.0	(0.31)	0.9*	(0.35)	121.3	(9.38)	1151	(41.4)	1721	(58.8)	352	(9.4)
40 - 49	80.1	(8.77)	5.1	(0.35)	11.3	(0.80)	1.7*	(0.52)	121.5	(7.46)	1067	(51.7)	1629	(46.6)	348	(14.0)
50 - 59	72.9	(3.00)	5.1	(0.57)	9.8	(0.55)	0.7*	(0.22)	110.9	(9.45)	1068	(58.6)	1622	(60.9)	354	(12.7)
60 - 69	89.8	(7.57)	4.3	(0.35)	9.2	(0.48)	0.6*	(0.27)	121.0	(12.49)	920	(51.2)	1427	(49.3)	343	(18.9)
70 and over	91.3	(7.13)	5.4	(0.36)	8.9	(0.55)	1.1*	(0.36)	121.5	(12.97)	935	(38.0)	1334	(40.0)	294	(10.5)
2 - 19	69.9	(4.16)	5.8	(0.27)	7.7	(0.19)	0.7	(0.12)	68.4	(2.44)	1063	(34.5)	1339	(33.9)	248	(6.0)
20 and over	85.5	(2.91)	5.1	(0.21)	10.0	(0.28)	1.0	(0.17)	118.2	(4.37)	1062	(21.3)	1596	(25.7)	345	(6.7)
2 and over	81.6	(2.74)	5.3	(0.18)	9.4	(0.26)	1.0	(0.15)	105.8	(3.95)	1062	(19.9)	1532	(25.0)	320	(6.4)
Females: 2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	65.8	(7.07)	5.5	(0.36)	5.3	(0.20)	0.5	(0.13)	48.2	(4.33)	863	(31.4)	1001	(27.4)	183	(3.8)
	64.4	(2.78)	5.4	(0.31)	7.1	(0.29)	0.5*	(0.18)	62.8	(2.71)	965	(31.4)	1206	(34.0)	223	(7.5)
	63.5	(4.26)	4.2	(0.29)	7.2	(0.29)	0.4	(0.13)	73.9	(6.94)	857	(46.7)	1147	(42.1)	224	(5.4)
20 - 29	74.2	(5.40)	4.1	(0.39)	8.8	(0.42)	1.2	(0.24)	122.7	(14.69)	870	(28.3)	1214	(30.5)	266	(7.9)
30 - 39	78.0	(7.47)	4.5	(0.40)	8.9	(0.33)	1.1	(0.22)	131.4	(15.80)	891	(40.1)	1278	(46.4)	297	(11.9)
40 - 49	68.3	(4.35)	4.5	(0.51)	8.7	(0.51)	1.3	(0.30)	114.6	(7.13)	868	(37.7)	1236	(36.0)	280	(10.1)
50 - 59	81.6	(5.86)	4.1	(0.41)	9.4	(1.03)	1.0	(0.23)	136.7	(14.82)	880	(32.8)	1214	(29.6)	285	(12.7)
60 - 69	66.5	(6.11)	4.1	(0.39)	7.3	(0.55)	0.6*	(0.23)	122.1	(9.16)	771	(29.6)	1106	(35.6)	255	(6.6)
70 and over	74.3	(5.24)	4.2	(0.38)	7.5	(0.45)	0.8	(0.17)	109.5	(17.11)	761	(29.5)	1053	(39.9)	238	(7.0)
2 - 19	64.3	(2.75)	4.9	(0.20)	6.7	(0.11)	0.5	(0.06)	64.5	(3.53)	893	(27.5)	1133	(20.8)	214	(3.2)
20 and over	74.2	(3.53)	4.3	(0.15)	8.5	(0.34)	1.0	(0.12)	123.5	(7.09)	845	(18.6)	1189	(17.9)	272	(5.1)
2 and over	71.9	(2.97)	4.4	(0.14)	8.1	(0.27)	0.9	(0.10)	109.8	(6.09)	856	(18.4)	1176	(16.0)	258	(4.6)
Males and females: 2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	67.1 79.6 76.6	(3.15) (2.56) (2.41)	5.3 4.7 4.8	(0.22) (0.15) (0.15)	7.2 9.2 8.8	(0.10) (0.26) (0.23)	0.6 1.0 0.9	(0.07) (0.12) (0.10)	66.5 120.9 107.8	(2.33) (4.68) (4.23)	979 949 956	(28.5) (19.0) (19.1)	1237 1385 1349	(24.6) (21.2) (20.4)	231 307 289	(3.8) (5.3) (5.0)

Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age	I	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ssium	So	dium	Ca	ffeine	Theob	romine	Alo	cohol
(years)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	g	(SE
Males:																		
2 - 5	11.5	(0.33)	8.4	(0.27)	0.8	(0.03)	78.8	(3.11)	1950	(45.7)	2347	(67.0)	7.1	(0.92)	32.7	(4.62)		
6 - 11	14.3	(0.40)	10.1	(0.30)	0.9	(0.03)	100.7	(3.28)	2156	(49.2)	3153	(51.0)	16.1	(1.89)	55.9	(5.71)		
12 - 19	16.7	(0.71)	12.6	(0.59)	1.1	(0.05)	122.8	(4.98)	2408	(84.7)	3783	(113.2)	50.0	(9.95)	54.6	(8.16)		
20 - 29	16.9	(0.67)	13.9	(0.55)	1.4	(0.07)	155.1	(9.13)	2885	(96.2)	4421	(140.6)	122.0	(13.84)	28.7	(3.57)		
30 - 39	16.6	(0.56)	14.1	(0.57)	1.4	(0.02)	147.2	(4.10)	3077	(109.3)	4583	(168.7)	165.6	(15.14)	35.0	(4.63)		
40 - 49	16.4	(1.01)	13.5	(0.84)	1.4	(0.08)	135.0	(4.34)	2930	(98.6)	4090	(103.1)	204.5	(16.00)	32.3	(5.61)		
50 - 59	15.2	(0.84)	13.3	(0.63)	1.4	(0.07)	135.7	(7.84)	3136	(97.4)	4202	(153.7)	284.2	(18.67)	33.1	(4.56)		
60 - 69	15.0	(1.01)	11.9	(0.43)	1.3	(0.06)	120.1	(4.52)	2948	(86.5)	3627	(107.6)	285.9	(37.99)	31.3	(4.14)		
70 and over	16.2	(0.97)	11.7	(0.57)	1.2	(0.05)	107.9	(5.13)	2758	(76.1)	3351	(122.4)	185.5	(11.09)	30.9	(3.63)		
2 - 19	14.8	(0.33)	10.9	(0.32)	1.0	(0.02)	106.1	(2.85)	2227	(42.5)	3272	(59.6)	29.4	(5.04)	50.6	(5.46)		
20 and over	16.1	(0.26)	13.2	(0.23)	1.4	(0.03)	135.9	(3.29)	2967	(38.4)	4107	(64.1)	205.1	(9.18)	31.9	(1.47)	14.1	(0.8)
2 and over	15.8	(0.24)	12.6	(0.24)	1.3	(0.02)	128.4	(2.85)	2782	(39.2)	3899	(56.6)	161.2	(7.65)	36.5	(1.89)		
emales:																		
2 - 5	10.2	(0.66)	7.3	(0.24)	0.7	(0.02)	70.7	(0.94)	1790	(53.8)	2089	(59.8)	5.3	(0.99)	27.9	(3.71)		
6 - 11	13.8	(0.56)	9.8	(0.35)	0.9	(0.03)	94.1	(2.99)	2024	(66.0)	2936	(55.8)	11.5	(1.34)	53.8	(5.98)		
12 - 19	13.2	(0.51)	9.1	(0.34)	0.9	(0.02)	91.9	(2.33)	1962	(49.0)	2946	(80.8)	39.7	(3.96)	49.3	(5.07)		
20 - 29	12.4	(0.29)	9.7	(0.22)	1.1	(0.04)	104.7	(3.56)	2256	(68.1)	3189	(83.8)	97.4	(6.80)	33.2	(2.81)		
30 - 39	12.6	(0.57)	9.9	(0.43)	1.2	(0.06)	104.0	(4.82)	2389	(108.8)	3309	(119.0)	135.4	(18.85)	31.1	(4.65)		
40 - 49	12.0	(0.50)	9.6	(0.35)	1.2	(0.05)	100.6	(2.71)	2345	(69.5)	3073	(70.7)	155.2	(8.65)	30.9	(3.43)		
50 - 59	12.3	(0.32)	9.6	(0.31)	1.1	(0.05)	94.8	(2.60)	2423	(66.1)	2997	(114.5)	171.4	(9.02)	29.2	(2.91)		
60 - 69	11.5	(0.50)	9.3	(0.32)	1.1	(0.04)	87.9	(3.54)	2326	(78.2)	2870	(107.9)	150.6	(14.15)	46.5	(7.88)		
70 and over	11.5	(0.55)	8.2	(0.41)	1.0	(0.04)	84.5	(2.81)	2171	(68.1)	2517	(88.5)	130.0	(8.47)	30.4	(3.36)		
2 - 19	12.7	(0.36)	8.9	(0.18)	0.9	(0.02)	87.8	(1.22)	1943	(25.3)	2748	(45.3)	22.9	(1.64)	45.9	(3.53)		
20 and over	12.1	(0.17)	9.4	(0.18)	1.1	(0.02)	96.6	(1.09)	2323	(46.1)	3007	(38.5)	140.4	(5.55)	33.2	(1.32)	6.1	(0.5)
2 and over	12.2	(0.14)	9.3	(0.16)	1.1	(0.02)	94.5	(1.00)	2235	(39.5)	2947	(31.5)	113.1	(4.30)	36.1	(1.56)		,
Tales and females:																		
2 - 19	13.8	(0.30)	9.9	(0.22)	0.9	(0.02)	97.1	(1.48)	2086	(30.2)	3013	(36.4)	26.2	(2.97)	48.3	(3.48)		
20 and over	14.0	(0.18)	11.2	(0.18)	1.2	(0.02)	115.5	(1.95)	2633	(38.6)	3536	(40.0)	171.5	(6.17)	32.5	(0.88)	9.9	(0.0)
2 and over	14.0	(0.17)	10.9	(0.18)	1.2	(0.02)	111.0	(1.71)	2502	(35.7)	3410	(33.6)	136.6	(5.03)	36.3	(1.28)		

Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age	SFA 4:0	SFA 6:0	SFA 8:0	SFA 10:0	SFA 12:0	SFA 14:0	SFA 16:0	SFA 18:0
(years)	g (SE	g (SE)	g (SE)					
Males:								
2 - 5	0.46 (0.014		0.26 (0.020)	0.46 (0.017)	0.63 (0.030)	1.86 (0.057)	11.13 (0.262)	4.73 (0.120)
6 - 11	0.52 (0.030		0.31 (0.021)	0.56 (0.027)	1.05 (0.141)	2.36 (0.101)	14.60 (0.520)	6.36 (0.232)
12 - 19	0.60 (0.034	0.39 (0.022)	0.34 (0.021)	0.63 (0.033)	1.14 (0.119)	2.75 (0.132)	16.81 (0.590)	7.30 (0.324)
20 - 29	0.61 (0.043	0.39 (0.029)	0.32 (0.019)	0.65 (0.043)	1.06 (0.070)	2.91 (0.163)	18.29 (0.778)	7.87 (0.328)
30 - 39	0.66 (0.054	,	0.33 (0.023)	0.66 (0.048)	1.00 (0.070)	3.02 (0.201)	19.42 (1.000)	8.65 (0.444)
40 - 49	0.55 (0.044	0.36 (0.029)	0.31 (0.023)	0.59 (0.039)	1.04 (0.119)	2.61 (0.149)	17.41 (0.596)	7.60 (0.309)
50 - 59	0.59 (0.039	0.38 (0.021)	0.34 (0.021)	0.63 (0.034)	1.16 (0.107)	2.75 (0.138)	17.38 (0.757)	7.81 (0.364)
60 - 69	0.49 (0.035	0.31 (0.019)	0.27 (0.016)	0.51 (0.028)	0.93 (0.068)	2.26 (0.109)	15.05 (0.428)	6.68 (0.218)
70 and over	0.56 (0.041	0.36 (0.024)	0.34 (0.038)	0.61 (0.034)	1.27 (0.263)	2.49 (0.128)	14.69 (0.467)	6.59 (0.263)
2 - 19	0.54 (0.019	0.36 (0.013)	0.31 (0.014)	0.57 (0.020)	1.01 (0.079)	2.43 (0.087)	14.89 (0.403)	6.45 (0.218)
20 and over	0.58 (0.024		0.32 (0.012)	0.61 (0.022)	1.07 (0.053)	2.71 (0.079)	17.26 (0.360)	7.62 (0.161)
2 and over	0.57 (0.021		0.32 (0.012)	0.60 (0.020)	1.06 (0.048)	2.64 (0.073)	16.67 (0.327)	7.33 (0.154)
Females:								
2 - 5	0.47 (0.017	0.32 (0.011)	0.27 (0.018)	0.47 (0.018)	0.72 (0.056)	1.87 (0.064)	10.10 (0.233)	4.35 (0.110)
6 - 11	0.54 (0.031		0.31 (0.015)	0.56 (0.027)	0.96 (0.069)	2.36 (0.104)	13.91 (0.405)	5.98 (0.163)
12 - 19	0.51 (0.030	0.33 (0.019)	0.28 (0.021)	0.53 (0.032)	0.97 (0.145)	2.21 (0.116)	13.31 (0.515)	5.76 (0.228)
20 - 29	0.45 (0.018	0.29 (0.009)	0.27 (0.011)	0.49 (0.014)	0.90 (0.060)	2.03 (0.060)	13.44 (0.378)	5.71 (0.180)
30 - 39	0.46 (0.026		0.26 (0.018)	0.50 (0.033)	0.93 (0.072)	2.05 (0.113)	12.94 (0.398)	5.72 (0.215)
40 - 49	0.42 (0.019	0.28 (0.010)	0.26 (0.022)	0.48 (0.023)	0.95 (0.132)	2.04 (0.111)	12.79 (0.432)	5.65 (0.227)
50 - 59	0.50 (0.032	0.31 (0.020)	0.26 (0.018)	0.51 (0.031)	0.85 (0.080)	2.05 (0.090)	12.82 (0.464)	5.45 (0.193)
60 - 69	0.47 (0.026		0.32 (0.027)	0.53 (0.028)	1.22 (0.164)	2.14 (0.078)	12.44 (0.389)	5.63 (0.201)
70 and over	0.46 (0.030	0.29 (0.016)	0.24 (0.015)	0.47 (0.027)	0.81 (0.097)	1.89 (0.117)	11.41 (0.438)	5.05 (0.228)
2 - 19	0.51 (0.020	0.34 (0.012)	0.29 (0.010)	0.52 (0.018)	0.91 (0.066)	2.18 (0.070)	12.77 (0.267)	5.51 (0.131)
20 and over	0.46 (0.014	0.30 (0.007)	0.27 (0.006)	0.50 (0.011)	0.94 (0.034)	2.03 (0.045)	12.68 (0.197)	5.54 (0.110)
2 and over	0.47 (0.013	0.30 (0.006)	0.27 (0.005)	0.50 (0.010)	0.93 (0.033)	2.07 (0.038)	12.70 (0.128)	5.54 (0.081)
Males and females:								
2 - 19	0.52 (0.018		0.30 (0.009)	0.55 (0.017)	0.96 (0.055)	2.31 (0.069)	13.84 (0.280)	5.99 (0.151)
20 and over	0.52 (0.018		0.29 (0.007)	0.55 (0.014)	1.00 (0.031)	2.36 (0.055)	14.89 (0.237)	6.54 (0.124)
2 and over	0.52 (0.016	0.34 (0.009)	0.30 (0.006)	0.55 (0.013)	0.99 (0.030)	2.35 (0.052)	14.63 (0.204)	6.41 (0.110)

Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age		IFA 6:1		IFA 8:1		IFA 0:1		IFA 2:1		PFA 8:2		FA 8:3		FA 3:4
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Males:														
2 - 5	0.73	(0.037)	18.65	(0.621)	0.21	(0.010)	0.02	(0.002)	11.51	(0.440)	1.11	(0.045)	0.01	(0.001)
6 - 11	0.98	(0.043)	23.86	(0.623)	0.27	(0.012)	0.02	(0.002)	15.06	(0.383)	1.36	(0.031)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.24	(0.063)	27.97	(1.056)	0.35	(0.032)	0.03	(0.004)	17.10	(0.477)	1.65	(0.068)	0.01	(0.001)
20 - 29	1.52	(0.077)	32.60	(1.376)	0.39	(0.025)	0.03	(0.003)	19.24	(0.796)	1.93	(0.102)	0.01	(0.001)
30 - 39	1.58	(0.094)	33.75	(1.660)	0.41	(0.044)	0.04	(0.005)	20.47	(0.958)	2.18	(0.085)	0.03*	` '
40 - 49	1.45	(0.050)	32.65	(0.828)	0.38	(0.012)	0.04	(0.007)	19.97	(0.639)	1.99	(0.083)	0.01	(0.002)
50 - 59	1.42	(0.080)	32.26	(1.342)	0.37	(0.017)	0.04	(0.010)	19.80	(0.940)	2.17	(0.142)	0.01	(0.003)
60 - 69	1.16	(0.033)	28.94	(1.001)	0.32	(0.016)	0.04	(0.005)	17.87	(0.905)	1.94	(0.136)	0.01	(0.003)
70 and over	1.10	(0.046)	27.69	(1.081)	0.29	(0.010)	0.04	(0.011)	16.84	(0.926)	1.86	(0.121)	0.01	(0.002)
2 - 19	1.05	(0.037)	24.64	(0.674)	0.29	(0.018)	0.03	(0.002)	15.26	(0.286)	1.44	(0.035)	0.01	(0.001)
20 and over	1.40	(0.027)	31.61	(0.565)	0.37	(0.010)	0.04	(0.003)	19.18	(0.386)	2.02	(0.052)	0.01	(0.001
2 and over	1.31	(0.024)	29.87	(0.557)	0.35	(0.009)	0.04	(0.002)	18.20	(0.346)	1.87	(0.044)	0.01	(0.001)
Females:														
2 - 5	0.68	(0.030)	16.85	(0.473)	0.17	(0.010)	0.01	(0.001)	9.99	(0.413)	1.00	(0.048)	#	
6 - 11	0.93	(0.033)	22.63	(0.654)	0.25	(0.012)	0.02	(0.001)	13.96	(0.356)	1.37	(0.042)	#	
12 - 19	0.90	(0.030)	22.71	(0.648)	0.25	(0.012)	0.02	(0.002)	14.73	(0.486)	1.42	(0.064)	0.01	(0.001)
20 - 29	1.01	(0.026)	24.89	(0.594)	0.28	(0.014)	0.02	(0.001)	16.51	(0.476)	1.75	(0.072)	0.01	(0.001)
30 - 39	0.95	(0.029)	23.98	(0.752)	0.28	(0.017)	0.03	(0.003)	15.56	(0.677)	1.61	(0.082)	0.01	(0.002)
40 - 49	1.00	(0.040)	24.26	(0.887)	0.28	(0.017)	0.02	(0.003)	15.45	(0.546)	1.64	(0.087)	0.01*	(0.004)
50 - 59	0.99	(0.069)	24.96	(1.681)	0.28	(0.022)	0.02	(0.004)	15.75	(0.775)	1.71	(0.100)	0.01	(0.001
60 - 69	0.94	(0.038)	22.62	(0.770)	0.25	(0.016)	0.03	(0.008)	14.05	(0.668)	1.72	(0.113)	0.01*	(0.004)
70 and over	0.79	(0.042)	20.87	(0.874)	0.23	(0.017)	0.02*	(0.008)	13.04	(0.599)	1.52	(0.115)	0.01*	(0.003)
2 - 19	0.86	(0.018)	21.35	(0.364)	0.23	(0.006)	0.02	(0.001)	13.40	(0.215)	1.31	(0.037)	0.01	(0.001)
20 and over	0.95	(0.018)	23.73	(0.488)	0.27	(0.009)	0.02	(0.002)	15.16	(0.311)	1.66	(0.036)	0.01	(0.001
2 and over	0.93	(0.014)	23.18	(0.360)	0.26	(0.007)	0.02	(0.002)	14.75	(0.257)	1.58	(0.031)	0.01	(0.001)
Males and females:														
2 - 19	0.95	(0.024)	23.02	(0.449)	0.26	(0.009)	0.02	(0.001)	14.34	(0.189)	1.37	(0.030)	0.01	(0.001
20 and over	1.17	(0.019)	27.52	(0.364)	0.32	(0.006)	0.03	(0.002)	17.10	(0.261)	1.84	(0.036)	0.01	(0.001
2 and over	1.11	(0.016)	26.44	(0.344)	0.30	(0.005)	0.03	(0.001)	16.43	(0.226)	1.72	(0.031)	0.01	(0.001

Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender	PFA			FA		FA		FA
and age	20:4		20):5	22	2:5	22	2:6
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Males:								
2 - 5		.008)	0.01	(0.002)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.005)
6 - 11		.008)	0.02	(0.004)	0.02	(0.002)	0.03	(0.006)
12 - 19	0.15 (0.	.007)	0.02	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.04	(0.005)
20 - 29	,	.012)	0.02	(0.002)	0.03	(0.003)	0.06	(0.012)
30 - 39		.013)	0.04*	(0.017)	0.03	(0.005)	0.08*	(0.030)
40 - 49	0.18 (0.	.006)	0.04	(0.006)	0.03	(0.002)	0.07	(0.009)
50 - 59	0.19 (0.	.016)	0.03*	(0.015)	0.03	(0.003)	0.07*	(0.022)
60 - 69	0.17 (0.	.012)	0.03	(0.004)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.007)
70 and over	0.14 (0.	.009)	0.02	(0.006)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.009)
2 - 19	0.13 (0.	.005)	0.02	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.004)
20 and over		.006)	0.03	(0.005)	0.03	(0.002)	0.07	(0.008)
2 and over	0.17 (0.	.005)	0.03	(0.004)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.007)
Females:								
2 - 5	0.08 (0.	.005)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(#)	0.02	(0.003)
6 - 11		.008)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.004)
12 - 19	0.11 (0.	.005)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.005)
20 - 29	0.15 (0.	.007)	0.02	(0.003)	0.02	(0.002)	0.05	(0.007)
30 - 39	0.14 (0.	.008)	0.03	(0.006)	0.02	(0.003)	0.06	(0.013)
40 - 49	0.14 (0.	.007)	0.03	(0.006)	0.02	(0.002)	0.06	(0.013)
50 - 59	0.14 (0.	.010)	0.03	(0.005)	0.02	(0.006)	0.06	(0.010)
60 - 69	0.12 (0.	.009)	0.03	(0.006)	0.02	(0.003)	0.06	(0.010)
70 and over	0.11 (0.	.005)	0.03	(0.006)	0.02	(0.002)	0.06	(0.010)
2 - 19	0.11 (0.	.003)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.003)
20 and over	,	.003)	0.03	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.005)
2 and over		.003)	0.02	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.004)
Males and females:								
2 - 19		.003)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.003)
20 and over		.003)	0.03	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.005)
2 and over	0.15 (0.	.003)	0.02	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.005)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated means are as follows:

Mean: An estimated mean is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents. SFA = saturated fatty acid; MFA = monounsaturated fatty acid; PFA = polyunsaturated fatty acid.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages:Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual,by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Race/ethnicity and age	Sample size		iergy	Pro	otein		rbo- Irate	To sug	otal ars		etary ber		otal at		arated at	unsat	ono- urated at	unsa	oly- turated fat
(years)		kcal	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White	:																		
2 - 5	209	1410	(38.9)	51.1	(1.94)	184	(5.2)	88	(2.6)	10.9	(0.36)	54.7	(1.70)	20.0	(0.55)	18.5	(0.73)	11.3	(0.43)
6 - 11	300	1938	(53.6)	65.8	(2.30)	255	(9.2)	118	(5.0)	14.2	(0.63)	75.6	(2.24)	27.7	(0.84)	25.1	(0.94)	15.9	(0.66)
12 - 19	322	2069	(71.7)	76.0	(3.70)	260	(8.9)	120	(5.5)	15.0	(0.45)	82.8	(3.07)	29.5	(1.25)	28.0	(1.06)	17.6	(0.62)
20 and over	1711	2109	(24.9)	82.0	(1.51)	241	(3.5)	107	(2.4)	17.2	(0.46)	85.8	(1.38)	28.4	(0.54)	30.0	(0.49)	19.7	(0.44)
2 and over	2542	2063	(21.5)	79.1	(1.42)	241	(3.0)	108	(2.3)	16.5	(0.41)	83.5	(1.22)	28.1	(0.48)	29.0	(0.44)	18.9	(0.38)
Non-Hispanic Black:	:																		
2 - 5	160	1651	(81.2)	56.5	(2.52)	225	(10.0)	106	(5.2)	12.4	(0.58)	61.2	(3.89)	20.0	(0.86)	21.1	(1.53)	14.7	(1.37)
6 - 11	220	1912	(53.9)	67.9	(2.09)	248	(7.5)	108	(3.3)	14.1	(1.13)	74.0	(2.28)	24.5	(0.91)	25.1	(0.89)	17.7	(0.49)
12 - 19	275	1981	(73.4)	67.5	(3.19)	256	(9.1)	113	(4.4)	13.0	(0.52)	78.2	(3.84)	26.1	(1.39)	26.9	(1.47)	18.2	(0.97)
20 and over	1060	2051	(35.9)	77.2	(1.33)	241	(5.6)	107	(3.9)	14.0	(0.33)	81.6	(1.61)	25.5	(0.64)	28.8	(0.55)	19.9	(0.44)
2 and over	1715	2002	(32.1)	73.6	(1.35)	242	(4.1)	108	(2.7)	13.7	(0.32)	79.0	(1.51)	25.1	(0.52)	27.7	(0.56)	19.1	(0.42)
Non-Hispanic Asian ¹	•																		
2 - 5	34	1422*	(87.4)	53.9*	(6.41)	181*	(8.3)	87*	(4.5)	10.8*	(1.30)	55.3*	(3.63)	20.8*	(1.30)	19.0*	(1.41)	10.5*	(0.92)
6 - 11	70	1984*	(106.4)	74.2*	(3.11)	259*	(15.0)	92*	(6.0)	15.2*	(1.31)	73.8*	(4.86)	25.6*	(2.46)	24.3*	(1.48)	17.4*	(1.12)
12 - 19	123	1991	(96.2)	82.4	(4.47)	255	(13.9)	96	(6.7)	16.2	(1.38)	72.9	(3.50)	24.0	(1.53)	25.4	(1.06)	17.0	(1.01)
20 and over	521	1911	(40.6)	81.8	(1.51)	239	(5.2)	80	(2.3)	19.5	(0.82)	69.1	(2.05)	20.9	(0.62)	25.1	(0.74)	16.8	(0.73)
2 and over	748	1909	(38.2)	80.5	(1.31)	240	(5.1)	83	(2.3)	18.6	(0.79)	69.3	(1.85)	21.4	(0.57)	24.9	(0.64)	16.6	(0.66)
Hispanic:																			
2 - 5	205	1500	(54.5)	54.9	(2.14)	199	(6.9)	94	(4.1)	12.6	(0.67)	56.1	(2.73)	19.8	(0.92)	19.0	(1.12)	12.3	(0.72)
6 - 11	379	1795	(51.8)	67.0	(2.13)	229	(6.3)	99	(3.8)	14.4	(0.45)	70.0	(2.54)	24.4	(0.93)	23.8	(0.91)	15.4	(0.56)
12 - 19	405	1969	(52.1)	70.6	(1.83)	252	(6.4)	106	(4.0)	15.6	(0.39)	77.4	(2.81)	26.2	(1.19)	26.0	(0.90)	18.0	(0.56)
20 and over	1543	2179	(23.0)	87.1	(1.48)	262	(4.2)	107	(2.5)	19.1	(0.51)	83.7	(1.48)	27.5	(0.52)	29.3	(0.56)	18.8	(0.44)
2 and over	2532	2053	(21.3)	79.9	(1.21)	252	(3.3)	105	(2.1)	17.5	(0.39)	79.2	(1.23)	26.4	(0.34)	27.4	(0.53)	17.8	(0.33)

Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age		oles- rol	Ret	inol		nin A AE)		pha- otene		eta- otene	Beta-c	crypto- thin	Lyc	copene		tein + anthin	Th	iamin
(years)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																		
2 - 5	170	(13.9)	448	(23.6)	563	(29.6)	316*	(127.9)	1207	(304.4)	49	(7.3)	3577	(597.6)	595	(75.6)	1.17	(0.044)
6 - 11	214	(11.6)	528	(28.2)	662	(37.5)	366	(74.9)	1407	(203.4)	53	(7.2)	4116	(655.4)	802	(78.7)	1.56	(0.066)
12 - 19	240	(18.3)	504	(43.4)	617	(47.2)	223	(48.8)	1229	(176.7)	53	(6.5)	4624	(574.0)	867	(76.9)	1.70	(0.071)
20 and over	291	(7.0)	452	(11.7)	657	(19.4)	444	(62.7)	2209	(169.9)	81	(5.4)	5449	(336.4)	1517	(96.1)	1.59	(0.023)
2 and over	276	(6.1)	462	(10.8)	650	(15.6)	414	(52.2)	2025	(146.1)	75	(4.7)	5205	(317.3)	1371	(83.2)	1.58	(0.023)
Non-Hispanic Black:																		
2 - 5	183	(10.5)	394	(26.9)	522	(33.7)	237*	(73.8)	1381	(220.2)	73	(6.4)	3942	(714.7)	1177	(174.1)	1.30	(0.049)
6 - 11	238	(20.1)	423	(20.7)	546	(34.0)	252*	(76.7)	1316	(239.5)	76	(13.6)	3897	(376.9)	952	(119.3)	1.56	(0.047)
12 - 19	234	(14.6)	400	(35.5)	494	(43.2)	123*	(37.7)	1057	(172.3)	48	(4.0)	5109	(530.4)	1207	(294.0)	1.57	(0.118)
20 and over	303	(9.0)	339	(12.6)	543	(15.3)	303	(44.8)	2268	(157.7)	74	(6.9)	3884	(262.2)	1750	(157.5)	1.42	(0.038)
2 and over	280	(9.0)	359	(13.3)	535	(17.2)	270	(36.1)	1954	(123.8)	71	(4.8)	4055	(233.5)	1563	(135.3)	1.45	(0.036)
Non-Hispanic Asian ¹ :																		
2 - 5	246*	(38.4)	452*	(43.0)	570*	(79.1)	329*	(145.2)	1210*	(445.5)	114*	(46.2)	1221*	(428.8)	981*	(264.3)	1.15*	(0.120)
6 - 11	264*	(24.6)	429*	(37.4)	661*	(68.2)	707*	(163.7)	2399*	(423.7)	71*	(12.5)	3128*	(651.3)	931*	(198.0)	1.65*	(0.068)
12 - 19	282	(16.4)	430	(52.6)	573	(62.8)	331	(41.8)	1517	(197.2)	86	(11.7)	4093	(518.2)		(173.8)	1.68	(0.086)
20 and over	269	(8.1)	285	(16.1)	670	(28.3)	687	(50.5)	4193	(240.4)	180	(27.1)	4321	(280.3)	3087	(310.9)	1.66	(0.033)
2 and over	269	(6.1)	313	(18.6)	657	(28.7)	641	(39.3)	3726	(197.4)	162	(22.4)	4134	(257.4)	2699	(256.2)	1.64	(0.031)
Hispanic:																		
2 - 5	199	(14.6)	418	(28.0)	492	(28.6)	161	(40.1)	766	(102.1)	95	(13.0)	2579	(189.7)	610	(33.8)	1.25	(0.055)
6 - 11	237	(13.1)	457	(26.3)	561	(36.2)	265	(63.1)	1073	(185.0)	97	(15.9)	4903	(608.7)	605	(26.6)	1.50	(0.050)
12 - 19	253	(9.1)	443	(17.8)	540	(15.4)	227	(31.3)	1032	(69.1)	68	(7.9)	4723	(392.9)	764	(55.9)	1.58	(0.041)
20 and over	349	(10.0)	400	(13.5)	556	(14.3)	331	(28.6)	1659	(83.7)	103	(9.5)	5133	(281.2)	1267	(93.5)	1.61	(0.031)
2 and over	310	(6.4)	415	(9.2)	549	(10.5)	295	(22.7)	1429	(81.9)	96	(7.2)	4859	(177.4)	1065	(69.1)	1.57	(0.026)

Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age	Ribo- flavin	Niacin	Vitamin B6	Folic acid	Food folate	Folate (DFE)	Choline	Vitamin B12	Added Vitamin B12
(years)	mg (SE)	mg (SE)	mg (SE)	μg (SE)	μg (SE)	μg (SE)	mg (SE)	μg (SE)	μg (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:									
2 - 5	1.67 (0.062)	15.6 (0.63)	1.31 (0.052)	167 (11.7)	117 (4.1)	401 (19.9)	199 (12.6)	3.81 (0.194)	0.87 (0.099)
6 - 11	2.02 (0.093)	20.4 (0.90)	1.59 (0.083)	204 (13.5)	147 (5.4)	495 (24.9)	239 (13.6)	4.41 (0.254)	1.10 (0.136)
12 - 19	2.09 (0.121)	25.1 (1.17)	1.96 (0.108)	225 (12.0)	168 (5.7)	551 (23.7)	270 (18.0)	5.29 (0.369)	1.50 (0.207)
20 and over	2.27 (0.035)	26.1 (0.64)	2.15 (0.062)	174 (5.4)	221 (5.6)	515 (12.4)	338 (6.1)	5.11 (0.139)	1.21 (0.107)
2 and over	2.21 (0.037)	25.1 (0.56)	2.06 (0.052)	180 (5.0)	206 (5.2)	512 (10.9)	320 (5.8)	5.02 (0.131)	1.22 (0.091)
Non-Hispanic Black:									
2 - 5	1.68 (0.071)	18.5 (0.71)	1.51 (0.045)	169 (10.5)	131 (5.8)	418 (20.1)	214 (9.6)	3.69 (0.233)	0.93 (0.173)
6 - 11	1.82 (0.067)	22.0 (0.73)	1.67 (0.052)	203 (9.6)	158 (11.7)	504 (17.9)	249 (11.9)	4.07 (0.171)	0.97 (0.139)
12 - 19	1.73 (0.138)	23.2 (1.21)	1.66 (0.099)	228 (27.9)	148 (5.8)	536 (51.9)	238 (11.8)	4.25 (0.265)	1.19 (0.218)
20 and over	1.72 (0.057)	24.8 (0.53)	1.98 (0.047)	160 (9.0)	181 (5.6)	453 (17.8)	316 (7.1)	4.32 (0.103)	0.88 (0.085)
2 and over	1.73 (0.056)	23.9 (0.50)	1.87 (0.044)	174 (7.6)	171 (5.2)	467 (15.1)	293 (7.3)	4.24 (0.106)	0.94 (0.082)
Non-Hispanic Asian ¹ :									
2 - 5	1.85* (0.175)	13.3* (1.46)	1.41* (0.173)	144* (23.1)	139* (16.9)	383* (47.5)	262* (37.0)	4.30* (0.477)	1.03* (0.228)
6 - 11	1.84* (0.081)	21.4* (0.86)	1.70* (0.067)	229* (19.0)	188* (17.4)	579* (41.8)	296* (18.7)	4.44* (0.370)	0.78* (0.153)
12 - 19	2.03 (0.179)	25.0 (1.59)	2.00 (0.148)	208 (21.7)	189 (16.4)	542 (42.4)	322 (14.8)	4.92 (0.473)	0.95 (0.216)
20 and over	1.82 (0.055)	24.2 (0.55)	1.99 (0.055)	178 (6.2)	261 (9.7)	564 (18.6)	329 (6.4)	4.11 (0.178)	0.50 (0.077)
2 and over	1.84 (0.061)	23.8 (0.47)	1.96 (0.051)	183 (5.7)	246 (9.8)	557 (17.6)	324 (5.4)	4.21 (0.147)	0.58 (0.069)
Hispanic:									
2 - 5	1.68 (0.082)	16.0 (0.71)	1.44 (0.069)	159 (9.7)	147 (8.3)	418 (19.5)	234 (11.9)	3.98 (0.246)	1.03 (0.127)
6 - 11	1.85 (0.083)	20.6 (0.74)	1.63 (0.074)	196 (10.9)	155 (6.5)	487 (20.6)	255 (10.1)	4.61 (0.270)	1.15 (0.146)
12 - 19	1.86 (0.041)	23.2 (0.66)	1.79 (0.061)	210 (8.8)	179 (5.5)	536 (18.0)	267 (6.8)	4.50 (0.122)	1.16 (0.102)
20 and over	2.10 (0.036)	27.1 (0.51)	2.18 (0.039)	170 (4.9)	237 (6.0)	525 (11.5)	358 (5.9)	4.87 (0.107)	1.01 (0.104)
2 and over	2.01 (0.030)	25.0 (0.50)	2.00 (0.035)	178 (4.3)	212 (5.1)	515 (10.3)	323 (3.8)	4.72 (0.080)	1.05 (0.069)

Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age	Vita	min C	Vitaı	min D	(alp	min E bha- herol)	Ad Vitar	ded nin E	Vita	ımin K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Magı	nesium
(years)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																
2 - 5	61.6	(6.41)	5.8	(0.32)	5.6	(0.28)	0.6	(0.15)	47.8	(4.53)	932	(35.5)	1037	(40.8)	186	(7.1)
6 - 11	56.3	(6.11)	5.5	(0.44)	7.4	(0.27)	0.7	(0.14)	60.5	(2.94)	1063	(44.3)	1290	(50.5)	235	(8.5)
12 - 19	58.3	(5.97)	5.1	(0.54)	8.1	(0.40)	0.8*	(0.27)	75.7	(4.93)	1059	(66.5)	1362	(66.4)	263	(13.0)
20 and over	76.3	(3.30)	4.8	(0.23)	9.6	(0.33)	1.2	(0.18)	118.5	(5.64)	985	(18.9)	1404	(23.5)	310	(6.3)
2 and over	72.7	(3.09)	4.9	(0.23)	9.1	(0.30)	1.1	(0.17)	107.8	(5.08)	995	(19.9)	1377	(23.3)	296	(5.7)
Non-Hispanic Black:																
2 - 5	93.4	(5.73)	5.1	(0.37)	6.6	(0.61)	0.6	(0.19)	71.1	(8.14)	835	(39.0)	1060	(47.4)	208	(7.7)
6 - 11	84.7	(6.70)	4.8	(0.22)	7.4	(0.30)	0.4	(0.09)	79.4	(8.56)	890	(50.5)	1199	(44.6)	223	(9.1)
12 - 19	75.5	(7.03)	3.9	(0.30)	7.5	(0.50)	0.5	(0.12)	85.8	(12.38)	823	(21.0)	1156	(41.3)	219	(8.6)
20 and over	81.6	(4.04)	3.9	(0.15)	8.4	(0.27)	0.7	(0.13)	126.6	(6.99)	772	(25.3)	1218	(22.1)	262	(7.0)
2 and over	81.9	(3.02)	4.1	(0.15)	8.1	(0.25)	0.7	(0.10)	112.9	(5.24)	794	(25.1)	1197	(22.4)	249	(6.8)
Non-Hispanic Asian ¹ :																
2 - 5	63.7*	(10.30)	7.8*	(0.90)	5.9*	(0.79)	0.9*	(0.38)	64.9*	(13.72)	1002*	(110.7)	1085*	(120.0)	205*	(26.0)
6 - 11	66.1*	(8.90)	7.0*	(0.50)	7.5*	(0.60)	0.1*	(0.07)	91.8*	(12.50)	883*	(58.9)	1268*	(51.7)	245*	(12.5)
12 - 19	79.9	(6.76)	5.3	(0.55)	8.1	(0.53)	0.8*	(0.42)	94.8	(12.79)	974	(90.2)	1342	(86.8)	270	(17.6)
20 and over	101.0	(5.69)	4.9	(0.26)	8.7	(0.38)	0.6	(0.11)	195.4	(13.47)	809	(34.2)	1282	(30.1)	326	(9.1)
2 and over	95.7	(4.99)	5.2	(0.22)	8.5	(0.33)	0.6	(0.09)	175.2	(11.85)	836	(38.5)	1281	(30.8)	312	(9.3)
Hispanic:																
2 - 5	84.3	(7.51)	6.1	(0.47)	5.7	(0.31)	0.5	(0.13)	45.1	(3.64)	924	(45.8)	1082	(46.5)	199	(8.0)
6 - 11	74.4	(3.50)	5.6	(0.34)	6.5	(0.27)	0.3*	(0.13)	53.0	(2.71)	954	(47.2)	1219	(41.6)	224	(7.7)
12 - 19	69.9	(4.47)	4.8	(0.25)	7.5	(0.34)	0.5*	(0.20)	67.1	(3.73)	933	(28.3)	1252	(28.2)	238	(4.2)
20 and over	82.5	(3.30)	4.7	(0.16)	8.3	(0.23)	0.6	(0.11)	95.7	(4.95)	991	(20.1)	1452	(18.6)	312	(4.8)
2 and over	79.7	(3.07)	4.9	(0.10)	7.8	(0.22)	0.6	(0.08)	82.7	(3.92)	973	(15.0)	1367	(12.8)	282	(5.1)

Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

and age	Ir	on	Zi	nc	Coj	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	assium	So	dium	Car	ffeine	Theob	oromine	Alc	cohol
(years)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	g	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																		
2 - 5	10.1	(0.31)	7.7	(0.34)	0.7	(0.03)	73.3	(3.64)	1767	(66.9)	2163	(75.2)	5.9	(1.36)	32.0	(4.72)		
6 - 11	14.2	(0.57)	10.0	(0.35)	0.9	(0.03)	96.2	(4.02)	2069	(76.8)	3015	(83.6)	17.6	(1.95)	66.3	(5.86)		-
12 - 19	15.5	(0.84)	11.6	(0.65)	1.0	(0.04)	109.6	(5.01)	2243	(102.8)	3389	(127.6)	58.1	(12.30)	68.2	(7.25)		-
20 and over	14.1	(0.23)	11.4	(0.22)	1.3	(0.02)	113.6	(2.69)	2686	(43.4)	3514	(53.3)	206.6	(7.35)	35.6	(1.08)	10.7	(1.02)
2 and over	14.0	(0.23)	11.2	(0.22)	1.2	(0.02)	110.3	(2.48)	2566	(42.9)	3410	(48.3)	172.0	(6.65)	40.4	(1.40)		-
Non-Hispanic Black:																		
2 - 5	11.5	(0.32)	8.1	(0.39)	0.8	(0.03)	80.0	(4.32)	2045	(82.5)	2471	(140.0)	6.5	(1.10)	34.8	(4.71)		_
6 - 11	14.0	(0.52)	9.7	(0.36)	0.9	(0.04)	99.3	(4.01)	2124	(75.6)	3217	(126.6)	8.5	(1.09)	31.2	(3.64)		-
12 - 19	14.1	(1.02)	10.0	(0.76)	0.9	(0.05)	99.0	(4.90)	1925	(82.1)	3281	(135.8)	17.5	(2.48)	31.3	(5.91)		_
20 and over	12.8	(0.37)	10.0	(0.30)	1.1	(0.03)	111.6	(2.23)	2267	(49.7)	3354	(61.6)	72.5	(5.17)	25.4	(2.86)	9.7	(1.63
2 and over	13.0	(0.34)	9.8	(0.27)	1.0	(0.03)	106.6	(2.48)	2193	(43.6)	3272	(58.3)	54.6	(3.16)	27.4	(2.41)		-
Non-Hispanic Asian ¹ :																		
2 - 5	10.3*	(0.84)	7.6*	(0.84)	0.8*	(0.11)	79.7*	(14.88)	1958*	(168.8)	1877*	(107.3)	3.1*	(1.36)	24.9*	(10.86)		-
6 - 11	14.8*	(0.55)	10.0*	(0.60)	1.1*	(0.07)	110.0*	(4.34)	2264*	(119.7)	3384*	(233.1)	7.1*	(1.82)	81.3*	(26.17)		-
12 - 19	14.5	(0.99)	11.7	(0.62)	1.1	(0.05)	120.0	(6.95)	2484	(123.8)	3499	(186.8)	24.3	(6.24)	37.0	(5.77)		-
20 and over	14.3	(0.54)	10.5	(0.28)	1.4	(0.04)	121.3	(2.31)	2663	(55.6)	3850	(115.0)	86.5	(4.71)	25.1	(2.70)	4.3	(0.68
2 and over	14.2	(0.50)	10.5	(0.26)	1.3	(0.04)	119.2	(1.81)	2600	(55.0)	3727	(99.8)	73.0	(4.25)	29.5	(2.23)		-
Hispanic:																		
2 - 5	11.7	(0.74)	8.1	(0.35)	0.8	(0.03)	73.6	(3.15)	1993	(76.5)	2220	(89.0)	7.1	(1.48)	25.2	(2.94)		-
6 - 11	14.0	(0.92)	9.8	(0.40)	0.9	(0.03)	97.6	(4.33)	2048	(66.7)	2920	(87.5)	12.3	(1.75)	40.7	(3.79)		-
12 - 19	14.6	(0.40)	9.6	(0.18)	0.9	(0.02)	103.0	(3.62)	2135	(31.8)	3306	(87.6)	40.0	(6.83)	37.9	(3.52)		-
20 and over	14.5	(0.22)	11.4	(0.19)	1.2	(0.03)	122.6	(2.17)	2624	(40.1)	3593	(69.0)	121.3	(8.15)	27.5	(2.58)	8.0	(0.54)
2 and over	14.3	(0.25)	10.7	(0.19)	1.1	(0.02)	113.2	(1.63)	2436	(39.1)	3372	(46.9)	87.9	(7.01)	30.5	(1.88)		

Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age	SFA 4:0	SFA 6:0	SFA 8:0	SFA 10:0	SFA 12:0	SFA 14:0	SFA 16:0	SFA 18:0
(years)	g (SE)	g (SE)						
Non-Hispanic White:								
2 - 5	0.50 (0.018)	0.33 (0.009)	0.27 (0.018)	0.49 (0.017)	0.67 (0.049)	1.96 (0.059)	10.47 (0.355)	4.57 (0.131)
6 - 11	0.59 (0.034)	0.39 (0.021)	0.34 (0.022)	0.62 (0.029)	1.18 (0.156)	2.57 (0.103)	14.53 (0.541)	6.47 (0.225)
12 - 19	0.61 (0.036)	0.39 (0.021)	0.35 (0.023)	0.64 (0.034)	1.24 (0.146)	2.72 (0.139)	15.63 (0.666)	6.95 (0.332)
20 and over	0.57 (0.021)	0.36 (0.012)	0.31 (0.009)	0.60 (0.016)	1.07 (0.043)	2.52 (0.062)	15.19 (0.282)	6.75 (0.142)
2 and over	0.57 (0.018)	0.36 (0.010)	0.32 (0.008)	0.60 (0.014)	1.07 (0.042)	2.52 (0.056)	14.98 (0.247)	6.65 (0.130)
Non-Hispanic Black:								
2 - 5	0.43 (0.027)	0.29 (0.017)	0.24 (0.014)	0.41 (0.021)	0.58 (0.028)	1.68 (0.077)	11.05 (0.530)	4.57 (0.245)
6 - 11	0.43 (0.021)	0.30 (0.020)	0.27 (0.019)	0.48 (0.031)	0.82 (0.105)	2.04 (0.121)	13.66 (0.480)	5.73 (0.253)
12 - 19	0.44 (0.025)	0.30 (0.016)	0.25 (0.017)	0.48 (0.026)	0.85 (0.103)	2.14 (0.118)	14.64 (0.845)	6.12 (0.304)
20 and over	0.40 (0.016)	0.27 (0.012)	0.26 (0.016)	0.45 (0.020)	0.96 (0.086)	1.97 (0.077)	14.18 (0.303)	6.11 (0.135)
2 and over	0.41 (0.014)	0.28 (0.010)	0.25 (0.012)	0.45 (0.016)	0.91 (0.054)	1.98 (0.061)	13.98 (0.272)	5.97 (0.101)
Non-Hispanic Asian ¹ :								
2 - 5	0.52* (0.050)	0.39* (0.042)	0.49* (0.111)	0.62* (0.084)	0.76* (0.169)	2.05* (0.210)	11.02* (0.697)	4.40* (0.195)
6 - 11	0.42* (0.072)	0.29* (0.047)	0.32* (0.077)	0.48* (0.088)	1.12* (0.409)	2.05* (0.302)	14.41* (1.432)	5.79* (0.510)
12 - 19	0.47 (0.080)	0.29 (0.046)	0.25 (0.025)	0.47 (0.057)	0.86 (0.114)	2.03 (0.225)	13.19 (0.772)	5.62 (0.298)
20 and over	0.32 (0.018)	0.21 (0.011)	0.23 (0.015)	0.38 (0.018)	0.88 (0.086)	1.63 (0.070)	11.75 (0.340)	4.68 (0.123)
2 and over	0.35 (0.019)	0.23 (0.012)	0.25 (0.016)	0.40 (0.020)	0.89 (0.083)	1.71 (0.076)	12.03 (0.288)	4.83 (0.106)
Hispanic:								
2 - 5	0.41 (0.027)	0.28 (0.017)	0.27 (0.022)	0.44 (0.028)	0.77 (0.108)	1.79 (0.101)	10.68 (0.518)	4.52 (0.200)
6 - 11	0.47 (0.023)	0.32 (0.014)	0.27 (0.018)	0.49 (0.022)	0.77 (0.055)	2.13 (0.090)	13.35 (0.515)	5.79 (0.226)
12 - 19	0.51 (0.035)	0.32 (0.020)	0.28 (0.019)	0.52 (0.034)	0.88 (0.078)	2.26 (0.153)	14.38 (0.581)	6.11 (0.262)
20 and over	0.47 (0.015)	0.31 (0.012)	0.26 (0.009)	0.51 (0.016)	0.85 (0.028)	2.27 (0.060)	15.25 (0.289)	6.65 (0.127)
2 and over	0.47 (0.010)	0.31 (0.007)	0.27 (0.006)	0.50 (0.009)	0.84 (0.024)	2.22 (0.034)	14.57 (0.198)	6.32 (0.088)

Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age		IFA 6:1		IFA 8:1		FA):1		IFA 2:1		FA 8:2		FA 3:3		FA 8:4
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:														
2 - 5	0.69	(0.038)	17.24	(0.693)	0.18	(0.009)	0.01	(0.002)	10.07	(0.388)	0.99	(0.046)	#	
6 - 11	0.93	(0.055)	23.40	(0.876)	0.27	(0.014)	0.02	(0.002)	14.35	(0.612)	1.31	(0.053)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.09	(0.074)	26.04	(0.966)	0.32	(0.030)	0.02	(0.002)	15.72	(0.547)	1.53	(0.076)	0.01	(0.002)
20 and over	1.15	(0.024)	27.95	(0.453)	0.32	(0.010)	0.03	(0.002)	17.35	(0.380)	1.88	(0.054)	0.01	(0.002)
2 and over	1.11	(0.020)	27.01	(0.406)	0.31	(0.008)	0.03	(0.002)	16.69	(0.329)	1.77	(0.047)	0.01	(0.001)
Non-Hispanic Black:														
2 - 5	0.80	(0.038)	19.70	(1.493)	0.23	(0.026)	0.02	(0.003)	13.22	(1.231)	1.24	(0.142)	#	
6 - 11	1.02	(0.050)	23.40	(0.830)	0.26	(0.013)	0.03	(0.005)	15.89	(0.438)	1.48	(0.052)	0.01	(0.002)
12 - 19	1.10	(0.063)	24.98	(1.380)	0.29	(0.021)	0.02	(0.003)	16.27	(0.883)	1.55	(0.096)	0.01	(0.001)
20 and over	1.25	(0.033)	26.76	(0.517)	0.34	(0.010)	0.03	(0.002)	17.59	(0.393)	1.80	(0.055)	0.01	(0.001)
2 and over	1.18	(0.029)	25.73	(0.524)	0.32	(0.010)	0.03	(0.002)	16.96	(0.369)	1.70	(0.052)	0.01	(0.001)
Non-Hispanic Asian ¹ :														
2 - 5	0.61*	(0.074)	18.05*	(1.350)	0.14*	(0.021)	0.01*	(0.001)	9.14*	(0.811)	1.06*	(0.075)	#	
6 - 11	0.86*	(0.055)	22.92*	(1.398)	0.25*	(0.024)	0.04*	(0.025)	15.21*	(0.996)	1.67*	(0.113)	0.01*	(0.006)
12 - 19	0.99	(0.055)	23.77	(1.001)	0.25	(0.016)	0.02*	(0.007)	15.06	(0.911)	1.56	(0.101)	0.01	(0.002)
20 and over	0.96	(0.050)	23.52	(0.716)	0.30	(0.011)	0.04	(0.007)	14.64	(0.649)	1.65	(0.104)	0.01	(0.002)
2 and over	0.95	(0.041)	23.34	(0.623)	0.28	(0.008)	0.04	(0.006)	14.54	(0.583)	1.62	(0.092)	0.01	(0.001)
Hispanic:														
2 - 5	0.70	(0.045)	17.71	(1.064)	0.19	(0.021)	0.01	(0.003)	10.97	(0.650)	1.06	(0.053)	#	
6 - 11	0.94	(0.048)	22.12	(0.838)	0.24	(0.014)	0.02	(0.002)	13.78	(0.496)	1.33	(0.062)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.03	(0.044)	24.27	(0.840)	0.28	(0.014)	0.03*	(0.009)	16.10	(0.494)	1.51	(0.075)	0.01	(0.002)
20 and over	1.25	(0.029)	27.23	(0.517)	0.30	(0.012)	0.02	(0.001)	16.58	(0.385)	1.79	(0.041)	0.01	(0.001)
2 and over	1.14	(0.025)	25.50	(0.496)	0.28	(0.010)	0.02	(0.002)	15.78	(0.290)	1.64	(0.034)	0.01	(0.001)

Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

						-		
Race/ethnicity	P.	FA	P	FA	P	FA	P.	FA
and age):4):5		2:5		2:6
ě		(SE)		(SE)		(SE)		(SE)
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:								
2 - 5	0.08	(0.007)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.004)
6 - 11	0.11	(0.008)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.002)
12 - 19	0.12	(0.009)	0.01	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.007)
20 and over	0.15	(0.004)	0.03	(0.004)	0.02	(0.002)	0.06	(0.008)
2 and over	0.14	(0.003)	0.02	(0.004)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.007)
Non-Hispanic Black:								
2 - 5	0.10	(0.007)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(0.004)
6 - 11	0.13	(0.010)	0.02	(0.004)	0.02	(0.002)	0.03*	(0.009)
12 - 19	0.13	(0.007)	0.02	(0.004)	0.02	(0.002)	0.03	(0.007)
20 and over	0.17	(0.003)	0.03	(0.003)	0.03	(0.002)	0.07	(0.008)
2 and over	0.16	(0.003)	0.03	(0.003)	0.02	(0.002)	0.06	(0.007)
Non-Hispanic Asian ¹ :								
2 - 5	0.10*	(0.017)	0.02*	(0.007)	0.01*	(0.002)	0.04*	(0.011)
6 - 11	0.15*	(0.030)	0.08*	(0.029)	0.04*	(0.015)	0.12*	(0.048)
12 - 19	0.15	(0.010)	0.03	(0.007)	0.02	(0.002)	0.05	(0.009)
20 and over	0.14	(0.004)	0.06	(0.007)	0.03	(0.003)	0.11	(0.011)
2 and over	0.14	(0.005)	0.06	(0.006)	0.03	(0.003)	0.11	(0.010)
Hispanic:								
2 - 5	0.10	(0.007)	0.01*	(0.004)	0.01	(0.001)	0.03	(0.006)
6 - 11	0.12	(0.006)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.003)
12 - 19	0.13	(0.005)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.002)	0.04	(0.005)
20 and over	0.18	(0.006)	0.02	(0.002)	0.03	(0.001)	0.06	(0.005)
2 and over	0.16	(0.004)	0.02	(0.001)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.003)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated means are as follows:

Mean: An estimated mean is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

¹ A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents. SFA = saturated fatty acid; MFA = monounsaturated fatty acid; PFA = polyunsaturated fatty acid.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income in dollars and age	Sample size		nergy	Pro	otein		arbo- drate		otal gars		etary ber		otal fat		urated at	unsat	ono- curated at	unsat	oly- turated fat
(years)		kcal	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																			
2 - 5	196	1518	(42.9)	54.2	(2.02)	201	(6.2)	93	(3.5)	11.9	(0.66)	57.4	(1.78)	20.0	(0.64)	19.1	(0.77)	13.2	(0.67)
6 - 11	258	1838	(72.5)	65.1	(2.43)	241	(10.8)	106	(6.0)	13.3	(0.69)	70.5	(2.85)	24.3	(1.10)	23.1	(0.85)	16.5	(0.88)
12 - 19	285	2012	(71.7)	73.9	(2.84)	251	(10.6)	109	(5.4)	14.4	(0.69)	81.0	(3.24)	27.7	(1.31)	27.2	(1.12)	18.8	(0.81)
20 and over	1430	2021	(31.9)	77.1	(1.79)	242	(4.3)	108	(3.3)	15.9	(0.51)	78.3	(1.91)	25.7	(0.74)	27.3	(0.61)	18.1	(0.49)
2 and over	2169	1977	(21.9)	74.6	(1.46)	241	(3.6)	107	(2.8)	15.3	(0.40)	76.8	(1.16)	25.5	(0.46)	26.5	(0.39)	17.8	(0.31)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																			
2 - 5	261	1494	(40.8)	54.7	(1.67)	197	(6.2)	94	(3.8)	11.8	(0.48)	56.3	(2.06)	20.4	(0.80)	19.0	(0.84)	11.8	(0.48)
6 - 11	451	1846	(34.5)	65.9	(1.79)	240	(3.9)	111	(3.0)	13.7	(0.53)	71.7	(2.19)	25.1	(0.87)	24.4	(0.93)	15.7	(0.41)
12 - 19	513	1956	(61.8)	70.1	(2.44)	249	(7.5)	112	(3.9)	14.7	(0.46)	77.2	(3.09)	27.1	(1.42)	26.0	(0.99)	17.0	(0.59)
20 and over	1973	2133	(32.1)	82.3	(1.47)	247	(4.0)	109	(2.6)	16.5	(0.44)	85.9	(2.00)	28.5	(0.83)	30.0	(0.69)	19.5	(0.44)
2 and over	3198	2059	(25.7)	78.3	(1.28)	244	(2.7)	108	(1.9)	15.9	(0.38)	82.4	(1.70)	27.7	(0.70)	28.6	(0.62)	18.5	(0.34)
\$75,000 and higher:																			
2 - 5	166	1409	(30.8)	50.1	(1.26)	185	(5.5)	89	(2.9)	11.1	(0.45)	54.6	(1.57)	19.4	(0.67)	19.0	(0.68)	11.4	(0.42)
6 - 11	278	2002	(62.4)	69.2	(2.23)	259	(10.9)	114	(5.5)	15.2	(0.77)	79.2	(2.08)	29.1	(0.91)	26.5	(0.75)	16.5	(0.65)
12 - 19	306	2143	(103.0)	78.5	(4.91)	273	(13.0)	121	(7.4)	15.5	(0.62)	84.0	(4.16)	29.2	(1.50)	28.7	(1.51)	18.4	(1.02)
20 and over	1206	2156	(38.9)	87.0	(1.88)	243	(5.7)	102	(3.8)	18.9	(0.55)	87.3	(2.26)	27.9	(0.73)	31.0	(0.82)	20.6	(0.76)
2 and over	1956	2104	(32.7)	82.5	(1.79)	245	(4.5)	105	(3.3)	17.8	(0.51)	84.6	(1.89)	27.8	(0.65)	29.8	(0.69)	19.5	(0.62)
All Individuals ¹ :																			
2 - 5	665	1467	(23.5)	52.8	(1.01)	193	(3.7)	92	(1.9)	11.6	(0.29)	55.8	(1.09)	19.9	(0.29)	19.0	(0.50)	12.0	(0.33)
6 - 11	1040	1907	(28.2)	67.0	(1.38)	248	(4.5)	111	(2.5)	14.3	(0.41)	74.4	(1.43)	26.5	(0.65)	25.0	(0.59)	16.2	(0.29)
12 - 19	1196	2031	(52.0)	74.0	(2.27)	258	(6.5)	114	(4.0)	14.9	(0.32)	80.3	(2.33)	27.9	(0.95)	27.2	(0.81)	17.8	(0.45)
20 and over	5017	2105	(20.6)	82.5	(1.20)	244	(2.4)	106	(1.6)	17.3	(0.39)	84.1	(1.12)	27.5	(0.47)	29.6	(0.39)	19.4	(0.30)
2 and over	7918	2048	(18.3)	78.8	(1.09)	243	(1.9)	106	(1.5)	16.5	(0.35)	81.4	(1.03)	27.1	(0.42)	28.4	(0.37)	18.6	(0.26)

Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages:Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual,
by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars and age	me Choles- terol mg (SE)		Re	tinol		min A AE)		pha- otene		eta- otene		crypto- thin	Lyc	copene		tein + anthin	Th	iamin
(years)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	183	(14.2)	406	(22.1)	486	(22.9)	124	(25.8)	861	(92.9)	68	(8.3)	3292	(664.1)	850	(95.8)	1.30	(0.051)
6 - 11	201	(11.9)	469	(25.0)	571	(26.5)	224	(24.1)	1077	(141.1)	77	(12.9)	3744	(278.7)	871	(193.4)	1.59	(0.066)
12 - 19	253	(14.3)	452	(47.0)	547	(53.9)	191	(36.4)	1031	(124.6)	53	(5.9)	4851	(397.3)	890	(193.3)	1.63	(0.076)
20 and over	292	(14.1)	390	(21.7)	572	(27.4)	368	(33.8)	1971	(112.0)	85	(9.0)	4516	(361.1)	1394	(85.7)	1.50	(0.034)
2 and over	275	(11.1)	403	(19.3)	565	(23.6)	326	(24.4)	1744	(86.6)	80	(7.0)	4419	(290.8)	1272	(71.8)	1.51	(0.032)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	190	(10.2)	476	(29.5)	557	(30.7)	186	(34.2)	846	(88.0)	75	(8.6)	3247	(438.9)	626	(45.6)	1.25	(0.048)
6 - 11	226	(10.4)	465	(21.0)	563	(22.3)	231	(36.4)	1033	(92.6)	85	(9.3)	4506	(519.0)	673	(46.6)	1.47	(0.037)
12 - 19	227	(11.5)	470	(34.3)	573	(41.4)	250	(55.5)	1092	(122.5)	58	(2.8)	4670	(357.1)	807	(79.0)	1.58	(0.061)
20 and over	321	(8.9)	428	(13.0)	608	(16.2)	366	(46.5)	1945	(126.8)	78	(6.2)	5063	(510.9)	1391	(75.9)	1.56	(0.027)
2 and over	297	(7.0)	438	(12.3)	598	(15.7)	334	(38.9)	1726	(110.2)	76	(4.8)	4886	(403.0)	1233	(63.8)	1.54	(0.021)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	177	(13.1)	404	(22.7)	547	(28.5)	390*	(142.9)	1501	(349.6)	72	(17.7)	3540	(692.2)	633	(73.8)	1.10	(0.031)
6 - 11	237	(13.4)	541	(35.1)	719	(48.0)	510	(98.4)	1863	(282.8)	56	(9.5)	4406	(654.5)	865	(77.9)	1.61	(0.078)
12 - 19	252	(25.0)	480	(39.7)	608	(41.3)	248	(28.8)	1382	(144.8)	65	(8.5)	4682	(819.7)	892	(74.3)	1.74	(0.081)
20 and over	286	(8.4)	438	(21.8)	684	(35.0)	517	(105.7)	2652	(276.4)	101	(8.9)	5534	(295.5)	1958	(166.1)	1.65	(0.036)
2 and over	272	(6.9)	450	(16.7)	672	(26.5)	479	(82.1)	2379	(222.3)	91	(8.0)	5235	(291.9)	1671	(138.1)	1.63	(0.030)
All Individuals ¹ :																		
2 - 5	182	(8.4)	429	(16.3)	542	(19.7)	282	(69.5)	1185	(179.7)	71	(6.6)	3288	(317.9)	718	(51.5)	1.21	(0.025)
6 - 11	225	(8.3)	492	(18.9)	622	(25.8)	339	(43.4)	1365	(148.2)	72	(5.9)	4306	(424.5)	785	(60.0)	1.55	(0.041)
12 - 19	245	(10.3)	469	(28.1)	580	(30.7)	228	(29.2)	1194	(98.9)	59	(3.0)	4692	(265.0)	911	(72.7)	1.65	(0.051)
20 and over	300	(6.3)	423	(10.6)	629	(13.0)	420	(41.2)	2233	(110.0)	89	(5.8)	5092	(233.4)	1599	(83.4)	1.58	(0.020)
2 and over	282	(5.2)	434	(9.5)	619	(11.1)	385	(33.5)	1996	(98.7)	84	(4.8)	4892	(215.4)	1413	(73.2)	1.57	(0.018)

Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages:Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual,
by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars and age	Ribo- flavin	1	Viacin	Vitan	nin B6		olic cid		ood late		olate FE)	Ch	oline	Vitar	nin B12		dded nin B12
(years)	mg (S	SE) mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																	
2 - 5	1.68 (0.0	49) 17.8	(0.65)	1.51	(0.069)	184	(14.7)	135	(7.6)	448	(27.7)	211	(11.5)	3.84	(0.241)	1.06	(0.182)
6 - 11	1.92 (0.0	83) 21.0	(0.86)	1.61	(0.089)	210	(13.2)	154	(10.2)	511	(24.9)	230	(10.7)	4.36	(0.296)	1.14	(0.170)
12 - 19	1.93 (0.0	99) 24.2	(0.86)	1.80	(0.081)	218	(14.6)	169	(6.6)	541	(28.6)	269	(14.0)	4.84	(0.250)	1.10	(0.209)
20 and over	2.01 (0.0	61) 24.9	(0.68)	2.07	(0.073)	159	(5.0)	212	(7.7)	482	(9.7)	325	(10.0)	4.98	(0.472)	1.15	(0.136)
2 and over	1.97 (0.0	52) 24.1	(0.53)	1.98	(0.054)	170	(5.3)	199	(6.7)	488	(9.9)	306	(8.2)	4.85	(0.370)	1.14	(0.089)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																	
2 - 5	1.74 (0.0	61) 16.6	(0.71)	1.48	(0.067)	178	(14.3)	130	(5.6)	432	(24.8)	223	(8.0)	4.12	(0.215)	1.03	(0.140)
6 - 11	1.83 (0.0	43) 20.7	(0.42)	1.63	(0.053)	207	(11.4)	143	(4.9)	495	(19.7)	247	(8.2)	4.48	(0.203)	1.13	(0.143)
12 - 19	1.90 (0.0	86) 23.1	(0.95)	1.87	(0.086)	222	(12.9)	158	(5.7)	534	(23.4)	251	(9.6)	4.88	(0.338)	1.48	(0.201)
20 and over	2.18 (0.0	47) 25.8	(0.59)	2.10	(0.074)	167	(5.1)	211	(3.9)	494	(10.8)	345	(6.3)	4.84	(0.155)	1.02	(0.113)
2 and over	2.10 (0.0	46) 24.6	(0.54)	2.01	(0.058)	176	(4.5)	196	(3.2)	495	(8.6)	321	(5.1)	4.78	(0.121)	1.08	(0.090)
\$75,000 and higher:																	
2 - 5	1.62 (0.0	64) 14.2	(0.36)	1.16	(0.047)	143	(13.7)	122	(4.8)	365	(24.5)	203	(10.9)	3.54	(0.202)	0.70	(0.083)
6 - 11	2.08 (0.1	16) 20.9	(1.12)	1.64	(0.095)	202	(12.5)	161	(7.1)	504	(24.1)	256	(12.8)	4.47	(0.281)	1.02	(0.116)
12 - 19	2.09 (0.1	27) 26.0	(1.56)	1.92	(0.124)	219	(14.9)	180	(9.4)	553	(30.7)	282	(23.1)	5.13	(0.357)	1.33	(0.155)
20 and over	2.28 (0.0	42) 27.8	(0.78)	2.27	(0.076)	185	(7.6)	240	(6.1)	554	(16.0)	344	(7.3)	5.26	(0.186)	1.30	(0.144)
2 and over	2.21 (0.0	39) 26.3	(0.67)	2.12	(0.060)	188	(6.0)	220	(5.7)	540	(13.4)	322	(6.6)	5.09	(0.158)	1.25	(0.107)
All Individuals ¹ :																	
2 - 5	1.67 (0.0	39) 16.0	(0.33)	1.38	(0.030)	166	(7.6)	127	(3.5)	409	(12.5)	212	(7.5)	3.81	(0.136)	0.91	(0.068)
6 - 11	1.94 (0.0	54) 20.7	(0.51)	1.62	(0.051)	204	(6.2)	153	(4.5)	499	(12.4)	247	(7.6)	4.42	(0.150)	1.07	(0.092)
12 - 19	1.98 (0.0	76) 24.4	(0.72)	1.87	(0.062)	221	(10.0)	169	(3.5)	544	(19.0)	268	(9.9)	4.95	(0.208)	1.34	(0.114)
20 and over	2.17 (0.0	40) 26.2	(0.53)	2.15	(0.051)	172	(4.2)	222	(4.4)	514	(10.0)	339	(4.6)	4.97	(0.123)	1.13	(0.088)
2 and over	2.10 (0.0	37) 25.0	(0.43)	2.03	(0.040)	180	(3.6)	206	(4.1)	511	(8.3)	317	(4.2)	4.86	(0.105)	1.14	(0.068)

Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars and age	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	(al	min E pha- herol)	Ad Vitar	ded nin E	Vita	ımin K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Magı	nesium
(years)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																
2 - 5	91.0	(4.63)	5.6	(0.27)	5.9	(0.25)	0.6	(0.16)	60.4	(6.69)	845	(21.2)	1024	(29.8)	192	(7.0)
6 - 11	77.4	(7.32)	5.9	(0.44)	6.5	(0.24)	0.3*	(0.09)	66.4	(8.18)	964	(48.0)	1189	(44.6)	220	(9.7)
12 - 19	67.4	(6.12)	4.9	(0.52)	7.9	(0.47)	0.4*	(0.27)	86.6	(9.43)	965	(75.1)	1300	(64.0)	244	(13.7)
20 and over	79.6	(4.27)	4.2	(0.24)	8.3	(0.30)	0.9	(0.19)	110.1	(4.33)	881	(21.0)	1293	(29.6)	279	(4.6)
2 and over	78.9	(3.77)	4.5	(0.20)	8.0	(0.23)	0.8	(0.14)	101.5	(3.36)	894	(20.6)	1270	(26.0)	266	(4.1)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																
2 - 5	73.5	(8.28)	6.4	(0.42)	5.8	(0.33)	0.6*	(0.20)	46.9	(3.44)	980	(35.0)	1102	(30.6)	203	(8.4)
6 - 11	61.7	(4.66)	5.2	(0.24)	6.9	(0.18)	0.4	(0.10)	57.0	(2.61)	937	(31.7)	1214	(34.6)	224	(6.8)
12 - 19	61.4	(2.63)	4.8	(0.39)	7.4	(0.42)	0.6*	(0.18)	66.4	(4.83)	968	(44.5)	1261	(48.7)	237	(9.7)
20 and over	71.9	(2.87)	4.5	(0.15)	8.7	(0.27)	0.8	(0.12)	106.7	(3.24)	963	(28.9)	1383	(26.4)	297	(6.9)
2 and over	70.1	(2.21)	4.7	(0.15)	8.3	(0.25)	0.7	(0.11)	95.4	(3.04)	962	(27.3)	1342	(23.5)	280	(6.7)
\$75,000 and higher:																
2 - 5	59.3	(6.94)	5.4	(0.34)	5.7	(0.20)	0.6	(0.15)	48.5	(5.68)	884	(35.1)	1010	(33.4)	182	(4.7)
6 - 11	62.9	(6.43)	5.7	(0.47)	7.9	(0.29)	0.8	(0.17)	67.4	(3.93)	1101	(49.9)	1346	(61.4)	244	(10.8)
12 - 19	68.1	(6.55)	5.1	(0.44)	8.3	(0.58)	0.8*	(0.35)	77.8	(5.32)	1048	(58.4)	1377	(77.9)	267	(13.1)
20 and over	86.6	(4.62)	5.2	(0.40)	10.6	(0.47)	1.4	(0.20)	145.0	(10.20)	988	(23.5)	1460	(29.5)	335	(6.7)
2 and over	81.0	(4.54)	5.2	(0.34)	9.8	(0.41)	1.3	(0.19)	125.5	(8.64)	1000	(20.7)	1418	(27.3)	311	(6.6)
All Individuals ¹ :																
2 - 5	72.2	(5.26)	5.8	(0.23)	5.8	(0.19)	0.6	(0.11)	51.6	(2.65)	909	(19.2)	1048	(23.1)	193	(4.4)
6 - 11	65.9	(4.58)	5.5	(0.24)	7.2	(0.14)	0.5	(0.09)	62.9	(2.64)	1005	(31.5)	1260	(31.8)	231	(5.2)
12 - 19	65.7	(3.24)	4.9	(0.32)	7.8	(0.24)	0.6	(0.15)	76.3	(4.14)	993	(41.6)	1310	(42.0)	250	(7.8)
20 and over	79.6	(2.56)	4.7	(0.15)	9.2	(0.26)	1.0	(0.12)	120.9	(4.68)	949	(19.0)	1385	(21.2)	307	(5.3)
2 and over	76.6	(2.41)	4.8	(0.15)	8.8	(0.23)	0.9	(0.10)	107.8	(4.23)	956	(19.1)	1349	(20.4)	289	(5.0)

Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages:Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual,
by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars					_										_		_	
and age	Iı	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	assium	So	dium	Ca	ffeine	Theol	oromine	Alo	cohol
(years)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	g	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	11.9	(0.81)	7.9	(0.29)	0.7	(0.03)	76.0	(2.85)	1922	(63.8)	2281	(73.6)	7.4	(1.30)	30.2	(4.50)		
6 - 11	14.7	(0.99)	9.8	(0.45)	0.9	(0.03)	91.6	(2.35)	2063	(80.8)	2951	(103.2)	14.4	(3.57)	49.8	(7.78)		
12 - 19	14.8	(0.80)	10.7	(0.54)	1.0	(0.07)	108.7	(4.63)	2174	(87.8)	3495	(114.4)	46.7	(11.00)	47.4	(10.70)		
20 and over	13.3	(0.32)	10.3	(0.24)	1.1	(0.03)	110.3	(3.69)	2438	(44.1)	3347	(62.2)	144.8	(8.98)	29.5	(2.43)	8.9	(1.16)
2 and over	13.4	(0.33)	10.2	(0.22)	1.1	(0.02)	106.8	(2.80)	2353	(43.0)	3270	(51.0)	117.0	(8.10)	32.9	(2.47)		
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	11.3	(0.46)	8.4	(0.42)	0.8	(0.04)	76.0	(3.44)	1944	(60.8)	2249	(76.9)	6.9	(1.20)	24.9	(2.73)		
6 - 11	13.8	(0.39)	10.1	(0.30)	0.9	(0.03)	95.9	(3.61)	2030	(51.2)	3015	(60.8)	16.8	(2.27)	43.9	(3.81)		
12 - 19	14.9	(0.80)	10.6	(0.56)	0.9	(0.03)	99.7	(3.62)	2121	(56.2)	3226	(97.3)	49.7	(11.83)	52.6	(6.42)		
20 and over	14.0	(0.29)	11.3	(0.28)	1.2	(0.02)	115.9	(2.26)	2562	(45.7)	3566	(74.9)	177.1	(10.95)	33.2	(2.06)	10.1	(0.98)
2 and over	13.9	(0.22)	11.0	(0.26)	1.1	(0.02)	110.6	(2.02)	2442	(41.5)	3420	(55.0)	142.2	(9.75)	35.8	(1.68)		
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	9.5	(0.38)	7.1	(0.27)	0.7	(0.02)	72.9	(3.05)	1741	(43.0)	2103	(61.5)	4.0	(0.54)	36.3	(7.37)		
6 - 11	14.3	(0.62)	10.0	(0.41)	1.0	(0.04)	102.4	(5.31)	2159	(78.3)	3150	(92.0)	11.4	(1.21)	66.6	(6.08)		
12 - 19	15.4	(0.92)	11.5	(0.73)	1.0	(0.04)	114.9	(6.63)	2274	(125.6)	3471	(181.3)	41.0	(4.29)	54.2	(7.61)		
20 and over	14.5	(0.31)	11.9	(0.29)	1.4	(0.03)	120.0	(3.64)	2827	(49.9)	3676	(62.2)	181.8	(7.69)	35.3	(2.00)	11.2	(0.91)
2 and over	14.4	(0.28)	11.4	(0.27)	1.3	(0.03)	115.5	(3.35)	2650	(45.6)	3527	(54.4)	141.4	(4.96)	40.4	(2.25)		
All Individuals ¹ :																		
2 - 5	10.8	(0.31)	7.8	(0.19)	0.7	(0.02)	74.5	(1.61)	1866	(38.9)	2212	(43.4)	6.2	(0.76)	30.2	(2.22)		
6 - 11	14.1	(0.37)	10.0	(0.23)	0.9	(0.02)	97.6	(2.45)	2094	(45.7)	3050	(45.0)	13.9	(1.28)	54.9	(3.89)		
12 - 19	15.0	(0.57)	10.9	(0.44)	1.0	(0.03)	107.4	(2.96)	2186	(57.3)	3367	(82.3)	44.9	(6.36)	52.0	(5.72)		
20 and over	14.0	(0.18)	11.2	(0.18)	1.2	(0.02)	115.5	(1.95)	2633	(38.6)	3536	(40.0)	171.5	(6.17)	32.5	(0.88)	9.9	(0.62)
2 and over	14.0	(0.17)	10.9	(0.18)	1.2	(0.02)	111.0	(1.71)	2502	(35.7)	3410	(33.6)	136.6	(5.03)	36.3	(1.28)		

Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars and age	SF 4:0			FA 5:0		FA 3:0		0FA 0:0		FA 2:0		FA 4:0		FA 6:0		FA 8:0
(years)	g g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																
2 - 5	0.44	(0.022)	0.31	(0.017)	0.29	(0.029)	0.46	(0.029)	0.68	(0.058)	1.83	(0.098)	10.79	(0.360)	4.54	(0.127)
6 - 11	0.43	(0.028)	0.30	(0.020)	0.27	(0.018)	0.47	(0.026)	0.79	(0.087)	2.05	(0.106)	13.60	(0.669)	5.68	(0.281)
12 - 19	0.55	(0.048)	0.35	(0.028)	0.28	(0.024)	0.55	(0.047)	0.93	(0.111)	2.43	(0.180)	15.19	(0.660)	6.49	(0.317)
20 and over	0.46	(0.016)	0.30	(0.012)	0.26	(0.012)	0.49	(0.019)	0.85	(0.047)	2.14	(0.077)	14.11	(0.412)	6.19	(0.173)
2 and over	0.47	(0.014)	0.31	(0.009)	0.27	(0.008)	0.49	(0.014)	0.84	(0.027)	2.14	(0.051)	13.98	(0.267)	6.08	(0.117)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																
2 - 5	0.48	(0.021)	0.33	(0.017)	0.30	(0.028)	0.50	(0.028)	0.77	(0.063)	1.98	(0.091)	10.68	(0.421)	4.56	(0.180)
6 - 11	0.49	(0.032)	0.33	(0.020)	0.27	(0.015)	0.51	(0.028)	0.83	(0.060)	2.16	(0.106)	13.76	(0.526)	5.88	(0.192)
12 - 19	0.56	(0.043)	0.36	(0.027)	0.32	(0.037)	0.59	(0.051)	1.08	(0.201)	2.49	(0.182)	14.43	(0.613)	6.38	(0.340)
20 and over	0.55	(0.024)	0.35	(0.014)	0.30	(0.012)	0.58	(0.022)	0.99	(0.050)	2.47	(0.094)	15.43	(0.431)	6.82	(0.197)
2 and over	0.55	(0.023)	0.35	(0.013)	0.30	(0.011)	0.57	(0.020)	0.98	(0.042)	2.42	(0.084)	14.95	(0.352)	6.58	(0.161)
\$75,000 and higher:																
2 - 5	0.47	(0.036)	0.30	(0.020)	0.23	(0.013)	0.44	(0.027)	0.61	(0.038)	1.80	(0.105)	10.35	(0.326)	4.49	(0.176)
6 - 11	0.63	(0.042)	0.42	(0.024)	0.37	(0.033)	0.66	(0.037)	1.30	(0.218)	2.75	(0.127)	15.16	(0.464)	6.74	(0.236)
12 - 19	0.56	(0.032)	0.36	(0.023)	0.31	(0.022)	0.59	(0.034)	1.13	(0.092)	2.55	(0.144)	15.84	(0.824)	6.83	(0.419)
20 and over	0.52	(0.021)	0.33	(0.012)	0.31	(0.011)	0.57	(0.017)	1.10	(0.075)	2.41	(0.070)	15.03	(0.389)	6.58	(0.192)
2 and over	0.53	(0.018)	0.34	(0.010)	0.31	(0.011)	0.57	(0.016)	1.10	(0.068)	2.43	(0.066)	14.91	(0.335)	6.52	(0.167)
All Individuals ¹ :																
2 - 5	0.46	(0.011)	0.31	(0.007)	0.27	(0.014)	0.47	(0.013)	0.68	(0.038)	1.87	(0.036)	10.59	(0.184)	4.53	(0.073)
6 - 11	0.53	(0.024)	0.36	(0.014)	0.31	(0.015)	0.56	(0.021)	1.01	(0.090)	2.36	(0.080)	14.27	(0.385)	6.18	(0.150)
12 - 19	0.55	(0.026)	0.36	(0.016)	0.31	(0.017)	0.58	(0.027)	1.06	(0.096)	2.48	(0.107)	15.07	(0.486)	6.54	(0.247)
20 and over	0.52	(0.018)	0.33	(0.010)	0.29	(0.007)	0.55	(0.014)	1.00	(0.031)	2.36	(0.055)	14.89	(0.237)	6.54	(0.124)
2 and over	0.52	(0.016)	0.34	(0.009)	0.30	(0.006)	0.55	(0.013)	0.99	(0.030)	2.35	(0.052)	14.63	(0.204)	6.41	(0.110)

Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income							-							
in dollars	\mathbf{N}	IFA	\mathbf{N}	IFA	N	I FA	\mathbf{N}	IFA		FA		PFΑ	F	PFA
and age	1	6:1	1	8:1	2	0:1	2:	2:1	1	8:2	1	8:3	1	8:4
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:														
2 - 5	0.74	(0.052)	17.82	(0.729)	0.19	(0.011)	0.01	(0.001)	11.80	(0.621)	1.21	(0.061)	#	
6 - 11	0.93	(0.042)	21.50	(0.810)	0.24	(0.011)	0.02	(0.003)	14.80	(0.795)	1.44	(0.089)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.09	(0.037)	25.26	(1.053)	0.28	(0.009)	0.04	(0.010)	16.76	(0.727)	1.64	(0.084)	0.01	(0.003)
20 and over	1.10	(0.029)	25.44	(0.557)	0.29	(0.007)	0.02	(0.002)	15.93	(0.431)	1.74	(0.052)	0.01	(0.002)
2 and over	1.06	(0.019)	24.68	(0.356)	0.28	(0.005)	0.02	(0.001)	15.69	(0.273)	1.67	(0.039)	0.01	(0.002)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:														
2 - 5	0.68	(0.043)	17.72	(0.777)	0.20	(0.017)	0.02	(0.002)	10.53	(0.428)	1.03	(0.043)	#	
6 - 11	0.92	(0.043)	22.72	(0.856)	0.26	(0.010)	0.02	(0.002)	14.08	(0.380)	1.31	(0.038)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.03	(0.041)	24.21	(0.927)	0.26	(0.012)	0.02	(0.002)	15.15	(0.516)	1.48	(0.072)	0.01	(0.001)
20 and over	1.22	(0.033)	27.91	(0.637)	0.31	(0.008)	0.03	(0.002)	17.18	(0.390)	1.84	(0.056)	0.01	(0.001)
2 and over	1.15	(0.027)	26.59	(0.573)	0.30	(0.007)	0.03	(0.002)	16.38	(0.304)	1.72	(0.037)	0.01	(0.001)
\$75,000 and higher:														
2 - 5	0.69	(0.045)	17.74	(0.638)	0.17	(0.009)	0.01	(0.002)	10.25	(0.386)	0.98	(0.045)	#	
6 - 11	1.00	(0.043)	24.65	(0.710)	0.28	(0.021)	0.02	(0.003)	14.86	(0.619)	1.37	(0.031)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.08	(0.096)	26.74	(1.392)	0.35	(0.042)	0.02	(0.002)	16.50	(0.907)	1.58	(0.111)	0.01	(0.003)
20 and over	1.17	(0.030)	28.93	(0.772)	0.34	(0.016)	0.04	(0.004)	18.19	(0.667)	1.94	(0.090)	0.01	(0.002)
2 and over	1.12	(0.025)	27.74	(0.642)	0.33	(0.013)	0.03	(0.003)	17.30	(0.549)	1.80	(0.073)	0.01	(0.002)
All Individuals ¹ :														
2 - 5	0.70	(0.027)	17.71	(0.467)	0.19	(0.006)	0.01	(0.001)	10.71	(0.293)	1.05	(0.033)	#	
6 - 11	0.96	(0.028)	23.28	(0.548)	0.26	(0.008)	0.02	(0.001)	14.54	(0.275)	1.36	(0.024)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.07	(0.043)	25.35	(0.747)	0.30	(0.017)	0.03	(0.002)	15.92	(0.396)	1.54	(0.053)	0.01	(0.001)
20 and over	1.17	(0.019)	27.52	(0.364)	0.32	(0.006)	0.03	(0.002)	17.10	(0.261)	1.84	(0.036)	0.01	(0.001)
2 and over	1.11	(0.016)	26.44	(0.344)	0.30	(0.005)	0.03	(0.001)	16.43	(0.226)	1.72	(0.031)	0.01	(0.001)

Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars	D	PFA	D	PFA	D	FA	D	FA
		та 0:4		7FA 0:5		2:5		га 2:6
and age	20		2		2.		2.	
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:								
2 - 5	0.09	(0.008)	0.01	(0.002)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.005)
6 - 11	0.11	(0.005)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.02	(0.003)
12 - 19	0.14	(0.006)	0.02	(0.004)	0.02	(0.002)	0.04	(0.007)
20 and over	0.15	(0.007)	0.03	(0.007)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.010)
2 and over	0.15	(0.005)	0.02	(0.005)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.008)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:								
2 - 5	0.09	(0.006)	0.01	(0.003)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.004)
6 - 11	0.12	(0.006)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.004)
12 - 19	0.12	(0.005)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.004)
20 and over	0.17	(0.005)	0.02	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.003)
2 and over	0.16	(0.004)	0.02	(0.001)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.002)
\$75,000 and higher:								
2 - 5	0.08	(0.006)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.005)
6 - 11	0.12	(0.010)	0.02	(0.004)	0.02	(0.002)	0.03	(0.007)
12 - 19	0.13	(0.014)	0.02	(0.004)	0.02	(0.002)	0.03	(0.008)
20 and over	0.15	(0.005)	0.04	(0.007)	0.03	(0.003)	0.08	(0.013)
2 and over	0.14	(0.004)	0.03	(0.006)	0.02	(0.002)	0.06	(0.011)
All Individuals ¹ :								
2 - 5	0.09	(0.004)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(#)	0.02	(0.003)
6 - 11	0.12	(0.006)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.004)
12 - 19	0.13	(0.005)	0.02	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.004)
20 and over	0.16	(0.003)	0.03	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.005)
2 and over	0.15	(0.003)	0.02	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.005)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated means are as follows:

Mean: An estimated mean is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

¹ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents. SFA = saturated fatty acid; MFA = monounsaturated fatty acid; PFA = polyunsaturated fatty acid.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level¹) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income as % of poverty level and age	Sample size		nergy	Pro	otein		arbo- drate		otal gars		etary ber		otal fat		urated at	unsat	ono- curated	unsat	oly- curated at
(years)		kcal	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Under 131% poverty	':																		
2 - 5	261	1514	(44.5)	53.5	(1.92)	202	(6.2)	95	(4.0)	11.6	(0.64)	56.9	(1.95)	20.3	(0.81)	19.0	(0.75)	12.5	(0.67)
6 - 11	395	1846	(55.1)	64.8	(1.78)	241	(8.6)	109	(5.7)	13.1	(0.49)	71.3	(2.07)	24.9	(0.87)	23.7	(0.63)	16.2	(0.63)
12 - 19	424	1967	(66.4)	72.3	(2.31)	246	(8.7)	110	(4.7)	14.0	(0.64)	79.0	(3.45)	27.2	(1.39)	26.6	(1.12)	18.0	(0.80)
20 and over	1434	2027	(45.8)	78.5	(1.61)	243	(5.8)	107	(3.7)	15.6	(0.66)	79.0	(2.57)	26.0	(1.05)	27.5	(0.82)	18.2	(0.57)
2 and over	2514	1961	(27.6)	74.3	(0.97)	240	(4.0)	107	(2.9)	14.8	(0.50)	76.5	(1.67)	25.6	(0.68)	26.3	(0.56)	17.5	(0.38)
131-350% poverty:																			
2 - 5	236	1490	(26.9)	55.6	(1.60)	194	(4.2)	92	(2.8)	11.8	(0.53)	56.6	(1.46)	20.2	(0.60)	19.2	(0.56)	12.0	(0.45)
6 - 11	387	1927	(52.2)	69.8	(2.30)	251	(8.9)	112	(3.4)	14.9	(0.71)	74.3	(2.22)	26.4	(0.80)	24.9	(1.04)	16.1	(0.48)
12 - 19	435	1998	(63.9)	70.9	(2.43)	255	(8.5)	114	(4.8)	15.0	(0.40)	79.1	(2.81)	28.0	(1.26)	26.5	(0.92)	17.2	(0.65)
20 and over	1823	2122	(34.0)	81.8	(1.53)	249	(4.5)	109	(3.2)	16.8	(0.40)	84.8	(1.84)	28.1	(0.73)	29.8	(0.63)	19.2	(0.41)
2 and over	2881	2056	(23.4)	78.0	(1.20)	247	(3.1)	109	(2.3)	16.1	(0.36)	81.7	(1.47)	27.5	(0.58)	28.4	(0.56)	18.3	(0.31)
Over 350% poverty:																			
2 - 5	118	1378	(39.0)	48.3	(1.81)	181	(7.1)	88	(4.1)	11.1	(0.46)	53.5	(1.84)	19.0	(0.89)	18.7	(0.77)	11.2	(0.50)
6 - 11	191	1962	(48.4)	66.1	(1.65)	253	(8.5)	113	(6.7)	14.5	(0.70)	79.0	(2.24)	28.9	(1.19)	26.6	(0.68)	16.6	(0.53)
12 - 19	222	2176	(137.9)	80.6	(7.38)	278	(15.9)	121	(8.4)	15.9	(0.70)	84.8	(5.59)	29.2	(1.98)	29.1	(2.04)	18.8	(1.45)
20 and over	1280	2160	(33.8)	86.4	(2.09)	242	(5.3)	102	(3.5)	18.5	(0.45)	87.8	(1.97)	28.2	(0.64)	31.1	(0.77)	20.7	(0.69)
2 and over	1811	2122	(30.8)	83.4	(1.99)	243	(4.4)	104	(3.2)	17.8	(0.41)	85.8	(1.85)	28.0	(0.62)	30.2	(0.72)	19.9	(0.64)
All Individuals ² :																			
2 - 5	665	1467	(23.5)	52.8	(1.01)	193	(3.7)	92	(1.9)	11.6	(0.29)	55.8	(1.09)	19.9	(0.29)	19.0	(0.50)	12.0	(0.33)
6 - 11	1040	1907	(28.2)	67.0	(1.38)	248	(4.5)	111	(2.5)	14.3	(0.41)	74.4	(1.43)	26.5	(0.65)	25.0	(0.59)	16.2	(0.29)
12 - 19	1196	2031	(52.0)	74.0	(2.27)	258	(6.5)	114	(4.0)	14.9	(0.32)	80.3	(2.33)	27.9	(0.95)	27.2	(0.81)	17.8	(0.45)
20 and over	5017	2105	(20.6)	82.5	(1.20)	244	(2.4)	106	(1.6)	17.3	(0.39)	84.1	(1.12)	27.5	(0.47)	29.6	(0.39)	19.4	(0.30)
2 and over	7918	2048	(18.3)	78.8	(1.09)	243	(1.9)	106	(1.5)	16.5	(0.35)	81.4	(1.03)	27.1	(0.42)	28.4	(0.37)	18.6	(0.26)

Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level¹) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age		oles- rol	Re	tinol		min A AE)		pha- otene		eta- otene	Beta-c	crypto- thin	Lyc	copene		tein + anthin	Th	iamin
(years)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	186	(12.8)	431	(24.0)	509	(22.5)	113	(19.7)	860	(69.6)	62	(7.4)	3067	(545.1)	753	(77.0)	1.29	(0.045)
6 - 11	210	(8.4)	470	(21.6)	586	(27.6)	295	(41.0)	1212	(155.1)	66	(8.3)	3703	(286.4)	769	(136.7)	1.56	(0.053)
12 - 19	251	(9.9)	439	(36.5)	537	(41.3)	209	(42.1)	1048	(106.9)	56	(4.9)	4896	(293.2)	845	(136.5)	1.58	(0.056)
20 and over	308	(11.9)	372	(20.5)	552	(22.9)	358	(27.0)	1941	(152.3)	94	(11.8)	4594	(342.7)	1389	(121.9)	1.50	(0.037)
2 and over	280	(7.9)	396	(15.2)	550	(15.7)	312	(18.0)	1657	(112.4)	83	(8.4)	4428	(277.9)	1199	(92.1)	1.50	(0.026)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	184	(11.6)	465	(23.1)	548	(27.0)	219	(48.1)	860	(120.8)	78	(8.7)	3465	(526.2)	630	(52.1)	1.25	(0.035)
6 - 11	229	(13.1)	520	(32.8)	631	(45.3)	234*	(75.2)	1185	(196.7)	77	(9.8)	5175	(923.0)	816	(90.6)	1.58	(0.074)
12 - 19	229	(15.4)	476	(34.4)	580	(40.5)	247	(46.0)	1099	(123.8)	61	(6.5)	4675	(368.2)	812	(93.9)	1.61	(0.068)
20 and over	308	(10.5)	443	(18.2)	650	(27.8)	463	(94.4)	2220	(235.6)	77	(6.1)	4900	(335.6)	1358	(91.5)	1.57	(0.022)
2 and over	285	(8.9)	455	(14.7)	634	(21.1)	404	(71.4)	1923	(186.1)	75	(5.1)	4822	(296.1)	1206	(76.8)	1.56	(0.018)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	181	(15.8)	391	(32.6)	550	(29.3)	428*	(186.7)	1665	(421.3)	78*	(24.3)	3613	(944.9)	681	(88.7)	1.05	(0.046)
6 - 11	240	(14.6)	498	(34.2)	680	(42.0)	564	(129.8)	1883	(342.9)	61	(11.3)	3742	(587.8)	794	(65.4)	1.51	(0.036)
12 - 19	252	(31.8)	495	(49.6)	629	(47.3)	253	(29.2)	1462	(173.0)	63	(6.9)	4633	(1020.2)	934	(85.5)	1.78	(0.108)
20 and over	295	(8.8)	433	(18.0)	650	(23.6)	418	(55.3)	2352	(155.2)	95	(7.0)	5627	(379.1)	1929	(139.2)	1.63	(0.032)
2 and over	284	(8.1)	440	(16.1)	646	(20.0)	414	(53.5)	2226	(151.6)	90	(6.6)	5360	(366.8)	1734	(117.3)	1.62	(0.029)
All Individuals ² :																		
2 - 5	182	(8.4)	429	(16.3)	542	(19.7)	282	(69.5)	1185	(179.7)	71	(6.6)	3288	(317.9)	718	(51.5)	1.21	(0.025)
6 - 11	225	(8.3)	492	(18.9)	622	(25.8)	339	(43.4)	1365	(148.2)	72	(5.9)	4306	(424.5)	785	(60.0)	1.55	(0.041)
12 - 19	245	(10.3)	469	(28.1)	580	(30.7)	228	(29.2)	1194	(98.9)	59	(3.0)	4692	(265.0)	911	(72.7)	1.65	(0.051)
20 and over	300	(6.3)	423	(10.6)	629	(13.0)	420	(41.2)	2233	(110.0)	89	(5.8)	5092	(233.4)	1599	(83.4)	1.58	(0.020)
2 and over	282	(5.2)	434	(9.5)	619	(11.1)	385	(33.5)	1996	(98.7)	84	(4.8)	4892	(215.4)	1413	(73.2)	1.57	(0.018)

Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level¹) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age	Ril flav	bo- vin	Ni	acin	Vita	min B6		olic cid		ood late		late FE)	Ch	oline	Vitar	nin B12		dded nin B12
(years)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	μg	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	1.67	(0.062)	17.2	(0.54)	1.51	(0.055)	186	(14.2)	132	(7.1)	448	(26.4)	213	(11.0)	3.96	(0.253)	1.18	(0.197)
6 - 11	1.89	(0.079)	20.8	(0.72)	1.62	(0.077)	210	(12.0)	150	(7.1)	506	(22.9)	236	(7.0)	4.38	(0.265)	1.17	(0.169)
12 - 19	1.87	(0.067)	23.4	(0.74)	1.79	(0.079)	215	(10.9)	162	(5.5)	527	(21.4)	267	(9.8)	4.55	(0.178)	1.01	(0.128)
20 and over	1.97	(0.058)	24.9	(0.69)	2.05	(0.088)	161	(5.7)	209	(9.5)	483	(12.9)	329	(7.0)	4.58	(0.218)	1.08	(0.152)
2 and over	1.92	(0.038)	23.7	(0.35)	1.93	(0.048)	175	(5.0)	191	(6.7)	489	(10.1)	302	(4.4)	4.51	(0.137)	1.09	(0.095)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	1.77	(0.045)	16.7	(0.60)	1.44	(0.060)	174	(11.5)	129	(5.8)	424	(20.2)	222	(9.0)	4.04	(0.117)	0.85	(0.100)
6 - 11	2.01	(0.090)	21.9	(1.01)	1.75	(0.089)	216	(15.4)	154	(7.1)	521	(30.0)	256	(13.1)	4.75	(0.219)	1.20	(0.163)
12 - 19	1.95	(0.103)	23.4	(0.96)	1.86	(0.091)	222	(11.9)	160	(6.1)	537	(23.5)	252	(12.3)	5.03	(0.324)	1.55	(0.168)
20 and over	2.19	(0.052)	26.3	(0.60)	2.16	(0.063)	171	(5.1)	215	(4.1)	505	(10.1)	340	(8.9)	5.21	(0.277)	1.15	(0.094)
2 and over	2.12	(0.043)	25.0	(0.44)	2.05	(0.041)	181	(5.0)	198	(3.7)	505	(8.3)	316	(7.0)	5.08	(0.193)	1.18	(0.067)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	1.56	(0.093)	13.6	(0.50)	1.12	(0.064)	135	(18.0)	122	(6.1)	351	(32.8)	201	(14.2)	3.44	(0.289)	0.70	(0.112)
6 - 11	1.94	(0.092)	19.5	(0.50)	1.49	(0.048)	189	(15.1)	154	(4.8)	476	(23.5)	249	(11.1)	4.11	(0.368)	0.85	(0.122)
12 - 19	2.14	(0.172)	27.0	(2.27)	2.01	(0.173)	224	(18.9)	187	(12.3)	567	(40.1)	287	(31.0)	5.33	(0.512)	1.43	(0.209)
20 and over	2.28	(0.050)	27.2	(0.82)	2.22	(0.091)	178	(7.5)	234	(5.1)	537	(16.3)	348	(7.0)	5.12	(0.230)	1.20	(0.149)
2 and over	2.22	(0.048)	26.3	(0.75)	2.12	(0.078)	181	(6.6)	222	(4.5)	529	(13.8)	331	(6.6)	5.02	(0.205)	1.18	(0.131)
All Individuals ² :																		
2 - 5	1.67	(0.039)	16.0	(0.33)	1.38	(0.030)	166	(7.6)	127	(3.5)	409	(12.5)	212	(7.5)	3.81	(0.136)	0.91	(0.068)
6 - 11	1.94	(0.054)	20.7	(0.51)	1.62	(0.051)	204	(6.2)	153	(4.5)	499	(12.4)	247	(7.6)	4.42	(0.150)	1.07	(0.092)
12 - 19	1.98	(0.076)	24.4	(0.72)	1.87	(0.062)	221	(10.0)	169	(3.5)	544	(19.0)	268	(9.9)	4.95	(0.208)	1.34	(0.114)
20 and over	2.17	(0.040)	26.2	(0.53)	2.15	(0.051)	172	(4.2)	222	(4.4)	514	(10.0)	339	(4.6)	4.97	(0.123)	1.13	(0.088)
2 and over	2.10	(0.037)	25.0	(0.43)	2.03	(0.040)	180	(3.6)	206	(4.1)	511	(8.3)	317	(4.2)	4.86	(0.105)	1.14	(0.068)

Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level¹) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	(al	min E pha- herol)		ded nin E	Vita	min K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Mag	nesium
(years)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																
2 - 5	87.2	(5.67)	5.9	(0.38)	5.7	(0.25)	0.5	(0.13)	55.2	(5.29)	865	(29.9)	1031	(30.4)	190	(6.0)
6 - 11	70.6	(5.15)	5.6	(0.37)	6.4	(0.24)	0.3*	(0.09)	60.9	(6.06)	957	(39.5)	1193	(34.1)	218	(7.2)
12 - 19	63.8	(5.31)	4.7	(0.42)	7.7	(0.34)	0.6*	(0.22)	76.2	(7.09)	921	(61.8)	1257	(54.4)	234	(10.1)
20 and over	76.1	(5.46)	4.3	(0.23)	7.8	(0.17)	0.6	(0.09)	105.7	(6.22)	895	(31.5)	1302	(32.8)	275	(6.5)
2 and over	74.6	(4.24)	4.6	(0.16)	7.5	(0.14)	0.5	(0.06)	93.0	(4.41)	903	(25.2)	1264	(23.1)	257	(4.6)
131-350% poverty:																
2 - 5	66.5	(7.14)	6.2	(0.30)	6.0	(0.29)	0.6*	(0.22)	47.3	(3.39)	990	(38.3)	1115	(32.7)	206	(8.0)
6 - 11	61.5	(6.79)	5.6	(0.24)	7.4	(0.32)	0.5	(0.10)	65.2	(4.67)	1040	(44.0)	1317	(51.8)	243	(8.7)
12 - 19	60.8	(4.12)	4.9	(0.41)	7.5	(0.40)	0.4	(0.12)	67.9	(4.99)	1004	(41.6)	1290	(46.4)	244	(9.2)
20 and over	74.2	(2.83)	4.6	(0.18)	9.0	(0.20)	1.0	(0.11)	109.8	(4.57)	965	(29.7)	1382	(31.5)	300	(6.3)
2 and over	71.1	(2.70)	4.8	(0.17)	8.5	(0.16)	0.9	(0.08)	97.5	(3.87)	978	(27.1)	1351	(26.0)	283	(5.6)
Over 350% poverty:																
2 - 5	64.3	(6.38)	5.2	(0.49)	5.6	(0.26)	0.6	(0.15)	50.8	(7.40)	863	(46.1)	983	(45.6)	177	(6.4)
6 - 11	63.3	(5.34)	5.3	(0.60)	7.9	(0.21)	0.9	(0.20)	63.6	(3.42)	1034	(48.1)	1270	(42.7)	230	(8.7)
12 - 19	72.2	(7.39)	5.1	(0.59)	8.5	(0.65)	1.0*	(0.45)	80.8	(6.78)	1073	(79.4)	1404	(106.7)	276	(16.8)
20 and over	84.7	(4.20)	5.0	(0.36)	10.4	(0.52)	1.3	(0.25)	140.5	(8.21)	979	(22.0)	1449	(30.8)	329	(7.0)
2 and over	81.7	(4.02)	5.0	(0.33)	9.9	(0.46)	1.3	(0.24)	127.8	(7.23)	986	(20.2)	1418	(28.4)	314	(6.2)
All Individuals ² :																
2 - 5	72.2	(5.26)	5.8	(0.23)	5.8	(0.19)	0.6	(0.11)	51.6	(2.65)	909	(19.2)	1048	(23.1)	193	(4.4)
6 - 11	65.9	(4.58)	5.5	(0.24)	7.2	(0.14)	0.5	(0.09)	62.9	(2.64)	1005	(31.5)	1260	(31.8)	231	(5.2)
12 - 19	65.7	(3.24)	4.9	(0.32)	7.8	(0.24)	0.6	(0.15)	76.3	(4.14)	993	(41.6)	1310	(42.0)	250	(7.8)
20 and over	79.6	(2.56)	4.7	(0.15)	9.2	(0.26)	1.0	(0.12)	120.9	(4.68)	949	(19.0)	1385	(21.2)	307	(5.3)
2 and over	76.6	(2.41)	4.8	(0.15)	8.8	(0.23)	0.9	(0.10)	107.8	(4.23)	956	(19.1)	1349	(20.4)	289	(5.0)

Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level¹) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age	Ιı	ron	7	inc	Co	pper	Sel	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Cat	ffeine	Theol	oromine	Αlα	cohol
(years)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	μg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	mg	(SE)	g	(SE)
\ \ \		(SL)	ing	(DL)	mg	(SL)	μg	(SL)	nig	(BL)	mg	(SL)	mg	(SL)	mg	(BL)	<u></u>	(SL)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	11.9	(0.67)	8.0	(0.29)	0.7	(0.02)	75.0	(2.77)	1910	(56.4)	2285	(82.6)	7.6	(1.68)	27.1	(4.36)		
6 - 11	14.3	(0.83)	9.7	(0.32)	0.8	(0.03)	94.0	(2.96)	2038	(62.4)	2977	(86.2)	13.8	(2.58)	47.2	(6.19)		
12 - 19	14.3	(0.51)	10.6	(0.47)	0.9	(0.05)	105.6	(2.66)	2118	(67.4)	3403	(98.4)	45.2	(9.59)	50.2	(7.76)		
20 and over	13.2	(0.28)	10.3	(0.29)	1.1	(0.03)	111.7	(2.48)	2413	(53.8)	3420	(67.5)	137.9	(9.57)	27.8	(2.45)	7.5	(0.70)
2 and over	13.4	(0.23)	10.1	(0.21)	1.0	(0.02)	106.2	(1.45)	2294	(42.3)	3286	(41.9)	101.9	(7.59)	33.0	(2.32)		
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	10.9	(0.43)	8.4	(0.31)	0.8	(0.04)	78.2	(3.33)	1941	(62.5)	2249	(74.3)	7.0	(1.00)	31.5	(6.98)		
6 - 11	14.7	(0.75)	10.9	(0.33)	0.9	(0.03)	102.3	(4.49)	2146	(70.5)	3136	(90.2)	16.7	(2.63)	51.2	(5.50)		
12 - 19	15.1	(0.82)	10.6	(0.49)	1.0	(0.03)	100.6	(4.08)	2137	(57.0)	3226	(106.8)	52.2	(13.73)	56.4	(7.62)		
20 and over	14.3	(0.26)	11.4	(0.27)	1.2	(0.02)	115.5	(2.24)	2582	(53.1)	3551	(76.3)	173.6	(10.28)	35.4	(1.95)	9.1	(0.74)
2 and over	14.2	(0.21)	11.1	(0.21)	1.1	(0.01)	110.5	(1.62)	2456	(44.9)	3405	(56.8)	136.2	(8.00)	39.1	(2.18)		
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	9.4	(0.50)	6.8	(0.40)	0.7	(0.03)	69.9	(4.02)	1707	(57.9)	2043	(83.1)	2.8	(0.51)	30.9	(3.93)		
6 - 11	13.3	(0.44)	9.1	(0.32)	1.0	(0.04)	95.8	(2.51)	2075	(70.1)	3061	(67.7)	10.5	(1.54)	67.3	(7.70)		
12 - 19	15.9	(1.16)	11.8	(1.08)	1.1	(0.05)	118.9	(10.04)	2348	(180.9)	3551	(267.3)	38.8	(4.36)	49.6	(7.72)		
20 and over	14.3	(0.30)	11.8	(0.29)	1.3	(0.03)	119.7	(3.93)	2796	(46.3)	3652	(64.2)	188.4	(7.55)	33.8	(1.48)	12.3	(1.08)
2 and over	14.2	(0.26)	11.4	(0.28)	1.3	(0.03)	116.4	(3.50)	2677	(40.3)	3551	(60.0)	158.7	(5.33)	37.1	(1.51)		
All Individuals ² :																		
2 - 5	10.8	(0.31)	7.8	(0.19)	0.7	(0.02)	74.5	(1.61)	1866	(38.9)	2212	(43.4)	6.2	(0.76)	30.2	(2.22)		
6 - 11	14.1	(0.37)	10.0	(0.23)	0.9	(0.02)	97.6	(2.45)	2094	(45.7)	3050	(45.0)	13.9	(1.28)	54.9	(3.89)		
12 - 19	15.0	(0.57)	10.9	(0.44)	1.0	(0.03)	107.4	(2.96)	2186	(57.3)	3367	(82.3)	44.9	(6.36)	52.0	(5.72)		
20 and over	14.0	(0.18)	11.2	(0.18)	1.2	(0.02)	115.5	(1.95)	2633	(38.6)	3536	(40.0)	171.5	(6.17)	32.5	(0.88)	9.9	(0.62)
2 and over	14.0	(0.17)	10.9	(0.18)	1.2	(0.02)	111.0	(1.71)	2502	(35.7)	3410	(33.6)	136.6	(5.03)	36.3	(1.28)		

Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level¹) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as																
% of poverty level	SF			FA		FA		FA								
and age	4:0		Ċ	5:0	8	3:0	10	0:0	1.	2:0	14	4:0	1	6:0	1	8:0
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)										
Under 131% poverty:																
2 - 5	0.45	(0.031)	0.32	(0.022)	0.31	(0.028)	0.48	(0.035)	0.79	(0.079)	1.91	(0.120)	10.81	(0.398)	4.61	(0.176)
6 - 11	0.45	(0.026)	0.32	(0.016)	0.28	(0.016)	0.49	(0.023)	0.82	(0.071)	2.13	(0.082)	13.81	(0.545)	5.86	(0.211)
12 - 19	0.55	(0.049)	0.35	(0.029)	0.27	(0.022)	0.54	(0.045)	0.85	(0.076)	2.38	(0.179)	14.87	(0.682)	6.44	(0.328)
20 and over	0.47	(0.023)	0.31	(0.016)	0.27	(0.013)	0.50	(0.024)	0.87	(0.055)	2.19	(0.104)	14.25	(0.562)	6.23	(0.271)
2 and over	0.48	(0.018)	0.32	(0.011)	0.27	(0.008)	0.51	(0.016)	0.86	(0.033)	2.19	(0.068)	14.03	(0.357)	6.10	(0.178)
131-350% poverty:																
2 - 5	0.48	(0.020)	0.33	(0.015)	0.28	(0.024)	0.49	(0.025)	0.70	(0.040)	1.93	(0.069)	10.64	(0.332)	4.54	(0.136)
6 - 11		(0.044)	0.36	(0.027)	0.33	(0.026)	0.58	(0.035)	1.11	(0.152)	2.41	(0.117)	14.11	(0.518)	6.03	(0.195)
12 - 19		(0.039)	0.37	(0.026)	0.34	(0.031)	0.61	(0.045)	1.21	(0.178)	2.56	(0.154)	14.85	(0.632)	6.54	(0.291)
20 and over		(0.023)	0.34	(0.014)	0.29	(0.013)	0.56	(0.021)	0.96	(0.048)	2.42	(0.088)	15.23	(0.356)	6.74	(0.166)
2 and over	0.54	(0.021)	0.35	(0.012)	0.30	(0.010)	0.56	(0.018)	0.99	(0.040)	2.41	(0.071)	14.84	(0.293)	6.54	(0.138)
Over 350% poverty:																
2 - 5	0.46	(0.050)	0.29	(0.027)	0.22	(0.017)	0.42	(0.035)	0.55	(0.044)	1.75	(0.145)	10.21	(0.433)	4.42	(0.230)
6 - 11		(0.036)	0.40	(0.024)	0.34	(0.037)	0.62	(0.045)	1.11	(0.209)	2.63	(0.170)	15.24	(0.553)	6.86	(0.244)
12 - 19		(0.042)	0.36	(0.033)	0.31	(0.033)	0.58	(0.048)	1.11	(0.177)	2.55	(0.200)	15.84	(1.078)	6.82	(0.536)
20 and over		(0.022)	0.34	(0.013)	0.31	(0.011)	0.58	(0.017)	1.11	(0.063)	2.44	(0.067)	15.19	(0.349)	6.66	(0.158)
2 and over	0.54	(0.018)	0.34	(0.011)	0.31	(0.012)	0.58	(0.017)	1.09	(0.067)	2.44	(0.066)	15.07	(0.319)	6.60	(0.151)
All Individuals ² :																
2 - 5	0.46	(0.011)	0.31	(0.007)	0.27	(0.014)	0.47	(0.013)	0.68	(0.038)	1.87	(0.036)	10.59	(0.184)	4.53	(0.073)
6 - 11		(0.024)	0.36	(0.014)	0.31	(0.015)	0.56	(0.021)	1.01	(0.090)	2.36	(0.080)	14.27	(0.385)	6.18	(0.150)
12 - 19	0.55	(0.026)	0.36	(0.016)	0.31	(0.017)	0.58	(0.027)	1.06	(0.096)	2.48	(0.107)	15.07	(0.486)	6.54	(0.247)
20 and over		(0.018)	0.33	(0.010)	0.29	(0.007)	0.55	(0.014)	1.00	(0.031)	2.36	(0.055)	14.89	(0.237)	6.54	(0.124)
2 and over	0.52	(0.016)	0.34	(0.009)	0.30	(0.006)	0.55	(0.013)	0.99	(0.030)	2.35	(0.052)	14.63	(0.204)	6.41	(0.110)

Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level¹) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age		IFA 6:1		IFA 8:1		IFA 0:1		IFA 2:1		PFA 8:2		PFA 8:3		FA 8:4
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:														
2 - 5	0.73	(0.050)	17.74	(0.712)	0.19	(0.010)	0.01	(0.001)	11.16	(0.612)	1.16	(0.064)	#	
6 - 11	0.94	(0.036)	22.10	(0.598)	0.24	(0.009)	0.02	(0.003)	14.50	(0.570)	1.39	(0.062)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.08	(0.040)	24.78	(1.044)	0.27	(0.012)	0.03	(0.007)	16.04	(0.716)	1.58	(0.085)	0.01	(0.002)
20 and over	1.12	(0.031)	25.56	(0.763)	0.30	(0.010)	0.02	(0.002)	16.03	(0.500)	1.72	(0.072)	0.01	(0.001)
2 and over	1.07	(0.017)	24.50	(0.520)	0.28	(0.008)	0.02	(0.001)	15.51	(0.339)	1.62	(0.047)	0.01	(0.001)
131-350% poverty:														
2 - 5	0.67	(0.033)	17.87	(0.534)	0.21	(0.012)	0.02	(0.002)	10.77	(0.396)	1.03	(0.043)	#	
6 - 11	0.94	(0.044)	23.17	(0.962)	0.27	(0.017)	0.02	(0.001)	14.46	(0.461)	1.34	(0.043)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.01	(0.043)	24.69	(0.855)	0.28	(0.010)	0.02	(0.002)	15.41	(0.581)	1.48	(0.063)	0.01	(0.001)
20 and over	1.19	(0.026)	27.70	(0.584)	0.31	(0.007)	0.03	(0.002)	16.93	(0.367)	1.81	(0.041)	0.01	(0.001)
2 and over	1.11	(0.024)	26.41	(0.519)	0.30	(0.006)	0.03	(0.002)	16.20	(0.282)	1.68	(0.028)	0.01	(0.001)
Over 350% poverty:														
2 - 5	0.69	(0.057)	17.51	(0.719)	0.16	(0.008)	0.01	(0.002)	10.04	(0.458)	0.97	(0.050)	#	
6 - 11	1.00	(0.050)	24.84	(0.639)	0.28	(0.014)	0.02	(0.004)	14.84	(0.510)	1.37	(0.038)	0.01	(0.002)
12 - 19	1.12	(0.137)	27.13	(1.856)	0.37	(0.057)	0.02	(0.003)	16.79	(1.288)	1.61	(0.148)	0.01	(0.003)
20 and over	1.20	(0.030)	28.95	(0.727)	0.34	(0.015)	0.04	(0.004)	18.24	(0.614)	1.97	(0.079)	0.01	(0.002)
2 and over	1.16	(0.026)	28.15	(0.672)	0.33	(0.013)	0.03	(0.003)	17.63	(0.570)	1.87	(0.073)	0.01	(0.002)
All Individuals ² :														
2 - 5	0.70	(0.027)	17.71	(0.467)	0.19	(0.006)	0.01	(0.001)	10.71	(0.293)	1.05	(0.033)	#	
6 - 11	0.96	(0.028)	23.28	(0.548)	0.26	(0.008)	0.02	(0.001)	14.54	(0.275)	1.36	(0.024)	0.01	(0.001)
12 - 19	1.07	(0.043)	25.35	(0.747)	0.30	(0.017)	0.03	(0.002)	15.92	(0.396)	1.54	(0.053)	0.01	(0.001)
20 and over	1.17	(0.019)	27.52	(0.364)	0.32	(0.006)	0.03	(0.002)	17.10	(0.261)	1.84	(0.036)	0.01	(0.001)
2 and over	1.11	(0.016)	26.44	(0.344)	0.30	(0.005)	0.03	(0.001)	16.43	(0.226)	1.72	(0.031)	0.01	(0.001)

Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level¹) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as								
% of poverty level	P	FA	P	PFΑ	P	FA	P	FA
and age	20	0:4	20	0:5	2	2:5	2	2:6
(years)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)	g	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:								
2 - 5	0.09	(0.008)	0.01	(0.002)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.004)
6 - 11	0.11	(0.004)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.02	(0.004)
12 - 19	0.13	(0.004)	0.01	(0.003)	0.02	(0.002)	0.03	(0.005)
20 and over	0.16	(0.006)	0.02	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.007)
2 and over	0.15	(0.004)	0.02	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.005)
131-350% poverty:								
2 - 5	0.09	(0.006)	0.01	(0.003)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.005)
6 - 11	0.12	(0.009)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.001)	0.02	(0.003)
12 - 19	0.12	(0.007)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.005)
20 and over	0.16	(0.005)	0.03	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.004)
2 and over	0.15	(0.005)	0.02	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.003)
Over 350% poverty:								
2 - 5	0.08	(0.007)	0.01	(0.002)	0.01	(0.001)	0.02	(0.005)
6 - 11	0.13	(0.010)	0.02	(0.006)	0.02	(0.003)	0.03	(0.010)
12 - 19	0.13	(0.018)	0.02	(0.005)	0.02	(0.003)	0.04	(0.009)
20 and over	0.16	(0.006)	0.03	(0.006)	0.02	(0.003)	0.07	(0.011)
2 and over	0.15	(0.006)	0.03	(0.005)	0.02	(0.002)	0.06	(0.010)
All Individuals ² :								
2 - 5	0.09	(0.004)	0.01	(0.001)	0.01	(#)	0.02	(0.003)
6 - 11	0.12	(0.006)	0.01	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.004)
12 - 19	0.13	(0.005)	0.02	(0.002)	0.02	(0.001)	0.03	(0.004)
20 and over	0.16	(0.003)	0.03	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.06	(0.005)
2 and over	0.15	(0.003)	0.02	(0.003)	0.02	(0.001)	0.05	(0.005)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated means are as follows:

Mean: An estimated mean is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

- ¹ The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.
- ² Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents. SFA = saturated fatty acid; MFA = monounsaturated fatty acid; PFA = polyunsaturated fatty acid.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

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Table 5. Energy Intakes: Percentages¹ of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Gender and age	Sample size	En	ergy	Pro	tein	Carbol	ıydrate	Tota	al fat	Satura	ted fat	Mo unsatu fa		Po unsatu fa	rated	Alc	ohol
(years)		kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)
Males:	I																
2 - 5	336	1545	(27.4)	14	(0.3)	53	(0.6)	34	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	11	(0.3)	7	(0.2)		
6 - 11	517	1973	(31.2)	14	(0.3)	53	(0.8)	34	(0.6)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.2)		
12 - 19	609	2247	(69.7)	15	(0.2)	51	(0.5)	35	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	7	(0.1)		
20 - 29	392	2570	(71.3)	17	(0.8)	46	(0.8)	34	(0.6)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.3)	7	(0.2)		
30 - 39	418	2687	(73.8)	16	(0.4)	46	(1.0)	35	(0.8)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.3)		
40 - 49	370	2519	(53.4)	16	(0.5)	45	(0.7)	35	(0.9)	11	(0.4)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.2)		
50 - 59	397	2487	(72.1)	16	(0.4)	46	(1.0)	35	(0.8)	11	(0.3)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.3)		
60 - 69	420	2166	(56.7)	16	(0.5)	47	(1.0)	36	(0.8)	11	(0.2)	13	(0.3)	8	(0.4)		
70 and over	418	2014	(51.0)	15	(0.4)	46	(0.7)	37	(0.8)	12	(0.3)	13	(0.3)	8	(0.3)		
2 - 19	1462	2009	(37.0)	15	(0.2)	52	(0.5)	34	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
20 and over	2415	2439	(27.5)	16	(0.3)	46	(0.3)	35	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)	4	(0.2)
2 and over	3877	2332	(27.6)	16	(0.2)	47	(0.2)	35	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		`
Females:																	
2 - 5	329	1395	(35.6)	15	(0.2)	53	(0.7)	34	(0.6)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.3)	7	(0.2)		
6 - 11	523	1834	(37.2)	14	(0.3)	52	(0.5)	35	(0.4)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.2)		
12 - 19	587	1813	(44.7)	14	(0.2)	52	(0.5)	35	(0.4)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.2)		
20 - 29	442	1917	(33.2)	16	(0.4)	49	(0.6)	36	(0.4)	11	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	9	(0.2)		
30 - 39	435	1869	(53.3)	16	(0.6)	46	(0.9)	35	(0.5)	11	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.3)		
40 - 49	460	1845	(40.0)	16	(0.5)	47	(0.8)	36	(0.7)	11	(0.3)	13	(0.3)	9	(0.3)		
50 - 59	419	1807	(32.1)	16	(0.3)	46	(1.4)	37	(1.3)	12	(0.3)	13	(0.8)	9	(0.3)		
60 - 69	432	1686	(39.0)	16	(0.4)	48	(1.2)	36	(0.8)	12	(0.3)	13	(0.3)	9	(0.3)		
70 and over	414	1598	(55.2)	16	(0.3)	49	(0.6)	36	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.3)		
2 - 19	1439	1725	(21.3)	14	(0.1)	52	(0.2)	35	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
20 and over	2602	1795	(16.7)	16	(0.2)	48	(0.5)	36	(0.4)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.2)	8	(0.1)	2	(0.2)
2 and over	4041	1779	(12.1)	16	(0.1)	49	(0.4)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.1)		
Males and females:																	
2 - 19	2901	1868	(25.2)	15	(0.1)	52	(0.3)	35	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
20 and over	5017	2105	(20.6)	16	(0.2)	47	(0.3)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.1)	8	(0.1)	3	(0.2)
2 and over	7918	2048	(18.3)	16	(0.1)	48	(0.3)	35	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		

Footnotes

¹ Percentages estimated as a ratio of each individual's energy intake of protein, carbohydrate, fat and alcohol divided by the individual's total food energy intake.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Energy Intakes: Percentages of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Gender and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 6. Energy Intakes: Percentages¹ of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Race/ethnicity and age	Sample size	Enc	ergy	Prot	ein	Carboh	ydrate	Tota	l fat	Satura	ted fat	Mor unsatu fa	rated	Pol unsatu fa	rated	Alco	ohol
(years)		kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White	:																
2 - 5	209	1410	(38.9)	15	(0.3)	52	(0.6)	35	(0.5)	13	(0.2)	12	(0.3)	7*	(0.2)		
6 - 11	300	1938	(53.6)	14	(0.3)	53	(0.8)	35	(0.6)	13	(0.3)	12	(0.3)	7	(0.2)		
12 - 19	322	2069	(71.7)	15	(0.3)	51	(0.6)	35	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	7	(0.1)		
20 and over	1711	2109	(24.9)	16	(0.2)	46	(0.5)	36	(0.4)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.2)	8	(0.2)	3	(0.3)
2 and over	2542	2063	(21.5)	16	(0.2)	47	(0.4)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
Non-Hispanic Black:	:																
2 - 5	160	1651	(81.2)	14	(0.5)	55	(0.7)	33	(0.8)	11*	(0.3)	11*	(0.4)	8*	(0.5)		
6 - 11	220	1912	(53.9)	14	(0.3)	52	(0.8)	35	(0.4)	11	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8*	(0.1)		
12 - 19	275	1981	(73.4)	14	(0.3)	52	(0.8)	35	(0.8)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.3)		
20 and over	1060	2051	(35.9)	15	(0.2)	48	(0.6)	35	(0.5)	11	(0.2)	13	(0.2)	9	(0.2)	3	(0.3)
2 and over	1715	2002	(32.1)	15	(0.2)	49	(0.5)	35	(0.3)	11	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.2)		
Non-Hispanic Asian ²	·																
2 - 5	34	1422*	(87.4)	15*	(0.9)	52*	(0.9)	34*	(0.6)	13*	(0.5)	12*	(0.3)	6*	(0.3)		
6 - 11	70	1984*	(106.4)	15*	(0.5)	52*	(1.0)	33*	(1.1)	11*	(0.7)	11*	(0.4)	8*	(0.3)		
12 - 19	123	1991	(96.2)	17	(0.4)	52	(0.9)	32	(0.6)	11*	(0.3)	11*	(0.4)	8*	(0.3)		
20 and over	521	1911	(40.6)	17	(0.2)	51	(0.4)	31	(0.5)	9	(0.2)	11	(0.2)	8	(0.2)	1*	(0.2)
2 and over	748	1909	(38.2)	17	(0.2)	51	(0.4)	32	(0.4)	10	(0.1)	11	(0.1)	8	(0.2)		
Hispanic:																	
2 - 5	205	1500	(54.5)	15	(0.3)	53	(0.9)	33	(0.8)	12	(0.3)	11	(0.5)	7*	(0.3)		
6 - 11	379	1795	(51.8)	15	(0.3)	52	(0.5)	34	(0.6)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.2)		
12 - 19	405	1969	(52.1)	15	(0.3)	52	(0.6)	34	(0.6)	11	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.1)		
20 and over	1543	2179	(23.0)	16	(0.3)	49	(0.5)	34	(0.4)	11	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)	2	(0.2)
2 and over	2532	2053	(21.3)	16	(0.2)	50	(0.4)	34	(0.3)	11	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated means and percentages are as follows:

Mean: An estimated mean is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Percent: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Percentages estimated as a ratio of each individual's energy intake of protein, carbohydrate, fat and alcohol divided by the individual's total food energy intake.
- ² A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Energy Intakes: Percentages of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 7. Energy Intakes: Percentages¹ of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income in dollars and age	Sample size	En	ergy	Pro	tein	Carbol	nydrate.	Tota	al fat	Satura	ited fat	Mo unsatu fa		Pol unsatu fa	rated	Alc	ohol
(years)	5120	kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:	Ī																
2 - 5	196	1518	(42.9)	15	(0.4)	53	(0.6)	34	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	11	(0.3)	8*	(0.2)		
6 - 11	258	1838	(72.5)	14	(0.4)	53	(0.5)	34	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	11	(0.3)	8	(0.2)		
12 - 19	285	2012	(71.7)	15	(0.4)	50	(0.7)	35	(0.6)	12	(0.4)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.2)		
20 and over	1430	2021	(31.9)	16	(0.2)	48	(0.7)	35	(0.5)	11	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.2)	3	(0.3)
2 and over	2169	1977	(21.9)	15	(0.2)	49	(0.5)	35	(0.4)	11	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																	
2 - 5	261	1494	(40.8)	15	(0.3)	53	(0.8)	34	(0.6)	12	(0.4)	11	(0.3)	7*	(0.2)		
6 - 11	451	1846	(34.5)	14	(0.2)	52	(0.8)	35	(0.6)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.2)		
12 - 19	513	1956	(61.8)	15	(0.3)	51	(0.8)	35	(0.7)	12	(0.4)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.1)		
20 and over	1973	2133	(32.1)	16	(0.1)	47	(0.4)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	13	(0.1)	8	(0.1)	3	(0.3)
2 and over	3198	2059	(25.7)	16	(0.1)	48	(0.4)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
\$75,000 and higher:																	
2 - 5	166	1409	(30.8)	14	(0.3)	53	(0.9)	35	(0.8)	12	(0.5)	12	(0.4)	7*	(0.3)		
6 - 11	278	2002	(62.4)	14	(0.3)	52	(0.6)	35	(0.5)	13	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	7	(0.2)		
12 - 19	306	2143	(103.0)	15	(0.3)	52	(0.6)	35	(0.4)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.2)		
20 and over	1206	2156	(38.9)	17	(0.3)	45	(0.7)	36	(0.6)	11	(0.2)	13	(0.3)	9	(0.2)	3	(0.2)
2 and over	1956	2104	(32.7)	16	(0.2)	47	(0.5)	36	(0.5)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.2)	8	(0.2)		
All Individuals ² :																	
2 - 5	665	1467	(23.5)	15	(0.2)	53	(0.5)	34	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	7	(0.1)		
6 - 11	1040	1907	(28.2)	14	(0.2)	52	(0.5)	35	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.1)		
12 - 19	1196	2031	(52.0)	15	(0.2)	51	(0.4)	35	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
20 and over	5017	2105	(20.6)	16	(0.2)	47	(0.3)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.1)	8	(0.1)	3	(0.2)
2 and over	7918	2048	(18.3)	16	(0.1)	48	(0.3)	35	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated means and percentages are as follows:

Mean: An estimated mean is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Percent: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Percentages estimated as a ratio of each individual's energy intake of protein, carbohydrate, fat and alcohol divided by the individual's total food energy intake.
- ² Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Energy Intakes: Percentages of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 8. Energy Intakes: Percentages¹ of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level²) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income as % of poverty level and age	Sample size	En	ergy	Prot	ein	Carboh	nydrate	Tota	ıl fat	Saturat	ted fat	Mos unsatu fa	rated	Pol unsatu fa	rated	Alco	ohol
(years)		kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)
Under 131% poverty	:																
2 - 5	261	1514	(44.5)	14	(0.3)	54	(0.7)	33	(0.5)	12	(0.4)	11	(0.2)	7*	(0.2)		
6 - 11	395	1846	(55.1)	14	(0.3)	53	(0.5)	34	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	11	(0.2)	8	(0.2)		
12 - 19	424	1967	(66.4)	15	(0.3)	51	(0.6)	35	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.2)		
20 and over	1434	2027	(45.8)	16	(0.3)	49	(0.6)	34	(0.7)	11	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.2)	2	(0.2)
2 and over	2514	1961	(27.6)	16	(0.2)	50	(0.4)	34	(0.5)	11	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.1)		
131-350% poverty:																	
2 - 5	236	1490	(26.9)	15	(0.3)	52	(0.7)	34	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	7*	(0.2)		
6 - 11	387	1927	(52.2)	15	(0.3)	52	(0.8)	34	(0.7)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.4)	8	(0.1)		
12 - 19	435	1998	(63.9)	15	(0.2)	51	(0.6)	35	(0.6)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.2)		
20 and over	1823	2122	(34.0)	16	(0.1)	47	(0.5)	36	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	13	(0.1)	8	(0.1)	3	(0.2)
2 and over	2881	2056	(23.4)	15	(0.1)	48	(0.4)	35	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
Over 350% poverty:																	
2 - 5	118	1378	(39.0)	14*	(0.4)	53	(1.2)	35	(1.0)	12*	(0.6)	12*	(0.4)	7*	(0.4)		
6 - 11	191	1962	(48.4)	14	(0.3)	52	(0.7)	36	(0.6)	13	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8*	(0.2)		
12 - 19	222	2176	(137.9)	15	(0.4)	52	(0.7)	34	(0.5)	12	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	8*	(0.3)		
20 and over	1280	2160	(33.8)	16	(0.3)	45	(0.7)	36	(0.5)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.3)	9	(0.2)	4	(0.3)
2 and over	1811	2122	(30.8)	16	(0.3)	46	(0.6)	36	(0.4)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.2)	8	(0.2)		
All Individuals ³ :																	
2 - 5	665	1467	(23.5)	15	(0.2)	53	(0.5)	34	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	7	(0.1)		
6 - 11	1040	1907	(28.2)	14	(0.2)	52	(0.5)	35	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.1)		
12 - 19	1196	2031	(52.0)	15	(0.2)	51	(0.4)	35	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
20 and over	5017	2105	(20.6)	16	(0.2)	47	(0.3)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.1)	8	(0.1)	3	(0.2)
2 and over	7918	2048	(18.3)	16	(0.1)	48	(0.3)	35	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated means and percentages are as follows:

Mean: An estimated mean is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Percent: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Percentages estimated as a ratio of each individual's energy intake of protein, carbohydrate, fat and alcohol divided by the individual's total food energy intake.
- ² The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.
- ³ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Energy Intakes: Percentages of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 9. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Gender and age	Percent reporting ³	Energy	Protein	Carbo- hydrate	Total sugars	Dietary fiber	Total fat	Saturated fat	Mono- unsaturated fat	Poly- unsaturated fat
(years)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)
Males:										
2 - 5	59 (3.8)	27 (2.6)	25 (2.4)	27 (2.6)	27 (2.6)	27 (2.7)	27 (2.8)	25 (2.7)	28 (2.8)	29 (3.0)
6 - 11	78 (2.8)	37 (1.9)	36 (1.6)	38 (1.8)	41 (1.9)	37 (2.6)	37 (2.1)	36 (2.0)	36 (2.1)	39 (2.7)
12 - 19	69 (3.1)	38 (2.4)	38 (2.3)	37 (2.6)	38 (2.7)	35 (2.7)	38 (2.4)	36 (2.3)	38 (2.4)	40 (2.9)
20 - 29	75 (2.8)	42 (1.9)	41 (3.0)	42 (2.3)	42 (2.7)	40 (2.6)	43 (1.6)	42 (1.7)	42 (1.5)	45 (2.7)
30 - 39	76 (3.4)	42 (2.5)	41 (3.2)	42 (2.4)	44 (2.4)	39 (2.9)	43 (3.2)	42 (3.2)	44 (3.1)	44 (3.5)
40 - 49	70 (3.8)	36 (2.2)	35 (2.4)	37 (2.4)	38 (3.6)	34 (2.3)	36 (2.5)	35 (2.8)	35 (2.5)	37 (2.9)
50 - 59	71 (3.6)	33 (2.5)	34 (3.2)	32 (2.4)	30 (2.3)	30 (3.0)	34 (2.3)	33 (2.1)	35 (2.4)	36 (3.3)
60 - 69	51 (3.9)	24 (1.9)	25 (2.5)	22 (1.9)	20 (1.7)	20 (2.6)	25 (2.2)	24 (2.0)	25 (2.4)	27 (3.0)
70 and over	45 (4.3)	19 (2.5)	18 (2.6)	17 (2.4)	15 (1.9)	17 (3.7)	20 (3.0)	18 (2.6)	20 (2.6)	24 (4.4)
2 - 19	70 (2.4)	36 (1.6)	35 (1.4)	36 (1.6)	37 (1.6)	34 (1.8)	36 (1.7)	34 (1.4)	36 (1.8)	38 (2.3)
20 and over	66 (1.8)	34 (1.1)	34 (1.3)	34 (1.1)	34 (1.2)	31 (1.3)	35 (1.2)	34 (1.2)	35 (1.1)	37 (1.3)
2 and over	67 (1.5)	35 (1.0)	34 (1.1)	34 (1.1)	35 (1.1)	32 (1.1)	35 (1.0)	34 (1.0)	35 (1.0)	37 (1.2)
Females:										
2 - 5	60 (4.5)	28 (1.7)	26 (1.9)	28 (1.8)	28 (2.1)	28 (2.2)	28 (1.9)	27 (1.8)	29 (2.0)	29 (2.2)
6 - 11	78 (1.8)	38 (1.4)	36 (1.7)	38 (1.4)	41 (1.5)	36 (1.2)	39 (1.6)	38 (1.6)	38 (1.5)	41 (2.0)
12 - 19	72 (2.7)	41 (2.1)	41 (2.1)	41 (2.0)	44 (2.3)	38 (2.2)	41 (2.6)	41 (2.7)	41 (2.6)	42 (2.7)
20 - 29	66 (3.0)	36 (2.2)	33 (1.9)	36 (2.2)	36 (2.5)	34 (2.3)	36 (2.4)	35 (2.3)	36 (2.7)	39 (2.5)
30 - 39	70 (3.1)	34 (2.4)	32 (2.9)	34 (2.6)	37 (2.9)	29 (3.0)	35 (2.5)	35 (2.4)	35 (2.7)	36 (3.1)
40 - 49	69 (2.7)	36 (1.8)	35 (2.0)	35 (2.3)	36 (2.3)	32 (2.3)	38 (1.7)	37 (1.9)	38 (1.8)	37 (2.1)
50 - 59	66 (5.5)	33 (2.6)	33 (3.1)	31 (2.3)	31 (2.2)	30 (3.5)	35 (3.0)	33 (2.8)	35 (3.2)	36 (3.5)
60 - 69	52 (4.8)	26 (2.7)	26 (2.9)	25 (2.5)	25 (2.6)	23 (2.7)	29 (3.2)	27 (3.0)	29 (3.4)	29 (3.9)
70 and over	38 (2.5)	17 (2.0)	18 (2.0)	16 (1.8)	15 (1.9)	14 (2.0)	20 (2.3)	18 (2.5)	20 (2.5)	22 (2.4)
2 - 19	71 (1.8)	38 (1.2)	37 (1.1)	38 (1.1)	40 (1.4)	35 (1.1)	38 (1.4)	37 (1.6)	38 (1.4)	40 (1.4)
20 and over	61 (1.8)	31 (1.1)	30 (1.1)	30 (1.1)	31 (1.2)	28 (1.1)	33 (1.2)	32 (1.2)	33 (1.3)	34 (1.2)
2 and over	63 (1.7)	33 (1.0)	31 (1.0)	32 (1.0)	33 (0.9)	29 (1.0)	34 (1.1)	33 (1.1)	34 (1.1)	35 (1.1)
Males and females:										
2 - 19	71 (1.9)	37 (1.2)	36 (1.1)	37 (1.2)	39 (1.3)	35 (1.3)	37 (1.3)	36 (1.3)	37 (1.4)	39 (1.5)
20 and over	64 (1.4)	33 (0.8)	32 (0.8)	32 (0.8)	32 (0.7)	30 (1.0)	34 (0.9)	33 (0.9)	34 (0.8)	36 (0.9)
2 and over	65 (1.3)	34 (0.7)	33 (0.8)	33 (0.8)	34 (0.7)	31 (0.9)	35 (0.8)	34 (0.8)	35 (0.8)	36 (0.9)

Table 9. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age (years)	Cho ter %			min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyc %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ivin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitaı %	nin B6 (SE)		olate OFE) (SE)
Males:																		
2 - 5	20	(2.1)	19	(1.8)	22	(5.5)	30	(4.9)	24	(2.6)	22	(2.0)	26	(2.7)	21	(2.3)	22	(2.7)
6 - 11	34	(3.9)	33	(2.8)	41	(7.0)	34	(6.0)	33	(1.9)	35	(2.0)	34	(1.8)	31	(2.0)	30	(1.7)
12 - 19	35	(2.5)	27	(3.3)	32	(5.2)	31	(5.5)	31	(2.8)	32	(2.6)	37	(2.8)	35	(2.7)	28	(2.6)
20 - 29	38	(3.6)	32	(3.3)	38	(5.5)	50	(6.1)	39	(2.4)	40	(2.8)	44	(3.6)	45	(4.6)	35	(2.5)
30 - 39	44	(4.6)	38	(3.8)	34	(3.5)	35	(5.3)	39	(2.9)	38	(2.3)	42	(2.5)	42	(2.4)	35	(2.3)
40 - 49	35	(2.9)	29	(4.4)	35	(6.1)	32	(7.6)	32	(3.2)	33	(3.1)	35	(3.0)	36	(3.3)	32	(4.3)
50 - 59	34	(3.0)	27	(3.7)	28	(7.9)	30	(6.3)	31	(2.6)	29	(2.3)	35	(2.8)	32	(2.4)	28	(2.7)
60 - 69	27	(3.2)	21	(3.4)	29	(8.1)	31	(9.2)	26	(3.5)	21	(1.8)	24	(2.5)	22	(2.5)	22	(2.6)
70 and over	19	(1.8)	11	(2.0)	11	(2.6)	15	(3.9)	17	(3.0)	13	(1.8)	17	(2.4)	15	(2.6)	14	(2.3)
2 - 19	33	(1.6)	28	(2.0)	34	(4.2)	32	(4.1)	31	(1.8)	31	(1.5)	34	(1.9)	32	(1.7)	27	(1.5)
20 and over		(1.6)	27	(1.6)	30	(2.3)	33	(3.1)	32	(1.3)	31	(1.2)	36	(1.5)	35	(1.7)	29	(1.1)
2 and over		(1.4)	27	(1.4)	30	(2.2)	33	(2.5)	32	(1.1)	31	(1.1)	35	(1.4)	34	(1.5)	29	(0.9)
Females:																		
2 - 5	22	(2.6)	23	(2.3)	24	(6.6)	24	(5.9)	25	(2.2)	24	(2.0)	27	(2.4)	25	(2.3)	25	(1.9)
6 - 11		(2.7)	34	(2.1)	37	(2.7)	29	(5.9)	34	(1.8)	36	(2.0)	34	(1.8)	32	(1.5)	30	(1.6
12 - 19		(2.9)	32	(3.4)	36	(6.0)	37	(6.4)	37	(2.7)	37	(1.9)	40	(2.2)	37	(2.5)	30	(2.4
20 - 29	29	(2.3)	29	(1.9)	36	(3.6)	35	(6.4)	30	(2.2)	30	(2.4)	35	(2.0)	35	(2.5)	29	(2.3
30 - 39		(3.1)	28	(5.5)	25*	(8.7)	39	(7.0)	32	(2.9)	30	(2.2)	31	(3.5)	31	(4.3)	30	(3.4
40 - 49		(3.0)	31	(3.1)	30	(3.5)	29	(4.1)	32	(2.5)	33	(2.5)	34	(2.0)	32	(2.5)	31	(3.2
50 - 59	36	(4.5)	29	(4.2)	35	(6.4)	36	(8.9)	31	(3.7)	28	(2.1)	34	(2.7)	30	(3.0)	27	(3.3)
60 - 69	25	(3.2)	19	(2.9)	22	(4.7)	30	(4.8)	22	(2.7)	20	(2.6)	24	(2.7)	22	(3.0)	20	(3.3
70 and over		(2.4)	15	(1.8)	17	(3.6)	13	(2.6)	15	(1.8)	14	(1.4)	18	(1.7)	15	(1.4)	14	(1.6
2 - 19	34	(1.7)	31	(1.9)	34	(3.5)	32	(4.5)	34	(1.6)	34	(1.3)	36	(1.3)	33	(1.3)	29	(1.4
20 and over		(1.6)	26	(1.5)	27	(2.7)	32	(3.6)	28	(1.2)	27	(1.0)	30	(1.1)	29	(1.4)	26	(1.3
2 and over		(1.4)	27	(1.2)	28	(2.5)	32	(2.9)	29	(1.1)	28	(0.9)	32	(0.9)	30	(1.1)	27	(1.1
Males and females:																		
2 - 19	33	(1.4)	29	(1.6)	34	(3.3)	32	(3.0)	32	(1.6)	32	(1.1)	35	(1.4)	32	(1.3)	28	(1.3
20 and over		(1.1)	27	(0.7)	28	(1.8)	33	(2.5)	30	(0.9)	29	(0.8)	33	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	28	(0.7)
2 and over		(1.0)	27	(0.8)	29	(1.7)	32	(2.0)	31	(0.8)	30	(0.7)	34	(0.9)	32	(1.0)	28	(0.6

Table 9. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	(al	min E pha- pherol)	Vita	min K	Cal	lcium	Phos	phorus	Мао	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Males:																		
2 - 5	22	(2.0)	20	(2.5)	25	(3.6)	17	(1.6)	26	(2.7)	25	(3.2)	23	(2.4)	25	(2.3)	24	(2.0)
6 - 11	36	(2.2)	31	(1.5)	39	(2.8)	33	(2.5)	37	(2.5)	36	(3.2)	36	(2.3)	37	(2.0)	37	(2.3)
12 - 19	36	(2.2)	33	(2.6)	32	(3.4)	26	(2.5)	36	(3.5)	36	(3.2)	31	(1.9)	36	(2.0)	36	(2.5)
20 - 29	38	(3.2)	41	(3.4)	34	(4.5)	25	(3.3)	41	(2.6)	38	(5.6)	37	(1.9)	38	(2.3)	38	(2.4)
30 - 39	42	(3.0)	44	(3.2)	35	(3.5)	30	(3.0)	42	(2.6)	37	(4.2)	38	(2.9)	40	(2.6)	37	(2.7)
40 - 49	32	(2.0)	36	(4.1)	30	(2.8)	22	(3.3)	36	(3.4)	35	(3.7)	32	(3.0)	34	(2.3)	32	(1.9)
50 - 59	34	(3.3)	39	(7.9)	30	(3.7)	20	(2.0)	34	(3.9)	35	(5.3)	27	(2.6)	32	(3.1)	31	(3.0)
60 - 69	24	(2.4)	19	(2.3)	19	(4.3)	18	(2.6)	24	(2.7)	30	(5.9)	23	(2.1)	23	(2.2)	22	(2.4)
70 and over	18	(2.3)	13	(1.9)	11	(1.8)	9	(1.7)	17	(2.9)	19	(5.4)	13	(2.2)	16	(2.4)	15	(2.3)
2 - 19	34	(1.4)	31	(1.5)	33	(2.0)	27	(1.6)	35	(2.2)	34	(2.4)	31	(1.3)	34	(1.3)	34	(1.6)
20 and over	33	(1.4)	35	(2.3)	28	(1.3)	22	(1.4)	34	(1.4)	33	(1.5)	30	(1.1)	32	(1.1)	31	(1.1)
2 and over	33	(1.2)	34	(1.9)	29	(1.1)	23	(0.9)	34	(1.2)	33	(1.4)	30	(0.9)	33	(1.0)	31	(1.0)
Females:																		
2 - 5	24	(2.1)	22	(2.1)	28	(3.9)	22	(2.2)	28	(2.4)	26	(2.0)	25	(2.0)	27	(1.8)	27	(1.8)
6 - 11	35	(1.9)	34	(2.3)	38	(2.4)	35	(3.1)	37	(1.5)	38	(2.3)	38	(2.1)	38	(1.6)	36	(1.4)
12 - 19	38	(2.2)	33	(2.5)	36	(2.6)	32	(2.6)	40	(2.8)	37	(3.3)	39	(2.8)	41	(2.2)	39	(2.2)
20 - 29	30	(2.0)	30	(2.7)	31	(3.0)	27	(5.0)	36	(2.5)	34	(3.9)	33	(2.1)	34	(1.9)	34	(1.9)
30 - 39	32	(2.8)	31	(2.8)	31	(3.7)	29	(4.8)	34	(4.3)	36	(7.3)	31	(2.3)	32	(2.7)	32	(3.6)
40 - 49	35	(2.8)	33	(2.6)	34	(3.0)	27	(3.4)	35	(3.2)	38	(4.3)	32	(2.0)	34	(2.0)	32	(2.2)
50 - 59	33	(3.7)	29	(3.3)	32	(5.3)	30	(5.5)	33	(2.8)	34	(6.2)	28	(2.5)	31	(2.7)	30	(2.5)
60 - 69	23	(2.8)	23	(3.7)	18	(3.5)	17	(4.3)	26	(3.6)	27	(4.0)	21	(3.0)	23	(2.8)	21	(2.7)
70 and over	16	(1.6)	17	(1.7)	10	(1.6)	15	(3.5)	17	(1.8)	16	(3.7)	14	(2.0)	16	(1.8)	14	(1.8)
2 - 19	34	(1.2)	31	(1.4)	34	(1.2)	30	(1.9)	37	(1.3)	35	(1.7)	35	(1.7)	37	(1.3)	36	(1.2)
20 and over	29	(1.4)	28	(1.5)	27	(1.6)	25	(2.2)	31	(1.0)	32	(2.4)	27	(1.0)	29	(1.0)	28	(1.0)
2 and over	30	(1.2)	29	(1.2)	29	(1.3)	26	(1.7)	32	(0.9)	32	(2.1)	29	(1.0)	31	(0.9)	30	(0.9)
Males and females:																		
2 - 19	34	(1.1)	31	(1.1)	34	(1.0)	28	(1.1)	36	(1.5)	35	(1.6)	33	(1.2)	35	(1.1)	35	(1.2)
20 and over	31	(1.0)	32	(1.5)	27	(0.8)	23	(1.1)	33	(0.9)	32	(1.3)	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	30	(0.7)
2 and over	32	(0.8)	32	(1.2)	29	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	33	(0.9)	33	(1.2)	30	(0.7)	32	(0.7)	31	(0.7)

Table 9. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age	I	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Caf	feine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Males:																
2 - 5	23	(2.5)	22	(2.4)	25	(2.1)	25	(2.5)	25	(2.2)	26	(2.7)	36	(9.9)		
6 - 11	32	(1.6)	34	(1.9)	37	(2.3)	36	(2.3)	38	(1.8)	35	(2.0)	35	(6.7)		
12 - 19	30	(2.7)	34	(2.7)	36	(2.7)	36	(2.3)	37	(2.2)	38	(2.6)	49	(5.3)		-
20 - 29	36	(2.4)	39	(2.3)	38	(2.6)	41	(3.1)	39	(2.4)	42	(2.6)	55	(3.9)		
30 - 39	38	(2.8)	40	(3.0)	36	(3.0)	41	(3.1)	40	(2.6)	42	(3.2)	48	(5.8)		
40 - 49	32	(3.4)	35	(3.1)	34	(2.4)	35	(2.7)	32	(1.8)	37	(2.7)	44	(6.5)		
50 - 59	32	(2.7)	33	(2.7)	31	(3.0)	35	(4.1)	31	(2.7)	37	(3.5)	30	(3.6)		
60 - 69	22	(2.4)	23	(2.5)	22	(2.3)	25	(2.3)	22	(2.3)	26	(2.5)	19	(3.4)		
70 and over	14	(2.1)	15	(2.1)	16	(2.4)	18	(2.7)	16	(2.5)	22	(3.4)	12	(1.9)		
2 - 19	29	(1.6)	32	(1.7)	35	(1.7)	34	(1.6)	35	(1.4)	35	(1.8)	46	(4.7)		
20 and over	30	(1.1)	33	(1.1)	31	(1.1)	35	(1.3)	31	(1.0)	36	(1.3)	34	(1.9)	31	(4.5
2 and over	30	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	32	(1.0)	35	(1.2)	32	(0.9)	36	(1.2)	34	(1.9)		
Females:																
2 - 5	25	(2.0)	25	(1.6)	28	(1.9)	25	(2.0)	28	(1.9)	27	(1.8)	31	(8.8)		-
6 - 11	32	(1.8)	34	(2.1)	36	(1.1)	35	(2.1)	38	(1.3)	37	(1.8)	33	(4.7)		-
12 - 19	32	(2.2)	37	(2.2)	40	(2.0)	40	(2.2)	40	(2.1)	42	(2.6)	57	(6.0)		-
20 - 29	29	(2.1)	31	(2.2)	32	(2.0)	33	(2.2)	33	(2.1)	35	(2.3)	37	(4.2)		_
30 - 39	30	(2.8)	30	(2.7)	32	(3.7)	32	(2.6)	31	(2.7)	33	(2.7)	29	(4.3)		
40 - 49	31	(2.0)	34	(1.8)	34	(2.5)	34	(2.4)	33	(2.0)	35	(2.1)	31	(4.2)		-
50 - 59	29	(3.1)	32	(3.0)	30	(3.0)	33	(3.1)	31	(3.2)	34	(3.2)	25	(2.7)		
60 - 69	23	(3.2)	25	(2.8)	21	(3.0)	25	(2.8)	22	(2.8)	27	(3.3)	17	(3.3)		
70 and over	14	(1.4)	17	(1.9)	16	(1.9)	18	(1.9)	14	(1.5)	19	(2.0)	13	(3.0)		-
2 - 19	31	(1.4)	34	(1.0)	36	(1.0)	36	(1.3)	37	(1.0)	38	(1.4)	52	(4.9)		
20 and over	27	(1.1)	29	(1.2)	28	(1.2)	30	(1.3)	28	(1.2)	31	(1.3)	26	(1.7)	35	(2.9
2 and over	28	(0.9)	30	(1.0)	30	(1.0)	31	(1.1)	30	(1.0)	33	(1.2)	27	(1.8)		
Males and females:																
2 - 19	30	(1.3)	33	(1.0)	36	(1.1)	35	(1.3)	36	(1.0)	36	(1.4)	48	(3.7)		-
20 and over	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	30	(0.7)	33	(0.9)	30	(0.7)	34	(0.9)	30	(1.7)	32	(3.3
2 and over	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	33	(0.8)	31	(0.6)	35	(1.0)	31	(1.7)		-

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- Away from home includes any location other than home. Home is defined as an individual's dwelling unit and the surrounding areas that are used solely by the occupants of that dwelling unit.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from food and beverages consumed away from home for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the gender/age group who reported consuming at least one item away from home.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

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Table 10. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Race/ethnicity and age		cent	Enc	ergy	Pro	otein		rbo- lrate		otal gars		etary oer		otal at		rated at	unsat	ono- urated at	unsat	oly- urated at
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																				
2 - 5	64	(4.9)	29	(2.0)	26	(2.1)	28	(2.1)	28	(2.3)	28	(2.8)	31	(1.9)	29	(1.9)	32	(2.1)	32	(2.1)
6 - 11	82	(2.2)	40	(2.4)	38	(2.5)	41	(2.3)	43	(2.5)	38	(2.2)	41	(2.6)	39	(2.3)	40	(2.8)	43	(3.3)
12 - 19	78	(3.0)	45	(2.4)	46	(2.5)	44	(2.4)	47	(2.1)	41	(2.6)	44	(2.8)	43	(2.7)	44	(2.9)	47	(3.3)
20 and over	63	(1.9)	32	(0.9)	32	(0.9)	32	(1.0)	31	(1.1)	29	(1.4)	33	(1.1)	32	(1.2)	34	(1.0)	35	(1.1)
2 and over	66	(1.6)	34	(0.8)	33	(1.0)	33	(0.9)	34	(1.0)	30	(1.1)	35	(0.9)	33	(0.9)	35	(0.9)	36	(1.0)
Non-Hispanic Black:																				
2 - 5	54	(5.4)	28	(5.0)	30	(4.7)	29	(5.2)	29	(5.1)	33	(6.3)	26	(5.0)	27	(5.3)	26	(4.9)	25	(4.9)
6 - 11	75	(1.9)	40	(1.9)	40	(2.2)	41	(2.2)	45	(2.8)	41	(2.1)	39	(2.0)	39	(1.9)	38	(2.0)	40	(2.5)
12 - 19	50	(3.3)	26	(2.8)	25	(3.1)	26	(2.8)	28	(2.6)	24	(3.4)	27	(2.9)	25	(3.0)	27	(2.9)	29	(3.2)
20 and over	61	(1.9)	32	(1.4)	30	(1.5)	31	(1.3)	32	(1.3)	29	(1.5)	33	(1.9)	32	(2.1)	33	(1.6)	35	(2.1)
2 and over	60	(1.8)	31	(1.1)	30	(1.0)	31	(1.1)	33	(1.0)	30	(1.3)	32	(1.4)	31	(1.7)	32	(1.2)	34	(1.6)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																				
2 - 5	57*	(7.0)	18*	(4.5)	17*	(3.5)	19*	(5.7)	19*	(5.6)	23*	(7.6)	16*	(3.7)	16*	(4.4)	14*	(3.3)	20*	(3.8)
6 - 11	68*	(6.3)	32*	(3.4)	31*	(3.4)	31*	(3.3)	32*	(3.3)	31*	(4.8)	33*	(4.2)	35*	(5.0)	31*	(4.2)	34*	(5.0)
12 - 19	70	(4.1)	35	(3.1)	35	(4.3)	33	(2.6)	35	(3.0)	32	(3.6)	38	(3.7)	38	(3.2)	39	(4.1)	39	(4.6)
20 and over	65	(2.1)	33	(2.0)	33	(2.1)	30	(2.1)	31	(2.3)	28	(1.9)	37	(2.1)	38	(2.2)	37	(2.2)	37	(2.4)
2 and over	65	(1.8)	33	(1.9)	32	(2.1)	30	(1.8)	31	(1.9)	28	(1.8)	37	(2.1)	37	(1.9)	37	(2.2)	37	(2.4)
Hispanic:																				
2 - 5	58	(3.6)	27	(2.4)	24	(2.0)	28	(2.8)	28	(3.6)	27	(2.5)	26	(2.6)	22	(2.4)	27	(2.8)	31	(3.2)
6 - 11	76	(2.8)	34	(1.8)	33	(2.6)	34	(1.8)	37	(2.0)	33	(1.8)	33	(1.9)	33	(1.9)	33	(2.1)	35	(2.3)
12 - 19	67	(2.6)	35	(2.6)	34	(2.3)	35	(2.6)	36	(2.8)	33	(2.7)	36	(2.9)	36	(3.4)	36	(3.1)	37	(2.5)
20 and over	65	(1.1)	37	(1.0)	36	(1.0)	36	(1.2)	37	(1.4)	33	(1.1)	38	(1.0)	37	(1.2)	38	(1.0)	39	(1.1)
2 and over	66	(1.0)	36	(1.0)	35	(0.9)	35	(1.2)	36	(1.3)	33	(1.0)	37	(1.1)	36	(1.2)	37	(1.0)	38	(1.0)

Table 10. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age (years)	Choles- terol % (SE)	Vitamin A (RAE) % (SE)	Beta- carotene % (SE)	Lycopene % (SE)	Thiamin % (SE)	Ribo- flavin % (SE)	Niacin % (SE)	Vitamin B6 % (SE)	Folate (DFE) % (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:									
2 - 5	24 (3.1)	18 (2.0)	14* (4.6)	26 (7.3)	25 (2.4)	23 (2.1)	27 (2.3)	23 (2.4)	24 (2.9)
6 - 11	36 (5.7)	32 (2.7)	37 (7.7)	31 (5.2)	35 (2.3)	36 (2.5)	35 (2.4)	32 (2.1)	31 (2.0)
12 - 19	44 (3.3)	32 (3.7)	35 (5.9)	39 (7.2)	39 (3.4)	39 (2.7)	46 (3.3)	43 (3.0)	33 (3.1)
20 and over	32 (1.4)	26 (1.0)	30 (2.8)	32 (3.3)	29 (1.1)	27 (0.8)	32 (1.1)	31 (1.4)	27 (0.9)
2 and over	33 (1.4)	27 (0.9)	30 (2.6)	32 (2.7)	31 (1.0)	29 (0.7)	34 (1.1)	32 (1.3)	27 (0.7)
Non-Hispanic Black:									
2 - 5	22 (4.0)	35 (4.5)	48 (7.5)	33* (10.5)	29 (5.4)	31 (4.7)	30 (4.9)	29 (4.7)	27 (5.6)
6 - 11	39 (4.4)	46 (3.6)	52 (2.7)	31 (4.1)	38 (2.2)	43 (3.1)	38 (2.2)	40 (3.1)	35 (2.3)
12 - 19	25 (4.1)	17 (3.2)	17* (6.1)	20 (4.3)	19 (2.8)	21 (3.0)	23 (3.1)	21 (3.4)	16 (2.8)
20 and over	31 (1.8)	26 (1.8)	22 (2.8)	25 (3.0)	28 (1.4)	29 (1.1)	30 (1.2)	31 (1.3)	27 (1.6)
2 and over	30 (1.2)	27 (1.3)	24 (2.6)	25 (2.4)	28 (1.1)	30 (0.9)	30 (0.9)	30 (0.9)	26 (1.1)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :									
2 - 5	10* (2.3)	14* (5.5)	29* (15.3)	33* (20.5)	12* (3.7)	12* (3.3)	15* (3.4)	15* (4.0)	15* (5.8)
6 - 11	25* (3.9)	29* (4.2)	36* (8.5)	27* (8.3)	28* (3.2)	27* (2.8)	32* (4.6)	27* (5.2)	24* (3.4)
12 - 19	34 (5.1)	27 (2.6)	31 (5.9)	51 (6.1)	30 (3.5)	28 (2.9)	33 (4.0)	28 (4.1)	28 (3.3)
20 and over	32 (3.1)	26 (2.3)	26 (3.3)	31 (4.8)	30 (1.6)	32 (2.3)	33 (2.3)	31 (2.0)	28 (1.9)
2 and over	31 (2.6)	26 (1.8)	26 (2.9)	33 (4.1)	29 (1.5)	30 (1.9)	32 (2.1)	30 (1.9)	27 (1.7)
Hispanic:									
2 - 5	20 (2.1)	22 (2.5)	35 (9.9)	26 (3.9)	25 (3.0)	21 (2.5)	26 (2.4)	22 (2.7)	23 (3.2)
6 - 11	31 (3.5)	33 (2.4)	43 (5.3)	33 (5.7)	30 (2.4)	32 (2.5)	32 (2.7)	30 (2.5)	27 (2.4)
12 - 19	29 (2.8)	29 (3.3)	38 (5.3)	28 (4.6)	30 (2.5)	30 (3.1)	32 (2.4)	31 (2.4)	26 (2.5)
20 and over	37 (1.4)	29 (1.6)	30 (2.2)	37 (2.6)	33 (1.3)	36 (1.6)	39 (1.6)	39 (1.9)	32 (1.1)
2 and over	35 (1.3)	29 (1.4)	32 (2.2)	35 (2.6)	32 (1.3)	34 (1.4)	36 (1.4)	36 (1.5)	30 (1.1)

Table 10. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity										min E oha-								
and age	Cho	oline	Vitam	in B12	Vita	min C	Vitar	nin D	tocop	herol)	Vita	nin K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Magr	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																		
2 - 5	24	(2.5)	21	(2.7)	27	(3.2)	18	(1.9)	28	(2.7)	26	(2.1)	23	(2.1)	26	(2.0)	26	(2.0)
6 - 11	37	(3.6)	31	(1.9)	42	(3.9)	32	(2.6)	39	(2.7)	38	(3.4)	38	(2.5)	38	(2.6)	38	(2.3)
12 - 19	44	(2.4)	39	(3.1)	41	(2.7)	32	(3.0)	43	(3.7)	43	(2.8)	38	(2.8)	43	(2.3)	43	(2.3)
20 and over	30	(1.1)	31	(2.2)	27	(1.3)	22	(1.8)	33	(0.9)	34	(2.3)	28	(0.9)	30	(0.8)	29	(0.9)
2 and over	31	(1.1)	31	(1.9)	28	(1.1)	23	(1.4)	34	(0.8)	34	(2.1)	29	(0.8)	31	(0.9)	30	(0.9)
Non-Hispanic Black:																		
2 - 5	28	(4.1)	32	(5.1)	30	(6.3)	37	(4.6)	27	(5.9)	25	(5.6)	35	(5.4)	32	(4.8)	31	(5.0)
6 - 11	42	(3.3)	43	(3.6)	48	(3.9)	49	(5.0)	39	(2.5)	42	(5.7)	45	(2.7)	43	(2.1)	41	(1.9)
12 - 19	25	(3.2)	20	(3.1)	22	(3.4)	17	(3.4)	25	(3.5)	19	(4.3)	22	(2.9)	26	(3.0)	25	(3.1)
20 and over	30	(1.5)	30	(1.9)	30	(2.0)	29	(3.9)	31	(1.7)	28	(2.6)	30	(2.0)	31	(1.7)	29	(1.4)
2 and over	31	(1.0)	30	(1.2)	31	(1.8)	30	(2.3)	31	(1.2)	28	(2.0)	31	(1.5)	32	(1.2)	30	(1.1)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																		
2 - 5	11*	(2.3)	12*	(3.8)	21*	(8.8)	8*	(3.4)	17*	(3.8)	27*	(12.0)	16*	(4.3)	16*	(3.4)	17*	(3.6)
6 - 11	26*	(3.4)	22*	(2.8)	26*	(5.7)	16*	(3.4)	36*	(3.7)	24*	(4.1)	29*	(4.1)	30*	(3.3)	28*	(3.7)
12 - 19	32	(4.6)	29	(4.0)	28	(4.7)	24	(3.5)	33	(4.1)	36	(5.7)	30	(2.8)	32	(3.3)	31	(2.6)
20 and over	31	(2.5)	32	(3.0)	25	(2.9)	26	(3.2)	32	(2.0)	30	(4.4)	31	(2.8)	32	(2.1)	29	(2.0)
2 and over	30	(2.3)	31	(2.6)	26	(2.7)	24	(2.7)	32	(1.9)	30	(4.1)	30	(2.1)	32	(1.9)	29	(1.9)
Hispanic:																		
2 - 5	22	(1.9)	19	(3.3)	26	(5.5)	17	(2.7)	28	(3.3)	26	(3.4)	23	(2.7)	25	(2.3)	25	(2.3)
6 - 11	33	(3.0)	33	(3.3)	30	(4.0)	34	(2.8)	33	(2.3)	33	(2.5)	33	(2.2)	34	(2.2)	33	(2.2)
12 - 19	31	(2.5)	30	(2.6)	31	(3.6)	26	(3.9)	35	(3.1)	35	(3.0)	32	(3.2)	34	(2.8)	33	(2.7)
20 and over	36	(1.0)	37	(1.8)	30	(1.5)	26	(1.3)	35	(1.2)	35	(2.2)	32	(1.4)	35	(1.0)	33	(1.1)
2 and over	34	(0.9)	34	(1.4)	30	(1.3)	26	(1.1)	34	(1.2)	35	(1.8)	31	(1.2)	34	(1.0)	33	(1.0)

Table 10. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age	Ir	on	Zi	inc	Co	pper	Sele	nium	Potas	ssium	Soc	lium	Caf	feine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																
2 - 5	25	(2.7)	25	(2.7)	27	(2.3)	25	(2.5)	28	(2.0)	29	(2.3)	38	(7.3)		
6 - 11	33	(2.2)	35	(1.9)	40	(2.2)	37	(2.6)	40	(2.3)	39	(2.6)	37	(6.8)		
12 - 19	36	(2.8)	40	(2.7)	42	(2.6)	45	(2.8)	43	(1.9)	47	(2.3)	59	(4.0)		
20 and over	28	(0.9)	30	(0.8)	28	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	29	(0.9)	33	(1.1)	28	(2.1)	30	(4.2)
2 and over	29	(0.8)	31	(0.8)	30	(0.9)	33	(1.1)	31	(0.8)	35	(1.1)	29	(2.1)		
Non-Hispanic Black:																
2 - 5	27	(5.4)	28	(4.1)	31	(4.9)	30	(5.9)	32	(5.0)	27	(4.8)	30*	(11.2)		
6 - 11	39	(2.5)	41	(2.3)	40	(2.2)	38	(2.5)	44	(2.3)	38	(1.6)	38	(8.4)		
12 - 19	19	(2.8)	20	(2.6)	30	(2.4)	24	(3.4)	26	(3.2)	24	(3.4)	47	(7.0)		
20 and over	27	(1.4)	30	(1.9)	30	(1.7)	30	(1.6)	30	(1.4)	32	(1.9)	37	(2.3)	25	(4.7)
2 and over	27	(1.2)	29	(1.3)	31	(1.1)	30	(1.1)	31	(1.1)	31	(1.4)	37	(2.1)		
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																
2 - 5	14*	(4.0)	13*	(3.5)	17*	(3.3)	16*	(3.2)	17*	(4.7)	18*	(4.9)	14*	(7.8)		
6 - 11	26*	(3.4)	26*	(3.6)	28*	(3.4)	30*	(3.2)	30*	(3.9)	32*	(3.1)	30*	(5.2)		
12 - 19	30	(3.7)	33	(4.8)	31	(2.9)	34	(4.3)	32	(3.2)	36	(4.0)	45*	(11.9)		
20 and over	30	(2.1)	31	(2.1)	30	(2.1)	31	(2.0)	30	(2.1)	34	(2.1)	41	(4.1)	45	(6.1)
2 and over	29	(2.0)	31	(2.1)	30	(2.0)	31	(1.9)	30	(2.0)	34	(1.9)	41	(3.9)		
Hispanic:																
2 - 5	22	(2.8)	22	(2.1)	25	(2.1)	24	(1.7)	25	(2.0)	24	(1.9)	32	(8.6)		
6 - 11	29	(2.8)	33	(2.8)	33	(2.3)	35	(3.4)	35	(2.4)	33	(2.1)	29	(5.4)		
12 - 19	27	(2.1)	34	(2.6)	33	(2.8)	32	(2.5)	35	(2.7)	34	(2.7)	39	(4.4)		
20 and over	33	(1.2)	35	(1.1)	34	(1.4)	37	(1.0)	34	(1.0)	38	(1.1)	41	(2.0)	44	(4.6)
2 and over	31	(1.2)	34	(1.1)	33	(1.3)	35	(1.0)	34	(0.9)	36	(1.2)	41	(1.9)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- Away from home includes any location other than home. Home is defined as an individual's dwelling unit and the surrounding areas that are used solely by the occupants of that dwelling unit.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from food and beverages consumed away from home for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the race/ethnicity/age group who reported consuming at least one item away from home.
- ⁴ A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Away from Home: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 11. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income in dollars and age (years)		rcent orting ³ (SE)	En %	ergy (SE)	Pro %	otein (SE)		rbo- lrate (SE)		otal gars (SE)		etary ber (SE)		otal at (SE)		arated at (SE)	unsat	ono- urated at (SE)	unsat	oly- curated fat (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																				
2 - 5	52	(4.3)	23	(4.0)	23	(3.5)	24	(4.2)	25	(4.1)	25	(4.1)	21	(4.2)	20	(3.9)	21	(4.3)	24	(4.4)
6 - 11	80	(3.9)	41	(2.7)	42	(2.9)	41	(2.7)	44	(2.6)	41	(2.8)	41	(2.8)	41	(3.0)	40	(3.0)	44	(3.0)
12 - 19	60	(4.5)	32	(3.1)	30	(3.0)	32	(3.1)	34	(3.8)	29	(3.3)	32	(3.4)	31	(3.7)	33	(3.5)	34	(3.3)
20 and over	53	(2.9)	28	(1.7)	27	(1.7)	27	(1.7)	27	(1.7)	24	(2.1)	29	(1.8)	28	(2.0)	29	(1.8)	29	(2.1)
2 and over	56	(2.2)	29	(1.4)	28	(1.4)	29	(1.5)	29	(1.5)	26	(1.7)	30	(1.6)	29	(1.7)	30	(1.4)	30	(1.9)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																				
2 - 5	61	(3.4)	26	(1.7)	25	(1.9)	26	(1.4)	25	(1.4)	29	(2.5)	28	(2.4)	25	(2.5)	29	(2.8)	31	(2.2)
6 - 11	70	(3.0)	36	(1.7)	34	(1.9)	36	(1.7)	39	(2.0)	34	(1.7)	36	(1.9)	36	(1.8)	36	(2.0)	37	(2.3)
12 - 19	69	(2.5)	38	(2.4)	37	(2.4)	38	(2.4)	40	(2.1)	37	(2.7)	39	(2.8)	37	(2.8)	38	(3.0)	42	(3.0)
20 and over	63	(1.6)	35	(1.1)	35	(1.3)	34	(1.1)	35	(1.2)	32	(1.3)	36	(1.3)	34	(1.5)	36	(1.3)	38	(1.2)
2 and over	64	(1.2)	35	(0.9)	35	(1.1)	35	(0.9)	36	(1.0)	32	(1.0)	36	(1.1)	34	(1.2)	36	(1.1)	38	(1.0)
\$75,000 and higher:																				
2 - 5	62	(5.9)	31	(3.8)	26	(3.5)	31	(3.9)	31	(4.2)	27	(3.9)	33	(4.0)	32	(4.3)	34	(3.9)	33	(4.6)
6 - 11	83	(2.5)	37	(2.3)	35	(2.7)	38	(2.0)	41	(1.9)	35	(2.8)	37	(2.7)	36	(2.4)	37	(2.8)	40	(3.5)
12 - 19	79	(3.7)	45	(3.2)	47	(2.9)	44	(3.5)	46	(3.7)	40	(3.7)	44	(3.4)	44	(3.8)	45	(3.3)	45	(3.5)
20 and over	72	(1.9)	35	(1.0)	34	(1.1)	34	(1.4)	34	(1.7)	32	(1.6)	36	(1.0)	35	(1.0)	36	(1.1)	38	(1.1)
2 and over	73	(2.0)	36	(1.2)	35	(1.4)	36	(1.5)	36	(1.6)	33	(1.5)	37	(1.1)	36	(1.1)	37	(1.2)	39	(1.2)
All Individuals ⁴ :																				
2 - 5	60	(3.3)	27	(1.6)	25	(1.3)	27	(1.8)	27	(2.1)	28	(1.8)	28	(1.7)	26	(1.8)	28	(1.8)	29	(1.8)
6 - 11	78	(1.8)	38	(1.2)	36	(1.1)	38	(1.1)	41	(1.2)	36	(1.3)	38	(1.3)	37	(1.2)	37	(1.4)	40	(1.7)
12 - 19	70	(2.4)	39	(1.9)	39	(1.8)	39	(1.9)	41	(1.9)	36	(1.9)	40	(2.0)	38	(2.1)	40	(2.1)	41	(2.1)
20 and over	64	(1.4)	33	(0.8)	32	(0.8)	32	(0.8)	32	(0.7)	30	(1.0)	34	(0.9)	33	(0.9)	34	(0.8)	36	(0.9)
2 and over	65	(1.3)	34	(0.7)	33	(0.8)	33	(0.8)	34	(0.7)	31	(0.9)	35	(0.8)	34	(0.8)	35	(0.8)	36	(0.9)

Table 11. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars and age (years)		oles- erol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyc %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ıvin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitar %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	19	(3.1)	21	(3.6)	26*	(8.9)	24	(7.0)	21	(4.2)	21	(3.6)	23	(4.0)	21	(3.6)	19	(3.8)
6 - 11	39	(3.3)	42	(4.5)	38	(9.1)	30	(4.3)	38	(4.2)	44	(4.2)	37	(3.8)	37	(4.2)	36	(3.9)
12 - 19	25	(3.3)	28	(4.9)	22	(5.2)	22	(4.5)	28	(3.2)	31	(3.9)	31	(3.5)	31	(3.9)	25	(3.2)
20 and over	26	(1.8)	20	(1.5)	22	(2.4)	33	(4.4)	25	(1.8)	24	(1.9)	29	(2.0)	27	(2.4)	23	(1.5)
2 and over	26	(1.5)	23	(1.4)	22	(1.9)	31	(3.4)	26	(1.6)	26	(1.6)	29	(1.6)	28	(1.9)	24	(1.4)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	22	(3.6)	22	(1.9)	32	(7.3)	24	(5.3)	23	(1.5)	23	(1.6)	27	(1.9)	24	(2.0)	23	(1.4)
6 - 11	32	(2.5)	35	(2.6)	44	(5.9)	26	(4.9)	31	(2.2)	34	(1.8)	32	(2.4)	30	(2.5)	26	(2.5)
12 - 19	35	(2.5)	28	(2.5)	37	(4.9)	32	(3.8)	32	(3.0)	32	(2.1)	35	(3.3)	33	(3.2)	26	(2.8)
20 and over	36	(1.6)	31	(1.5)	34	(2.5)	36	(3.1)	32	(1.8)	32	(1.5)	36	(1.6)	37	(1.9)	31	(1.4)
2 and over	35	(1.3)	30	(1.2)	35	(2.2)	35	(2.4)	31	(1.5)	32	(1.2)	35	(1.3)	35	(1.6)	30	(1.1)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	21	(3.7)	19	(3.4)	19*	(6.0)	33	(9.7)	28	(3.4)	23	(2.8)	28	(3.6)	21	(2.4)	27	(4.0)
6 - 11	33	(4.4)	29	(2.7)	37	(6.5)	34	(4.4)	33	(2.6)	32	(2.2)	33	(2.7)	30	(2.4)	30	(1.6)
12 - 19	44	(3.0)	32	(3.9)	38	(5.8)	43	(9.5)	40	(4.1)	39	(2.5)	46	(3.0)	41	(2.9)	34	(3.8)
20 and over	34	(1.1)	27	(1.5)	29	(3.2)	30	(3.9)	32	(1.2)	30	(1.1)	35	(1.5)	32	(1.4)	28	(1.0)
2 and over	35	(1.3)	28	(1.5)	30	(3.1)	32	(3.4)	33	(1.4)	31	(1.1)	36	(1.6)	32	(1.5)	29	(1.1)
All Individuals4:																		
2 - 5	21	(1.6)	21	(1.7)	23	(4.8)	27	(4.8)	25	(1.5)	23	(1.4)	26	(1.4)	23	(1.2)	24	(1.8)
6 - 11	34	(2.6)	34	(1.8)	39	(4.2)	31	(3.4)	34	(1.3)	35	(1.4)	34	(1.3)	32	(1.3)	30	(1.2)
12 - 19	37	(2.3)	29	(2.5)	34	(4.1)	33	(4.5)	34	(2.5)	34	(1.9)	38	(2.2)	36	(2.2)	29	(2.2)
20 and over	33	(1.1)	27	(0.7)	28	(1.8)	33	(2.5)	30	(0.9)	29	(0.8)	33	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	28	(0.7)
2 and over	33	(1.0)	27	(0.8)	29	(1.7)	32	(2.0)	31	(0.8)	30	(0.7)	34	(0.9)	32	(1.0)	28	(0.6)

Table 11. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars										min E pha-								
and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	tocop	herol)	Vita	min K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Mag	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	22	(3.2)	22	(4.6)	23	(3.6)	23	(4.2)	21	(3.7)	19	(4.1)	23	(3.6)	24	(3.5)	24	(3.4)
6 - 11	42	(2.6)	41	(4.9)	42	(4.0)	48	(4.8)	42	(3.4)	41	(6.7)	48	(3.6)	45	(2.9)	41	(3.1)
12 - 19	28	(3.0)	30	(3.8)	33	(4.9)	29	(5.4)	35	(5.1)	25	(2.4)	31	(4.4)	32	(3.9)	32	(4.0)
20 and over	25	(1.9)	32	(4.3)	23	(2.4)	15	(2.0)	29	(2.3)	23	(3.0)	23	(1.9)	26	(1.6)	24	(1.6)
2 and over	26	(1.6)	32	(3.4)	25	(2.0)	21	(1.6)	30	(2.0)	24	(2.6)	26	(1.6)	28	(1.4)	26	(1.4)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	24	(2.5)	21	(1.4)	29	(3.4)	19	(1.5)	27	(2.5)	31	(3.0)	23	(1.6)	25	(1.6)	26	(2.3)
6 - 11	34	(2.2)	33	(2.9)	39	(2.6)	34	(2.1)	34	(2.2)	37	(3.3)	36	(1.7)	36	(1.6)	34	(1.8)
12 - 19	36	(2.3)	32	(2.7)	33	(2.5)	29	(1.9)	37	(3.0)	42	(4.4)	34	(2.0)	37	(2.1)	37	(2.4)
20 and over	34	(1.4)	36	(1.5)	29	(1.5)	26	(2.0)	34	(1.3)	37	(1.9)	31	(1.4)	33	(1.1)	31	(1.1)
2 and over	34	(1.2)	35	(1.3)	30	(1.1)	27	(1.4)	34	(1.1)	37	(1.7)	31	(1.0)	33	(0.9)	32	(0.9)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	22	(3.2)	20	(3.2)	27	(6.0)	17	(3.0)	31	(4.1)	25	(5.5)	25	(3.6)	26	(3.5)	27	(3.1)
6 - 11	34	(2.7)	27	(2.3)	36	(3.3)	26	(2.5)	37	(2.5)	34	(3.7)	33	(3.1)	35	(2.9)	35	(2.8)
12 - 19	42	(2.4)	37	(3.1)	36	(3.8)	28	(3.3)	41	(3.8)	42	(4.3)	38	(3.7)	42	(2.7)	42	(3.0)
20 and over	32	(0.8)	29	(1.8)	30	(1.4)	25	(2.6)	34	(1.4)	35	(1.9)	31	(1.2)	33	(0.9)	32	(1.2)
2 and over	33	(1.0)	30	(1.8)	31	(1.4)	25	(2.1)	35	(1.5)	35	(1.6)	31	(1.4)	34	(1.2)	33	(1.4)
All Individuals4:																		
2 - 5	23	(1.2)	21	(1.7)	26	(2.7)	19	(1.3)	27	(1.8)	25	(2.1)	24	(1.5)	26	(1.3)	26	(1.4)
6 - 11	35	(1.6)	32	(1.5)	39	(1.7)	34	(1.9)	37	(1.3)	37	(1.6)	37	(1.6)	37	(1.4)	36	(1.4)
12 - 19	37	(1.8)	33	(2.2)	34	(1.7)	28	(1.8)	38	(2.4)	37	(2.6)	34	(2.0)	38	(1.7)	37	(1.7)
20 and over	31	(1.0)	32	(1.5)	27	(0.8)	23	(1.1)	33	(0.9)	32	(1.3)	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	30	(0.7)
2 and over	32	(0.8)	32	(1.2)	29	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	33	(0.9)	33	(1.2)	30	(0.7)	32	(0.7)	31	(0.7)

Table 11. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income in dollars																
and age	I	ron	Z	Zinc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Car	ffeine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																
2 - 5	21	(4.4)	22	(3.3)	25	(3.6)	23	(3.9)	24	(3.7)	23	(3.7)	27	(6.6)		
6 - 11	36	(4.4)	41	(3.7)	40	(2.4)	40	(3.3)	44	(2.9)	41	(3.1)	23	(6.7)		
12 - 19	27	(3.2)	30	(3.6)	32	(4.0)	29	(3.3)	32	(3.1)	31	(3.6)	30	(8.0)		
20 and over	24	(1.3)	26	(1.8)	24	(1.5)	28	(1.8)	25	(1.7)	28	(1.8)	24	(2.9)	26	(4.2)
2 and over	25	(1.3)	27	(1.5)	26	(1.3)	29	(1.5)	27	(1.4)	29	(1.5)	24	(2.8)		
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																
2 - 5	23	(1.3)	24	(1.5)	25	(2.7)	24	(2.0)	27	(1.9)	25	(1.8)	40	(10.7)		
6 - 11	30	(2.5)	31	(2.6)	34	(1.8)	34	(1.9)	36	(1.8)	34	(1.9)	34	(9.1)		
12 - 19	29	(2.8)	34	(2.3)	37	(2.4)	36	(2.7)	39	(2.4)	37	(2.7)	53	(3.6)		
20 and over	31	(1.4)	34	(1.4)	32	(1.1)	36	(1.3)	32	(1.1)	36	(1.5)	33	(2.5)	32	(5.2)
2 and over	30	(1.1)	33	(1.1)	33	(0.9)	35	(1.1)	33	(0.8)	36	(1.3)	34	(2.5)		
\$75,000 and higher:																
2 - 5	27	(3.5)	24	(3.4)	28	(3.4)	25	(3.7)	27	(3.2)	31	(4.2)	37	(8.4)		
6 - 11	31	(2.1)	33	(2.4)	37	(2.2)	34	(2.4)	36	(2.2)	36	(2.8)	42	(6.5)		
12 - 19	36	(3.5)	41	(2.9)	42	(3.1)	46	(3.3)	42	(2.6)	48	(3.0)	67	(4.1)		
20 and over	30	(1.1)	31	(1.2)	31	(1.4)	33	(1.1)	32	(1.0)	36	(1.1)	32	(2.4)	35	(3.9)
2 and over	31	(1.1)	32	(1.3)	32	(1.4)	34	(1.4)	33	(1.2)	37	(1.3)	34	(2.3)		
All Individuals ⁴ :																
2 - 5	24	(1.8)	24	(1.5)	26	(1.4)	25	(1.5)	26	(1.3)	27	(1.6)	34	(5.1)		
6 - 11	32	(1.3)	34	(1.3)	37	(1.2)	36	(1.4)	38	(1.1)	36	(1.3)	35	(5.2)		
12 - 19	31	(2.1)	35	(1.8)	38	(1.7)	38	(1.9)	38	(1.7)	40	(2.2)	52	(3.9)		
20 and over	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	30	(0.7)	33	(0.9)	30	(0.7)	34	(0.9)	30	(1.7)	32	(3.3)
2 and over	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	33	(0.8)	31	(0.6)	35	(1.0)	31	(1.7)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- Away from home includes any location other than home. Home is defined as an individual's dwelling unit and the surrounding areas that are used solely by the occupants of that dwelling unit.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from food and beverages consumed away from home for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item away from home.
- ⁴ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

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Table 12. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income as % of poverty level and age		rcent orting ⁴	En	ergy	Pro	otein		ırbo- lrate		otal gars		etary ber		otal at		urated at	unsat	ono- urated	unsat	oly- curated at
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																				
2 - 5	48	(3.9)	22	(2.1)	23	(2.6)	22	(2.1)	21	(1.9)	25	(2.9)	21	(2.3)	20	(2.5)	21	(2.5)	23	(2.5)
6 - 11	74	(3.5)	38	(2.1)	38	(2.1)	38	(2.0)	41	(2.0)	38	(2.1)	38	(2.4)	37	(2.5)	38	(2.5)	41	(2.7)
12 - 19	62	(3.7)	33	(2.6)	32	(2.2)	33	(2.8)	36	(4.0)	33	(2.9)	33	(2.8)	31	(3.1)	33	(2.8)	35	(2.6)
20 and over	54	(2.6)	28	(1.7)	27	(1.7)	28	(1.5)	28	(1.2)	25	(2.1)	30	(2.1)	29	(2.3)	30	(2.0)	30	(2.4)
2 and over	57	(1.7)	30	(1.4)	29	(1.4)	29	(1.3)	30	(1.1)	27	(1.6)	31	(1.8)	30	(1.8)	31	(1.7)	32	(2.1)
131-350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	69	(3.7)	31	(2.1)	27	(2.3)	31	(2.1)	31	(2.5)	32	(2.5)	33	(2.2)	30	(2.1)	34	(2.4)	37	(2.4)
6 - 11	75	(4.3)	35	(2.7)	32	(2.6)	35	(2.7)	38	(2.6)	32	(2.6)	35	(3.0)	35	(2.9)	35	(3.1)	36	(3.8)
12 - 19	72	(2.8)	41	(3.0)	39	(3.4)	40	(2.8)	44	(2.3)	38	(3.5)	41	(3.2)	41	(3.1)	41	(3.3)	43	(3.6)
20 and over	63	(1.7)	35	(1.1)	34	(1.4)	34	(1.1)	35	(1.3)	32	(1.3)	35	(1.2)	33	(1.3)	35	(1.2)	37	(1.3)
2 and over	65	(1.7)	35	(1.0)	34	(1.2)	35	(1.0)	36	(1.0)	33	(1.0)	36	(1.1)	34	(1.1)	36	(1.1)	38	(1.3)
Over 350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	57	(7.2)	28	(5.1)	24	(4.6)	28	(5.1)	28	(5.8)	24	(5.1)	29	(5.6)	29	(6.1)	30	(5.5)	28	(5.7)
6 - 11	85	(3.1)	41	(2.8)	40	(2.8)	41	(2.7)	44	(3.6)	38	(3.4)	41	(3.1)	39	(3.4)	40	(3.1)	44	(2.5)
12 - 19	79	(4.1)	44	(3.5)	47	(3.3)	43	(3.8)	44	(4.1)	40	(4.0)	44	(3.9)	43	(4.4)	45	(3.8)	46	(4.2)
20 and over	70	(2.0)	35	(1.2)	34	(1.4)	34	(1.5)	34	(1.8)	31	(1.5)	36	(1.3)	35	(1.3)	36	(1.4)	38	(1.5)
2 and over	71	(1.8)	36	(1.1)	35	(1.3)	35	(1.3)	35	(1.5)	32	(1.3)	37	(1.1)	36	(1.1)	37	(1.2)	39	(1.4)
All Individuals ⁵ :																				
2 - 5	60	(3.3)	27	(1.6)	25	(1.3)	27	(1.8)	27	(2.1)	28	(1.8)	28	(1.7)	26	(1.8)	28	(1.8)	29	(1.8)
6 - 11	78	(1.8)	38	(1.2)	36	(1.1)	38	(1.1)	41	(1.2)	36	(1.3)	38	(1.3)	37	(1.2)	37	(1.4)	40	(1.7)
12 - 19	70	(2.4)	39	(1.9)	39	(1.8)	39	(1.9)	41	(1.9)	36	(1.9)	40	(2.0)	38	(2.1)	40	(2.1)	41	(2.1)
20 and over	64	(1.4)	33	(0.8)	32	(0.8)	32	(0.8)	32	(0.7)	30	(1.0)	34	(0.9)	33	(0.9)	34	(0.8)	36	(0.9)
2 and over	65	(1.3)	34	(0.7)	33	(0.8)	33	(0.8)	34	(0.7)	31	(0.9)	35	(0.8)	34	(0.8)	35	(0.8)	36	(0.9)

Table 12. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age (years)		oles- erol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyc %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ıvin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitar %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	20	(3.3)	19	(2.9)	24*	(7.7)	21	(5.4)	20	(2.1)	20	(2.4)	22	(2.3)	21	(2.4)	17	(1.8)
6 - 11	36	(2.6)	42	(3.1)	51	(6.1)	30	(4.4)	35	(2.6)	40	(2.6)	35	(2.4)	34	(2.5)	32	(2.3)
12 - 19	27	(2.4)	30	(4.1)	30	(6.2)	23	(3.2)	31	(2.5)	32	(3.3)	32	(3.1)	33	(4.0)	26	(2.4)
20 and over	27	(2.3)	21	(1.6)	22	(2.5)	34	(4.0)	25	(2.1)	24	(1.9)	28	(2.1)	28	(2.6)	23	(1.6)
2 and over	28	(2.0)	25	(1.3)	25	(2.5)	31	(3.1)	26	(1.7)	27	(1.5)	29	(1.6)	29	(2.0)	24	(1.2)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	23	(3.0)	24	(2.4)	35	(7.0)	34	(7.0)	27	(2.1)	25	(2.3)	30	(2.2)	26	(2.1)	28	(2.1)
6 - 11	30	(3.0)	27	(3.3)	24	(4.9)	29	(5.5)	29	(3.0)	31	(2.9)	30	(2.9)	27	(2.7)	26	(2.8)
12 - 19	36	(3.5)	28	(3.5)	36	(6.5)	39	(5.6)	34	(3.6)	33	(2.9)	37	(3.6)	34	(3.3)	28	(3.2)
20 and over	35	(1.9)	28	(1.7)	27	(3.4)	36	(3.5)	31	(1.1)	31	(1.0)	35	(1.4)	35	(1.7)	30	(1.0)
2 and over	34	(1.6)	27	(1.5)	28	(3.0)	36	(2.8)	31	(1.0)	31	(1.0)	35	(1.4)	34	(1.4)	29	(0.8)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	19	(4.6)	18	(4.9)	16*	(7.6)	25*	(7.9)	25	(4.2)	21	(3.6)	24	(4.0)	19	(2.9)	24	(4.6)
6 - 11	38	(6.5)	35	(3.6)	46	(8.0)	33	(6.0)	37	(3.3)	38	(2.8)	38	(2.8)	35	(2.8)	33	(3.2)
12 - 19	47	(3.7)	31	(4.8)	36	(6.7)	40	(12.0)	38	(4.5)	37	(2.8)	46	(3.3)	41	(3.4)	33	(4.2)
20 and over	35	(1.6)	30	(1.0)	35	(1.8)	31	(3.9)	33	(1.4)	30	(1.2)	36	(1.5)	34	(1.4)	29	(1.0)
2 and over	36	(1.5)	30	(1.0)	35	(1.7)	32	(3.5)	33	(1.2)	31	(1.0)	36	(1.4)	34	(1.2)	30	(0.9)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	21	(1.6)	21	(1.7)	23	(4.8)	27	(4.8)	25	(1.5)	23	(1.4)	26	(1.4)	23	(1.2)	24	(1.8)
6 - 11	34	(2.6)	34	(1.8)	39	(4.2)	31	(3.4)	34	(1.3)	35	(1.4)	34	(1.3)	32	(1.3)	30	(1.2)
12 - 19	37	(2.3)	29	(2.5)	34	(4.1)	33	(4.5)	34	(2.5)	34	(1.9)	38	(2.2)	36	(2.2)	29	(2.2)
20 and over	33	(1.1)	27	(0.7)	28	(1.8)	33	(2.5)	30	(0.9)	29	(0.8)	33	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	28	(0.7)
2 and over	33	(1.0)	27	(0.8)	29	(1.7)	32	(2.0)	31	(0.8)	30	(0.7)	34	(0.9)	32	(1.0)	28	(0.6)

Table 12. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level										min E pha-								
and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vitai	min D	tocop	herol)	Vita	min K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Mag	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	22	(2.9)	19	(2.8)	22	(2.6)	20	(3.5)	21	(2.3)	20	(2.8)	21	(2.7)	23	(2.6)	23	(2.4)
6 - 11	38	(1.8)	37	(2.6)	40	(2.9)	43	(3.0)	38	(2.7)	41	(4.9)	43	(2.8)	40	(2.1)	38	(2.2)
12 - 19	31	(2.2)	31	(3.3)	35	(3.9)	32	(4.7)	36	(4.1)	32	(4.0)	33	(3.5)	34	(3.0)	34	(2.9)
20 and over	26	(1.8)	26	(2.3)	24	(1.6)	17	(1.8)	28	(1.7)	24	(3.1)	24	(1.8)	26	(1.7)	25	(1.5)
2 and over	27	(1.5)	28	(1.7)	27	(1.3)	23	(1.4)	30	(1.6)	26	(2.8)	27	(1.4)	29	(1.4)	27	(1.2)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	25	(2.2)	24	(2.3)	32	(4.2)	21	(1.9)	34	(3.1)	35	(4.0)	26	(2.0)	28	(2.0)	28	(2.5)
6 - 11	31	(2.9)	28	(3.2)	37	(2.2)	29	(4.0)	33	(3.1)	31	(3.6)	32	(3.5)	33	(3.0)	32	(2.9)
12 - 19	38	(3.2)	34	(3.2)	34	(3.6)	27	(3.3)	37	(3.6)	40	(5.3)	34	(2.9)	38	(3.1)	38	(2.9)
20 and over	34	(1.6)	37	(3.1)	28	(1.6)	25	(2.0)	35	(1.4)	34	(1.9)	30	(1.0)	33	(1.1)	32	(0.8)
2 and over	34	(1.3)	36	(2.4)	29	(1.1)	26	(1.5)	35	(1.2)	34	(1.6)	30	(0.9)	33	(1.1)	32	(0.8)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	20	(4.2)	19	(4.0)	26	(6.7)	15*	(3.8)	24	(4.1)	20*	(6.1)	23	(4.5)	24	(4.4)	24	(4.3)
6 - 11	39	(3.8)	33	(3.5)	40	(5.1)	29	(2.7)	40	(3.0)	41	(3.0)	38	(2.4)	40	(2.6)	39	(2.8)
12 - 19	43	(2.6)	36	(3.7)	34	(3.7)	27	(4.4)	42	(4.2)	42	(5.2)	37	(4.6)	42	(3.2)	42	(3.2)
20 and over	33	(1.1)	31	(1.5)	30	(1.8)	25	(2.2)	34	(1.8)	36	(1.9)	31	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	31	(1.1)
2 and over	33	(1.0)	31	(1.5)	31	(1.6)	25	(1.9)	35	(1.7)	36	(1.5)	31	(1.0)	33	(1.1)	32	(1.1)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	23	(1.2)	21	(1.7)	26	(2.7)	19	(1.3)	27	(1.8)	25	(2.1)	24	(1.5)	26	(1.3)	26	(1.4)
6 - 11	35	(1.6)	32	(1.5)	39	(1.7)	34	(1.9)	37	(1.3)	37	(1.6)	37	(1.6)	37	(1.4)	36	(1.4)
12 - 19	37	(1.8)	33	(2.2)	34	(1.7)	28	(1.8)	38	(2.4)	37	(2.6)	34	(2.0)	38	(1.7)	37	(1.7)
20 and over	31	(1.0)	32	(1.5)	27	(0.8)	23	(1.1)	33	(0.9)	32	(1.3)	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	30	(0.7)
2 and over	32	(0.8)	32	(1.2)	29	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	33	(0.9)	33	(1.2)	30	(0.7)	32	(0.7)	31	(0.7)

Table 12. Away from Home¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level																
and age	I	ron	Z	Zinc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ssium	So	dium	Caf	feine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																
2 - 5	19	(2.4)	20	(2.0)	24	(2.5)	23	(2.1)	24	(2.7)	22	(2.2)	20	(4.3)		
6 - 11	33	(2.6)	38	(2.7)	37	(1.8)	39	(2.8)	41	(2.2)	37	(2.4)	24	(5.5)		
12 - 19	28	(2.5)	32	(2.7)	34	(3.1)	31	(2.4)	34	(2.6)	32	(2.9)	34	(5.4)		
20 and over	24	(1.5)	25	(1.7)	25	(1.7)	27	(1.8)	25	(1.6)	29	(2.0)	25	(2.7)	28	(5.3)
2 and over	25	(1.3)	27	(1.4)	27	(1.3)	29	(1.5)	28	(1.3)	30	(1.7)	26	(2.5)		
131-350% poverty:																
2 - 5	28	(2.0)	27	(2.1)	28	(2.7)	26	(2.3)	30	(2.2)	30	(2.0)	48	(6.3)		
6 - 11	27	(2.9)	28	(3.0)	33	(2.9)	31	(2.9)	33	(2.6)	32	(2.6)	35	(7.9)		
12 - 19	30	(3.2)	35	(3.0)	38	(2.9)	38	(3.5)	40	(3.2)	39	(3.4)	60	(3.2)		
20 and over	30	(1.0)	33	(1.3)	33	(0.8)	35	(1.6)	31	(1.0)	36	(1.5)	32	(2.4)	33	(4.0)
2 and over	30	(0.9)	33	(1.2)	33	(0.9)	35	(1.4)	32	(0.8)	36	(1.3)	33	(2.6)		
Over 350% poverty:																
2 - 5	24	(4.0)	22	(4.5)	25	(4.5)	22	(4.3)	24	(4.4)	27	(5.3)	40*	(10.9)		
6 - 11	36	(3.6)	39	(3.3)	40	(3.1)	38	(2.7)	41	(2.5)	40	(2.7)	45	(8.6)		
12 - 19	36	(4.0)	41	(3.5)	42	(3.4)	46	(3.4)	42	(2.6)	49	(3.5)	63	(4.4)		
20 and over	31	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	30	(1.2)	34	(1.4)	32	(1.2)	36	(1.3)	32	(2.5)	35	(4.5)
2 and over	31	(0.9)	33	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	35	(1.3)	33	(1.1)	37	(1.2)	33	(2.5)		
All Individuals ⁵ :																
2 - 5	24	(1.8)	24	(1.5)	26	(1.4)	25	(1.5)	26	(1.3)	27	(1.6)	34	(5.1)		
6 - 11	32	(1.3)	34	(1.3)	37	(1.2)	36	(1.4)	38	(1.1)	36	(1.3)	35	(5.2)		
12 - 19	31	(2.1)	35	(1.8)	38	(1.7)	38	(1.9)	38	(1.7)	40	(2.2)	52	(3.9)		
20 and over	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	30	(0.7)	33	(0.9)	30	(0.7)	34	(0.9)	30	(1.7)	32	(3.3)
2 and over	29	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	31	(0.7)	33	(0.8)	31	(0.6)	35	(1.0)	31	(1.7)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- Away from home includes any location other than home. Home is defined as an individual's dwelling unit and the surrounding areas that are used solely by the occupants of that dwelling unit.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from food and beverages consumed away from home for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.
- ⁴ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item away from home.
- ⁵ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error: RAE = retinol activity equivalents: DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

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U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Away from Home: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed Away from Home, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 13. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Gender and age	Percent reporting ³	Energy	Protein	Carbo- hydrate	Total sugars	Dietary fiber	Total fat	Saturated fat	Mono- unsaturated fat	Poly- unsaturated fat
(years)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)
Males:										
2 - 5	95* (1.4)	20 (0.6)	20 (1.1)	21 (0.7)	24 (0.7)	19 (1.0)	18 (0.8)	19 (1.0)	18 (0.9)	16 (0.9)
6 - 11	87 (2.9)	19 (1.2)	18 (1.2)	21 (1.2)	23 (1.3)	18 (1.2)	17 (1.2)	18 (1.2)	17 (1.3)	15 (1.4)
12 - 19	72 (2.8)	17 (0.9)	16 (0.8)	19 (1.1)	21 (1.4)	16 (1.2)	16 (0.9)	17 (0.9)	16 (1.0)	14 (1.3)
20 - 29	74 (3.3)	15 (1.0)	16 (1.8)	16 (0.9)	17 (1.3)	16 (1.0)	16 (1.1)	16 (1.3)	17 (1.1)	15 (1.2)
30 - 39	78 (2.6)	16 (1.0)	17 (1.0)	18 (1.0)	20 (1.3)	18 (1.8)	17 (1.2)	18 (1.3)	17 (1.2)	15 (1.2)
40 - 49	82 (3.5)	17 (1.0)	16 (1.0)	18 (1.2)	21 (1.9)	17 (1.2)	17 (1.2)	19 (1.2)	17 (1.2)	15 (1.3)
50 - 59	89 (2.2)	17 (1.1)	17 (1.4)	19 (1.3)	19 (1.8)	19 (1.4)	16 (1.4)	18 (1.6)	16 (1.5)	15 (1.9)
60 - 69	92 (2.1)	21 (1.1)	18 (1.0)	25 (1.4)	29 (2.0)	22 (2.2)	20 (1.7)	20 (1.7)	20 (1.8)	21 (2.5)
70 and over	94 (1.6)	20 (0.6)	19 (0.7)	24 (1.0)	25 (1.5)	24 (1.6)	18 (1.1)	21 (1.8)	18 (1.1)	15 (1.0)
2 - 19	82 (1.8)	18 (0.4)	17 (0.5)	20 (0.4)	22 (0.6)	18 (0.6)	16 (0.4)	18 (0.5)	17 (0.4)	15 (0.5)
20 and over	84 (0.7)	17 (0.5)	17 (0.5)	19 (0.5)	21 (0.6)	19 (0.6)	17 (0.4)	18 (0.6)	17 (0.4)	16 (0.7)
2 and over	83 (0.8)	17 (0.3)	17 (0.5)	19 (0.4)	21 (0.4)	19 (0.6)	17 (0.5)	18 (0.5)	17 (0.5)	16 (0.6)
	(3.2)		(3.72)			(3.3)	(3.2)	()	(3.2)	(3.73)
Females: 2 - 5	98* (1.1)	22 (1.1)	21 (1.0)	24 (1.1)	26 (1.1)	22 (1.0)	19 (1.3)	21 (1.5)	10 (1.2)	17 (1.5)
2 - 5 6 - 11	98* (1.1) 87 (1.9)	22 (1.1) 18 (0.7)	21 (1.0) 18 (0.9)	24 (1.1) 19 (0.8)	26 (1.1) 21 (0.8)	22 (1.0) 18 (1.1)	19 (1.3) 16 (0.8)	21 (1.5) 17 (0.8)	18 (1.2) 16 (0.8)	17 (1.5) 14 (0.9)
12 - 19	76 (1.9)	17 (0.8)	16 (0.9)	20 (1.0)	21 (0.8)	17 (0.8)	15 (0.9)	16 (1.1)	15 (1.0)	13 (0.8)
	` ,	ì	` ,		` ,	` ,	` ,	` ,	,	, ,
20 - 29	78 (2.2)	17 (1.5)	17 (1.3)	18 (1.6)	20 (1.7)	17 (1.3)	16 (1.7)	17 (1.5)	17 (1.8)	14 (1.9)
30 - 39	86 (1.7)	18 (1.0)	19 (1.1)	21 (1.2)	23 (1.6)	20 (1.6)	17 (1.0)	17 (1.3)	17 (1.0)	16 (0.8)
40 - 49	92 (1.6)	21 (1.2)	21 (1.4)	22 (1.1)	24 (1.5)	20 (1.1)	20 (1.7)	22 (2.0)	21 (2.1)	17 (1.6)
50 - 59	89 (1.9)	18 (1.1)	18 (1.7)	20 (1.0)	21 (1.1)	21 (1.0)	17 (1.8)	18 (2.4)	18 (1.9)	15 (1.4)
60 - 69	89 (2.7)	18 (0.8)	17 (0.9)	20 (1.2)	22 (1.5)	20 (1.8)	18 (1.0)	17 (1.1)	18 (1.3)	19 (1.5)
70 and over	92 (1.7)	21 (1.0)	20 (1.1)	23 (1.0)	24 (1.3)	23 (1.2)	19 (1.4)	20 (1.4)	20 (1.7)	18 (1.8)
2 - 19	84 (1.3)	18 (0.6)	17 (0.7)	20 (0.6)	22 (0.6)	18 (0.7)	16 (0.7)	17 (0.8)	16 (0.7)	14 (0.6)
20 and over	88 (0.8)	19 (0.5)	19 (0.6)	21 (0.4)	22 (0.5)	20 (0.5)	18 (0.6)	19 (0.7)	18 (0.8)	17 (0.6)
2 and over	87 (0.6)	19 (0.4)	18 (0.5)	21 (0.4)	22 (0.4)	20 (0.5)	17 (0.6)	18 (0.6)	18 (0.7)	16 (0.6)
Males and females:										
2 - 19	83 (1.4)	18 (0.2)	17 (0.5)	20 (0.2)	22 (0.3)	18 (0.4)	16 (0.3)	17 (0.3)	16 (0.4)	14 (0.3)
20 and over	86 (0.6)	18 (0.4)	18 (0.5)	20 (0.2)	22 (0.4)	19 (0.5)	17 (0.5)	18 (0.6)	18 (0.6)	16 (0.6)
2 and over	85 (0.6)	18 (0.3)	18 (0.4)	20 (0.3)	22 (0.3)	19 (0.4)	17 (0.5)	18 (0.5)	17 (0.5)	16 (0.5)

Table 13. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age (years)	Choles- terol % (SE	Vitamin A (RAE)) % (SE)	Beta- carotene % (SE)	Lycopene % (SE)	Thiamin % (SE)	Ribo- flavin % (SE)	Niacin % (SE)	Vitamin B6 % (SE)	Folate (DFE) % (SE)
Males:									
2 - 5	37 (3.6		5* (0.8)	5* (1.7)	29 (1.2)	34 (1.3)	25 (1.4)	35 (1.4)	39 (2.3)
6 - 11	31 (3.3		7* (2.6)	3* (1.0)	27 (1.5)	31 (1.4)	23 (1.2)	30 (1.5)	33 (1.7)
12 - 19	27 (1.3) 33 (2.0)	6 (1.5)	4* (0.8)	25 (1.4)	32 (1.4)	21 (1.1)	29 (1.3)	30 (1.9)
20 - 29	26 (2.5) 23 (1.9)	11 (3.2)	6* (2.0)	20 (1.0)	23 (1.5)	14 (0.9)	15 (1.4)	21 (1.2)
30 - 39	30 (2.3) 26 (3.2)	13 (3.0)	8 (2.0)	21 (1.5)	29 (2.6)	18 (1.5)	23 (2.1)	25 (2.3)
40 - 49	29 (2.7	32 (4.5)	6* (1.9)	6* (1.7)	23 (1.4)	27 (1.7)	16 (1.3)	20 (2.0)	26 (2.4)
50 - 59	28 (2.5) 26 (2.5)	5 (1.4)	3* (1.0)	22 (1.4)	29 (1.8)	19 (1.9)	23 (2.0)	25 (1.9)
60 - 69	30 (3.5	, , ,	7 (1.7)	10* (5.9)	24 (1.4)	33 (1.8)	21 (1.7)	25 (1.9)	30 (2.2)
70 and over	32 (2.6	, , ,	5 (0.8)	8* (2.6)	32 (2.1)	38 (1.7)	27 (1.7)	32 (2.3)	41 (3.0)
2 - 19	29 (1.5) 34 (1.0)	6 (1.1)	4 (0.6)	26 (0.6)	32 (0.8)	22 (0.6)	30 (0.6)	32 (1.2)
20 and over	29 (1.1	, , ,	8 (0.9)	6 (1.2)	23 (0.7)	29 (0.7)	18 (0.6)	22 (0.9)	27 (1.0)
2 and over	29 (1.0	, , ,	7 (0.7)	6 (0.9)	24 (0.5)	30 (0.6)	19 (0.5)	23 (0.8)	28 (0.7)
Females:									
2 - 5	32 (2.0) 36 (2.1)	11* (4.3)	8* (2.6)	31 (1.2)	34 (1.1)	24 (1.5)	33 (1.9)	36 (1.8)
6 - 11	28 (2.7	, , ,	4 (0.8)	6* (2.7)	28 (1.0)	31 (1.1)	23 (0.9)	30 (1.3)	34 (1.7)
12 - 19	24 (2.1	32 (2.8)	5 (0.8)	5 (1.3)	27 (1.6)	31 (1.9)	21 (1.3)	27 (2.0)	33 (2.2)
20 - 29	30 (2.6) 26 (2.6)	10 (2.4)	9* (3.3)	22 (2.0)	28 (2.3)	18 (1.9)	22 (2.8)	27 (3.0)
30 - 39	29 (2.5		6* (2.3)	11* (3.5)	26 (1.4)	33 (1.9)	20 (1.3)	23 (1.5)	30 (2.0)
40 - 49	33 (3.2	, , ,	5 (0.8)	9 (2.4)	27 (1.8)	34 (1.7)	21 (1.7)	26 (1.8)	32 (1.9)
50 - 59	21 (3.2) 27 (1.6)	8 (2.4)	6* (2.7)	26 (1.2)	31 (1.5)	22 (1.4)	26 (2.0)	32 (2.1)
60 - 69	30 (4.6) 25 (2.1)	6 (1.5)	4* (1.5)	23 (1.2)	31 (1.4)	19 (1.1)	22 (1.7)	27 (2.2)
70 and over	31 (2.4	29 (1.3)	8 (1.7)	10* (3.5)	29 (1.1)	35 (1.5)	24 (1.5)	29 (2.0)	34 (1.9)
2 - 19	27 (1.6) 33 (1.5)	6 (1.3)	6 (1.4)	28 (0.8)	31 (1.1)	22 (0.6)	29 (1.1)	34 (1.2)
20 and over	29 (1.3		7 (0.8)	8 (1.4)	25 (0.6)	32 (0.7)	21 (0.7)	25 (1.0)	30 (0.9)
2 and over	28 (1.2	· · · · · ·	7 (0.6)	8 (1.1)	26 (0.6)	32 (0.6)	21 (0.6)	26 (0.9)	31 (0.8)
Males and females:									
2 - 19	28 (1.1) 34 (0.5)	6 (0.8)	5 (0.7)	27 (0.5)	32 (0.5)	22 (0.4)	30 (0.7)	33 (1.0)
20 and over	29 (0.9	, , ,	7 (0.6)	7 (1.1)	24 (0.5)	30 (0.5)	19 (0.5)	23 (0.6)	28 (0.7)
2 and over	29 (0.8	29 (0.7)	7 (0.5)	7 (0.9)	25 (0.4)	31 (0.5)	20 (0.4)	24 (0.5)	30 (0.6)

Table 13. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender										min E pha-								
and age		oline		nin B12		min C		min D		herol)		min K		lcium		phorus	_	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	<u>%</u>	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Males:																		
2 - 5	32	(2.3)	39	(1.7)	21	(1.4)	41	(2.5)	18	(2.2)	11	(1.4)	28	(1.3)	24	(1.0)	22	(0.9)
6 - 11	27	(1.8)	35	(1.9)	28	(2.2)	41	(1.9)	16	(1.1)	15	(3.7)	26	(1.7)	23	(1.5)	20	(1.2)
12 - 19	25	(1.6)	32	(1.7)	23	(1.8)	41	(2.7)	16	(1.0)	9	(0.9)	24	(1.5)	20	(1.3)	18	(1.1)
20 - 29	23	(2.1)	19	(2.1)	20	(2.8)	34	(3.3)	17	(1.7)	11	(1.5)	19	(1.3)	19	(1.6)	17	(1.2)
30 - 39	24	(1.8)	23	(1.7)	21	(3.1)	33	(5.1)	16	(1.6)	16	(4.2)	22	(1.9)	19	(1.3)	18	(1.9)
40 - 49	23	(1.9)	24	(3.5)	23	(2.9)	37	(3.8)	20	(2.8)	9	(1.5)	24	(1.1)	19	(1.1)	17	(0.9)
50 - 59	23	(1.6)	24	(4.6)	18	(3.2)	39	(4.7)	18	(2.1)	10	(1.8)	20	(1.8)	20	(1.4)	20	(1.1)
60 - 69	27	(2.2)	29	(2.3)	26	(5.6)	42	(2.9)	21	(2.3)	11	(1.9)	27	(1.7)	23	(1.2)	25	(2.8)
70 and over	29	(1.4)	35	(2.6)	30	(3.6)	41	(3.2)	22	(2.2)	7	(0.8)	28	(1.5)	25	(1.0)	26	(1.0)
2 - 19	27	(1.1)	34	(1.3)	24	(1.1)	41	(1.8)	16	(0.9)	11	(1.4)	25	(0.9)	22	(0.7)	19	(0.6)
20 and over	24	(0.7)	25	(1.0)	23	(1.5)	37	(1.0) (1.2)	19	(0.8)	11	(0.9)	23	(0.7)	20	(0.7)	20	(0.6)
2 and over	25	(0.6)	27	(0.8)	23	(1.2)	38	(1.1)	18	(0.6)	11	(0.7)	23	(0.6)	21	(0.4)	20	(0.5)
Females:																		
2 - 5	30	(1.3)	39	(1.7)	25	(2.7)	42	(1.8)	18	(1.3)	12	(1.5)	29	(1.3)	25	(1.0)	24	(0.9)
6 - 11	25	(1.8)	35	(1.7)	22	(1.7)	41	(2.0)	15	(1.3)	10	(1.0)	26	(1.2)	22	(1.0)	20	(0.8)
12 - 19	22	(1.0)	33	(2.7)	24	(2.6)	41	(2.9)	16	(1.4)	8	(0.8)	24	(1.7)	20	(1.1)	19	(0.9)
20 - 29	26	(2.1)	28	(2.8)	19	(1.8)	34	(2.1)	17	(2.0)	15	(3.0)	22	(1.8)	19	(1.4)	18	(1.3)
30 - 39	26	(1.7)	29	(2.3)	25	(3.7)	40	(3.9)	20	(1.2)	14	(2.0)	26	(1.4)	22	(1.2)	22	(1.1)
40 - 49	29	(2.5)	31	(2.7)	24	(2.7)	37	(4.3)	23	(2.4)	10	(1.3)	29	(1.8)	25	(1.4)	24	(1.2)
50 - 59	22	(2.0)	30	(3.1)	24	(1.9)	37	(2.3)	20	(1.2)	8	(1.0)	25	(1.7)	21	(1.4)	23	(1.1)
60 - 69	26	(2.8)	25	(2.2)	20	(2.5)	37	(2.9)	21	(2.1)	9	(1.7)	24	(1.4)	22	(1.2)	23	(1.3)
70 and over	29	(1.4)	30	(2.1)	31	(2.8)	37	(3.5)	25	(1.8)	11	(2.2)	27	(1.6)	24	(1.3)	26	(1.3)
2 - 19	25	(1.0)	35	(1.2)	24	(1.5)	41	(1.3)	16	(1.0)	9	(0.6)	26	(1.1)	22	(0.8)	20	(0.7)
20 and over	26	(0.9)	29	(1.2) (1.3)	24	(0.9)	37	(1.3) (1.2)	21	(0.7)	11	(0.8)	25	(0.7)	22	(0.6)	23	(0.7)
2 and over	26	(0.8)	31	(1.1)	24	(0.8)	38	(0.9)	20	(0.6)	11	(0.8)	26	(0.6)	22	(0.5)	22	(0.5)
Males and females:																		
2 - 19	26	(0.7)	35	(1.0)	24	(1.0)	41	(1.0)	16	(0.6)	10	(0.8)	26	(0.6)	22	(0.5)	20	(0.4)
20 and over	25	(0.6)	27	(0.9)	23	(1.0)	37	(1.0)	20	(0.6)	11	(0.7)	24	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	21	(0.5)
2 and over	25	(0.5)	28	(0.7)	23	(0.9)	38	(0.9)	19	(0.5)	11	(0.5)	24	(0.4)	21	(0.4)	21	(0.4)

Table 13. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age	I	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ssium	So	dium	Caf	feine	Alc	ohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Males:																
2 - 5	36	(1.8)	31	(1.4)	19	(1.1)	20	(1.4)	22	(0.9)	18	(0.9)	15	(1.9)		
6 - 11	31	(1.5)	26	(1.7)	17	(1.1)	18	(1.3)	21	(1.2)	16	(1.1)	13	(1.7)		
12 - 19	29	(1.8)	22	(1.3)	16	(1.0)	16	(0.8)	18	(1.4)	15	(0.7)	15	(3.1)		
20 - 29	23	(2.1)	17	(0.9)	15	(0.7)	17	(1.7)	18	(1.3)	16	(1.7)	39	(4.9)		
30 - 39	24	(2.0)	19	(1.7)	17	(1.6)	18	(1.2)	19	(1.2)	15	(1.2)	40	(4.3)		
40 - 49	26	(2.0)	18	(1.6)	16	(1.1)	17	(1.2)	18	(1.0)	15	(1.1)	27	(3.3)		
50 - 59	24	(1.9)	18	(1.4)	18	(1.3)	18	(1.6)	20	(1.2)	15	(1.4)	40	(4.2)		
60 - 69	30	(1.8)	21	(1.2)	20	(2.0)	20	(1.2)	24	(1.9)	16	(1.3)	50	(6.4)		
70 and over	40	(2.9)	32	(2.2)	21	(0.9)	20	(1.1)	25	(0.9)	17	(0.9)	60	(4.8)		
2 - 19	31	(1.0)	25	(0.9)	17	(0.6)	17	(0.6)	20	(0.7)	15	(0.4)	14	(2.3)		
20 and over	27	(0.9)	20	(0.6)	17	(0.6)	18	(0.6)	20	(0.5)	16	(0.7)	42	(2.2)	1*	(0.3)
2 and over	28	(0.7)	21	(0.5)	17	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	20	(0.4)	16	(0.6)	41	(2.2)		
Females:																
2 - 5	36	(1.3)	30	(0.9)	21	(0.9)	21	(1.0)	23	(1.0)	18	(1.2)	23*	(7.0)		
6 - 11	33	(1.5)	27	(1.7)	17	(0.8)	18	(0.9)	19	(0.9)	16	(0.6)	8	(1.7)		
12 - 19	32	(1.5)	23	(2.0)	16	(0.8)	17	(0.7)	18	(1.0)	15	(1.0)	20	(5.5)		
20 - 29	24	(2.3)	20	(1.5)	17	(1.5)	18	(1.5)	19	(1.4)	15	(1.3)	43	(5.1)		
30 - 39	29	(2.0)	24	(1.7)	20	(1.1)	19	(1.1)	22	(1.2)	15	(1.1)	49	(6.6)		
40 - 49	28	(1.8)	25	(1.8)	19	(1.5)	22	(1.5)	23	(1.2)	19	(1.6)	51	(5.0)		
50 - 59	30	(0.8)	23	(1.4)	20	(1.2)	19	(1.9)	21	(1.5)	16	(1.8)	47	(3.1)		
60 - 69	28	(2.5)	19	(1.4)	20	(1.9)	19	(1.2)	21	(0.9)	14	(0.9)	46	(4.2)		
70 and over	34	(1.6)	23	(1.4)	21	(1.1)	22	(1.3)	25	(0.7)	17	(0.9)	59	(3.9)		
2 - 19	33	(0.9)	26	(1.1)	17	(0.6)	18	(0.7)	20	(0.7)	16	(0.7)	18	(4.3)		
20 and over	28	(0.7)	22	(0.8)	19	(0.5)	20	(0.7)	22	(0.4)	16	(0.6)	49	(2.0)	1*	(0.6)
2 and over	30	(0.7)	23	(0.7)	19	(0.5)	19	(0.7)	21	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	47	(1.9)		
Males and females:																
2 - 19	32	(0.8)	25	(0.6)	17	(0.4)	17	(0.4)	20	(0.5)	16	(0.4)	16	(2.8)		
20 and over	28	(0.6)	21	(0.6)	18	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	45	(1.6)	1*	(0.3)
2 and over	29	(0.5)	22	(0.5)	18	(0.3)	19	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	44	(1.6)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Breakfast includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "breakfast", or the Spanish equivalents "desayuno", and "almuerzo." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from breakfast for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the gender/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as breakfast.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Breakfast: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Gender and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 14. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Race/ethnicity and age	Percent reporting ³		Enc	ergy	Pro	otein	Carbo- hydrate		Total sugars		Dietary fiber		Total fat		Saturated fat		Mono- unsaturated fat		unsat	oly- turated at
(years)	<u>%</u>	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:		I																		
2 - 5	98*	(0.9)	20	(0.5)	19	(0.7)	22	(0.8)	26	(1.3)	19	(0.6)	17	(0.8)	19	(0.9)	17	(0.7)	16	(1.4)
6 - 11	87	(2.8)	17	(0.8)	16	(0.9)	19	(0.9)	21	(1.2)	18	(1.2)	15	(0.8)	16	(1.0)	15	(0.8)	13	(1.1)
12 - 19	76	(3.0)	17	(0.7)	15	(1.0)	20	(0.8)	22	(1.1)	17	(1.0)	15	(0.9)	16	(1.0)	16	(1.1)	14	(1.3)
20 and over	88	(1.0)	17	(0.3)	16	(0.5)	19	(0.4)	21	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	16	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	16	(0.4)	15	(0.6)
2 and over	87	(0.9)	17	(0.3)	16	(0.4)	19	(0.3)	21	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	16	(0.4)	16	(0.4)	16	(0.4)	15	(0.5)
Non-Hispanic Black:																				
2 - 5	92*	(2.2)	18	(0.9)	18	(1.1)	20	(0.9)	23	(1.0)	17	(1.4)	15	(1.3)	18	(1.4)	15	(1.4)	12*	(1.3)
6 - 11	84	(3.4)	17	(1.3)	16	(1.1)	19	(1.2)	22	(1.8)	15	(0.7)	15	(1.9)	17	(2.1)	15	(2.2)	13	(1.6)
12 - 19	69	(3.1)	16	(1.3)	15	(1.5)	19	(1.7)	20	(2.2)	16	(2.4)	14	(0.8)	15	(0.9)	14	(1.0)	12	(0.9)
20 and over	74	(1.5)	16	(0.6)	16	(0.6)	18	(0.7)	19	(0.8)	17	(0.7)	16	(0.6)	17	(0.7)	16	(0.6)	13	(0.7)
2 and over	76	(1.2)	16	(0.4)	16	(0.4)	18	(0.5)	20	(0.6)	17	(0.7)	15	(0.5)	17	(0.6)	15	(0.6)	13	(0.5)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																				
2 - 5	98*	(1.7)	22*	(1.5)	21*	(1.7)	22*	(1.4)	24*	(2.3)	18*	(2.6)	22*	(2.3)	25*	(2.8)	20*	(2.9)	18*	(2.0)
6 - 11	96*	(3.7)	15*	(0.8)	15*	(1.1)	16*	(1.1)	17*	(2.2)	16*	(1.9)	13*	(0.8)	13*	(1.1)	13*	(1.0)	12*	(1.4)
12 - 19	74	(5.1)	16	(1.6)	17	(2.2)	16	(1.4)	21	(2.2)	17	(1.5)	16	(1.8)	17	(1.9)	16	(1.9)	13*	(1.9)
20 and over	85	(1.9)	18	(0.6)	17	(0.5)	20	(0.5)	24	(1.1)	18	(0.7)	17	(1.2)	19	(1.4)	16	(1.2)	16	(1.1)
2 and over	85	(1.8)	18	(0.5)	17	(0.5)	19	(0.4)	23	(0.8)	18	(0.5)	17	(1.0)	18	(1.2)	16	(1.0)	15	(0.9)
Hispanic:																				
2 - 5	97*	(1.3)	24	(1.7)	26	(1.7)	24	(2.1)	25	(2.4)	24	(2.2)	22	(1.6)	23	(1.7)	22	(1.8)	21	(1.7)
6 - 11	86	(3.0)	23	(1.4)	24	(1.6)	23	(1.4)	25	(1.6)	22	(1.3)	22	(1.5)	24	(1.5)	22	(1.4)	20	(1.6)
12 - 19	72	(2.3)	18	(0.8)	18	(0.9)	18	(0.9)	20	(1.2)	16	(1.3)	17	(1.2)	18	(1.5)	17	(1.2)	14	(1.0)
20 and over	86	(1.4)	25	(1.0)	25	(1.1)	25	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	26	(1.0)	26	(1.4)	27	(1.5)	26	(1.4)	26	(1.4)
2 and over	85	(1.3)	24	(0.8)	24	(0.9)	24	(0.8)	24	(0.9)	24	(0.8)	24	(1.0)	25	(1.0)	24	(1.0)	23	(1.1)

Table 14. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Race/ethnicity and age (years)	Choles- terol % (SE)	Vitamin A (RAE) % (SE)	Beta- carotene % (SE)	Lycopene % (SE)	Thiamin % (SE)	Ribo- flavin % (SE)	Niacin % (SE)	Vitamin B6 % (SE)	Folate (DFE) % (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:									
2 - 5	35 (2.9)	35 (2.4)	9* (3.7)	4* (2.3)	29 (1.1)	33 (0.9)	24 (1.5)	34 (2.2)	39 (2.2)
6 - 11	30 (3.3)	32 (2.3)	5* (2.1)	2* (0.8)	27 (1.7)	29 (1.4)	22 (1.5)	31 (1.9)	34 (2.3)
12 - 19	23 (1.6)	32 (2.7)	5* (1.5)	3* (1.0)	26 (2.2)	32 (2.0)	22 (1.8)	28 (2.4)	32 (2.8)
20 and over	27 (0.7)	27 (1.1)	6 (0.8)	5 (1.2)	23 (0.6)	30 (0.5)	18 (0.4)	23 (0.6)	29 (1.0)
2 and over	27 (0.6)	28 (1.0)	6 (0.7)	5 (1.0)	24 (0.6)	30 (0.5)	19 (0.4)	24 (0.5)	30 (0.9)
Non-Hispanic Black:									
2 - 5	28 (4.1)	38 (2.8)	7* (3.0)	8* (6.4)	28 (2.2)	34 (2.0)	21 (2.1)	30 (2.5)	32 (2.4)
6 - 11	25 (4.6)	35 (2.0)	4* (1.4)	5* (2.9)	27 (1.1)	31 (1.5)	23 (0.9)	29 (1.8)	32 (1.7)
12 - 19	22 (2.4)	34 (3.4)	3* (0.6)	4* (1.6)	29 (2.7)	32 (3.0)	22 (2.7)	31 (4.5)	36 (4.4)
20 and over	25 (0.9)	26 (1.4)	7 (1.2)	4 (0.7)	24 (0.7)	28 (0.9)	16 (0.7)	19 (1.1)	26 (1.1)
2 and over	25 (0.8)	29 (1.0)	7 (1.1)	4 (0.8)	25 (0.6)	29 (0.7)	18 (0.6)	22 (1.0)	29 (0.9)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :									
2 - 5	28* (7.6)	32* (2.4)	5* (3.0)	1* (1.1)	32* (1.9)	33* (2.3)	29* (3.5)	31* (3.7)	33* (2.1)
6 - 11	19* (3.3)	23* (3.3)	5* (2.1)	8* (4.2)	19* (2.1)	24* (2.4)	18* (2.2)	21* (3.1)	24* (3.0)
12 - 19	26 (4.7)	33 (3.0)	9* (2.5)	10* (5.0)	21 (2.3)	28 (2.9)	18 (2.4)	23 (3.4)	23 (3.4)
20 and over	25 (1.8)	20 (0.8)	9 (1.6)	7 (1.9)	20 (0.8)	26 (0.8)	16 (0.7)	18 (0.7)	20 (0.7)
2 and over	25 (1.9)	22 (0.6)	8 (1.6)	7 (1.8)	20 (0.6)	27 (0.8)	16 (0.5)	19 (0.6)	21 (0.5)
Hispanic:									
2 - 5	40 (4.7)	40 (2.5)	14 (3.8)	13 (2.9)	33 (2.2)	37 (1.7)	29 (1.8)	36 (1.7)	38 (2.3)
6 - 11	34 (2.6)	37 (2.0)	11 (2.4)	7 (1.6)	30 (1.7)	36 (1.8)	25 (1.8)	31 (1.6)	32 (1.8)
12 - 19	32 (2.7)	34 (3.0)	7* (2.2)	6* (1.5)	25 (1.7)	30 (1.6)	20 (1.2)	27 (1.9)	29 (2.3)
20 and over	38 (2.1)	34 (1.5)	17 (1.9)	17 (1.5)	29 (0.9)	33 (1.3)	24 (1.1)	26 (1.2)	30 (1.4)
2 and over	37 (1.6)	35 (1.1)	15 (1.4)	14 (1.2)	29 (0.7)	33 (0.8)	24 (0.8)	27 (0.9)	31 (1.0)

Table 14. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Race/ethnicity	Vitamin E (alpha-																		
and age	Choline		Vitamin B12		Vitamin C		Vitamin D		tocopherol)		Vitamin K		Cal	Calcium		Phosphorus		Magnesium	
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	
Non-Hispanic White:																			
2 - 5	31	(1.8)	38	(2.0)	25	(2.6)	40	(2.1)	17	(2.5)	9	(1.0)	26	(1.3)	24	(0.6)	22	(0.7)	
6 - 11	26	(1.7)	35	(2.7)	29	(4.0)	39	(2.4)	14	(1.0)	14	(4.0)	24	(1.7)	21	(1.1)	19	(1.1)	
12 - 19	23	(1.6)	32	(2.5)	24	(2.1)	41	(3.2)	16	(0.9)	8	(1.0)	25	(1.6)	21	(1.3)	18	(1.2)	
20 and over	24	(0.5)	27	(1.3)	24	(1.5)	38	(1.6)	19	(0.9)	9	(0.7)	23	(0.6)	20	(0.4)	21	(0.6)	
2 and over	24	(0.4)	28	(1.0)	24	(1.3)	38	(1.4)	19	(0.7)	9	(0.7)	23	(0.6)	20	(0.4)	20	(0.5)	
Non-Hispanic Black:																			
2 - 5	26	(2.1)	41	(3.3)	19	(2.3)	48	(1.7)	15	(2.3)	9*	(3.3)	30	(1.3)	24	(1.1)	20	(1.4)	
6 - 11	23	(2.9)	35	(2.7)	23	(1.9)	41	(1.9)	12	(1.6)	7*	(1.3)	25	(1.6)	20	(1.4)	18	(1.1)	
12 - 19	22	(1.8)	35	(5.2)	23	(4.3)	46	(4.0)	15	(1.1)	8	(1.5)	24	(2.3)	20	(1.8)	16	(1.8)	
20 and over	22	(0.7)	24	(1.5)	20	(1.2)	36	(1.9)	17	(0.8)	11	(1.7)	23	(1.0)	19	(0.6)	17	(0.6)	
2 and over	22	(0.6)	27	(1.3)	20	(1.3)	39	(1.5)	16	(0.7)	10	(1.4)	24	(0.6)	19	(0.4)	17	(0.4)	
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																			
2 - 5	27*	(4.0)	38*	(3.9)	16*	(5.3)	36*	(3.3)	21*	(2.7)	10*	(4.3)	29*	(2.3)	25*	(1.8)	22*	(1.5)	
6 - 11	19*	(2.0)	27*	(4.0)	19*	(3.5)	25*	(4.6)	12*	(1.9)	8*	(2.0)	22*	(2.2)	17*	(1.5)	16*	(1.6)	
12 - 19	23	(3.2)	29	(4.0)	16*	(6.1)	37	(4.2)	19	(4.6)	9*	(2.3)	25	(2.2)	21	(2.0)	19	(1.4)	
20 and over	22	(0.9)	22	(1.1)	17	(2.0)	29	(2.1)	16	(0.5)	10	(1.3)	24	(1.3)	20	(0.6)	19	(0.6)	
2 and over	22	(1.0)	24	(0.9)	17	(1.6)	30	(1.8)	16	(0.6)	10	(1.2)	25	(1.0)	20	(0.5)	19	(0.5)	
Hispanic:																			
2 - 5	35	(2.9)	41	(1.5)	25	(3.4)	43	(2.6)	22	(1.8)	19	(2.5)	31	(2.0)	28	(1.7)	26	(1.8)	
6 - 11	31	(1.9)	38	(1.7)	24	(2.4)	46	(2.8)	20	(1.6)	15	(1.4)	33	(1.8)	28	(1.6)	25	(1.4)	
12 - 19	27	(1.6)	34	(1.9)	25	(1.8)	39	(2.7)	14	(1.2)	10	(1.0)	23	(1.4)	20	(0.9)	18	(0.8)	
20 and over	33	(1.4)	29	(1.5)	25	(1.8)	38	(1.4)	25	(1.2)	22	(2.0)	29	(1.0)	28	(1.0)	27	(1.4)	
2 and over	32	(1.1)	31	(0.9)	25	(1.0)	40	(1.0)	23	(0.9)	20	(1.7)	28	(0.8)	27	(0.8)	26	(1.1)	

Table 14. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age		on		inc		pper		nium		ssium		lium		feine		cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	<u>%</u>	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																
2 - 5	36	(1.7)	30	(1.2)	19	(0.9)	19	(0.7)	22	(1.0)	16	(0.7)	17*	(4.9)		
6 - 11	34	(1.8)	26	(2.6)	16	(0.9)	16	(1.0)	19	(1.1)	14	(0.6)	10	(2.2)		
12 - 19	31	(2.1)	22	(2.3)	16	(0.9)	15	(1.0)	18	(1.6)	14	(0.8)	13	(3.7)		
20 and over	28	(0.7)	20	(0.7)	17	(0.4)	17	(0.4)	20	(0.4)	14	(0.4)	44	(1.9)	1*	(0.4)
2 and over	29	(0.7)	21	(0.7)	17	(0.3)	17	(0.4)	20	(0.4)	14	(0.4)	43	(2.0)		
Non-Hispanic Black:																
2 - 5	32	(2.9)	28	(2.1)	18	(1.6)	18	(1.5)	20	(1.3)	16	(1.0)	23*	(10.2)		
6 - 11	29	(2.2)	25	(1.5)	15	(1.2)	16	(1.5)	18	(1.1)	15	(1.6)	4*	(1.6)		
12 - 19	32	(4.4)	26	(4.5)	14	(1.2)	15	(1.3)	17	(1.6)	15	(1.3)	25	(5.8)		
20 and over	24	(1.2)	18	(0.8)	17	(0.8)	17	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	15	(0.4)	40	(3.8)	1*	(0.7)
2 and over	27	(0.9)	20	(0.8)	16	(0.6)	17	(0.5)	18	(0.3)	15	(0.4)	39	(3.5)		
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																
2 - 5	38*	(3.2)	25*	(2.2)	19*	(2.5)	20*	(2.2)	22*	(1.3)	20*	(1.4)	4*	(2.0)		
6 - 11	24*	(2.3)	22*	(2.8)	14*	(1.1)	16*	(1.0)	16*	(1.5)	13*	(0.9)	12*	(8.5)		
12 - 19	23	(3.1)	21	(3.7)	16*	(1.5)	17	(2.6)	18	(1.9)	14*	(2.3)	10*	(4.8)		
20 and over	22	(0.9)	18	(0.6)	16	(0.5)	18	(0.7)	19	(0.6)	14	(0.5)	45	(1.3)	0*	(0.0)
2 and over	22	(0.7)	19	(0.6)	16	(0.4)	18	(0.6)	19	(0.5)	14	(0.5)	43	(1.6)		
Hispanic:																
2 - 5	37	(1.6)	33	(1.8)	24	(1.5)	26	(1.9)	26	(1.6)	24	(1.4)	21*	(11.2)		
6 - 11	32	(1.4)	30	(1.6)	22	(1.3)	23	(1.8)	24	(1.5)	22	(1.5)	14*	(4.6)		
12 - 19	29	(2.5)	23	(1.1)	16	(1.0)	18	(0.9)	18	(0.8)	16	(0.9)	27	(6.2)		
20 and over	31	(0.9)	27	(1.1)	25	(1.1)	27	(1.1)	26	(1.1)	25	(1.0)	51	(2.1)	2*	(1.2)
2 and over	31	(0.7)	27	(0.7)	24	(0.8)	26	(0.9)	25	(0.8)	24	(0.8)	48	(2.2)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Breakfast includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "breakfast", or the Spanish equivalents "desayuno", and "almuerzo." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from breakfast for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the race/ethnicity/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as breakfast.
- ⁴ A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Breakfast: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 15. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income in dollars and age	Percent reporting ³	Energy	Protein	Carbo- hydrate	Total sugars	Dietary fiber	Total fat	Saturated fat	Mono- unsaturated fat	Poly- unsaturated fat
(years)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:		1								
2 - 5	94* (1.8) 85 (2.8) 70 (4.5) 79 (2.3)	21 (1.1) 20 (1.1) 18 (1.4) 19 (0.7)	21 (1.7) 19 (1.1) 17 (1.4) 19 (0.8)	22 (1.1) 22 (1.2) 18 (1.2) 20 (0.8)	25 (0.9) 25 (1.3) 20 (1.4) 20 (1.0)	22 (1.9) 21 (2.0) 18 (1.7) 20 (1.1)	18 (1.4) 17 (1.1) 17 (1.8) 19 (1.0)	20 (1.5) 18 (1.1) 18 (1.9) 20 (1.0)	18 (1.5) 17 (1.1) 17 (1.9) 19 (1.0)	15 (1.7) 14 (1.4) 14 (2.1) 17 (0.9)
2 and over	79 (1.7)	19 (0.6)	19 (0.7)	20 (0.6)	21 (0.8)	20 (1.0)	18 (0.7)	20 (0.7)	19 (0.8)	17 (0.8)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:										
2 - 5	97* (1.3) 83 (3.0) 70 (2.5) 85 (1.1)	22 (0.9) 19 (1.2) 16 (0.6) 18 (0.7)	21 (0.8) 18 (1.4) 15 (0.6) 18 (0.7)	24 (1.2) 20 (1.0) 18 (0.9) 19 (0.7)	28 (1.6) 22 (0.9) 20 (1.1) 20 (0.8)	20 (1.3) 17 (1.1) 16 (1.0) 19 (0.8)	19 (0.7) 16 (1.5) 13 (0.7) 18 (0.8)	21 (0.8) 18 (1.6) 14 (0.8) 19 (0.8)	18 (0.8) 16 (1.6) 13 (0.8) 18 (0.9)	17 (0.9) 15 (1.5) 11 (0.7) 16 (0.9)
2 and over	84 (1.0)	18 (0.6)	18 (0.6)	19 (0.5)	21 (0.6)	19 (0.6)	17 (0.8)	18 (0.8)	18 (0.8)	16 (0.8)
\$75,000 and higher:										
2 - 5	98* (1.7) 91 (2.8) 78 (3.0) 92 (0.9)	20 (0.8) 17 (0.6) 18 (1.1) 18 (0.3)	20 (1.1) 16 (0.8) 15 (1.3) 17 (0.5)	20 (1.1) 19 (0.7) 20 (1.2) 21 (0.5)	22 (1.7) 21 (0.9) 23 (1.8) 24 (0.9)	19 (0.9) 17 (0.9) 17 (1.1) 19 (0.6)	18 (1.1) 15 (0.7) 17 (1.5) 16 (0.5)	20 (1.8) 16 (0.8) 18 (1.4) 18 (0.7)	18 (1.2) 16 (0.7) 17 (1.7) 16 (0.7)	18 (1.5) 14 (1.0) 15 (1.9) 15 (0.8)
2 and over	90 (0.8)	18 (0.3)	17 (0.5)	20 (0.4)	23 (0.7)	19 (0.5)	16 (0.5)	17 (0.5)	17 (0.6)	15 (0.7)
All Individuals ⁴ : 2 - 5	96 (1.0) 87 (1.8) 74 (1.8) 86 (0.6)	21 (0.6) 18 (0.8) 17 (0.5) 18 (0.4)	21 (0.8) 18 (0.9) 16 (0.6) 18 (0.5)	22 (0.7) 20 (0.7) 19 (0.6) 20 (0.4)	25 (0.8) 22 (0.7) 21 (0.9) 22 (0.4)	20 (0.9) 18 (0.8) 17 (0.6) 19 (0.5)	18 (0.7) 16 (0.8) 15 (0.4) 17 (0.5)	20 (0.8) 18 (0.8) 17 (0.4) 18 (0.6)	18 (0.7) 17 (0.8) 16 (0.5) 18 (0.6)	17 (0.8) 15 (0.9) 14 (0.7) 16 (0.6)
2 and over	85 (0.6)	18 (0.3)	18 (0.4)	20 (0.3)	22 (0.3)	19 (0.4)	17 (0.5)	18 (0.5)	17 (0.5)	16 (0.5)

Table 15. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars and age (years)		oles- erol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyco %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ivin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitar %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	29	(3.5)	42	(1.8)	18*	(5.8)	11*	(5.1)	33	(2.3)	37	(2.1)	27	(2.6)	37	(2.9)	41	(3.1)
6 - 11	25	(2.1)	35	(1.9)	12*	(7.2)	6*	(1.9)	28	(1.8)	31	(1.1)	24	(1.7)	31	(1.9)	31	(2.2)
12 - 19	29	(4.6)	31	(3.5)	7*	(2.7)	5*	(1.6)	23	(2.0)	31	(1.8)	21	(2.4)	28	(3.2)	27	(2.2)
20 and over	32	(1.7)	29	(1.1)	9	(1.1)	9	(1.9)	25	(1.0)	30	(1.7)	21	(1.3)	24	(2.0)	27	(1.3)
2 and over	31	(1.6)	30	(0.9)	9	(1.0)	9	(1.6)	25	(0.8)	31	(1.3)	21	(0.9)	26	(1.5)	28	(0.9)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	36	(2.9)	38	(2.7)	5*	(1.4)	4*	(2.1)	30	(1.4)	35	(1.5)	25	(1.3)	33	(2.0)	39	(3.2)
6 - 11	29	(3.6)	38	(1.5)	8	(1.8)	3*	(0.8)	29	(1.1)	34	(1.4)	24	(1.1)	32	(1.3)	37	(2.4)
12 - 19	22	(1.4)	35	(2.1)	5	(1.0)	5*	(1.2)	28	(1.7)	32	(1.7)	23	(1.5)	29	(2.4)	34	(2.0)
20 and over	31	(1.4)	27	(1.3)	7	(1.0)	8	(1.9)	24	(0.7)	30	(0.9)	19	(0.8)	21	(1.3)	27	(1.2)
2 and over	30	(1.4)	29	(1.0)	7	(0.9)	7	(1.5)	25	(0.6)	30	(0.7)	20	(0.6)	23	(1.1)	29	(1.0)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	39	(3.6)	32	(2.9)	9*	(5.4)	6*	(3.2)	28	(1.3)	31	(1.6)	23	(1.4)	31	(2.0)	33	(2.2)
6 - 11	31	(3.9)	28	(2.2)	3*	(1.0)	5*	(2.7)	25	(1.5)	28	(1.5)	21	(1.3)	28	(1.7)	31	(2.8)
12 - 19	26	(2.9)	31	(2.3)	5*	(2.0)	3*	(0.9)	25	(1.9)	30	(2.0)	19	(1.8)	25	(2.2)	29	(2.7)
20 and over	25	(1.2)	27	(1.5)	7	(1.3)	5	(1.4)	24	(0.8)	31	(0.9)	19	(0.6)	24	(1.0)	30	(1.2)
2 and over	26	(1.1)	28	(1.3)	6	(1.1)	5	(1.2)	24	(0.8)	31	(0.8)	19	(0.6)	24	(0.9)	30	(1.1)
All Individuals4:																		
2 - 5	35	(2.0)	36	(1.3)	8	(2.2)	7	(1.7)	30	(0.8)	34	(0.8)	25	(0.9)	34	(1.2)	37	(1.4)
6 - 11	29	(2.0)	33	(1.4)	6	(1.5)	5*	(1.6)	27	(1.0)	31	(0.8)	23	(0.8)	30	(1.0)	33	(1.3)
12 - 19	25	(1.1)	33	(1.2)	5	(0.9)	4	(0.7)	26	(1.1)	31	(1.0)	21	(0.8)	28	(1.2)	31	(1.4)
20 and over	29	(0.9)	27	(0.8)	7	(0.6)	7	(1.1)	24	(0.5)	30	(0.5)	19	(0.5)	23	(0.6)	28	(0.7)
2 and over	29	(0.8)	29	(0.7)	7	(0.5)	7	(0.9)	25	(0.4)	31	(0.5)	20	(0.4)	24	(0.5)	30	(0.6)

Table 15. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars										min E pha-								
and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	tocop	herol)	Vita	min K	Cal	lcium	Phos	phorus	Mag	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	29	(2.4)	43	(2.3)	26	(3.6)	46	(2.6)	18	(2.0)	13	(3.3)	31	(1.5)	26	(1.5)	24	(1.4)
6 - 11	25	(1.4)	36	(1.7)	29	(2.5)	39	(2.2)	16	(2.2)	20*	(8.6)	27	(1.3)	23	(1.0)	23	(1.8)
12 - 19	25	(3.1)	32	(3.0)	18	(2.7)	38	(3.2)	16	(2.4)	8	(1.7)	23	(1.8)	20	(1.5)	18	(1.2)
20 and over	27	(1.2)	26	(1.8)	23	(1.7)	39	(1.5)	19	(1.0)	13	(1.2)	25	(0.9)	22	(0.7)	22	(0.8)
2 and over	27	(1.1)	28	(1.5)	23	(1.4)	40	(1.3)	19	(0.9)	13	(1.1)	25	(0.8)	22	(0.6)	22	(0.6)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	32	(1.8)	39	(2.6)	19	(2.0)	41	(2.8)	17	(0.9)	11	(1.1)	28	(1.4)	26	(1.0)	23	(1.3)
6 - 11	26	(2.3)	37	(1.5)	22	(1.3)	46	(1.5)	14	(1.0)	11	(1.4)	29	(1.4)	24	(1.5)	20	(1.1)
12 - 19	21	(0.8)	35	(2.3)	28	(2.5)	45	(2.8)	15	(1.5)	8	(0.6)	24	(1.1)	19	(0.7)	17	(1.0)
20 and over	26	(1.0)	25	(1.0)	21	(1.5)	38	(1.6)	19	(0.9)	10	(0.9)	23	(0.8)	21	(0.7)	21	(0.8)
2 and over	26	(1.0)	28	(0.8)	22	(1.1)	40	(1.4)	18	(0.7)	10	(0.9)	24	(0.6)	21	(0.6)	20	(0.7)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	33	(2.4)	34	(2.0)	27	(4.5)	37	(2.7)	18	(1.5)	11*	(1.7)	26	(2.1)	24	(1.2)	21	(0.9)
6 - 11	26	(1.9)	33	(2.7)	27	(3.4)	37	(2.7)	15	(1.4)	10	(1.0)	23	(1.4)	20	(0.7)	18	(0.8)
12 - 19	25	(2.4)	29	(2.7)	22	(2.7)	38	(2.9)	17	(1.6)	10	(0.9)	25	(1.7)	21	(1.6)	19	(1.3)
20 and over	23	(0.8)	29	(1.6)	25	(1.6)	36	(2.9)	20	(1.3)	11	(1.1)	24	(0.9)	21	(0.5)	21	(0.6)
2 and over	24	(0.7)	29	(1.3)	25	(1.3)	36	(2.2)	20	(1.0)	10	(1.0)	24	(0.7)	21	(0.4)	21	(0.5)
All Individuals4:																		
2 - 5	31	(1.3)	39	(1.0)	23	(1.6)	41	(1.5)	18	(1.2)	11	(1.0)	28	(1.0)	25	(0.7)	23	(0.8)
6 - 11	26	(1.2)	35	(1.5)	25	(1.8)	41	(1.3)	15	(0.9)	13	(2.1)	26	(1.1)	22	(0.9)	20	(0.8)
12 - 19	24	(1.0)	32	(1.4)	23	(1.8)	41	(1.7)	16	(0.7)	9	(0.4)	24	(0.8)	20	(0.7)	18	(0.7)
20 and over	25	(0.6)	27	(0.9)	23	(1.0)	37	(1.0)	20	(0.6)	11	(0.7)	24	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	21	(0.5)
2 and over	25	(0.5)	28	(0.7)	23	(0.9)	38	(0.9)	19	(0.5)	11	(0.5)	24	(0.4)	21	(0.4)	21	(0.4)

Table 15. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars																
and age	I	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Caf	feine	Alc	ohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																
2 - 5	39	(2.8)	32	(2.0)	22	(1.3)	20	(1.5)	24	(1.3)	19	(1.3)	6*	(1.8)		
6 - 11	30	(2.0)	28	(1.8)	20	(1.4)	19	(0.9)	23	(1.8)	17	(0.7)	13*	(4.9)		
12 - 19	26	(1.8)	24	(2.0)	17	(1.3)	18	(1.7)	18	(1.4)	15	(1.4)	26	(7.3)		
20 and over	28	(1.6)	22	(1.1)	19	(1.0)	20	(1.0)	22	(0.8)	18	(0.8)	41	(1.8)	2*	(0.8)
2 and over	29	(1.1)	23	(0.8)	19	(0.8)	20	(0.8)	21	(0.6)	18	(0.6)	40	(1.7)		
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																
2 - 5	38	(2.5)	31	(1.7)	21	(1.6)	22	(1.0)	23	(1.2)	18	(0.7)	30	(8.2)		
6 - 11	33	(1.9)	28	(1.6)	17	(1.0)	18	(1.5)	20	(1.2)	16	(1.3)	12	(1.9)		
12 - 19	33	(2.1)	24	(1.0)	15	(1.0)	15	(0.7)	18	(0.8)	14	(0.7)	10	(2.3)		
20 and over	27	(1.0)	20	(0.7)	18	(0.6)	20	(0.7)	21	(0.6)	16	(0.8)	45	(2.3)	1*	(0.5)
2 and over	29	(0.8)	22	(0.6)	17	(0.6)	19	(0.7)	20	(0.5)	16	(0.7)	43	(2.3)		
\$75,000 and higher:																
2 - 5	31	(2.2)	27	(2.3)	18	(0.7)	21	(1.2)	21	(1.4)	18	(0.8)	11*	(5.5)		
6 - 11	32	(1.8)	23	(2.5)	16	(0.8)	16	(1.0)	18	(0.8)	14	(0.8)	8*	(2.3)		
12 - 19	30	(2.2)	21	(2.1)	17	(1.2)	16	(1.3)	18	(2.0)	14	(1.2)	19*	(6.1)		
20 and over	27	(0.9)	22	(0.9)	19	(0.6)	18	(0.6)	21	(0.5)	15	(0.5)	48	(3.4)	#	
2 and over	28	(0.8)	22	(0.9)	18	(0.5)	17	(0.5)	20	(0.5)	15	(0.4)	47	(3.3)		
All Individuals4:																
2 - 5	36	(1.1)	30	(0.8)	20	(0.8)	21	(0.8)	23	(0.7)	18	(0.6)	18	(3.0)		
6 - 11	32	(1.0)	26	(1.4)	17	(0.8)	18	(1.0)	20	(0.9)	16	(0.8)	11	(1.2)		
12 - 19	30	(1.3)	23	(1.0)	16	(0.6)	16	(0.5)	18	(1.0)	15	(0.4)	17	(3.7)		
20 and over	28	(0.6)	21	(0.6)	18	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	45	(1.6)	1*	(0.3)
2 and over	29	(0.5)	22	(0.5)	18	(0.3)	19	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	44	(1.6)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

- ¹ Breakfast includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "breakfast", or the Spanish equivalents "desayuno", and "almuerzo." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from breakfast for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as breakfast.
- ⁴ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Breakfast: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 16. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income as % of poverty level and age		rcent rting ⁴	En	ergy	Pro	otein		rbo- Irate		otal gars		etary ber		otal at		urated at	unsat	ono- curated	unsat	oly- curated at
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																				
2 - 5	94*	(2.2)	23	(1.4)	22	(2.0)	25	(1.4)	28	(1.5)	23	(2.2)	20	(1.5)	22	(1.4)	19	(1.6)	17	(1.7)
6 - 11	86	(2.0)	19	(1.2)	19	(1.2)	21	(1.4)	23	(1.6)	19	(1.7)	17	(1.2)	18	(1.1)	17	(1.3)	15	(1.3)
12 - 19	69	(5.0)	17	(1.2)	16	(1.3)	18	(1.2)	20	(1.5)	17	(1.2)	16	(1.4)	17	(1.4)	16	(1.4)	14	(1.6)
20 and over	81	(1.5)	20	(0.8)	20	(1.0)	20	(0.9)	20	(0.9)	21	(1.3)	20	(1.0)	21	(1.0)	20	(1.1)	18	(1.0)
2 and over	81	(1.5)	19	(0.6)	20	(0.9)	20	(0.6)	21	(0.7)	21	(1.1)	19	(0.7)	20	(0.7)	19	(0.8)	17	(0.8)
131-350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	98*	(1.0)	20	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	22	(0.5)	25	(0.8)	19	(0.9)	17	(0.6)	18	(0.8)	17	(0.8)	15	(0.9)
6 - 11	84	(3.1)	18	(1.2)	17	(1.3)	19	(1.2)	22	(1.1)	18	(1.2)	16	(1.4)	17	(1.5)	16	(1.5)	14	(1.7)
12 - 19	70	(2.8)	15	(0.7)	15	(0.9)	18	(0.9)	19	(0.9)	16	(1.1)	13	(1.0)	14	(1.1)	13	(1.0)	11	(1.1)
20 and over	85	(1.3)	18	(0.6)	18	(0.7)	19	(0.6)	20	(0.9)	18	(0.6)	17	(0.8)	18	(0.8)	18	(0.9)	16	(0.9)
2 and over	84	(1.2)	18	(0.5)	17	(0.6)	19	(0.5)	21	(0.7)	18	(0.5)	17	(0.7)	18	(0.7)	17	(0.8)	15	(0.8)
Over 350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	98*	(2.2)	20	(1.0)	21	(1.3)	21	(1.4)	22	(2.2)	19	(1.1)	20	(1.3)	21	(2.2)	19	(1.5)	19	(1.8)
6 - 11	92*	(2.6)	17	(0.9)	16	(1.1)	19	(0.8)	20	(1.0)	15	(1.4)	16	(1.3)	16	(1.5)	16	(1.5)	14	(1.2)
12 - 19	80	(2.6)	19	(1.1)	16	(1.3)	21	(1.3)	25	(2.2)	17	(1.0)	18	(1.5)	19	(1.4)	18	(1.8)	16	(2.0)
20 and over	90	(1.2)	17	(0.3)	16	(0.5)	20	(0.4)	23	(0.8)	20	(0.6)	16	(0.5)	17	(0.7)	16	(0.7)	15	(0.8)
2 and over	89	(0.9)	17	(0.3)	16	(0.5)	20	(0.4)	23	(0.6)	19	(0.5)	16	(0.5)	17	(0.5)	16	(0.6)	15	(0.7)
All Individuals ⁵ :																				
2 - 5	96	(1.0)	21	(0.6)	21	(0.8)	22	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	20	(0.9)	18	(0.7)	20	(0.8)	18	(0.7)	17	(0.8)
6 - 11	87	(1.8)	18	(0.8)	18	(0.9)	20	(0.7)	22	(0.7)	18	(0.8)	16	(0.8)	18	(0.8)	17	(0.8)	15	(0.9)
12 - 19	74	(1.8)	17	(0.5)	16	(0.6)	19	(0.6)	21	(0.9)	17	(0.6)	15	(0.4)	17	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	14	(0.7)
20 and over	86	(0.6)	18	(0.4)	18	(0.5)	20	(0.4)	22	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	17	(0.5)	18	(0.6)	18	(0.6)	16	(0.6)
2 and over	85	(0.6)	18	(0.3)	18	(0.4)	20	(0.3)	22	(0.3)	19	(0.4)	17	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	17	(0.5)	16	(0.5)

Table 16. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age (years)		oles- erol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyco %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ıvin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitar %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	31	(3.7)	42	(2.8)	15*	(5.2)	11*	(4.1)	34	(2.4)	38	(2.3)	28	(2.4)	37	(3.2)	42	(3.5)
6 - 11	27	(2.3)	36	(1.7)	12*	(4.8)	6*	(2.0)	28	(1.6)	32	(1.3)	25	(1.6)	32	(1.9)	32	(1.7)
12 - 19	27	(3.9)	30	(3.0)	7*	(2.0)	6*	(1.9)	22	(1.8)	29	(1.5)	20	(1.4)	26	(1.9)	26	(2.3)
20 and over	33	(1.3)	29	(1.3)	10	(1.4)	11	(2.5)	25	(1.0)	31	(1.4)	20	(1.0)	24	(1.6)	27	(1.2)
2 and over	32	(1.1)	31	(1.0)	10	(1.3)	9	(2.0)	26	(0.8)	31	(1.0)	21	(0.8)	26	(1.2)	28	(0.9)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	34	(3.0)	36	(2.1)	5*	(1.2)	3*	(1.4)	28	(1.0)	32	(0.8)	24	(1.4)	32	(1.5)	37	(2.7)
6 - 11	29	(4.0)	36	(2.7)	5*	(1.4)	2*	(0.9)	28	(1.5)	32	(1.3)	23	(1.4)	31	(1.5)	37	(2.5)
12 - 19	21	(2.1)	35	(2.4)	5	(1.1)	4*	(0.8)	27	(1.9)	31	(1.8)	22	(1.5)	29	(2.5)	34	(2.8)
20 and over	31	(2.0)	26	(1.4)	6	(0.8)	9	(1.9)	25	(0.7)	31	(1.1)	20	(0.6)	23	(1.0)	28	(1.1)
2 and over	30	(1.8)	28	(1.3)	6	(0.6)	7	(1.4)	25	(0.6)	31	(0.9)	20	(0.6)	24	(0.9)	30	(1.0)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	41	(3.7)	32	(4.0)	10*	(6.6)	7*	(4.0)	28	(1.7)	32	(1.9)	22	(2.1)	32	(2.7)	31	(2.9)
6 - 11	31	(5.1)	27	(1.8)	3*	(1.1)	6*	(3.0)	24	(1.4)	27	(1.2)	20	(1.1)	26	(2.1)	29	(3.4)
12 - 19	27	(3.0)	33	(2.3)	5*	(2.4)	3*	(1.0)	27	(1.7)	32	(2.2)	20	(1.8)	27	(2.4)	31	(2.5)
20 and over	25	(1.5)	28	(1.2)	7	(0.9)	5	(1.3)	23	(0.7)	30	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	23	(0.6)	29	(1.3)
2 and over	26	(1.3)	28	(1.1)	7	(0.7)	5	(1.1)	23	(0.7)	30	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	23	(0.6)	29	(1.3)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	35	(2.0)	36	(1.3)	8	(2.2)	7	(1.7)	30	(0.8)	34	(0.8)	25	(0.9)	34	(1.2)	37	(1.4)
6 - 11	29	(2.0)	33	(1.4)	6	(1.5)	5*	(1.6)	27	(1.0)	31	(0.8)	23	(0.8)	30	(1.0)	33	(1.3)
12 - 19	25	(1.1)	33	(1.2)	5	(0.9)	4	(0.7)	26	(1.1)	31	(1.0)	21	(0.8)	28	(1.2)	31	(1.4)
20 and over	29	(0.9)	27	(0.8)	7	(0.6)	7	(1.1)	24	(0.5)	30	(0.5)	19	(0.5)	23	(0.6)	28	(0.7)
2 and over	29	(0.8)	29	(0.7)	7	(0.5)	7	(0.9)	25	(0.4)	31	(0.5)	20	(0.4)	24	(0.5)	30	(0.6)

Table 16. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level	C1	1:	T 7'.	' D10	X 7".		T 7*.	· D	(al _j	min E	¥7.	. 17	C 1		Di	1	3.6	
and age (years)	Cn %	oline (SE)	vitan %	nin B12 (SE)	vita %	min C (SE)	vita:	min D (SE)	tocop %	herol) (SE)	vitai %	min K (SE)	Cal %	cium (SE)	Pnos %	phorus (SE)	Magi %	nesium (SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	30	(2.8)	44	(2.9)	23	(2.9)	46	(2.8)	19	(1.7)	14	(2.9)	32	(1.7)	27	(1.9)	25	(1.6)
6 - 11	26	(1.7)	36	(1.8)	29	(2.3)	40	(1.8)	16	(1.9)	18*	(6.8)	27	(1.6)	23	(1.3)	22	(1.5)
12 - 19	24	(2.6)	31	(2.2)	21	(3.3)	36	(3.1)	15	(1.9)	8	(1.2)	22	(1.5)	19	(1.5)	17	(1.2)
20 and over	28	(1.1)	27	(1.8)	23	(2.3)	38	(1.7)	21	(0.8)	14	(1.5)	25	(0.9)	23	(1.0)	22	(1.0)
2 and over	28	(0.9)	30	(1.3)	24	(1.7)	39	(1.5)	19	(0.7)	14	(1.1)	26	(0.8)	23	(0.8)	22	(0.8)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	30	(1.9)	37	(1.7)	20	(2.0)	38	(2.0)	16	(0.9)	9	(1.0)	26	(0.9)	23	(0.6)	22	(0.7)
6 - 11	26	(2.3)	37	(1.9)	23	(1.7)	46	(1.4)	13	(1.5)	10	(1.1)	27	(1.6)	22	(1.6)	20	(1.3)
12 - 19	21	(1.2)	34	(2.8)	25	(2.6)	44	(2.8)	15	(1.5)	7	(0.8)	24	(1.3)	19	(0.9)	17	(1.0)
20 and over	26	(1.3)	25	(1.6)	22	(1.9)	38	(1.7)	18	(1.0)	10	(1.1)	23	(0.6)	21	(0.7)	21	(0.8)
2 and over	26	(1.1)	28	(1.2)	22	(1.5)	40	(1.3)	18	(0.8)	10	(0.9)	24	(0.5)	21	(0.5)	20	(0.7)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	34	(2.7)	34	(2.7)	28	(4.8)	38	(3.3)	19	(2.3)	11*	(2.0)	27	(2.4)	25	(1.2)	21	(1.2)
6 - 11	25	(2.4)	29	(2.3)	26	(5.3)	33	(2.4)	17	(1.7)	10	(1.4)	21	(1.3)	20	(0.9)	17	(0.9)
12 - 19	26	(2.7)	31	(2.7)	22	(2.9)	40	(3.6)	17	(1.5)	11	(1.1)	27	(2.1)	22	(1.8)	19	(1.5)
20 and over	23	(1.0)	27	(1.2)	24	(1.3)	36	(2.7)	20	(1.2)	10	(1.0)	23	(0.8)	20	(0.5)	21	(0.5)
2 and over	24	(0.8)	28	(1.0)	24	(1.2)	36	(2.2)	19	(1.0)	10	(0.9)	24	(0.7)	20	(0.4)	21	(0.5)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	31	(1.3)	39	(1.0)	23	(1.6)	41	(1.5)	18	(1.2)	11	(1.0)	28	(1.0)	25	(0.7)	23	(0.8)
6 - 11	26	(1.2)	35	(1.5)	25	(1.8)	41	(1.3)	15	(0.9)	13	(2.1)	26	(1.1)	22	(0.9)	20	(0.8)
12 - 19	24	(1.0)	32	(1.4)	23	(1.8)	41	(1.7)	16	(0.7)	9	(0.4)	24	(0.8)	20	(0.7)	18	(0.7)
20 and over	25	(0.6)	27	(0.9)	23	(1.0)	37	(1.0)	20	(0.6)	11	(0.7)	24	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	21	(0.5)
2 and over	25	(0.5)	28	(0.7)	23	(0.9)	38	(0.9)	19	(0.5)	11	(0.5)	24	(0.4)	21	(0.4)	21	(0.4)

Table 16. Breakfast¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Breakfast, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level																
and age	I	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Caf	feine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																
2 - 5	41	(3.3)	33	(2.3)	23	(1.7)	22	(1.8)	25	(1.8)	20	(1.6)	18*	(5.6)		
6 - 11	31	(1.6)	28	(1.4)	19	(1.3)	18	(1.1)	22	(1.5)	17	(1.0)	14*	(4.4)		
12 - 19	25	(1.4)	23	(1.8)	16	(1.2)	16	(1.5)	18	(1.5)	14	(1.2)	25	(6.3)		
20 and over	28	(1.3)	23	(1.2)	20	(1.1)	22	(0.9)	22	(0.9)	19	(1.0)	40	(2.1)	2*	(1.1)
2 and over	29	(1.0)	24	(1.0)	20	(0.8)	21	(0.8)	22	(0.7)	18	(0.8)	38	(1.9)		
131-350% poverty:																
2 - 5	35	(1.9)	29	(1.9)	19	(0.9)	20	(0.7)	21	(0.7)	17	(0.5)	21*	(8.2)		
6 - 11	34	(1.7)	28	(2.5)	17	(1.2)	17	(1.5)	20	(1.1)	15	(1.3)	11	(1.6)		
12 - 19	33	(2.6)	23	(1.5)	15	(1.0)	15	(1.0)	17	(0.7)	14	(0.9)	7*	(2.3)		
20 and over	28	(1.0)	20	(0.8)	18	(0.6)	19	(0.9)	20	(0.6)	16	(0.7)	47	(1.9)	1*	(0.7)
2 and over	29	(0.9)	22	(0.7)	17	(0.5)	19	(0.8)	20	(0.5)	16	(0.6)	44	(2.2)		
Over 350% poverty:																
2 - 5	31	(2.5)	28	(2.6)	18	(1.0)	22	(1.1)	22	(1.7)	19	(0.8)	11*	(8.6)		
6 - 11	30	(2.6)	21	(1.9)	15	(0.9)	17	(1.1)	17	(1.1)	14	(1.2)	8*	(2.6)		
12 - 19	31	(2.3)	22	(2.1)	17	(0.8)	16	(1.2)	19	(2.3)	15	(1.1)	23*	(7.7)		
20 and over	26	(1.0)	21	(0.8)	18	(0.5)	17	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	14	(0.6)	46	(2.7)	#	
2 and over	27	(0.9)	21	(0.8)	18	(0.5)	17	(0.5)	21	(0.5)	14	(0.5)	46	(2.7)		
All Individuals ⁵ :																
2 - 5	36	(1.1)	30	(0.8)	20	(0.8)	21	(0.8)	23	(0.7)	18	(0.6)	18	(3.0)		
6 - 11	32	(1.0)	26	(1.4)	17	(0.8)	18	(1.0)	20	(0.9)	16	(0.8)	11	(1.2)		
12 - 19	30	(1.3)	23	(1.0)	16	(0.6)	16	(0.5)	18	(1.0)	15	(0.4)	17	(3.7)		
20 and over	28	(0.6)	21	(0.6)	18	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	45	(1.6)	1*	(0.3)
2 and over	29	(0.5)	22	(0.5)	18	(0.3)	19	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	16	(0.5)	44	(1.6)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

- ¹ Breakfast includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "breakfast", or the Spanish equivalents "desayuno", and "almuerzo." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from breakfast for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.
- ⁴ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as breakfast.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

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⁵ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Table 17. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Gender and age (years)	Percent reporting ³ % (SE)	Energy % (SE)	Protein % (SE)	Carbo- hydrate % (SE)	Total sugars % (SE)	Dietary fiber % (SE)	Total fat % (SE)	Saturated fat % (SE)	Mono- unsaturated fat % (SE)	Poly- unsaturated fat % (SE)
Males:		1				(12)	, (-, (-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	(4)	(3)	
2 - 5	93 (1.3)	25 (1.3)	28 (1.3)	23 (1.3)	18 (1.2)	28 (1.4)	27 (1.4)	25 (1.1)	28 (1.9)	28 (1.8)
6 - 11	90 (2.0)	27 (1.3)	32 (1.2)	25 (1.3)	23 (1.7)	29 (1.8)	29 (1.6)	27 (1.8)	30 (1.8)	31 (1.6)
12 - 19	81 (2.7)	27 (1.3)	31 (1.9)	26 (1.3)	22 (1.4)	30 (1.8)	28 (1.4)	26 (1.3)	28 (1.3)	30 (1.9)
20 - 29	78 (3.7)	27 (1.2)	31 (1.5)	26 (1.4)	22 (1.9)	28 (2.6)	29 (1.4)	28 (1.7)	29 (1.4)	30 (1.7)
30 - 39	82 (2.0)	27 (1.3)	30 (1.3)	26 (1.4)	22 (1.8)	30 (2.2)	30 (1.6)	28 (1.9)	30 (1.5)	33 (2.0)
40 - 49	80 (3.0)	25 (1.3)	30 (1.5)	23 (1.3)	19 (1.4)	28 (1.7)	28 (1.7)	26 (1.5)	28 (1.5)	30 (2.8)
50 - 59	76 (1.6)	24 (1.4)	29 (2.3)	22 (1.5)	17 (1.4)	26 (1.8)	27 (1.4)	25 (1.6)	28 (1.3)	28 (1.8)
60 - 69	76 (5.2)	23 (2.2)	28 (2.3)	21 (2.0)	15 (1.8)	22 (2.5)	23 (2.6)	23 (2.8)	22 (2.4)	25 (3.0)
70 and over	77 (2.2)	23 (1.3)	26 (1.6)	22 (1.1)	20 (1.8)	24 (1.7)	24 (1.8)	23 (1.5)	22 (1.7)	26 (3.2)
2 - 19	87 (1.6)	27 (1.1)	31 (1.2)	25 (1.0)	22 (1.1)	29 (1.3)	28 (1.2)	26 (1.2)	28 (1.3)	30 (1.4)
20 and over	78 (1.3)	25 (0.7)	29 (0.8)	24 (0.6)	19 (0.6)	26 (1.1)	27 (0.9)	26 (0.9)	27 (0.9)	29 (1.0)
2 and over	80 (1.2)	26 (0.7)	30 (0.8)	24 (0.6)	20 (0.7)	27 (1.0)	27 (0.9)	26 (0.9)	27 (0.9)	29 (0.9)
Females:										
2 - 5	94 (1.5)	25 (1.0)	27 (1.7)	23 (1.0)	19 (1.2)	28 (1.5)	26 (1.2)	24 (1.6)	26 (1.6)	28 (1.1)
6 - 11	88 (2.7)	26 (0.7)	29 (0.6)	25 (0.7)	23 (1.0)	27 (1.1)	26 (1.0)	26 (1.2)	26 (1.1)	27 (1.2)
12 - 19	78 (3.0)	27 (1.6)	31 (2.0)	26 (1.4)	23 (1.3)	30 (2.1)	27 (2.1)	26 (2.5)	27 (1.9)	29 (1.7)
20 - 29	81 (2.6)	26 (1.4)	28 (1.1)	24 (1.5)	19 (1.4)	27 (1.6)	27 (1.6)	25 (1.6)	28 (1.9)	29 (2.0)
30 - 39	80 (1.7)	24 (0.7)	28 (1.0)	21 (1.1)	17 (1.4)	24 (1.3)	27 (1.0)	25 (1.2)	26 (1.2)	29 (1.4)
40 - 49	79 (3.0)	26 (1.0)	30 (1.1)	25 (1.3)	20 (1.6)	29 (1.1)	26 (1.2)	24 (1.3)	27 (1.5)	29 (1.4)
50 - 59	80 (2.3)	22 (1.0)	24 (1.1)	22 (1.4)	18 (1.6)	23 (1.5)	22 (1.2)	21 (1.4)	22 (1.0)	24 (1.7)
60 - 69	77 (4.0)	22 (1.4)	26 (1.8)	20 (1.2)	16 (1.3)	22 (1.7)	24 (1.7)	22 (2.1)	24 (1.7)	26 (1.6)
70 and over	80 (2.0)	25 (1.0)	29 (1.2)	23 (0.9)	20 (1.6)	25 (1.5)	27 (1.4)	26 (1.9)	27 (1.5)	28 (1.5)
2 - 19	85 (2.1)	26 (1.0)	30 (1.2)	25 (0.8)	22 (1.0)	29 (1.2)	27 (1.3)	26 (1.4)	27 (1.3)	28 (1.1)
20 and over	80 (1.4)	24 (0.6)	27 (0.5)	23 (0.7)	18 (0.8)	25 (0.7)	26 (0.8)	24 (0.9)	26 (0.8)	27 (0.7)
2 and over	81 (1.2)	25 (0.5)	28 (0.4)	23 (0.5)	19 (0.7)	26 (0.6)	26 (0.7)	24 (0.8)	26 (0.7)	28 (0.6)
Males and females: 2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	86 (1.6)	27 (0.8)	30 (1.0)	25 (0.8)	22 (0.9)	29 (1.0)	27 (1.0)	26 (1.1)	28 (1.1)	29 (1.0)
	79 (1.2)	25 (0.6)	29 (0.6)	23 (0.5)	19 (0.6)	26 (0.7)	26 (0.8)	25 (0.8)	26 (0.8)	28 (0.8)
	81 (1.1)	25 (0.6)	29 (0.5)	24 (0.5)	19 (0.6)	26 (0.7)	27 (0.7)	25 (0.8)	27 (0.7)	29 (0.7)

Table 17. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age (years)	Choles- terol % (SE)	Vitamin A (RAE) % (SE)	Beta- carotene % (SE)	Lycopene % (SE)	Thiamin % (SE)	Ribo- flavin % (SE)	Niacin % (SE)	Vitamin B6 % (SE)	Folate (DFE) % (SE)
Males: 2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	21 (2.0)	20 (2.7)	30 (6.5)	35 (3.2)	25 (1.7)	20 (1.4)	28 (1.7)	22 (1.5)	22 (1.9)
	25 (1.5)	24 (2.4)	37 (6.9)	25 (4.7)	26 (1.2)	25 (1.5)	29 (1.2)	24 (1.1)	22 (0.8)
	27 (2.2)	21 (1.5)	33 (4.6)	32 (4.5)	26 (1.5)	22 (1.7)	29 (2.1)	23 (1.9)	24 (1.5)
20 - 29	31 (2.5)	22 (2.5)	31 (4.2)	41 (6.9)	28 (1.3)	22 (1.1)	31 (1.4)	28 (3.3)	26 (1.9)
30 - 39	25 (1.8)	23 (2.2)	28 (1.8)	29 (4.6)	29 (2.2)	24 (2.3)	29 (2.2)	26 (2.7)	26 (2.0)
40 - 49	29 (2.3)	20 (2.2)	28 (5.9)	31 (6.2)	25 (1.5)	21 (1.7)	27 (1.1)	25 (1.2)	23 (2.7)
50 - 59	25 (3.0)	21 (3.0)	34 (5.6)	34 (7.7)	26 (1.1)	19 (1.4)	26 (1.7)	22 (2.4)	24 (1.4)
60 - 69	22 (3.0)	24 (3.7)	40 (8.1)	28 (5.5)	27 (3.0)	19 (1.5)	27 (2.1)	24 (1.9)	22 (2.3)
70 and over	22 (1.8)	21 (2.0)	32 (5.3)	31 (5.3)	21 (1.6)	18 (1.2)	23 (1.6)	21 (1.7)	18 (1.4)
2 - 19	25 (1.4)	22 (1.3)	34 (3.7)	30 (2.9)	26 (1.1)	23 (1.1)	29 (1.4)	23 (1.3)	23 (1.0)
20 and over	26 (1.1)	22 (1.2)	32 (2.7)	33 (3.2)	26 (0.7)	21 (0.6)	28 (0.7)	25 (0.8)	24 (0.7)
2 and over	26 (0.9)	22 (0.9)	33 (2.0)	32 (2.6)	26 (0.7)	21 (0.6)	28 (0.7)	24 (0.8)	24 (0.7)
Females: 2 - 5	22 (2.1)	23 (2.8)	44 (6.6)	35 (7.3)	22 (1.5)	20 (1.6)	27 (1.9)	20 (1.7)	22 (1.9)
	25 (1.5)	25 (1.6)	37 (3.3)	31 (3.8)	24 (0.9)	24 (1.0)	26 (0.8)	23 (0.6)	21 (1.2)
	25 (2.3)	22 (2.5)	32 (3.9)	31 (3.6)	28 (1.9)	23 (1.6)	28 (1.6)	25 (1.7)	23 (1.6)
20 - 29	26 (1.8)	22 (1.4)	29 (4.3)	32 (4.1)	25 (1.4)	20 (1.5)	26 (1.3)	21 (1.6)	24 (1.8)
30 - 39	29 (1.5)	19 (3.2)	22* (6.9)	28 (4.4)	25 (1.1)	20 (0.9)	26 (1.4)	22 (1.4)	23 (1.3)
40 - 49	26 (2.4)	24 (2.0)	36 (4.5)	38 (6.4)	26 (1.2)	21 (1.3)	29 (1.4)	25 (1.3)	25 (1.2)
50 - 59	24 (2.6)	18 (1.1)	25 (3.7)	37 (8.3)	23 (1.6)	18 (0.9)	24 (1.3)	21 (1.2)	20 (1.4)
60 - 69	23 (2.3)	24 (2.6)	30 (5.2)	35 (6.2)	22 (1.5)	19 (1.4)	25 (1.7)	22 (1.5)	22 (1.4)
70 and over	27 (1.7)	21 (2.0)	23 (3.7)	30 (5.6)	25 (0.9)	22 (1.0)	28 (1.5)	24 (1.4)	23 (1.2)
2 - 19	24 (1.4)	23 (1.7)	37 (2.9)	32 (2.4)	26 (1.1)	23 (1.0)	27 (1.0)	23 (1.0)	22 (0.9)
20 and over	26 (0.7)	21 (0.9)	27 (2.1)	34 (3.2)	24 (0.5)	20 (0.5)	26 (0.6)	23 (0.5)	23 (0.5)
2 and over	25 (0.6)	21 (0.7)	28 (1.9)	33 (2.6)	25 (0.4)	21 (0.4)	27 (0.5)	23 (0.4)	23 (0.4)
Males and females: 2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	25 (1.1) 26 (0.8) 26 (0.6)	22 (1.1) 21 (0.9) 22 (0.8)	35 (2.6) 29 (2.0) 30 (1.6)	31 (2.0) 33 (2.5) 33 (2.0)	26 (1.0) 26 (0.4) 26 (0.5)	23 (1.0) 20 (0.4) 21 (0.4)	28 (1.1) 27 (0.5) 27 (0.5)	23 (1.0) 24 (0.3) 24 (0.4)	23 (0.8) 23 (0.3) 23 (0.3)

Table 17. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (*continued*)

Gender and age (years)	Cholin % (S		amin B12 6 (SE)	Vita %	min C (SE)	Vita %	min D (SE)	(al	min E pha- pherol) (SE)	Vita %	min K (SE)	Cal %	lcium (SE)	Phos	phorus (SE)	Magı %	nesium (SE)
Males: 2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	22 (1. 27 (1. 26 (1.	4) 2	3 (1.0)	21 21 22	(1.6) (2.5) (2.0)	15 25 20	(1.8) (1.6) (1.7)	28 29 27	(1.6) (1.7) (1.7)	31 29 31	(3.3) (2.1) (2.4)	21 29 27	(0.9) (1.7) (1.3)	25 31 29	(1.1) (1.5) (1.4)	26 29 27	(1.8) (1.6) (1.4)
20 - 29 30 - 39 40 - 49	28 (1. 25 (1. 25 (1.	2) 2.	5 (3.6)	22 26 23	(2.8) (3.0) (2.4)	21 20 17	(2.7) (4.2) (2.6)	25 27 27	(1.8) (1.9) (2.3)	31 30 35	(2.9) (2.0) (4.7)	24 26 24	(1.8) (2.5) (1.8)	28 28 27	(1.4) (1.6) (1.1)	23 25 23	(1.0) (1.8) (1.1)
50 - 59 60 - 69 70 and over	24 (3. 21 (2. 22 (1.	2) 2	3 (2.6)	26 21 22	(3.5) (3.5) (2.4)	14 15 17	(2.3) (2.6) (2.1)	27 23 23	(2.8) (2.0) (2.2)	33 31 34	(3.5) (5.5) (5.7)	22 23 23	(1.5) (2.6) (1.6)	25 25 24	(2.0) (2.3) (1.4)	21 20 21	(1.8) (1.9) (1.3)
2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	26 (1. 25 (0. 25 (0.	8) 2	5 (1.5)	22 23 23	(1.6) (1.2) (1.1)	21 18 18	(1.3) (1.1) (1.0)	28 25 26	(1.2) (0.8) (0.8)	30 32 32	(1.9) (1.4) (1.3)	26 24 25	(1.0) (0.9) (0.7)	29 27 27	(1.0) (0.6) (0.6)	27 23 23	(1.0) (0.7) (0.7)
Females: 2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	23 (1. 26 (0. 26 (1.	9) 2	3 (1.3)	23 22 22	(2.6) (1.5) (1.6)	17 25 20	(1.7) (1.7) (2.8)	27 26 27	(1.2) (1.2) (1.9)	32 29 33	(3.9) (3.0) (3.7)	23 28 28	(1.2) (1.4) (2.8)	25 28 30	(1.2) (0.8) (2.2)	24 26 27	(1.3) (0.9) (1.8)
20 - 29 30 - 39 40 - 49	25 (1. 25 (1. 24 (1.	1) 1	9 (1.4)	20 25 25	(2.3) (4.9) (2.5)	22 19 14	(4.0) (2.8) (3.0)	25 25 26	(2.0) (1.2) (2.2)	29 33 33	(4.2) (3.8) (3.9)	23 22 22	(1.7) (1.4) (1.3)	27 26 26	(1.2) (0.8) (1.1)	24 22 23	(1.4) (0.7) (0.9)
50 - 59 60 - 69 70 and over	23 (1. 22 (1. 25 (0.	7) 2	4 (2.3)	22 21 19	(2.0) (2.9) (1.6)	16 21 18	(2.8) (3.0) (3.1)	19 22 23	(1.3) (1.4) (1.3)	25 26 23	(3.6) (2.7) (3.9)	19 22 25	(1.2) (2.0) (1.8)	22 24 26	(0.8) (1.4) (1.2)	19 20 22	(0.8) (1.1) (1.2)
2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	25 (1. 24 (0. 24 (0.	5) 2	1 (0.8)	22 22 22	(1.4) (0.9) (0.8)	21 18 19	(1.3) (1.2) (1.0)	27 23 24	(1.3) (0.8) (0.7)	32 28 29	(2.4) (1.2) (1.1)	27 22 23	(1.5) (0.8) (0.6)	28 25 26	(1.2) (0.5) (0.4)	26 21 22	(1.1) (0.6) (0.5)
Males and females: 2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	26 (0. 24 (0. 25 (0.	6) 2	4 (1.0)	22 23 23	(1.3) (0.6) (0.6)	21 18 19	(1.0) (0.9) (0.9)	27 24 25	(1.0) (0.7) (0.6)	31 30 30	(1.7) (1.1) (1.0)	27 23 24	(1.0) (0.6) (0.6)	29 26 26	(0.9) (0.5) (0.5)	27 22 23	(0.9) (0.6) (0.6)

Table 17. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender																
and age (years)	Ii %	ron (SE)	Z %	inc (SE)	Co %	pper (SE)	Sele %	enium (SE)	Pota %	ssium (SE)	Soo %	dium (SE)	Caf %	feine (SE)	Alc %	cohol (SE)
	/0	(SE)	/0	(SE)	/0	(SE)	/0	(SE)	/0	(SE)	/0	(SE)	/0	(SE)	/0	(SE)
Males:	22	(1.5)	2.4	(1.5)	26	(2.0)	20	(1.5)	2.4	(1.4)	20	(1.0)	20	(5.5°)		
2 - 5 6 - 11	22 22	(1.5) (1.2)	24 26	(1.7) (1.4)	26 27	(2.0) (1.9)	29 33	(1.5) (2.2)	24 29	(1.4) (1.6)	30 31	(1.3) (1.2)	29 19	(5.7) (2.0)		
12 - 19	24	(1.2) (1.7)	26	(1.4)	26	(1.9) (1.3)	31	(2.2) (1.6)	28	(1.6)	33	(2.0)	26	(6.7)		
20 - 29	25	, ,	28	, ,	22	, ,	33	, ,	27	` '	32	, ,	14	` ′		
20 - 29 30 - 39	23 27	(1.4)	28 27	(1.4)	24	(1.1)	31	(1.4)	28	(1.1)	31	(1.8)	16	(1.8)		
40 - 49	24	(1.2) (1.8)	28	(1.9) (1.9)	24	(1.8) (1.7)	29	(1.5) (1.7)	28 25	(1.7) (1.1)	32	(1.5) (1.6)	9	(4.4) (1.3)		
		(1.6)		(1.9)	24	(1.7)		(1.7)		(1.1)		(1.0)	,	(1.5)		
50 - 59	27	(1.7)	28	(2.3)	23	(1.7)	31	(3.3)	23	(1.9)	32	(2.3)	8	(1.2)		
60 - 69	22	(1.9)	24	(2.2)	21	(2.0)	28	(2.7)	21	(1.8)	31	(2.8)	6	(1.7)		
70 and over	18	(1.2)	21	(1.4)	21	(1.1)	26	(2.1)	22	(1.3)	27	(1.6)	6	(0.9)		
2 - 19	23	(1.2)	26	(1.1)	26	(1.1)	31	(1.3)	28	(1.2)	32	(1.3)	25	(5.2)		
20 and over	24	(0.5)	26	(0.7)	23	(0.7)	30	(1.0)	25	(0.7)	31	(0.9)	9	(0.9)	6	(0.8)
2 and over	24	(0.5)	26	(0.7)	23	(0.7)	30	(1.0)	26	(0.7)	31	(0.9)	10	(0.9)		
Females:																
2 - 5	21	(1.7)	23	(2.1)	24	(1.5)	27	(1.5)	24	(1.4)	30	(1.3)	23*	(8.1)		
6 - 11	22	(1.1)	25	(1.2)	25	(0.8)	29	(1.2)	28	(0.7)	29	(0.8)	19	(2.7)		
12 - 19	23	(1.4)	26	(1.6)	26	(1.7)	30	(1.8)	29	(1.8)	31	(2.1)	18	(1.9)		
20 - 29	25	(1.3)	26	(1.3)	24	(1.3)	29	(1.3)	25	(1.2)	30	(1.3)	11	(1.6)		
30 - 39	22	(0.8)	23	(1.0)	20	(0.9)	27	(1.1)	23	(0.9)	29	(0.8)	9*	(2.8)		
40 - 49	26	(0.9)	26	(1.2)	23	(0.9)	29	(1.5)	26	(1.0)	30	(1.4)	9	(1.3)		
50 - 59	21	(0.8)	22	(0.9)	20	(1.1)	25	(1.6)	22	(0.9)	27	(1.8)	8	(1.5)		
60 - 69	21	(1.3)	23	(1.7)	18	(0.9)	28	(1.9)	21	(1.4)	28	(1.9)	7	(1.7)		
70 and over	22	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	23	(1.3)	30	(1.2)	23	(1.0)	30	(1.4)	9	(1.1)		
2 - 19	22	(1.0)	25	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	29	(1.2)	28	(1.1)	30	(1.2)	18	(1.6)		
20 and over	23	(0.5)	24	(0.6)	21	(0.5)	28	(0.6)	24	(0.5)	29	(0.8)	9	(0.7)	5*	(1.2)
2 and over	23	(0.4)	25	(0.4)	22	(0.4)	28	(0.5)	24	(0.4)	29	(0.6)	9	(0.7)		
Males and females:																
2 - 19	23	(1.0)	26	(0.8)	26	(0.9)	30	(1.1)	28	(1.0)	31	(1.0)	22	(2.8)		
20 and over	24	(0.4)	26	(0.5)	22	(0.5)	29	(0.7)	24	(0.5)	30	(0.7)	9	(0.8)	5	(0.7)
2 and over	23	(0.4)	26	(0.5)	23	(0.5)	29	(0.7)	25	(0.5)	30	(0.7)	10	(0.8)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Lunch includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "brunch", "lunch" or the Spanish equivalent "comida." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from lunch for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the gender/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as lunch.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Lunch: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Gender and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 18. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Race/ethnicity and age	Percent reporting	Er	nergy	Pro	otein		rbo- lrate		otal gars		etary ber		otal at		rated at	unsat	ono- urated at	unsat	oly- urated at
(years)	% (SE	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																			
2 - 5	98* (0.6 94* (2.4 80 (3.3 81 (1.3	27 27	(1.5) (1.4) (1.6) (0.8)	29 31 32 29	(1.6) (1.1) (2.4) (0.8)	24 26 26 23	(1.6) (1.4) (1.5) (0.7)	18 24 23 18	(1.8) (1.8) (1.5) (0.8)	29 28 30 26	(1.8) (1.5) (1.8) (1.0)	29 28 27 27	(1.6) (1.6) (1.7) (0.9)	27 26 26 25	(1.7) (1.9) (1.7) (1.0)	30 29 27 27	(2.1) (1.6) (1.5) (0.9)	31 30 29 29	(1.4) (1.4) (2.2) (0.9)
2 and over	83 (1.2	25	(0.7)	29	(0.7)	23	(0.7)	19	(0.8)	26	(1.0)	27	(0.8)	26	(0.9)	27	(0.9)	29	(0.8)
Non-Hispanic Black:																			
2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19 20 and over	89* (2.6 88 (2.1 75 (2.4 71 (2.3	30 27	(1.3) (1.6) (1.7) (0.8)	29 35 29 28	(1.5) (1.3) (1.8) (1.1)	24 28 25 23	(1.1) (1.7) (1.7) (0.7)	20 24 21 20	(1.2) (2.2) (1.6) (0.6)	28 33 29 26	(1.8) (1.9) (2.3) (0.8)	27 31 28 26	(1.8) (1.8) (2.0) (1.2)	26 32 26 24	(1.7) (2.3) (1.7) (1.1)	27 30 28 26	(1.8) (1.7) (1.9) (1.2)	27 30 30 28	(2.8) (2.0) (2.5) (1.5)
2 and over	74 (1.7	25	(0.7)	29	(0.9)	24	(0.7)	21	(0.7)	27	(0.8)	27	(1.0)	25	(1.0)	27	(1.0)	28	(1.3)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ : 2 - 5	98* (2.0 99* (0.7 91* (2.5 90 (2.1	25* 29	, ,	23* 29* 32 30	(1.4) (2.1) (3.2) (0.8)	23* 24* 28 27	(1.6) (1.3) (2.3) (0.6)	18* 17* 23 18	(2.2) (1.5) (1.7) (1.1)	31* 29* 30 28	(3.2) (1.9) (1.9) (0.7)	24* 26* 30 27	(2.7) (2.2) (2.7) (1.0)	22* 22* 29 26	(3.3) (3.1) (2.4) (1.4)	24* 27* 30 28	(3.6) (1.8) (2.7) (1.0)	27* 30* 33 28	(2.2) (4.0) (3.4) (1.0)
2 and over	91 (1.7	27	(0.6)	30	(0.8)	27	(0.6)	18	(0.8)	29	(0.6)	27	(0.8)	26	(1.1)	28	(0.9)	28	(0.9)
Hispanic:																			
2 - 5	85 (2.7 77 (3.5 77 (2.5 70 (2.7	24 26	(1.3) (1.3) (1.3) (0.8)	23 27 30 27	(1.8) (1.4) (1.6) (1.1)	20 23 25 23	(1.2) (1.3) (1.2) (0.9)	17 21 22 19	(1.3) (1.5) (1.4) (0.9)	26 26 29 25	(1.8) (2.0) (1.7) (1.3)	21 25 27 25	(1.7) (1.5) (1.6) (0.8)	19 24 26 24	(1.6) (1.7) (1.6) (0.9)	22 25 27 26	(2.1) (1.5) (1.5) (0.7)	22 26 29 26	(2.0) (1.5) (2.0) (0.9)
2 and over	73 (1.8	24	(0.6)	27	(0.9)	23	(0.6)	20	(0.7)	26	(1.0)	25	(0.7)	24	(0.7)	25	(0.6)	26	(0.8)

Table 18. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Race/ethnicity and age (years)	Choles- terol % (SE)	Vitamin A (RAE) % (SE)	Beta- carotene % (SE)	Lycopene % (SE)	Thiamin % (SE)	Ribo- flavin % (SE)	Niacin % (SE)	Vitamin B6 % (SE)	Folate (DFE) % (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:									
2 - 5	24 (2.0)	23 (2.9)	35 (9.7)	35 (6.8)	26 (1.9)	22 (1.9)	30 (2.3)	23 (2.2)	24 (2.5)
6 - 11	24 (1.8)	24 (2.7)	34 (7.2)	25 (7.2)	25 (1.3)	26 (1.6)	28 (1.2)	23 (1.1)	21 (1.4)
12 - 19	27 (3.1)	21 (1.9)	31 (4.5)	31 (4.7)	28 (2.3)	23 (2.1)	29 (2.5)	24 (2.1)	24 (1.7)
20 and over	26 (1.1)	21 (1.1)	29 (2.8)	33 (2.9)	26 (0.6)	20 (0.6)	27 (0.7)	24 (0.6)	23 (0.4)
2 and over	26 (0.9)	21 (1.0)	29 (2.4)	33 (2.5)	26 (0.7)	21 (0.6)	28 (0.7)	23 (0.7)	23 (0.4)
Non-Hispanic Black:									
2 - 5	22 (1.8)	23 (2.8)	40 (9.9)	34 (6.6)	24 (1.5)	22 (1.5)	29 (1.6)	23 (1.8)	21 (1.4)
6 - 11	29 (2.7)	29 (2.9)	41 (6.2)	31 (4.8)	28 (1.3)	29 (1.3)	29 (1.0)	26 (1.3)	24 (2.2)
12 - 19	25 (2.4)	21 (2.2)	31 (7.4)	29 (4.5)	25 (2.1)	23 (2.5)	28 (2.5)	23 (2.4)	22 (2.8)
20 and over	26 (1.1)	20 (2.1)	24 (4.4)	32 (2.2)	25 (0.8)	22 (0.8)	27 (1.1)	24 (1.2)	24 (0.9)
2 and over	26 (0.7)	21 (1.4)	26 (3.7)	32 (2.2)	25 (0.7)	23 (0.7)	27 (1.0)	24 (1.0)	23 (0.7)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :									
2 - 5	28* (8.1)	25* (5.1)	64* (8.0)	37* (18.3)	19* (2.2)	15* (1.5)	21* (2.4)	18* (0.9)	24* (4.0)
6 - 11	27* (2.6)	28* (4.1)	43* (8.8)	31* (10.1)	28* (1.3)	23* (1.9)	30* (2.7)	28* (2.3)	26* (2.7)
12 - 19	28 (3.6)	20 (2.2)	27 (4.7)	43 (9.9)	27 (2.1)	23 (1.9)	31 (2.6)	25 (2.3)	24 (2.4)
20 and over	27 (1.2)	29 (2.0)	36 (3.4)	27 (5.3)	29 (0.8)	23 (0.5)	31 (1.2)	29 (0.9)	30 (1.2)
2 and over	27 (1.1)	28 (1.6)	36 (3.1)	29 (5.0)	28 (0.7)	23 (0.5)	31 (1.1)	28 (0.8)	29 (1.0)
Hispanic:									
2 - 5	18 (2.5)	15 (1.7)	41 (7.3)	33 (4.5)	19 (1.5)	16 (1.5)	23 (2.2)	17 (1.6)	18 (1.9)
6 - 11	22 (1.5)	22 (2.5)	35 (7.3)	30 (5.1)	23 (1.5)	21 (1.3)	25 (1.7)	22 (1.4)	20 (1.6)
12 - 19	24 (1.6)	22 (1.8)	38 (4.9)	32 (2.8)	25 (1.7)	23 (1.5)	27 (2.0)	23 (1.9)	22 (1.6)
20 and over	25 (1.4)	21 (1.3)	30 (2.9)	33 (1.9)	24 (0.9)	20 (0.8)	26 (1.3)	23 (1.3)	23 (1.1)
2 and over	24 (1.3)	21 (0.9)	32 (1.9)	32 (1.5)	24 (0.7)	20 (0.7)	26 (0.9)	23 (0.9)	22 (0.8)

Table 18. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Race/ethnicity										min E oha-								
and age	Cho	oline	Vitam	in B12	Vita	min C	Vitai	nin D	tocop	herol)	Vita	min K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Magr	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																		
2 - 5	25	(1.7)	22	(2.4)	19	(3.1)	19	(2.2)	31	(2.1)	36	(5.6)	23	(1.3)	27	(1.3)	27	(2.2)
6 - 11	27	(1.2)	22	(1.6)	20	(2.6)	27	(1.9)	29	(1.7)	27	(3.0)	29	(2.2)	30	(1.4)	28	(1.4)
12 - 19	27	(2.4)	22	(1.7)	24	(2.1)	20	(2.5)	27	(1.9)	32	(3.4)	28	(2.3)	30	(2.1)	27	(1.8)
20 and over	24	(0.8)	24	(1.6)	22	(0.9)	17	(1.4)	25	(0.9)	30	(1.9)	24	(0.8)	26	(0.6)	22	(0.8)
2 and over	24	(0.7)	24	(1.4)	22	(0.9)	18	(1.4)	25	(0.8)	30	(1.7)	25	(0.8)	27	(0.6)	23	(0.7)
Non-Hispanic Black:																		
2 - 5	25	(1.7)	23	(2.3)	21	(1.9)	21	(1.9)	27	(2.1)	24	(3.8)	25	(1.6)	27	(1.4)	26	(1.7)
6 - 11	30	(2.2)	28	(2.0)	23	(3.1)	33	(2.2)	28	(2.3)	30	(2.7)	36	(2.7)	35	(1.8)	32	(1.7)
12 - 19	25	(2.3)	21	(2.6)	20	(2.7)	15	(3.0)	27	(2.5)	30	(7.2)	26	(2.0)	28	(2.3)	26	(1.8)
20 and over	25	(1.1)	26	(1.6)	25	(1.5)	22	(3.2)	24	(1.4)	24	(2.6)	22	(0.7)	26	(0.9)	22	(0.8)
2 and over	26	(0.8)	25	(1.2)	23	(1.3)	22	(2.1)	25	(1.2)	25	(2.0)	24	(0.8)	27	(0.9)	24	(0.7)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																		
2 - 5	24*	(4.7)	15*	(2.4)	34*	(5.1)	11*	(2.4)	23*	(1.1)	38*	(5.3)	17*	(2.9)	20*	(1.4)	20*	(0.8)
6 - 11	26*	(1.5)	28*	(5.8)	26*	(4.3)	17*	(3.1)	28*	(2.1)	39*	(4.7)	24*	(2.8)	27*	(1.6)	26*	(1.4)
12 - 19	28	(3.4)	27	(3.3)	21	(2.8)	20	(2.7)	27	(3.5)	30	(4.0)	25	(2.0)	29	(2.3)	27	(2.1)
20 and over	27	(0.8)	27	(1.5)	27	(1.0)	22	(2.4)	27	(1.1)	34	(2.3)	24	(1.3)	28	(0.6)	25	(0.4)
2 and over	27	(0.9)	26	(1.4)	26	(0.8)	21	(2.0)	27	(0.8)	34	(2.2)	24	(0.9)	28	(0.5)	25	(0.5)
Hispanic:																		
2 - 5	19	(2.0)	13	(2.4)	26	(3.2)	10	(2.1)	23	(1.7)	30	(6.2)	17	(1.7)	20	(1.6)	21	(1.7)
6 - 11	24	(1.1)	21	(1.7)	23	(2.4)	18	(1.8)	25	(1.5)	28	(3.4)	23	(0.9)	25	(1.2)	25	(1.3)
12 - 19	25	(1.4)	23	(1.5)	22	(2.0)	22	(2.4)	27	(1.7)	36	(3.4)	26	(1.7)	28	(1.4)	27	(1.4)
20 and over	24	(1.2)	22	(1.5)	23	(1.6)	19	(1.7)	24	(1.0)	29	(2.6)	20	(0.6)	25	(0.9)	21	(1.1)
2 and over	24	(1.0)	21	(1.0)	23	(1.3)	18	(1.1)	24	(0.7)	30	(2.0)	21	(0.6)	25	(0.8)	22	(0.9)

Table 18. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

D /- 41 : - : 4																
Race/ethnicity and age	T,	on	7	inc	Co	pper	Sala	nium	Doto	ssium	Soc	lium	Cof	feine	Λ1α	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	1 0ta	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
(years)	/0	(SL)	/0	(SL)	/0	(SL)	/0	(SL)	/0	(SL)	/0	(SL)	/0	(SL)	/0	(SL)
Non-Hispanic White:																
2 - 5	24	(1.6)	26	(2.0)	27	(1.9)	30	(1.7)	25	(2.0)	32	(1.9)	32	(7.6)		
6 - 11	21	(1.4)	25	(1.6)	26	(1.7)	31	(1.8)	29	(1.4)	30	(1.2)	19	(2.5)		
12 - 19	24	(1.9)	26	(1.7)	26	(1.7)	31	(2.4)	29	(2.0)	34	(2.4)	26	(4.3)		
20 and over	23	(0.5)	25	(0.7)	21	(0.7)	30	(1.0)	24	(0.7)	31	(0.9)	9	(0.9)	6	(0.8)
2 and over	23	(0.5)	25	(0.6)	22	(0.7)	30	(0.9)	25	(0.7)	31	(0.9)	9	(0.9)		
Non-Hispanic Black:																
2 - 5	22	(1.1)	25	(1.5)	26	(1.7)	30	(2.0)	27	(1.7)	30	(1.2)	15*	(5.7)		
6 - 11	25	(1.5)	30	(1.9)	31	(1.7)	35	(1.7)	32	(2.0)	33	(1.9)	18*	(6.7)		
12 - 19	23	(2.5)	25	(2.2)	24	(1.9)	28	(1.7)	27	(1.9)	29	(1.8)	27	(4.9)		
20 and over	24	(1.2)	28	(1.2)	23	(1.0)	28	(0.9)	25	(1.0)	28	(1.1)	12	(1.4)	4*	(1.2)
2 and over	24	(0.9)	27	(1.0)	24	(0.8)	29	(0.9)	26	(0.9)	29	(1.1)	12	(1.3)		
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																
2 - 5	19*	(2.4)	20*	(2.2)	20*	(1.1)	24*	(2.3)	21*	(1.4)	29*	(2.6)	0*	(0.0)		
6 - 11	25*	(3.1)	25*	(2.3)	24*	(2.0)	30*	(1.9)	26*	(0.9)	30*	(1.4)	15*	(4.8)		
12 - 19	26	(2.3)	28	(3.6)	27	(2.2)	33	(3.0)	28	(2.4)	33	(2.9)	7*	(3.0)		
20 and over	29	(0.9)	29	(0.9)	25	(0.7)	30	(0.8)	27	(0.6)	32	(0.9)	11	(1.3)	3*	(1.2)
2 and over	28	(0.8)	29	(1.0)	25	(0.6)	31	(0.9)	27	(0.6)	32	(1.0)	11	(1.3)		
Hispanic:																
2 - 5	17	(1.8)	19	(2.1)	21	(1.6)	23	(1.6)	22	(1.6)	26	(1.2)	25*	(11.0)		
6 - 11	20	(2.0)	24	(1.1)	25	(1.4)	29	(3.0)	26	(1.2)	27	(1.6)	20	(4.0)		
12 - 19	23	(1.6)	27	(1.5)	26	(1.3)	30	(1.7)	28	(1.6)	30	(1.7)	13	(2.4)		
20 and over	23	(0.8)	26	(1.0)	22	(1.1)	27	(1.1)	24	(1.0)	28	(0.9)	11	(1.3)	7*	(2.0)
2 and over	22	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	23	(0.9)	28	(0.9)	25	(0.8)	28	(0.7)	12	(1.3)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Lunch includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "brunch", "lunch" or the Spanish equivalent "comida." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from lunch for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the race/ethnicity/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as lunch.
- ⁴ A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Lunch: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 19. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income in dollars and age	Percent reporting ³	En	ergy	Pro	otein		ırbo- İrate	su	otal gars		etary ber		otal at		urated at	unsat	ono- curated at	unsat	oly- curated at
(years)	% (SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:		1																	
2 - 5	87 (3.4) 83 (2.9) 77 (2.3) 69 (1.8)	22 25 27 23	(1.7) (1.7) (1.4) (0.9)	24 29 27 27	(2.2) (1.7) (1.5) (1.1)	20 23 27 21	(1.7) (1.9) (1.1) (0.9)	17 23 24 18	(1.6) (2.2) (1.3) (0.8)	25 26 28 23	(2.8) (1.8) (1.2) (0.9)	23 26 27 24	(1.8) (1.7) (1.9) (1.0)	21 24 26 23	(1.8) (2.0) (1.5) (1.1)	24 25 27 25	(2.0) (1.8) (2.3) (1.0)	25 28 29 25	(2.4) (2.0) (2.5) (1.1)
2 and over	72 (1.3)	23	(0.7)	27	(0.9)	22	(0.7)	19	(0.7)	24	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	23	(0.9)	25	(0.9)	25	(1.0)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:		Ì																	
2 - 5	95* (1.6) 87 (2.7) 81 (2.1) 79 (1.7)	27 28 28 28 25	(1.6) (1.2) (1.2) (0.8)	29 31 33 29	(1.9) (1.3) (1.2) (1.0)	25 26 27 23	(1.7) (1.2) (1.3) (0.7)	20 24 23 19	(1.1) (1.5) (1.4) (0.6)	31 31 32 26	(2.1) (1.6) (1.2) (0.9)	30 30 29 27	(1.4) (1.5) (1.5) (1.1)	27 29 27 25	(1.4) (1.6) (1.5) (1.3)	31 30 29 27	(2.0) (1.7) (1.6) (1.1)	32 30 32 29	(1.4) (1.5) (1.8) (0.9)
2 and over	80 (1.5)	25	(0.8)	29	(0.8)	24	(0.7)	20	(0.7)	27	(0.8)	27	(0.9)	26	(1.1)	27	(1.0)	29	(0.9)
\$75,000 and higher:		Ì																	
2 - 5	97* (1.2) 95* (1.5) 81 (4.2) 85 (1.3)	25 27 27 26	(1.1) (1.6) (1.9) (0.6)	27 32 31 29	(1.4) (1.7) (2.8) (0.6)	23 26 25 25	(1.1) (1.5) (1.8) (0.6)	17 23 22 19	(1.7) (1.6) (1.7) (0.9)	29 28 29 27	(1.7) (1.7) (2.2) (1.2)	25 28 27 27	(1.5) (2.0) (2.2) (0.8)	24 26 26 25	(1.5) (2.4) (2.3) (1.0)	25 29 27 27	(1.8) (1.9) (2.0) (0.9)	26 30 29 30	(2.3) (2.3) (3.0) (1.2)
2 and over	86 (1.0)	26	(0.6)	29	(0.6)	25	(0.6)	20	(0.8)	28	(1.0)	27	(0.8)	25	(0.8)	27	(0.8)	30	(1.0)
All Individuals ⁴ : 2 - 5	93 (1.1) 89 (2.0) 80 (2.1) 79 (1.2)	25 27 27 27 25	(1.1) (1.0) (1.0) (0.6)	27 31 31 29	(1.3) (0.9) (1.5) (0.6)	23 25 26 23	(1.0) (0.9) (1.0) (0.5)	18 23 22 19	(1.0) (1.2) (1.1) (0.6)	28 28 30 26	(1.2) (1.1) (1.2) (0.7)	26 28 28 26	(1.2) (1.2) (1.1) (0.8)	25 26 26 25	(1.2) (1.4) (1.2) (0.8)	27 28 27 26	(1.6) (1.3) (1.0) (0.8)	28 29 30 28	(1.0) (1.2) (1.3) (0.8)
2 and over	81 (1.1)	25	(0.6)	29	(0.5)	24	(0.5)	19	(0.6)	26	(0.7)	27	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	27	(0.7)	29	(0.7)

Table 19. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars and age (years)		oles- rol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyc	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ıvin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitar %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	21	(2.8)	15	(1.9)	28	(5.2)	22*	(7.1)	17	(1.6)	16	(1.7)	23	(2.4)	19	(2.4)	15	(1.2)
6 - 11	27	(2.1)	23	(1.7)	34	(7.3)	25	(3.2)	21	(2.1)	24	(1.7)	24	(1.7)	23	(1.3)	18	(1.9)
12 - 19	22	(2.0)	19	(2.3)	29	(4.9)	35	(5.1)	26	(1.8)	22	(1.8)	27	(2.0)	22	(2.0)	23	(1.6)
20 and over	25	(1.7)	21	(0.9)	30	(2.5)	34	(3.6)	23	(0.7)	19	(1.0)	26	(1.0)	22	(1.0)	22	(0.9)
2 and over	25	(1.4)	20	(0.8)	30	(2.2)	33	(2.7)	23	(0.7)	20	(0.9)	26	(0.9)	22	(0.9)	21	(0.7)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	24	(2.1)	23	(3.3)	37	(6.9)	38	(7.2)	28	(2.4)	23	(1.9)	30	(2.5)	23	(2.2)	26	(3.0)
6 - 11	25	(1.8)	23	(2.3)	34	(6.3)	31	(5.4)	25	(1.5)	25	(1.4)	28	(1.3)	23	(1.3)	21	(1.6)
12 - 19	27	(1.4)	22	(2.2)	35	(6.8)	38	(4.3)	27	(1.8)	24	(1.6)	30	(1.6)	24	(1.3)	23	(1.6)
20 and over	25	(1.0)	21	(1.1)	28	(2.3)	35	(2.9)	26	(0.8)	20	(0.7)	27	(1.0)	25	(1.2)	24	(0.6)
2 and over	25	(0.9)	22	(1.0)	29	(2.1)	35	(2.5)	26	(0.7)	21	(0.7)	28	(0.9)	24	(1.0)	24	(0.6)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	19	(1.7)	25	(3.2)	51	(6.9)	42	(12.3)	24	(1.6)	20	(0.9)	29	(2.1)	21	(1.1)	23	(2.1)
6 - 11	25	(3.1)	27	(2.6)	41	(6.7)	27*	(8.1)	28	(1.9)	26	(1.7)	30	(2.3)	25	(1.6)	24	(2.1)
12 - 19	27	(3.8)	22	(2.2)	32	(5.3)	23	(5.5)	28	(2.5)	22	(2.2)	28	(2.4)	24	(2.4)	25	(1.8)
20 and over	27	(0.8)	21	(1.3)	30	(3.2)	31	(3.6)	26	(0.5)	21	(0.6)	27	(0.8)	23	(0.9)	23	(0.7)
2 and over	27	(0.7)	22	(1.1)	31	(2.7)	31	(3.0)	27	(0.6)	21	(0.4)	28	(0.7)	23	(0.6)	24	(0.7)
All Individuals ⁴ :																		
2 - 5	22	(1.6)	21	(1.8)	38	(5.8)	35	(4.5)	24	(1.4)	20	(1.3)	27	(1.6)	21	(1.4)	22	(1.6)
6 - 11	25	(1.2)	25	(1.8)	37	(4.6)	28	(3.9)	25	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	28	(0.9)	23	(0.7)	22	(0.8)
12 - 19	26	(1.7)	21	(1.3)	33	(3.0)	31	(2.8)	27	(1.5)	23	(1.4)	29	(1.5)	24	(1.4)	23	(1.2)
20 and over	26	(0.8)	21	(0.9)	29	(2.0)	33	(2.5)	26	(0.4)	20	(0.4)	27	(0.5)	24	(0.3)	23	(0.3)
2 and over	26	(0.6)	22	(0.8)	30	(1.6)	33	(2.0)	26	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	27	(0.5)	24	(0.4)	23	(0.3)

Table 19. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars										min E pha-								
and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	tocop	herol)	Vita	min K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Magı	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	22	(2.5)	17	(2.8)	21	(2.3)	16	(3.0)	24	(2.7)	27	(4.4)	19	(1.6)	22	(1.9)	22	(2.3)
6 - 11	28	(1.5)	22	(1.8)	21	(2.1)	28	(2.7)	25	(2.0)	29	(3.5)	30	(2.1)	29	(1.9)	26	(1.6)
12 - 19	23	(1.7)	20	(1.3)	20	(3.0)	22	(3.9)	25	(2.9)	22	(4.2)	26	(2.4)	27	(1.7)	24	(1.8)
20 and over	24	(1.5)	28	(4.3)	23	(1.4)	18	(2.2)	24	(1.3)	27	(1.7)	20	(1.0)	24	(0.9)	21	(1.0)
2 and over	24	(1.1)	26	(3.3)	22	(1.1)	19	(1.6)	24	(1.0)	26	(1.5)	22	(0.8)	25	(0.7)	21	(0.7)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	25	(1.8)	21	(2.6)	24	(3.4)	17	(2.4)	31	(2.0)	33	(2.7)	23	(1.3)	27	(1.4)	28	(2.1)
6 - 11	27	(1.4)	24	(1.7)	25	(1.7)	22	(2.0)	29	(2.4)	32	(2.8)	29	(1.5)	30	(1.3)	29	(1.5)
12 - 19	28	(1.1)	23	(1.4)	23	(1.6)	19	(2.0)	29	(1.9)	41	(4.4)	28	(1.0)	31	(1.1)	29	(0.7)
20 and over	24	(0.6)	24	(0.9)	21	(0.9)	20	(1.5)	25	(0.9)	31	(1.7)	24	(1.2)	26	(0.8)	22	(0.6)
2 and over	24	(0.6)	24	(0.8)	22	(0.7)	20	(1.2)	26	(0.8)	31	(1.4)	24	(0.9)	27	(0.7)	24	(0.6)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	21	(1.2)	18	(1.4)	23	(3.0)	16	(1.6)	28	(1.4)	38	(4.1)	22	(1.4)	25	(1.1)	24	(1.8)
6 - 11	27	(1.8)	23	(1.2)	19	(2.4)	26	(2.4)	28	(1.9)	27	(3.3)	28	(2.3)	30	(1.9)	28	(1.4)
12 - 19	27	(2.8)	24	(1.9)	23	(2.4)	21	(2.8)	27	(2.4)	30	(2.8)	27	(2.8)	29	(2.6)	27	(2.2)
20 and over	25	(0.6)	21	(1.2)	25	(1.2)	14	(1.5)	24	(1.2)	32	(1.9)	24	(0.8)	26	(0.5)	22	(0.8)
2 and over	25	(0.6)	22	(0.9)	24	(1.0)	16	(1.4)	25	(0.9)	31	(1.6)	25	(0.7)	27	(0.4)	23	(0.7)
All Individuals4:																		
2 - 5	23	(1.4)	19	(1.6)	22	(1.6)	16	(1.4)	28	(1.0)	32	(3.0)	22	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	25	(1.4)
6 - 11	27	(0.9)	23	(0.9)	21	(1.5)	25	(1.3)	28	(1.3)	29	(2.0)	29	(1.4)	30	(1.0)	28	(1.1)
12 - 19	26	(1.4)	22	(1.2)	22	(1.4)	20	(1.7)	27	(1.3)	32	(2.1)	27	(1.5)	29	(1.4)	27	(1.2)
20 and over	24	(0.6)	24	(1.0)	23	(0.6)	18	(0.9)	24	(0.7)	30	(1.1)	23	(0.6)	26	(0.5)	22	(0.6)
2 and over	25	(0.5)	24	(0.8)	23	(0.6)	19	(0.9)	25	(0.6)	30	(1.0)	24	(0.6)	26	(0.5)	23	(0.6)

Table 19. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars																
and age	I	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Caf	feine	Alc	ohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																
2 - 5	17	(1.6)	20	(2.1)	22	(2.5)	24	(2.1)	23	(2.2)	26	(1.8)	8*	(3.3)		
6 - 11	18	(1.9)	23	(1.7)	24	(2.3)	28	(1.9)	28	(1.7)	28	(2.2)	21	(5.5)		
12 - 19	23	(1.5)	22	(1.5)	23	(1.8)	28	(1.4)	27	(1.7)	29	(1.7)	15*	(5.1)		
20 and over	23	(1.1)	25	(1.1)	21	(1.0)	29	(1.6)	23	(0.7)	27	(1.2)	10	(1.4)	6*	(1.0)
2 and over	22	(0.8)	24	(0.9)	21	(0.8)	28	(1.3)	24	(0.5)	28	(1.0)	10	(1.3)		
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																
2 - 5	25	(2.0)	26	(2.1)	28	(2.5)	30	(2.0)	26	(1.7)	32	(1.6)	33	(6.4)		
6 - 11	24	(1.6)	27	(1.7)	29	(1.7)	33	(1.9)	29	(1.2)	31	(1.1)	19	(3.2)		
12 - 19	24	(1.5)	27	(1.1)	28	(1.0)	34	(1.7)	31	(0.9)	33	(1.2)	29	(6.1)		
20 and over	23	(0.7)	26	(0.8)	22	(0.6)	29	(1.0)	24	(0.7)	30	(1.1)	9	(0.8)	6	(1.1)
2 and over	24	(0.6)	26	(0.7)	24	(0.6)	30	(1.0)	25	(0.7)	30	(0.9)	10	(0.9)		
\$75,000 and higher:																
2 - 5	23	(1.3)	24	(1.6)	24	(2.1)	28	(1.6)	25	(1.6)	32	(1.8)	30	(8.6)		
6 - 11	23	(2.0)	27	(1.6)	26	(1.6)	33	(2.2)	30	(1.6)	32	(2.2)	19	(3.0)		
12 - 19	24	(2.0)	27	(2.0)	26	(1.9)	29	(2.4)	28	(2.6)	33	(3.1)	18	(4.0)		
20 and over	24	(0.5)	25	(0.6)	22	(0.7)	30	(0.7)	25	(0.7)	32	(1.0)	10	(1.1)	5*	(1.6)
2 and over	24	(0.5)	26	(0.5)	23	(0.7)	30	(0.7)	25	(0.7)	32	(0.9)	10	(1.2)		
All Individuals4:																
2 - 5	22	(1.2)	24	(1.4)	25	(1.3)	28	(1.4)	24	(1.3)	30	(1.2)	26	(5.2)		
6 - 11	22	(1.0)	26	(1.0)	26	(1.2)	31	(1.6)	29	(1.0)	30	(0.9)	19	(1.8)		
12 - 19	23	(1.3)	26	(1.1)	26	(1.1)	31	(1.4)	29	(1.4)	32	(1.5)	22	(3.6)		
20 and over	24	(0.4)	26	(0.5)	22	(0.5)	29	(0.7)	24	(0.5)	30	(0.7)	9	(0.8)	5	(0.7)
2 and over	23	(0.4)	26	(0.5)	23	(0.5)	29	(0.7)	25	(0.5)	30	(0.7)	10	(0.8)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Lunch includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "brunch", "lunch" or the Spanish equivalent "comida." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from lunch for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as lunch.
- ⁴ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Lunch: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 20. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income as % of poverty level and age		rcent rting ⁴	En	ergy	Pro	otein		rbo- lrate		otal gars		etary ber		otal at		urated at	unsat	ono- urated at	unsat	oly- urated at
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																				
2 - 5	88	(2.4)	23	(1.4)	25	(2.1)	21	(1.2)	17	(1.1)	26	(2.4)	24	(1.9)	22	(2.0)	25	(2.1)	26	(2.4)
6 - 11	86	(2.0)	27	(1.3)	31	(1.3)	25	(1.5)	24	(1.6)	29	(1.5)	28	(1.4)	27	(1.7)	28	(1.5)	29	(1.3)
12 - 19	77	(1.9)	27	(1.3)	29	(1.5)	27	(1.1)	24	(1.2)	28	(1.2)	26	(1.6)	24	(1.3)	26	(1.8)	28	(2.0)
20 and over	70	(1.6)	23	(0.8)	26	(0.9)	21	(0.7)	18	(0.7)	23	(0.9)	24	(1.2)	23	(1.2)	24	(1.2)	25	(1.3)
2 and over	74	(1.2)	24	(0.6)	27	(0.8)	22	(0.5)	20	(0.6)	25	(0.7)	25	(0.9)	23	(0.9)	25	(1.0)	26	(1.0)
131-350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	96*	(0.9)	28	(1.7)	29	(2.0)	26	(1.7)	21	(1.7)	30	(1.9)	29	(1.8)	27	(1.7)	30	(2.3)	31	(2.0)
6 - 11	89	(3.0)	27	(1.2)	31	(1.0)	25	(1.2)	24	(1.3)	28	(1.4)	28	(1.6)	27	(1.7)	29	(1.8)	29	(1.8)
12 - 19	82	(2.4)	28	(1.1)	32	(1.3)	26	(1.0)	22	(1.6)	31	(1.2)	29	(1.5)	27	(1.5)	29	(1.6)	32	(2.0)
20 and over	79	(1.6)	26	(1.0)	29	(1.2)	24	(0.9)	19	(0.7)	27	(1.6)	28	(1.2)	26	(1.3)	28	(1.2)	30	(1.4)
2 and over	81	(1.4)	26	(0.9)	30	(1.0)	24	(0.8)	20	(0.7)	28	(1.3)	28	(1.1)	26	(1.1)	28	(1.1)	30	(1.3)
Over 350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	97*	(1.4)	24	(1.2)	27	(1.5)	23	(1.2)	16	(1.5)	30	(1.9)	25	(1.5)	23	(1.5)	25	(1.7)	27	(2.8)
6 - 11	96*	(1.6)	28	(1.7)	33	(2.0)	26	(1.3)	22	(1.9)	29	(1.9)	28	(2.2)	27	(2.2)	29	(2.4)	31	(3.0)
12 - 19	81	(4.0)	27	(2.1)	32	(3.2)	25	(2.0)	22	(1.7)	30	(2.8)	27	(2.4)	27	(2.6)	27	(2.1)	28	(3.3)
20 and over	85	(1.5)	25	(0.7)	29	(0.7)	24	(0.7)	19	(1.0)	26	(1.0)	27	(0.9)	25	(1.0)	26	(0.9)	29	(1.0)
2 and over	85	(1.3)	25	(0.7)	29	(0.7)	24	(0.7)	19	(0.9)	27	(0.9)	27	(0.8)	26	(0.9)	26	(0.8)	29	(0.9)
All Individuals ⁵ :																				
2 - 5	93	(1.1)	25	(1.1)	27	(1.3)	23	(1.0)	18	(1.0)	28	(1.2)	26	(1.2)	25	(1.2)	27	(1.6)	28	(1.0)
6 - 11	89	(2.0)	27	(1.0)	31	(0.9)	25	(0.9)	23	(1.2)	28	(1.1)	28	(1.2)	26	(1.4)	28	(1.3)	29	(1.2)
12 - 19	80	(2.1)	27	(1.0)	31	(1.5)	26	(1.0)	22	(1.1)	30	(1.2)	28	(1.1)	26	(1.2)	27	(1.0)	30	(1.3)
20 and over	79	(1.2)	25	(0.6)	29	(0.6)	23	(0.5)	19	(0.6)	26	(0.7)	26	(0.8)	25	(0.8)	26	(0.8)	28	(0.8)
2 and over	81	(1.1)	25	(0.6)	29	(0.5)	24	(0.5)	19	(0.6)	26	(0.7)	27	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	27	(0.7)	29	(0.7)

Table 20. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age (years)		oles- erol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyc %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ivin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitar %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	22	(2.7)	17	(3.1)	27	(5.1)	22	(6.3)	20	(1.9)	18	(2.2)	25	(2.3)	20	(2.5)	19	(2.2)
6 - 11	27	(1.9)	25	(2.2)	40	(6.3)	28	(3.0)	23	(1.9)	25	(1.4)	26	(1.5)	24	(1.4)	19	(1.4)
12 - 19	23	(2.0)	19	(2.1)	27	(4.1)	31	(3.8)	27	(1.7)	23	(1.4)	28	(1.4)	23	(1.7)	23	(1.3)
20 and over	24	(1.0)	20	(1.4)	29	(3.5)	34	(4.7)	23	(0.8)	19	(1.1)	26	(1.1)	23	(1.1)	21	(1.1)
2 and over	24	(0.9)	20	(1.2)	30	(2.8)	32	(3.4)	23	(0.7)	20	(0.9)	26	(0.9)	23	(1.0)	21	(0.8)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	23	(2.4)	22	(3.2)	37	(6.2)	38	(5.4)	28	(2.4)	22	(1.8)	29	(2.5)	23	(2.2)	25	(3.1)
6 - 11	24	(1.9)	20	(1.7)	21	(4.0)	25	(5.4)	24	(1.3)	25	(1.2)	27	(1.1)	21	(1.1)	21	(1.4)
12 - 19	27	(2.0)	22	(2.1)	36	(6.3)	37	(4.2)	26	(1.2)	23	(1.0)	29	(1.7)	24	(1.6)	22	(1.2)
20 and over	25	(1.4)	20	(1.5)	25	(3.8)	37	(4.8)	26	(1.1)	20	(0.8)	28	(0.9)	24	(1.3)	24	(1.2)
2 and over	25	(1.2)	20	(1.1)	26	(3.3)	36	(4.1)	26	(0.9)	21	(0.7)	28	(0.9)	24	(1.2)	24	(0.9)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	18	(2.0)	27	(3.9)	55	(7.4)	47	(13.5)	22	(1.4)	19	(1.1)	30	(3.1)	20	(1.7)	22	(1.8)
6 - 11	25	(3.6)	31	(2.7)	52	(6.0)	34	(6.7)	30	(1.7)	27	(1.5)	33	(2.2)	28	(1.1)	25	(2.3)
12 - 19	28	(3.7)	23	(2.6)	33	(6.6)	25	(7.5)	29	(3.1)	23	(2.6)	29	(2.9)	25	(2.8)	26	(2.2)
20 and over	28	(1.1)	23	(1.2)	33	(2.6)	31	(3.0)	26	(0.7)	21	(0.8)	27	(0.8)	23	(0.7)	24	(0.6)
2 and over	27	(0.9)	23	(1.1)	34	(2.1)	31	(2.6)	27	(0.7)	21	(0.6)	28	(0.8)	24	(0.7)	24	(0.6)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	22	(1.6)	21	(1.8)	38	(5.8)	35	(4.5)	24	(1.4)	20	(1.3)	27	(1.6)	21	(1.4)	22	(1.6)
6 - 11	25	(1.2)	25	(1.8)	37	(4.6)	28	(3.9)	25	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	28	(0.9)	23	(0.7)	22	(0.8)
12 - 19	26	(1.7)	21	(1.3)	33	(3.0)	31	(2.8)	27	(1.5)	23	(1.4)	29	(1.5)	24	(1.4)	23	(1.2)
20 and over	26	(0.8)	21	(0.9)	29	(2.0)	33	(2.5)	26	(0.4)	20	(0.4)	27	(0.5)	24	(0.3)	23	(0.3)
2 and over	26	(0.6)	22	(0.8)	30	(1.6)	33	(2.0)	26	(0.5)	21	(0.4)	27	(0.5)	24	(0.4)	23	(0.3)

Table 20. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level										min E pha-								
and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	tocop	herol)	Vita	min K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Mag	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	23	(2.3)	18	(3.0)	20	(1.7)	17	(3.4)	24	(2.3)	27	(3.9)	20	(1.6)	22	(1.9)	22	(1.9)
6 - 11	29	(1.3)	23	(1.7)	23	(2.5)	26	(2.5)	27	(1.4)	33	(3.1)	30	(1.7)	30	(1.5)	27	(1.4)
12 - 19	24	(1.6)	21	(1.0)	21	(2.4)	22	(3.4)	24	(2.1)	28	(4.2)	27	(2.2)	28	(1.6)	25	(1.5)
20 and over	22	(0.7)	23	(1.8)	24	(2.5)	18	(1.9)	23	(1.7)	28	(3.2)	20	(1.2)	24	(0.8)	21	(0.7)
2 and over	23	(0.6)	22	(1.4)	23	(1.8)	19	(1.5)	24	(1.4)	28	(2.7)	22	(0.9)	25	(0.7)	22	(0.6)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	24	(2.2)	20	(2.4)	26	(3.4)	16	(2.1)	31	(2.2)	34	(2.2)	23	(1.3)	27	(1.7)	28	(2.3)
6 - 11	26	(1.3)	23	(1.2)	23	(2.4)	24	(2.0)	28	(2.3)	26	(2.6)	28	(1.5)	29	(1.0)	28	(1.2)
12 - 19	27	(1.4)	23	(1.2)	23	(2.1)	18	(1.5)	30	(2.1)	38	(3.4)	27	(0.9)	30	(1.0)	29	(1.1)
20 and over	24	(1.1)	26	(3.1)	22	(1.0)	19	(1.7)	26	(1.6)	30	(2.4)	23	(1.5)	26	(1.2)	23	(1.0)
2 and over	25	(0.9)	25	(2.4)	22	(0.8)	19	(1.2)	27	(1.4)	31	(2.0)	24	(1.2)	27	(0.9)	24	(0.8)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	20	(1.3)	18	(1.2)	24	(3.5)	15*	(1.2)	29	(1.8)	41	(4.3)	22	(0.8)	25	(0.9)	25	(2.1)
6 - 11	27	(2.5)	25	(1.3)	18	(2.2)	27	(3.3)	30	(2.1)	32	(3.2)	30	(2.4)	31	(2.4)	29	(2.0)
12 - 19	27	(2.9)	24	(2.3)	24	(2.9)	21	(3.3)	27	(2.5)	30	(3.4)	28	(3.4)	30	(2.9)	28	(2.4)
20 and over	25	(0.9)	22	(1.4)	24	(1.2)	16	(2.0)	24	(1.0)	31	(1.7)	25	(1.0)	26	(0.6)	22	(0.8)
2 and over	25	(0.8)	22	(1.2)	23	(1.2)	17	(1.8)	25	(0.9)	32	(1.6)	25	(0.8)	27	(0.5)	23	(0.8)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	23	(1.4)	19	(1.6)	22	(1.6)	16	(1.4)	28	(1.0)	32	(3.0)	22	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	25	(1.4)
6 - 11	27	(0.9)	23	(0.9)	21	(1.5)	25	(1.3)	28	(1.3)	29	(2.0)	29	(1.4)	30	(1.0)	28	(1.1)
12 - 19	26	(1.4)	22	(1.2)	22	(1.4)	20	(1.7)	27	(1.3)	32	(2.1)	27	(1.5)	29	(1.4)	27	(1.2)
20 and over	24	(0.6)	24	(1.0)	23	(0.6)	18	(0.9)	24	(0.7)	30	(1.1)	23	(0.6)	26	(0.5)	22	(0.6)
2 and over	25	(0.5)	24	(0.8)	23	(0.6)	19	(0.9)	25	(0.6)	30	(1.0)	24	(0.6)	26	(0.5)	23	(0.6)

Table 20. Lunch¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Lunch, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age	Ţ	ron	7	inc	Co		Cal	enium	Dota	ıssium	So	dium	Cof	feine	A 1.	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	<u>%</u>	(SE)	% ————————————————————————————————————	pper (SE)	% %	(SE)	901a	(SE)	% %	(SE)	Cal %	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																
2 - 5	18	(1.8)	21	(2.2)	22	(2.0)	25	(2.2)	22	(1.8)	27	(1.3)	8*	(3.9)		
6 - 11	20	(1.8)	25	(1.4)	26	(1.8)	32	(2.9)	29	(1.4)	30	(1.6)	21	(5.2)		
12 - 19	23	(1.0)	23	(1.3)	24	(1.5)	29	(1.4)	28	(1.7)	29	(1.5)	20	(3.8)		
20 and over	22	(0.8)	24	(1.0)	21	(0.7)	27	(1.2)	23	(0.7)	26	(0.9)	10	(1.5)	7*	(1.2)
2 and over	22	(0.7)	24	(0.8)	22	(0.7)	27	(1.0)	24	(0.6)	27	(0.7)	11	(1.4)		
131-350% poverty:																
2 - 5	25	(2.1)	26	(2.6)	28	(2.6)	31	(2.1)	26	(1.9)	32	(1.8)	41	(8.1)		
6 - 11	22	(1.4)	25	(1.4)	27	(1.4)	31	(1.5)	28	(1.0)	30	(0.7)	18	(2.4)		
12 - 19	23	(1.2)	27	(1.1)	27	(1.1)	32	(1.8)	30	(1.1)	32	(1.4)	25	(6.0)		
20 and over	24	(1.1)	26	(1.2)	23	(1.0)	30	(1.5)	25	(1.1)	30	(1.5)	9	(0.9)	6	(1.6)
2 and over	24	(0.8)	26	(0.9)	24	(0.8)	31	(1.3)	26	(0.8)	31	(1.2)	10	(0.9)		
Over 350% poverty:																
2 - 5	22	(1.6)	24	(1.6)	24	(2.4)	28	(2.1)	25	(1.8)	32	(2.1)	23*	(13.0)		
6 - 11	25	(1.7)	30	(1.6)	27	(2.0)	34	(2.1)	31	(2.2)	34	(2.5)	19	(4.3)		
12 - 19	24	(2.4)	28	(2.4)	27	(2.1)	30	(2.8)	29	(2.9)	35	(3.5)	21	(5.5)		
20 and over	24	(0.5)	25	(0.6)	22	(0.8)	29	(0.7)	24	(0.7)	32	(0.9)	9	(1.2)	5*	(1.5)
2 and over	24	(0.6)	26	(0.6)	22	(0.8)	30	(0.7)	25	(0.7)	32	(0.9)	10	(1.2)		
All Individuals ⁵ :																
2 - 5	22	(1.2)	24	(1.4)	25	(1.3)	28	(1.4)	24	(1.3)	30	(1.2)	26	(5.2)		
6 - 11	22	(1.0)	26	(1.0)	26	(1.2)	31	(1.6)	29	(1.0)	30	(0.9)	19	(1.8)		
12 - 19	23	(1.3)	26	(1.1)	26	(1.1)	31	(1.4)	29	(1.4)	32	(1.5)	22	(3.6)		
20 and over	24	(0.4)	26	(0.5)	22	(0.5)	29	(0.7)	24	(0.5)	30	(0.7)	9	(0.8)	5	(0.7)
2 and over	23	(0.4)	26	(0.5)	23	(0.5)	29	(0.7)	25	(0.5)	30	(0.7)	10	(0.8)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Lunch includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "brunch", "lunch" or the Spanish equivalent "comida." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from lunch for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.
- ⁴ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as lunch.
- ⁵ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error: RAE = retinol activity equivalents: DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

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Table 21. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Gender and age	age reporting ³		Protein	Carbo- hydrate	Total sugars	Dietary fiber	Total fat	Saturated fat	Mono- unsaturated fat	Poly- unsaturated fat
(years)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)
Males: 2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	96* (1.5)	28 (0.9)	34 (1.6)	25 (0.9)	18 (1.1)	29 (1.4)	30 (1.0)	29 (1.4)	29 (1.2)	30 (1.3)
	93 (1.4)	29 (1.1)	37 (1.2)	26 (1.1)	19 (1.2)	30 (1.3)	31 (1.4)	32 (1.4)	31 (1.5)	30 (1.4)
	86 (2.2)	34 (1.3)	41 (1.9)	30 (1.1)	23 (1.4)	34 (1.3)	36 (1.6)	36 (1.7)	35 (1.8)	35 (1.7)
20 - 29	93 (1.6)	35 (1.4)	40 (2.4)	32 (0.9)	24 (1.0)	36 (1.9)	37 (2.0)	39 (2.0)	37 (2.2)	36 (2.4)
30 - 39	91 (1.9)	35 (1.6)	42 (1.8)	30 (1.6)	20 (1.3)	36 (2.0)	36 (1.9)	36 (2.2)	35 (1.9)	34 (2.1)
40 - 49	97* (0.6)	36 (1.8)	43 (2.6)	33 (2.0)	25 (1.7)	36 (3.0)	39 (2.3)	39 (1.8)	38 (2.5)	39 (3.2)
50 - 59	90 (2.3)	36 (1.7)	42 (1.8)	32 (1.6)	26 (2.0)	38 (2.2)	39 (1.9)	38 (2.0)	40 (1.8)	41 (2.8)
60 - 69	96* (1.3)	36 (1.3)	43 (1.6)	32 (1.4)	24 (1.2)	39 (3.0)	38 (1.6)	38 (2.0)	38 (1.8)	36 (2.3)
70 and over	94 (0.8)	39 (1.5)	45 (1.4)	34 (1.8)	28 (1.8)	38 (2.8)	41 (2.1)	41 (2.0)	40 (2.2)	41 (3.1)
2 - 19	91 (1.4)	31 (0.7)	38 (1.3)	28 (0.6)	21 (0.7)	31 (0.9)	33 (0.8)	34 (0.8)	33 (1.0)	32 (0.8)
20 and over	93 (0.7)	36 (0.8)	42 (0.9)	32 (0.8)	24 (0.7)	37 (0.8)	38 (0.9)	38 (0.9)	38 (1.1)	38 (1.0)
2 and over	93 (0.6)	35 (0.7)	41 (0.9)	31 (0.7)	23 (0.6)	36 (0.7)	37 (0.8)	37 (0.7)	37 (0.9)	37 (0.8)
Females: 2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	97* (1.1)	28 (1.2)	35 (1.9)	24 (0.9)	18 (1.0)	29 (1.6)	31 (1.8)	30 (1.9)	31 (2.0)	31 (2.3)
	94 (0.9)	31 (1.1)	38 (1.1)	27 (1.0)	21 (0.9)	31 (1.2)	32 (1.4)	32 (1.5)	33 (1.4)	32 (1.5)
	86 (2.7)	34 (1.4)	42 (1.5)	31 (1.5)	25 (1.8)	34 (1.8)	36 (1.5)	35 (1.9)	37 (1.4)	36 (1.7)
20 - 29	92 (1.0)	35 (1.0)	42 (1.4)	31 (0.8)	24 (1.1)	34 (1.5)	37 (1.1)	36 (1.0)	36 (1.4)	39 (1.8)
30 - 39	94 (1.0)	35 (1.2)	41 (1.1)	31 (1.2)	22 (1.3)	35 (1.7)	36 (1.2)	35 (1.4)	36 (1.3)	35 (1.6)
40 - 49	95 (1.4)	33 (1.3)	39 (1.6)	30 (1.2)	23 (1.8)	34 (1.5)	35 (1.6)	34 (1.8)	34 (1.7)	36 (1.8)
50 - 59	93 (2.0)	37 (1.5)	45 (2.1)	32 (1.5)	24 (1.6)	37 (1.9)	40 (2.0)	40 (1.7)	38 (2.5)	42 (2.2)
60 - 69	95 (0.9)	37 (1.4)	45 (1.4)	33 (1.6)	25 (2.6)	40 (2.1)	38 (1.8)	37 (1.9)	39 (1.9)	39 (2.9)
70 and over	92 (1.6)	35 (0.8)	41 (1.2)	31 (0.8)	27 (1.0)	36 (1.0)	37 (1.5)	37 (2.1)	36 (1.6)	38 (1.3)
2 - 19	91 (1.3)	32 (0.9)	39 (1.0)	28 (1.0)	22 (1.1)	32 (1.1)	34 (1.0)	33 (1.0)	34 (1.0)	34 (1.1)
20 and over	93 (0.6)	35 (0.5)	42 (0.7)	31 (0.4)	24 (0.6)	36 (0.8)	37 (0.7)	37 (0.6)	36 (0.8)	38 (0.9)
2 and over	93 (0.4)	35 (0.5)	41 (0.7)	31 (0.5)	24 (0.6)	35 (0.8)	36 (0.7)	36 (0.6)	36 (0.7)	37 (0.8)
Males and females: 2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	91 (1.0)	32 (0.6)	39 (1.0)	28 (0.6)	21 (0.6)	32 (0.8)	34 (0.6)	33 (0.6)	34 (0.7)	33 (0.7)
	93 (0.5)	36 (0.5)	42 (0.7)	32 (0.5)	24 (0.5)	37 (0.6)	38 (0.6)	38 (0.6)	37 (0.7)	38 (0.7)
	93 (0.4)	35 (0.5)	41 (0.7)	31 (0.5)	23 (0.5)	36 (0.5)	37 (0.6)	37 (0.5)	36 (0.7)	37 (0.6)

Table 21. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (*continued*)

Gender and age (years)		oles- erol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyc %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ivin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitai %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
Males:																		
2 - 5	28	(2.9)	26	(2.1)	52	(7.9)	53	(3.0)	28	(0.8)	23	(1.1)	32	(1.2)	27	(0.8)	23	(1.2)
6 - 11	36	(2.3)	24	(1.7)	33	(5.3)	61	(4.9)	31	(1.1)	25	(1.3)	33	(1.3)	29	(1.4)	29	(1.1)
12 - 19	38	(2.6)	29	(2.0)	52	(4.3)	57	(5.7)	33	(1.2)	27	(1.3)	36	(1.3)	31	(1.1)	30	(1.5)
20 - 29	36	(2.4)	32	(2.1)	51	(5.0)	49	(6.6)	34	(1.6)	28	(1.8)	35	(2.2)	30	(2.8)	34	(1.8)
30 - 39	38	(2.9)	35	(3.1)	50	(3.5)	56	(4.8)	36	(2.4)	29	(2.0)	37	(2.5)	33	(2.8)	36	(2.2)
40 - 49	37	(2.9)	36	(4.0)	60	(8.3)	59	(8.9)	39	(2.2)	29	(1.6)	40	(2.3)	36	(2.2)	36	(2.8)
50 - 59	38	(2.2)	35	(4.2)	51	(6.7)	53	(8.1)	37	(1.9)	28	(1.9)	38	(2.6)	36	(2.6)	34	(3.1)
60 - 69	38	(2.5)	34	(4.0)	47	(7.8)	50	(7.2)	37	(2.4)	26	(1.2)	37	(2.1)	39	(2.0) (2.1)	34	(2.7)
70 and over	40	(2.0)	34	(2.8)	57	(4.8)	56	(6.9)	35	(2.4) (2.8)	29	(1.6)	39	(1.9)	37	(2.1) (2.1)	29	(2.7) (2.8)
		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,				, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
2 - 19	36	(1.6)	26	(1.0)	45	(3.3)	58	(3.9)	31	(0.7)	26	(0.7)	35	(0.9)	30	(0.7)	29	(0.6)
20 and over	38	(0.8)	34	(1.5)	52	(3.2)	54	(3.6)	36	(0.9)	28	(0.8)	37	(1.0)	34	(0.9)	34	(1.0)
2 and over	37	(0.8)	32	(1.2)	51	(2.6)	55	(2.8)	35	(0.8)	28	(0.6)	37	(0.9)	33	(0.8)	33	(0.8)
Females:																		
2 - 5	33	(2.7)	21	(1.9)	31	(4.9)	47	(6.4)	28	(1.4)	23	(1.1)	33	(1.7)	28	(2.0)	23	(1.5)
6 - 11	35	(1.6)	24	(1.6)	41	(2.9)	54	(7.4)	30	(1.2)	26	(1.1)	36	(1.3)	31	(1.2)	27	(1.5)
12 - 19	40	(2.4)	31	(2.7)	50	(5.4)	55	(3.8)	33	(1.5)	29	(1.4)	38	(1.4)	33	(1.6)	32	(1.6)
20 - 29	36	(2.0)	32	(2.1)	41	(3.5)	45	(4.1)	36	(1.4)	28	(1.3)	36	(1.7)	33	(2.2)	31	(1.8)
30 - 39	35	(1.9)	28	(3.8)	37	(9.5)	52	(5.1)	35	(1.5)	26	(0.6)	38	(2.1)	34	(2.2)	32	(1.4)
40 - 49	34	(2.5)	31	(2.0)	46	(4.9)	46	(4.6)	35	(1.1)	27	(1.4)	36	(1.7)	33	(2.1)	31	(1.2)
50 - 59	43	(2.0)	39	(1.9)	57	(5.8)	53	(7.2)	37	(1.6)	30	(1.0)	39	(2.5)	39	(1.6)	34	(1.7)
60 - 69	38	(2.0) (2.7)	37	(2.4)	55	(4.8)	57	(5.9)	41	(1.0) (1.7)	29	(1.0)	43	(2.3) (1.2)	44	(1.5)	37	(1.7) (1.9)
70 and over	35	(2.1)	40	(2.4)	65	(3.7)	50	(3.9)	33	(1.7) (1.2)	27	(0.9)	38	(1.2) (1.2)	37	(1.3)	31	(1.9) (1.5)
		(2.1)	40	(2.1)	03	(3.7)	30	(4.3)	33	(1.2)	21	(0.9)	36	(1.2)		(1.2)	31	(1.3)
2 - 19	37	(1.4)	26	(1.6)	43	(3.3)	53	(3.3)	31	(0.9)	27	(0.9)	36	(0.9)	32	(0.9)	28	(1.0)
20 and over	37	(1.1)	35	(1.0)	50	(3.0)	50	(2.2)	36	(0.8)	28	(0.5)	38	(0.9)	36	(0.8)	33	(0.6)
2 and over	37	(1.0)	33	(0.9)	49	(2.6)	51	(1.8)	35	(0.7)	28	(0.4)	38	(0.9)	35	(0.7)	32	(0.6)
Males and females:																		
2 - 19	36	(1.2)	26	(0.8)	44	(2.4)	56	(2.7)	31	(0.7)	26	(0.5)	35	(0.7)	31	(0.6)	29	(0.6)
20 and over	37	(0.8)	34	(0.9)	51	(2.1)	52	(2.7)	36	(0.7)	28	(0.5)	38	(0.8)	35	(0.6)	33	(0.7)
2 and over	37	(0.8)	33	(0.8)	50	(1.8)	53	(2.0)	35	(0.6)	28	(0.4)	37	(0.7)	34	(0.6)	32	(0.6)

Table 21. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Gender and age		oline		nin B12		min C		Vitamin D		Vitamin E (alpha- tocopherol)		Vitamin K		Calcium		Phosphorus		nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Males:																		
2 - 5	28	(1.9)	23	(1.4)	19	(1.5)	19	(1.9)	28	(2.0)	40	(3.4)	23	(1.2)	28	(1.3)	27	(1.0)
6 - 11	33	(1.4)	26	(1.5)	25	(2.0)	19	(1.8)	29	(1.4)	39	(3.5)	25	(0.7)	30	(0.9)	28	(1.0)
12 - 19	36	(2.1)	30	(1.8)	27	(1.8)	21	(2.8)	32	(1.9)	46	(1.7)	28	(1.5)	34	(1.7)	30	(1.1)
20 - 29	35	(1.8)	31	(1.7)	29	(2.3)	21	(3.2)	32	(2.1)	49	(4.0)	32	(1.7)	36	(1.7)	31	(1.4)
30 - 39	39	(2.8)	36	(3.8)	29	(3.5)	36*	(11.6)	33	(1.9)	46	(3.2)	31	(2.1)	38	(1.7)	32	(1.9)
40 - 49	36	(2.4)	36	(2.6)	33	(4.1)	33	(3.5)	33	(2.8)	48	(5.2)	31	(1.5)	38	(2.1)	32	(1.9)
50 - 59	36	(2.0)	30	(4.4)	34	(3.4)	28	(2.7)	37	(3.3)	47	(4.3)	32	(2.4)	37	(1.8)	33	(1.9)
60 - 69	39	(1.1)	38	(3.6)	37	(3.9)	29	(3.3)	34	(2.2)	51	(5.2)	28	(1.3)	37	(1.4)	32	(1.7)
70 and over	40	(1.7)	37	(3.1)	33	(1.9)	32	(3.8)	35	(2.6)	53	(5.9)	32	(2.0)	38	(1.3)	34	(1.4)
2 - 19	33	(1.3)	28	(1.2)	25	(1.1)	20	(1.8)	30	(1.0)	43	(1.7)	26	(0.7)	32	(0.9)	29	(0.6)
20 and over	37	(0.6)	34	(0.9)	32	(1.5)	30	(1.7)	34	(1.0)	49	(1.5)	31	(0.8)	37	(0.7)	32	(0.7)
2 and over	36	(0.6)	33	(0.9)	31	(1.2)	27	(1.7)	33	(0.9)	48	(1.2)	30	(0.7)	36	(0.7)	31	(0.6)
Females:																		
2 - 5	30	(1.7)	21	(1.4)	19	(1.4)	15	(1.7)	27	(1.8)	39	(3.9)	21	(1.4)	27	(1.4)	26	(1.0)
6 - 11	34	(1.2)	29	(1.3)	27	(1.9)	20	(1.7)	30	(1.7)	43	(3.0)	25	(1.8)	32	(1.3)	30	(1.1)
12 - 19	38	(1.8)	32	(1.4)	28	(1.7)	25	(2.5)	34	(1.6)	47	(3.5)	29	(1.7)	35	(1.6)	32	(1.5)
20 - 29	36	(1.6)	30	(2.8)	31	(2.3)	27	(3.6)	31	(2.1)	41	(2.3)	29	(2.0)	37	(1.3)	31	(1.2)
30 - 39	36	(1.5)	37	(2.8)	29	(2.8)	29	(5.5)	30	(1.0)	43	(5.3)	27	(1.5)	35	(1.0)	30	(1.0)
40 - 49	35	(1.9)	34	(2.6)	29	(2.0)	37	(6.4)	29	(1.4)	47	(3.9)	28	(1.3)	34	(1.6)	30	(1.5)
50 - 59	41	(1.0)	39	(2.7)	35	(1.8)	34	(4.5)	35	(2.0)	61	(4.5)	32	(1.3)	39	(1.6)	33	(1.0)
60 - 69	40	(1.8)	38	(2.2)	38	(2.2)	30	(3.3)	36	(2.3)	58	(3.4)	28	(1.7)	37	(1.4)	34	(1.4)
70 and over	36	(1.1)	37	(1.7)	30	(1.4)	33	(4.0)	34	(1.0)	61	(5.5)	28	(1.1)	35	(1.1)	31	(0.7)
2 - 19	35	(1.0)	29	(0.9)	26	(1.2)	21	(0.8)	31	(1.3)	44	(2.5)	26	(1.1)	32	(1.0)	30	(0.9)
20 and over	37	(0.7)	35	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	32	(2.4)	32	(0.9)	52	(1.8)	29	(0.7)	36	(0.7)	31	(0.5)
2 and over	37	(0.6)	34	(0.8)	31	(0.9)	29	(1.8)	32	(0.8)	51	(1.6)	28	(0.7)	36	(0.6)	31	(0.5)
Males and females:																		
2 - 19	34	(0.9)	28	(0.9)	25	(1.0)	20	(1.1)	31	(0.9)	43	(1.8)	26	(0.6)	32	(0.7)	30	(0.6)
20 and over	37	(0.5)	35	(0.7)	32	(0.9)	31	(1.7)	33	(0.8)	50	(1.1)	30	(0.6)	37	(0.5)	32	(0.4)
2 and over	36	(0.5)	33	(0.6)	31	(0.8)	28	(1.4)	33	(0.7)	49	(1.0)	29	(0.5)	36	(0.5)	31	(0.4)

Table 21. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Gender and age	Iron		Zinc		Co	Copper		enium	Pota	ssium	Soc	dium	Caf	feine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Males:																
2 - 5	23	(0.9)	27	(1.4)	28	(1.1)	37	(1.8)	27	(1.2)	33	(1.1)	21	(5.2)		
6 - 11	27	(0.9)	33	(1.2)	29	(1.6)	38	(1.5)	29	(1.3)	37	(1.1)	27	(3.8)		
12 - 19	30	(1.0)	36	(1.8)	32	(1.1)	43	(1.8)	34	(1.4)	39	(1.9)	17	(3.9)		
20 - 29	34	(1.5)	38	(1.8)	33	(1.5)	40	(2.2)	35	(1.5)	40	(1.9)	11	(2.8)		
30 - 39	35	(1.9)	40	(1.9)	32	(1.4)	43	(2.1)	35	(1.8)	41	(1.7)	7	(1.9)		
40 - 49	36	(2.3)	40	(2.2)	32	(3.0)	45	(2.6)	36	(2.3)	43	(2.2)	8	(1.5)		-
50 - 59	36	(2.8)	41	(2.0)	36	(2.4)	41	(2.7)	35	(1.7)	41	(1.9)	8*	(2.9)		
60 - 69	34	(2.1)	41	(1.9)	35	(2.0)	43	(1.7)	38	(1.4)	43	(1.9)	4*	(0.7)		
70 and over	30	(2.3)	37	(1.7)	35	(1.6)	44	(1.8)	38	(1.5)	47	(2.0)	9	(1.5)		
2 - 19	28	(0.5)	34	(1.1)	30	(0.7)	40	(1.3)	31	(0.8)	38	(1.0)	19	(3.0)		
20 and over	34	(0.8)	40	(0.8)	34	(0.9)	42	(1.0)	36	(0.7)	42	(0.9)	8	(1.1)	31	(3.7)
2 and over	33	(0.7)	38	(0.8)	33	(0.8)	42	(1.0)	35	(0.6)	41	(0.8)	8	(1.1)		
Females:																
2 - 5	23	(0.8)	28	(1.8)	27	(1.0)	36	(2.0)	28	(1.2)	35	(1.7)	23	(5.4)		
6 - 11	26	(1.2)	33	(1.4)	31	(1.0)	40	(1.1)	32	(1.3)	37	(1.1)	30	(5.3)		
12 - 19	31	(1.5)	37	(1.5)	33	(1.8)	44	(1.5)	35	(1.5)	41	(1.5)	26	(4.6)		
20 - 29	32	(0.9)	37	(1.4)	30	(1.1)	42	(1.4)	36	(1.2)	42	(1.1)	14	(2.5)		
30 - 39	32	(1.2)	37	(1.2)	30	(1.2)	43	(1.8)	35	(1.0)	43	(1.3)	6	(1.3)		
40 - 49	34	(1.3)	36	(1.5)	33	(2.2)	40	(1.4)	33	(1.2)	41	(1.7)	7	(1.4)		
50 - 59	35	(1.6)	40	(2.2)	33	(2.0)	45	(1.5)	37	(1.1)	45	(1.8)	7	(1.0)		
60 - 69	36	(1.4)	42	(1.8)	35	(1.6)	43	(1.4)	39	(1.4)	46	(1.5)	7	(1.8)		
70 and over	31	(1.1)	38	(1.6)	33	(0.9)	40	(1.6)	36	(0.7)	42	(1.2)	9	(1.4)		
2 - 19	28	(0.9)	34	(1.0)	32	(1.0)	41	(1.0)	33	(1.0)	39	(1.0)	27	(4.0)		
20 and over	33	(0.4)	39	(0.9)	32	(0.7)	42	(0.7)	36	(0.4)	43	(0.8)	8	(0.7)	38	(4.8)
2 and over	32	(0.5)	38	(0.7)	32	(0.6)	42	(0.7)	35	(0.4)	42	(0.7)	9	(0.7)		
Males and females:																
2 - 19	28	(0.5)	34	(0.8)	31	(0.7)	41	(1.0)	32	(0.7)	38	(0.8)	22	(2.4)		
20 and over	34	(0.5)	39	(0.7)	33	(0.6)	42	(0.8)	36	(0.4)	42	(0.7)	8	(0.8)	33	(3.3)
2 and over	32	(0.5)	38	(0.6)	33	(0.5)	42	(0.8)	35	(0.4)	42	(0.7)	8	(0.9)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Dinner includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "dinner", "supper", or the Spanish equivalent "cena." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from dinner for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the gender/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as dinner.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Dinner: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Gender and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 22. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Race/ethnicity and age (years)	Perorepor	cent rting ³ (SE)	Ene	ergy (SE)	Pro %	otein (SE)		rbo- rate (SE)		otal gars (SE)		etary per (SE)		otal at (SE)		rated at (SE)	unsat	ono- urated at (SE)	unsati	oly- urated at (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:		1																		
2 - 5	98*	(0.8)	29	(1.1)	35	(1.8)	25	(1.1)	19	(1.6)	32	(1.6)	32	(1.6)	31	(1.9)	32	(2.0)	32	(1.9)
6 - 11	96*	(1.5)	30	(1.0)	38	(1.0)	26	(1.1)	19	(1.0)	30	(1.2)	32	(1.3)	33	(1.7)	32	(1.3)	31	(1.3)
12 - 19	87	(3.2)	34	(1.8)	42	(2.4)	30	(1.7)	23	(1.9)	33	(1.8)	37	(1.9)	37	(2.0)	37	(2.1)	36	(2.1)
20 and over	96	(0.6)	36	(0.8)	43	(0.9)	32	(0.8)	24	(0.7)	38	(0.9)	39	(1.0)	39	(0.9)	38	(1.1)	39	(1.2)
2 and over	95	(0.5)	36	(0.8)	43	(0.9)	31	(0.7)	23	(0.7)	37	(0.8)	38	(0.9)	38	(0.8)	38	(1.0)	38	(1.0)
Non-Hispanic Black:																				
2 - 5	98*	(0.7)	30	(1.8)	37	(1.7)	26	(1.5)	18	(1.5)	29	(2.0)	33	(2.8)	33	(2.6)	33	(2.9)	34	(3.8)
6 - 11	93*	(2.7)	32	(1.5)	39	(1.1)	28	(1.8)	22	(1.6)	33	(2.3)	34	(1.9)	34	(2.1)	36	(1.9)	33	(1.9)
12 - 19	81	(2.4)	32	(1.5)	42	(1.2)	28	(1.7)	22	(1.7)	32	(1.6)	34	(1.7)	33	(1.8)	35	(1.8)	34	(2.0)
20 and over	89	(1.0)	37	(0.9)	45	(0.9)	33	(0.6)	27	(0.7)	38	(0.9)	38	(1.1)	38	(0.9)	38	(1.1)	40	(1.9)
2 and over	89	(0.8)	36	(0.6)	43	(0.7)	31	(0.4)	25	(0.5)	36	(0.8)	37	(0.7)	36	(0.8)	37	(0.7)	38	(1.2)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																				
2 - 5	98*	(1.8)	25*	(1.5)	34*	(2.5)	22*	(1.8)	17*	(2.7)	20*	(1.5)	23*	(2.1)	24*	(3.1)	22*	(1.8)	22*	(2.7)
6 - 11	99*	(0.9)	31*	(1.4)	41*	(1.4)	28*	(1.6)	21*	(2.8)	30*	(2.5)	31*	(2.3)	30*	(3.1)	33*	(2.4)	30*	(2.4)
12 - 19	92*	(2.1)	35	(3.0)	40	(4.0)	33	(2.6)	23	(3.3)	33	(2.6)	34	(3.4)	32	(3.3)	34	(3.7)	36	(3.5)
20 and over	96	(1.4)	36	(0.8)	43	(1.0)	33	(0.6)	24	(0.9)	34	(0.8)	35	(1.1)	35	(1.0)	35	(1.3)	35	(1.2)
2 and over	96	(1.4)	35	(0.8)	42	(1.1)	33	(0.7)	24	(0.9)	34	(0.8)	34	(1.0)	34	(0.9)	34	(1.3)	34	(1.2)
Hispanic:																				
2 - 5	91*	(2.4)	25	(1.7)	31	(2.6)	22	(1.2)	16	(1.0)	25	(1.9)	25	(2.4)	25	(2.7)	25	(2.8)	26	(2.4)
6 - 11	87	(1.1)	29	(1.3)	35	(2.0)	27	(1.3)	21	(1.2)	30	(2.3)	29	(1.5)	29	(1.5)	30	(1.6)	30	(1.8)
12 - 19	85	(1.7)	35	(1.3)	40	(1.8)	33	(1.0)	26	(1.0)	37	(1.9)	36	(1.9)	35	(1.7)	35	(1.9)	36	(2.4)
20 and over	85	(1.0)	31	(0.5)	36	(0.9)	29	(0.6)	23	(0.7)	33	(1.0)	32	(0.5)	32	(0.5)	32	(0.6)	32	(1.0)
2 and over	86	(0.7)	31	(0.5)	36	(0.9)	29	(0.5)	23	(0.5)	33	(0.8)	32	(0.5)	32	(0.4)	32	(0.6)	32	(0.8)

Table 22. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Race/ethnicity and age (years)	Choles- terol % (SE)	Vitamin A (RAE) % (SE)	Beta- carotene % (SE)	Lycopene % (SE)	Thiamin % (SE)	Ribo- flavin % (SE)	Niacin % (SE)	Vitamin B6 % (SE)	Folate (DFE) % (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:									
2 - 5	29 (2.2)	25 (3.2)	44 (10.0)	56 (7.1)	29 (1.5)	24 (1.4)	34 (2.0)	27 (1.9)	23 (1.7)
6 - 11	36 (1.9)		39 (7.4)	68 (8.5)	31 (1.5)	26 (1.5)	34 (1.5)	30 (1.3)	27 (1.7)
12 - 19	42 (3.8)	31 (2.4)	52 (6.1)	58 (6.4)	33 (1.6)	28 (1.5)	37 (1.7)	32 (1.8)	30 (1.9)
20 and over	39 (1.2)	35 (1.3)	52 (3.4)	55 (3.0)	37 (0.9)	28 (0.7)	38 (1.1)	35 (0.9)	33 (1.1)
2 and over	39 (1.2)	33 (1.2)	52 (2.6)	56 (2.6)	36 (0.9)	28 (0.7)	38 (1.0)	35 (0.9)	32 (1.0)
Non-Hispanic Black:									
2 - 5	41 (4.2)	26 (3.1)	45 (9.6)	49 (8.1)	29 (1.8)	24 (1.4)	33 (1.3)	29 (1.2)	27 (1.9)
6 - 11	38 (3.2)	25 (1.3)	48 (5.2)	54 (4.3)	30 (1.8)	25 (1.1)	35 (1.5)	31 (2.1)	30 (2.1)
12 - 19	41 (2.4)	28 (2.4)	58 (7.9)	55 (6.4)	30 (1.1)	27 (1.3)	36 (1.0)	31 (1.9)	26 (2.7)
20 and over	41 (0.9)	41 (1.9)	61 (4.7)	54 (2.5)	37 (0.9)	33 (1.0)	42 (1.2)	39 (1.4)	35 (0.9)
2 and over	40 (0.8)	37 (1.4)	59 (4.1)	54 (2.3)	35 (0.8)	31 (0.8)	40 (1.0)	37 (1.2)	33 (0.6)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :									
2 - 5	32* (3.0)	21* (3.5)	26* (6.7)	61* (18.3)	22* (2.9)	22* (3.3)	31* (4.9)	27* (5.1)	21* (2.3)
6 - 11	42* (2.9)	28* (3.7)	31* (9.1)	51* (10.5)	33* (1.6)	30* (3.0)	36* (1.2)	34* (2.5)	31* (1.6)
12 - 19	35 (5.8)	28 (2.7)	50 (6.5)	35 (9.6)	36 (2.3)	28 (2.5)	36 (3.5)	35 (3.0)	37 (3.2)
20 and over	42 (2.4)	36 (1.7)	44 (2.9)	56 (6.1)	38 (1.3)	31 (0.7)	41 (1.2)	38 (1.3)	38 (1.0)
2 and over	41 (2.5)	35 (1.5)	44 (2.7)	54 (6.0)	37 (1.1)	31 (0.8)	40 (1.1)	37 (1.2)	37 (1.0)
Hispanic:									
2 - 5	25 (3.9)	16 (1.7)	24 (5.4)	40 (6.9)	26 (2.2)	18 (1.1)	30 (1.9)	25 (1.4)	21 (2.0)
6 - 11	32 (2.4)	20 (1.6)	31 (4.2)	47 (4.3)	29 (1.6)	23 (1.1)	34 (2.1)	29 (1.4)	29 (1.9)
12 - 19	35 (2.3)	28 (1.5)	47 (4.8)	57 (3.6)	35 (1.4)	29 (1.3)	39 (1.7)	33 (1.7)	34 (1.4)
20 and over	28 (1.1)	27 (1.3)	39 (3.1)	40 (1.1)	32 (0.9)	25 (0.7)	33 (0.9)	30 (0.6)	32 (1.1)
2 and over	29 (1.1)	25 (0.9)	39 (2.1)	44 (1.3)	32 (0.7)	25 (0.6)	34 (0.8)	30 (0.6)	31 (0.9)

Table 22. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Race/ethnicity										min E oha-								
and age	Cho	oline	Vitam	in B12	Vita	min C	Vitar	nin D	tocop	herol)	Vitai	nin K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Magr	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																		
2 - 5	29	(1.7)	23	(1.7)	18	(1.7)	18	(1.7)	30	(2.1)	38	(4.9)	24	(1.6)	28	(1.4)	28	(1.2)
6 - 11	33	(1.5)	28	(1.8)	26	(1.6)	19	(2.1)	29	(1.5)	41	(3.9)	27	(1.5)	31	(1.0)	28	(1.1)
12 - 19	38	(2.8)	32	(2.1)	24	(2.5)	23	(3.4)	32	(1.9)	46	(2.6)	28	(1.6)	34	(2.1)	30	(1.5)
20 and over	38	(0.7)	35	(0.8)	32	(1.2)	32	(2.7)	34	(1.0)	52	(1.7)	31	(0.9)	37	(0.7)	32	(0.6)
2 and over	37	(0.7)	34	(0.9)	31	(1.0)	29	(2.3)	33	(0.9)	51	(1.6)	30	(0.8)	36	(0.7)	31	(0.6)
Non-Hispanic Black:																		
2 - 5	34	(1.9)	21	(1.7)	23	(2.4)	13	(1.8)	30	(2.1)	55	(5.3)	21	(1.5)	29	(1.5)	28	(1.5)
6 - 11	36	(1.6)	28	(2.7)	29	(3.0)	17	(3.6)	33	(1.8)	51	(2.4)	24	(1.9)	32	(1.4)	32	(1.5)
12 - 19	38	(2.0)	30	(2.9)	29	(2.9)	23	(3.2)	34	(2.5)	51	(8.1)	28	(1.6)	34	(1.0)	32	(1.3)
20 and over	40	(1.0)	36	(1.4)	34	(1.7)	31	(2.9)	35	(1.7)	57	(3.3)	31	(1.0)	39	(1.0)	36	(1.0)
2 and over	39	(0.9)	33	(1.1)	32	(1.5)	27	(2.0)	35	(1.1)	55	(2.7)	29	(0.9)	37	(0.8)	34	(0.8)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																		
2 - 5	27*	(2.8)	23*	(4.2)	11*	(2.5)	21*	(5.6)	18*	(2.1)	31*	(5.9)	21*	(3.2)	27*	(2.4)	24*	(1.3)
6 - 11	41*	(1.9)	30*	(4.8)	22*	(3.3)	40*	(6.9)	28*	(2.6)	37*	(3.9)	28*	(3.6)	36*	(1.7)	32*	(1.5)
12 - 19	36	(4.4)	27	(4.0)	31	(3.7)	25	(2.8)	30	(2.6)	51	(5.3)	25	(1.8)	35	(2.7)	32	(2.2)
20 and over	40	(1.4)	40	(2.9)	34	(2.5)	35	(3.9)	34	(1.4)	50	(3.2)	28	(0.8)	38	(0.8)	33	(0.9)
2 and over	40	(1.6)	38	(2.8)	33	(2.3)	34	(3.4)	33	(1.3)	50	(3.0)	28	(0.8)	37	(0.9)	33	(0.9)
Hispanic:																		
2 - 5	25	(2.5)	20	(1.9)	18	(1.9)	15	(2.1)	23	(2.4)	26	(4.4)	18	(0.7)	24	(1.5)	24	(1.3)
6 - 11	31	(1.7)	25	(1.7)	26	(3.1)	17	(2.6)	28	(1.9)	38	(3.5)	23	(0.9)	29	(1.5)	28	(1.5)
12 - 19	34	(1.8)	29	(1.6)	30	(2.4)	21	(2.6)	36	(2.5)	41	(3.5)	30	(1.4)	35	(1.4)	33	(1.2)
20 and over	30	(1.0)	31	(0.7)	27	(1.0)	24	(1.7)	30	(1.0)	39	(2.3)	27	(1.0)	32	(0.7)	29	(0.9)
2 and over	30	(1.0)	29	(0.5)	27	(1.0)	22	(1.4)	30	(0.8)	39	(1.9)	26	(0.6)	32	(0.7)	29	(0.8)

Table 22. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Race/ethnicity and age	Iı	on	Zi	inc	Co	pper	Sele	nium	Potas	ssium	Soc	lium	Caf	feine	Al	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																
2 - 5	24	(1.1)	27	(1.4)	28	(1.3)	37	(1.9)	29	(1.1)	35	(1.6)	24*	(8.2)		
6 - 11	25	(1.0)	33	(1.5)	30	(1.6)	40	(1.6)	31	(1.4)	38	(1.0)	27	(4.2)		
12 - 19	30	(1.5)	38	(1.9)	31	(1.6)	45	(2.3)	34	(1.9)	40	(2.3)	19	(3.5)		
20 and over	34	(0.8)	40	(1.0)	34	(0.8)	43	(1.0)	37	(0.6)	44	(1.0)	7	(0.8)	32	(4.1)
2 and over	33	(0.7)	39	(0.9)	33	(0.7)	43	(1.0)	36	(0.6)	43	(0.9)	7	(0.9)		
Non-Hispanic Black:																
2 - 5	25	(1.6)	29	(1.1)	30	(1.5)	41	(1.8)	28	(1.6)	37	(1.8)	22*	(8.9)		
6 - 11	30	(2.2)	34	(2.2)	33	(1.9)	39	(1.7)	32	(1.6)	38	(1.7)	44	(6.0)		
12 - 19	27	(1.9)	34	(2.5)	34	(3.8)	44	(2.1)	35	(1.2)	40	(1.6)	16	(3.9)		
20 and over	36	(1.1)	40	(0.9)	34	(1.0)	44	(0.9)	39	(0.9)	43	(1.1)	14	(1.1)	42	(11.1)
2 and over	33	(0.9)	38	(0.9)	34	(0.8)	44	(0.6)	37	(0.8)	42	(0.9)	14	(1.1)		
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																
2 - 5	20*	(2.6)	31*	(2.8)	21*	(2.2)	31*	(2.6)	24*	(3.2)	32*	(1.4)	60*	(14.3)		
6 - 11	29*	(2.0)	38*	(3.3)	32*	(1.8)	41*	(2.0)	34*	(2.2)	39*	(2.6)	17*	(8.9)		
12 - 19	35	(3.9)	37	(5.2)	33	(3.4)	40	(4.0)	33	(2.6)	41	(4.2)	18*	(10.5)		
20 and over	36	(1.1)	39	(1.3)	33	(1.0)	44	(1.3)	36	(0.8)	45	(1.2)	7	(0.9)	42	(9.7)
2 and over	35	(1.1)	39	(1.5)	33	(1.0)	43	(1.3)	35	(0.8)	45	(1.4)	7	(0.9)		
Hispanic:																
2 - 5	21	(1.5)	26	(2.5)	25	(1.7)	32	(2.8)	24	(1.3)	30	(2.5)	18*	(6.7)		
6 - 11	26	(1.6)	30	(1.6)	28	(1.4)	35	(2.8)	29	(1.4)	34	(1.8)	26	(5.0)		
12 - 19	32	(1.4)	36	(1.5)	35	(1.3)	42	(1.7)	35	(1.4)	41	(1.7)	29	(2.9)		
20 and over	31	(0.7)	34	(0.7)	30	(0.9)	36	(0.9)	31	(0.8)	36	(0.8)	11	(0.8)	27	(3.8)
2 and over	30	(0.6)	34	(0.7)	30	(0.8)	36	(1.0)	31	(0.6)	36	(0.8)	13	(1.0)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Dinner includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "dinner", "supper", or the Spanish equivalent "cena." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from dinner for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the race/ethnicity/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as dinner.
- ⁴ A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Dinner: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 23. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income in dollars and age (years)	Percent reporting ³ % (SE)	Eı %	nergy (SE)	Pro %	otein (SE)		arbo- lrate (SE)		otal gars (SE)		etary ber (SE)		otal at (SE)		urated at (SE)	unsat	ono- urated at (SE)	unsat	oly- urated at (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																			
2 - 5	95* (1.5)	31	(1.6)	39	(2.2)	27	(1.3)	20	(1.2)	30	(2.2)	34	(2.3)	32	(2.4)	34	(2.3)	35	(2.7)
6 - 11	91 (2.3)	30	(1.8)	37	(2.2)	27	(1.7)	20	(1.2)	32	(2.6)	33	(2.2)	33	(2.1)	34	(2.4)	30	(2.5)
12 - 19	85 (1.9)	34	(1.5)	42	(1.4)	30	(1.5)	24	(2.0)	34	(2.2)	37	(2.2)	36	(2.2)	37	(2.5)	38	(3.2)
20 and over	89 (1.3)	36	(0.9)	41	(1.1)	32	(1.0)	24	(1.2)	39	(1.5)	38	(1.0)	37	(1.2)	37	(0.8)	40	(1.2)
2 and over	89 (0.9)	35	(0.8)	41	(0.9)	31	(0.8)	24	(0.9)	37	(1.3)	37	(0.8)	37	(0.9)	37	(0.7)	39	(1.1)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																			
2 - 5	95* (1.8)	26	(1.2)	33	(1.5)	23	(1.3)	17	(1.2)	27	(2.4)	29	(1.6)	28	(1.8)	29	(1.9)	29	(1.7)
6 - 11	92 (1.3)	31	(1.2)	39	(1.6)	28	(0.9)	22	(1.6)	30	(1.4)	32	(1.7)	32	(1.9)	32	(1.8)	32	(1.9)
12 - 19	86 (1.9)	33	(1.1)	40	(1.5)	30	(1.3)	24	(1.4)	32	(1.1)	35	(1.1)	35	(1.4)	35	(1.0)	34	(1.4)
20 and over	93 (0.6)	36	(0.7)	42	(1.2)	32	(0.6)	25	(0.9)	37	(0.7)	38	(0.8)	38	(0.9)	38	(0.9)	38	(1.0)
2 and over	92 (0.5)	35	(0.6)	42	(1.1)	31	(0.6)	24	(0.9)	35	(0.7)	37	(0.7)	37	(0.7)	37	(0.8)	37	(0.8)
\$75,000 and higher:																			
2 - 5	98* (1.2)	27	(1.2)	32	(1.9)	24	(1.1)	18	(1.6)	30	(1.7)	29	(1.9)	29	(2.5)	28	(2.2)	29	(2.2)
6 - 11	96* (0.6)	29	(1.0)	37	(1.2)	25	(1.1)	18	(1.1)	30	(1.3)	31	(1.1)	31	(1.6)	30	(1.1)	29	(1.3)
12 - 19	86 (4.0)	35	(2.1)	43	(2.5)	32	(2.1)	23	(2.3)	35	(2.4)	36	(2.3)	36	(2.1)	36	(2.4)	36	(2.8)
20 and over	97 (0.6)	35	(0.9)	43	(1.0)	31	(0.8)	24	(0.7)	36	(0.8)	37	(1.2)	38	(1.3)	37	(1.2)	36	(1.3)
2 and over	96 (0.7)	35	(0.8)	42	(0.8)	30	(0.8)	23	(0.5)	35	(0.7)	36	(1.1)	36	(1.1)	36	(1.1)	35	(1.2)
All Individuals ⁴ :																			
2 - 5	96 (1.0)	28	(0.8)	34	(1.4)	24	(0.6)	18	(0.6)	29	(1.3)	30	(1.1)	30	(1.3)	30	(1.3)	31	(1.0)
6 - 11	93 (0.8)	30	(0.8)	37	(1.0)	27	(0.8)	20	(0.8)	30	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	32	(1.2)	32	(1.2)	31	(1.0)
12 - 19	86 (1.6)	34	(0.9)	41	(1.2)	31	(1.0)	24	(1.1)	34	(1.0)	36	(0.9)	36	(1.0)	36	(1.0)	35	(1.1)
20 and over	93 (0.5)	36	(0.5)	42	(0.7)	32	(0.5)	24	(0.5)	37	(0.6)	38	(0.6)	38	(0.6)	37	(0.7)	38	(0.7)
2 and over	93 (0.4)	35	(0.5)	41	(0.7)	31	(0.5)	23	(0.5)	36	(0.5)	37	(0.6)	37	(0.5)	36	(0.7)	37	(0.6)

Table 23. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars and age (years)		oles- erol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyc %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- ıvin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitai %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	38	(3.5)	25	(1.6)	41	(5.8)	58	(11.0)	31	(2.2)	25	(1.6)	35	(2.0)	28	(1.7)	26	(2.3)
6 - 11	37	(2.5)	23	(1.4)	38	(6.0)	55	(5.2)	30	(1.9)	24	(1.4)	33	(1.9)	28	(1.6)	28	(2.2)
12 - 19	39	(3.6)	28	(2.3)	56	(6.7)	52	(4.4)	32	(1.6)	27	(1.3)	37	(1.8)	31	(1.8)	29	(1.8)
20 and over	36	(1.2)	34	(1.9)	50	(3.1)	49	(3.6)	37	(1.0)	28	(1.0)	36	(1.0)	34	(1.3)	35	(1.4)
2 and over	36	(1.1)	32	(1.5)	50	(2.7)	51	(2.8)	36	(0.8)	28	(0.7)	36	(0.9)	33	(1.1)	34	(1.2)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	29	(2.6)	18	(1.9)	30	(4.2)	52	(9.6)	25	(1.5)	21	(1.3)	32	(1.5)	26	(1.5)	21	(1.7)
6 - 11	37	(3.0)	22	(2.2)	35	(4.2)	56	(5.0)	31	(1.6)	25	(1.3)	36	(1.3)	31	(1.3)	27	(1.6)
12 - 19	39	(2.5)	30	(2.4)	53	(7.9)	49	(3.4)	32	(1.1)	27	(1.3)	35	(1.2)	31	(1.0)	31	(1.4)
20 and over	37	(1.3)	36	(1.4)	54	(2.6)	50	(3.6)	37	(1.0)	29	(0.9)	38	(1.3)	35	(1.3)	34	(1.0)
2 and over	37	(1.2)	33	(1.4)	52	(2.5)	50	(2.9)	35	(0.9)	28	(0.8)	37	(1.1)	34	(1.1)	32	(0.9)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	26	(3.1)	22	(2.3)	32	(6.3)	44	(9.1)	29	(1.2)	22	(1.2)	33	(1.7)	26	(1.4)	24	(1.1)
6 - 11	33	(1.4)	26	(3.1)	37	(6.3)	64*	(11.2)	30	(1.2)	26	(1.8)	34	(1.5)	30	(1.3)	29	(1.5)
12 - 19	39	(3.6)	30	(2.2)	48	(5.7)	65	(8.5)	34	(2.6)	29	(1.7)	39	(2.0)	34	(2.1)	32	(2.6)
20 and over	40	(1.4)	34	(1.6)	48	(4.2)	57	(3.7)	36	(1.0)	28	(0.9)	39	(1.0)	36	(0.9)	32	(1.2)
2 and over	39	(1.3)	32	(1.3)	47	(3.1)	58	(3.3)	35	(1.0)	28	(0.8)	38	(0.9)	35	(0.7)	32	(1.1)
All Individuals ⁴ :																		
2 - 5	31	(2.2)	23	(1.6)	41	(5.2)	50	(3.8)	28	(0.8)	23	(0.7)	33	(1.0)	27	(0.9)	23	(1.0)
6 - 11	35	(1.2)	24	(1.3)	37	(3.3)	58	(5.4)	30	(0.9)	25	(0.9)	34	(0.9)	30	(0.8)	28	(0.9)
12 - 19	39	(1.9)	30	(1.3)	51	(3.5)	56	(3.3)	33	(1.0)	28	(0.8)	37	(1.0)	32	(1.0)	31	(1.2)
20 and over	37	(0.8)	34	(0.9)	51	(2.2)	52	(2.5)	36	(0.7)	28	(0.5)	38	(0.8)	35	(0.6)	33	(0.7)
2 and over	37	(0.8)	33	(0.8)	50	(1.8)	53	(2.0)	35	(0.6)	28	(0.4)	37	(0.7)	34	(0.6)	32	(0.6)

Table 23. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	(al _j	min E pha- pherol)	Vita	min K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Маон	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	% Itali	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	% Ha	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	33	(2.5)	23	(1.7)	20	(2.3)	17	(2.1)	31	(2.7)	46	(5.6)	24	(1.3)	32	(1.7)	30	(1.5)
6 - 11	32	(1.9)	25	(1.3)	26	(2.5)	14	(2.2)	29	(2.3)	36	(5.1)	24	(1.1)	30	(1.8)	29	(1.8)
12 - 19	37	(2.6)	31	(2.7)	28	(2.3)	18	(2.3)	36	(4.4)	54	(5.2)	28	(1.8)	35	(1.4)	31	(1.9)
20 and over	36	(1.1)	31	(2.6)	30	(1.6)	27	(1.7)	33	(0.8)	48	(2.8)	31	(1.1)	37	(1.0)	33	(0.8)
2 and over	36	(0.9)	30	(1.9)	29	(1.4)	24	(1.3)	33	(0.8)	48	(2.4)	30	(0.8)	36	(0.9)	32	(0.7)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	27	(1.6)	21	(1.8)	19	(1.7)	17	(2.3)	28	(2.0)	38	(2.8)	20	(1.4)	26	(1.0)	25	(1.2)
6 - 11	35	(2.0)	28	(1.5)	26	(2.3)	18	(1.5)	30	(1.5)	38	(2.5)	23	(1.6)	31	(1.4)	29	(1.2)
12 - 19	36	(1.7)	28	(1.6)	28	(2.1)	22	(2.6)	31	(1.3)	38	(3.6)	28	(1.4)	33	(1.3)	30	(1.3)
20 and over	37	(1.0)	36	(1.1)	33	(1.3)	27	(1.5)	35	(1.4)	50	(1.6)	31	(0.9)	37	(1.0)	32	(0.9)
2 and over	36	(1.0)	34	(0.9)	31	(1.0)	25	(1.2)	34	(1.2)	49	(1.3)	29	(0.8)	36	(0.9)	31	(0.8)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	26	(2.0)	22	(1.8)	17	(2.0)	16	(2.1)	26	(1.2)	30	(3.0)	21	(1.6)	26	(1.2)	26	(1.2)
6 - 11	32	(1.3)	27	(2.4)	27	(2.5)	22	(3.4)	28	(1.8)	46	(4.2)	27	(1.9)	30	(1.3)	28	(1.0)
12 - 19	37	(2.7)	32	(2.1)	26	(3.7)	25	(3.3)	33	(2.6)	48	(2.9)	28	(2.0)	35	(2.2)	32	(1.9)
20 and over	38	(0.8)	36	(1.6)	32	(1.4)	37	(4.7)	32	(0.8)	51	(2.1)	30	(1.2)	37	(0.8)	31	(0.6)
2 and over	37	(0.7)	34	(1.2)	31	(1.2)	33	(3.7)	31	(0.8)	50	(1.8)	29	(1.0)	36	(0.6)	31	(0.5)
All Individuals ⁴ :																		
2 - 5	29	(1.3)	22	(0.7)	19	(1.1)	17	(1.1)	28	(1.4)	39	(2.9)	22	(0.9)	28	(0.9)	27	(0.8)
6 - 11	33	(0.9)	27	(1.1)	26	(1.3)	19	(1.3)	29	(1.2)	41	(2.6)	25	(1.0)	31	(0.9)	29	(0.9)
12 - 19	37	(1.5)	31	(1.2)	27	(1.5)	23	(1.8)	33	(1.2)	46	(2.0)	28	(0.9)	35	(1.1)	31	(0.9)
20 and over	37	(0.5)	35	(0.7)	32	(0.9)	31	(1.7)	33	(0.8)	50	(1.1)	30	(0.6)	37	(0.5)	32	(0.4)
2 and over	36	(0.5)	33	(0.6)	31	(0.8)	28	(1.4)	33	(0.7)	49	(1.0)	29	(0.5)	36	(0.5)	31	(0.4)

Table 23. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars																
and age	I	ron	Z	Zinc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Caf	feine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																
2 - 5	24	(1.6)	32	(2.4)	29	(1.7)	44	(2.5)	29	(1.4)	38	(2.1)	45	(8.1)		
6 - 11	26	(1.9)	32	(2.4)	30	(2.3)	39	(2.5)	29	(1.6)	36	(2.3)	22	(3.5)		
12 - 19	30	(1.5)	36	(1.8)	33	(2.3)	42	(1.5)	35	(1.5)	40	(1.5)	22	(5.6)		
20 and over	34	(1.2)	39	(1.0)	34	(1.1)	42	(1.2)	36	(0.9)	42	(1.5)	9	(1.5)	39	(8.0)
2 and over	32	(1.0)	38	(0.8)	33	(1.0)	41	(1.0)	35	(0.7)	41	(1.2)	9	(1.4)		
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																
2 - 5	22	(1.2)	25	(1.3)	27	(1.6)	34	(2.0)	27	(1.1)	33	(1.6)	12*	(2.6)		
6 - 11	27	(1.5)	33	(1.0)	31	(1.3)	39	(2.0)	31	(1.5)	37	(1.0)	35	(4.4)		
12 - 19	29	(1.5)	35	(1.7)	31	(1.2)	41	(1.8)	33	(1.1)	39	(1.2)	23	(6.1)		
20 and over	34	(1.0)	41	(1.1)	34	(1.0)	42	(1.3)	36	(0.9)	42	(1.1)	9	(1.4)	27	(4.8)
2 and over	32	(0.9)	39	(1.0)	33	(0.9)	41	(1.2)	35	(0.8)	41	(0.9)	10	(1.5)		
\$75,000 and higher:																
2 - 5	24	(1.1)	26	(2.3)	27	(1.8)	34	(1.5)	26	(1.3)	32	(1.5)	19*	(6.1)		
6 - 11	26	(0.8)	33	(1.6)	30	(1.5)	38	(1.5)	31	(1.3)	37	(1.0)	23*	(7.0)		
12 - 19	31	(2.4)	39	(2.1)	33	(2.2)	46	(2.3)	35	(2.3)	41	(2.6)	20	(4.0)		
20 and over	34	(0.8)	39	(1.0)	32	(0.8)	43	(0.7)	36	(0.8)	43	(1.0)	6	(1.0)	35	(3.5)
2 and over	32	(0.8)	38	(0.8)	32	(0.7)	43	(0.7)	35	(0.6)	42	(0.9)	7	(1.0)		
All Individuals ⁴ :																
2 - 5	23	(0.4)	27	(1.3)	28	(0.8)	37	(1.5)	28	(0.8)	34	(1.1)	22	(4.9)		
6 - 11	27	(0.6)	33	(0.9)	30	(1.0)	39	(1.1)	31	(1.0)	37	(0.8)	28	(3.6)		
12 - 19	30	(0.9)	37	(1.0)	33	(1.0)	43	(1.2)	34	(1.0)	40	(1.2)	21	(2.7)		
20 and over	34	(0.5)	39	(0.7)	33	(0.6)	42	(0.8)	36	(0.4)	42	(0.7)	8	(0.8)	33	(3.3)
2 and over	32	(0.5)	38	(0.6)	33	(0.5)	42	(0.8)	35	(0.4)	42	(0.7)	8	(0.9)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Dinner includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "dinner", "supper", or the Spanish equivalent "cena." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from dinner for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as dinner.
- ⁴ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Dinner: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 24. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income as % of poverty level and age		cent rting ⁴	En	ergy	Pro	otein		rbo- lrate		otal gars		etary ber		otal at		ırated at	unsat	ono- urated at	unsat	oly- urated at
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																				
2 - 5	93*	(2.0)	30	(1.6)	37	(2.1)	26	(1.3)	20	(1.5)	30	(2.0)	32	(2.3)	31	(2.3)	33	(2.3)	34	(2.8)
6 - 11	89	(1.7)	30	(1.4)	36	(2.0)	27	(1.1)	20	(0.7)	30	(1.7)	31	(1.8)	31	(1.9)	32	(2.0)	30	(1.7)
12 - 19	85	(2.4)	35	(1.2)	42	(1.3)	30	(1.2)	23	(1.3)	36	(1.5)	37	(1.7)	37	(1.7)	37	(2.0)	37	(2.2)
20 and over	88	(1.1)	35	(0.9)	41	(1.2)	32	(1.0)	24	(1.2)	38	(1.5)	37	(1.1)	37	(1.1)	37	(1.2)	38	(1.5)
2 and over	88	(0.6)	34	(0.7)	40	(1.0)	31	(0.7)	23	(0.8)	37	(1.1)	36	(0.9)	36	(0.9)	36	(1.0)	37	(1.0)
131-350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	98*	(0.9)	26	(0.8)	33	(1.2)	22	(0.9)	16	(1.0)	28	(2.0)	28	(1.3)	27	(1.4)	28	(1.6)	29	(1.8)
6 - 11	95	(1.3)	31	(0.8)	40	(1.1)	27	(1.0)	21	(1.1)	31	(1.1)	33	(1.4)	33	(1.6)	33	(1.5)	32	(1.7)
12 - 19	86	(1.6)	34	(1.0)	41	(1.4)	31	(1.2)	26	(1.5)	32	(1.6)	35	(1.1)	35	(1.4)	34	(1.2)	33	(1.3)
20 and over	93	(0.6)	35	(0.9)	42	(1.0)	32	(0.8)	25	(1.0)	36	(1.1)	37	(0.8)	38	(1.0)	36	(0.8)	37	(0.9)
2 and over	93	(0.4)	34	(0.7)	41	(0.9)	31	(0.7)	24	(0.9)	35	(1.0)	36	(0.7)	37	(0.8)	35	(0.7)	36	(0.8)
Over 350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	97*	(1.5)	27	(1.3)	32	(2.4)	24	(1.1)	20	(1.9)	30	(1.9)	30	(2.3)	30	(3.1)	29	(2.8)	30	(3.0)
6 - 11	96*	(1.0)	28	(1.3)	36	(1.7)	25	(1.4)	18	(1.8)	29	(1.7)	30	(1.5)	30	(1.9)	29	(1.7)	29	(1.5)
12 - 19	86	(5.1)	34	(2.4)	42	(2.8)	31	(2.3)	21	(2.2)	35	(2.8)	36	(2.6)	35	(2.5)	36	(2.7)	37	(3.2)
20 and over	97	(0.5)	36	(0.9)	43	(1.2)	32	(0.9)	24	(0.8)	36	(1.0)	38	(1.2)	38	(1.2)	38	(1.4)	38	(1.5)
2 and over	96	(0.7)	35	(0.9)	43	(1.1)	31	(0.9)	23	(0.8)	36	(1.0)	37	(1.2)	37	(1.1)	37	(1.3)	37	(1.4)
All Individuals ⁵ :																				
2 - 5	96	(1.0)	28	(0.8)	34	(1.4)	24	(0.6)	18	(0.6)	29	(1.3)	30	(1.1)	30	(1.3)	30	(1.3)	31	(1.0)
6 - 11	93	(0.8)	30	(0.8)	37	(1.0)	27	(0.8)	20	(0.8)	30	(1.0)	32	(1.1)	32	(1.2)	32	(1.2)	31	(1.0)
12 - 19	86	(1.6)	34	(0.9)	41	(1.2)	31	(1.0)	24	(1.1)	34	(1.0)	36	(0.9)	36	(1.0)	36	(1.0)	35	(1.1)
20 and over	93	(0.5)	36	(0.5)	42	(0.7)	32	(0.5)	24	(0.5)	37	(0.6)	38	(0.6)	38	(0.6)	37	(0.7)	38	(0.7)
2 and over	93	(0.4)	35	(0.5)	41	(0.7)	31	(0.5)	23	(0.5)	36	(0.5)	37	(0.6)	37	(0.5)	36	(0.7)	37	(0.6)

Table 24. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age		oles- erol		min A AE)		eta- otene	Lyc	opene	Thi	amin		ibo- vin	Ni	acin	Vitar	nin B6		olate FE)
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	35	(3.3)	22	(1.3)	35	(5.0)	58	(8.7)	29	(1.6)	24	(1.3)	34	(1.8)	28	(2.1)	24	(1.7)
6 - 11	34	(2.5)	20	(1.4)	29	(3.4)	53	(4.9)	29	(1.4)	24	(1.2)	33	(1.6)	28	(1.6)	28	(1.2)
12 - 19	39	(3.1)	31	(2.3)	58	(5.9)	55	(3.9)	34	(1.2)	28	(1.1)	37	(1.7)	33	(1.6)	33	(1.9)
20 and over	35	(1.2)	34	(1.4)	50	(3.3)	47	(3.4)	38	(1.1)	29	(0.6)	37	(1.2)	34	(1.4)	36	(1.5)
2 and over	35	(1.2)	31	(1.1)	48	(2.9)	49	(2.8)	36	(0.7)	28	(0.5)	36	(1.0)	33	(1.1)	34	(1.0)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	29	(2.6)	20	(2.0)	39	(6.0)	54	(6.8)	26	(1.1)	22	(1.0)	32	(1.2)	26	(0.9)	21	(1.2)
6 - 11	38	(2.3)	24	(2.6)	45	(7.9)	66	(6.6)	31	(1.3)	25	(0.9)	36	(1.5)	32	(1.6)	27	(2.1)
12 - 19	40	(2.4)	30	(2.1)	53	(6.4)	52	(3.9)	32	(1.2)	28	(1.5)	35	(1.4)	31	(1.5)	29	(1.6)
20 and over	37	(1.5)	34	(1.8)	49	(4.7)	48	(4.3)	35	(1.1)	28	(0.9)	36	(1.1)	33	(0.8)	32	(1.1)
2 and over	37	(1.3)	32	(1.4)	48	(4.0)	50	(3.7)	34	(0.9)	27	(0.8)	36	(0.9)	32	(0.7)	31	(1.0)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	25	(3.5)	22	(2.5)	29	(6.1)	36	(8.4)	29	(1.6)	22	(1.3)	33	(2.5)	26	(1.7)	24	(1.5)
6 - 11	33	(2.3)	27	(1.9)	34	(4.5)	52	(7.8)	30	(1.0)	28	(2.4)	33	(1.7)	29	(2.3)	29	(1.1)
12 - 19	38	(3.9)	28	(2.2)	45	(6.9)	63	(10.1)	33	(2.9)	28	(1.7)	39	(2.3)	33	(2.3)	32	(3.0)
20 and over	40	(1.6)	35	(1.4)	53	(2.4)	58	(3.5)	37	(1.2)	28	(1.0)	40	(1.1)	37	(1.3)	33	(1.4)
2 and over	39	(1.4)	33	(1.2)	51	(2.0)	58	(3.1)	36	(1.2)	28	(0.9)	39	(1.1)	36	(1.1)	33	(1.3)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	31	(2.2)	23	(1.6)	41	(5.2)	50	(3.8)	28	(0.8)	23	(0.7)	33	(1.0)	27	(0.9)	23	(1.0)
6 - 11	35	(1.2)	24	(1.3)	37	(3.3)	58	(5.4)	30	(0.9)	25	(0.9)	34	(0.9)	30	(0.8)	28	(0.9)
12 - 19	39	(1.9)	30	(1.3)	51	(3.5)	56	(3.3)	33	(1.0)	28	(0.8)	37	(1.0)	32	(1.0)	31	(1.2)
20 and over	37	(0.8)	34	(0.9)	51	(2.2)	52	(2.5)	36	(0.7)	28	(0.5)	38	(0.8)	35	(0.6)	33	(0.7)
2 and over	37	(0.8)	33	(0.8)	50	(1.8)	53	(2.0)	35	(0.6)	28	(0.4)	37	(0.7)	34	(0.6)	32	(0.6)

Table 24. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level										min E pha-								
and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	tocop	herol)	Vita	min K	Cal	lcium	Phos	phorus	Mag	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	32	(2.4)	22	(1.4)	19	(1.7)	16	(1.8)	32	(2.8)	44	(5.1)	22	(1.2)	30	(1.7)	29	(1.4)
6 - 11	31	(1.6)	25	(1.1)	25	(2.2)	17	(2.0)	29	(1.5)	34	(4.0)	23	(1.0)	30	(1.5)	29	(1.3)
12 - 19	37	(2.0)	32	(2.2)	28	(2.3)	19	(2.0)	37	(3.4)	48	(4.5)	29	(1.0)	35	(1.0)	33	(1.2)
20 and over	36	(1.0)	34	(1.3)	31	(1.5)	27	(1.9)	34	(1.1)	49	(2.6)	31	(0.7)	36	(0.9)	32	(0.8)
2 and over	35	(0.9)	32	(1.2)	29	(1.3)	24	(1.6)	34	(0.6)	48	(2.3)	29	(0.4)	35	(0.7)	32	(0.5)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	28	(1.6)	21	(1.6)	19	(1.5)	19	(2.3)	26	(1.9)	37	(2.5)	21	(1.4)	26	(0.8)	25	(0.9)
6 - 11	35	(1.6)	28	(1.9)	28	(2.3)	17	(1.8)	32	(1.7)	46	(3.4)	25	(1.5)	31	(1.0)	30	(0.9)
12 - 19	37	(1.7)	29	(1.9)	28	(2.6)	24	(2.3)	30	(1.4)	40	(2.9)	29	(1.7)	34	(1.3)	30	(1.4)
20 and over	36	(1.2)	34	(1.7)	31	(1.2)	27	(1.9)	32	(1.1)	48	(1.9)	31	(1.1)	36	(1.0)	31	(0.7)
2 and over	36	(1.0)	32	(1.4)	30	(1.0)	25	(1.4)	32	(1.0)	47	(1.6)	30	(0.9)	35	(0.9)	31	(0.6)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	25	(2.2)	23	(2.3)	17	(2.4)	16*	(2.0)	27	(1.6)	29	(3.5)	20	(1.6)	26	(1.3)	26	(1.5)
6 - 11	32	(1.9)	29	(3.5)	25	(2.5)	25	(4.1)	26	(1.6)	42	(3.0)	28	(1.7)	31	(1.7)	28	(1.5)
12 - 19	36	(3.0)	31	(2.3)	24	(4.0)	24	(4.7)	33	(3.1)	48	(3.4)	26	(1.8)	34	(2.4)	31	(2.0)
20 and over	39	(0.9)	36	(1.3)	34	(1.5)	36	(4.1)	33	(1.4)	52	(2.0)	30	(1.0)	37	(0.9)	32	(0.8)
2 and over	38	(0.8)	35	(1.0)	32	(1.4)	33	(3.5)	33	(1.3)	51	(1.8)	29	(0.8)	36	(0.8)	31	(0.7)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	29	(1.3)	22	(0.7)	19	(1.1)	17	(1.1)	28	(1.4)	39	(2.9)	22	(0.9)	28	(0.9)	27	(0.8)
6 - 11	33	(0.9)	27	(1.1)	26	(1.3)	19	(1.3)	29	(1.2)	41	(2.6)	25	(1.0)	31	(0.9)	29	(0.9)
12 - 19	37	(1.5)	31	(1.2)	27	(1.5)	23	(1.8)	33	(1.2)	46	(2.0)	28	(0.9)	35	(1.1)	31	(0.9)
20 and over	37	(0.5)	35	(0.7)	32	(0.9)	31	(1.7)	33	(0.8)	50	(1.1)	30	(0.6)	37	(0.5)	32	(0.4)
2 and over	36	(0.5)	33	(0.6)	31	(0.8)	28	(1.4)	33	(0.7)	49	(1.0)	29	(0.5)	36	(0.5)	31	(0.4)

Table 24. Dinner¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level																
and age	I	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Caf	feine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																
2 - 5	23	(1.1)	30	(2.0)	30	(1.6)	41	(2.3)	29	(1.5)	36	(2.1)	37	(6.0)		
6 - 11	26	(1.1)	32	(1.8)	30	(1.6)	37	(2.8)	29	(1.3)	35	(1.8)	23	(2.9)		
12 - 19	32	(1.5)	38	(1.3)	34	(1.7)	43	(1.2)	35	(1.2)	40	(1.2)	22	(4.1)		
20 and over	34	(1.0)	39	(1.0)	34	(0.7)	41	(1.2)	35	(0.7)	42	(1.2)	9	(1.8)	31	(5.3)
2 and over	32	(0.8)	38	(0.8)	33	(0.5)	41	(1.1)	34	(0.5)	41	(1.0)	10	(1.6)		
131-350% poverty:																
2 - 5	22	(0.6)	26	(1.2)	26	(1.4)	35	(1.5)	27	(0.4)	33	(1.2)	11*	(2.9)		
6 - 11	27	(1.3)	34	(1.4)	31	(1.4)	41	(1.6)	33	(1.3)	39	(0.9)	35	(4.2)		
12 - 19	28	(1.5)	35	(2.0)	31	(1.6)	41	(1.6)	34	(1.0)	40	(1.2)	27	(6.8)		
20 and over	33	(1.2)	40	(1.0)	33	(0.9)	41	(1.3)	35	(0.9)	42	(1.3)	10	(1.7)	30	(5.9)
2 and over	31	(1.1)	38	(0.9)	32	(0.8)	41	(1.1)	35	(0.7)	41	(1.0)	11	(1.8)		
Over 350% poverty:																
2 - 5	24	(1.2)	26	(2.6)	28	(1.9)	34	(1.8)	26	(1.6)	31	(1.6)	26*	(8.9)		
6 - 11	27	(1.0)	32	(2.0)	28	(1.6)	37	(1.2)	29	(1.8)	37	(1.5)	16*	(6.4)		
12 - 19	31	(2.6)	38	(2.4)	32	(2.4)	46	(2.7)	34	(2.3)	40	(2.7)	11*	(2.7)		
20 and over	35	(1.1)	40	(1.3)	33	(1.2)	44	(1.0)	37	(0.7)	44	(1.1)	6	(0.7)	33	(3.1)
2 and over	34	(1.1)	39	(1.2)	33	(1.1)	43	(1.0)	36	(0.6)	43	(1.0)	6	(0.6)		
All Individuals ⁵ :																
2 - 5	23	(0.4)	27	(1.3)	28	(0.8)	37	(1.5)	28	(0.8)	34	(1.1)	22	(4.9)		
6 - 11	27	(0.6)	33	(0.9)	30	(1.0)	39	(1.1)	31	(1.0)	37	(0.8)	28	(3.6)		
12 - 19	30	(0.9)	37	(1.0)	33	(1.0)	43	(1.2)	34	(1.0)	40	(1.2)	21	(2.7)		
20 and over	34	(0.5)	39	(0.7)	33	(0.6)	42	(0.8)	36	(0.4)	42	(0.7)	8	(0.8)	33	(3.3)
2 and over	32	(0.5)	38	(0.6)	33	(0.5)	42	(0.8)	35	(0.4)	42	(0.7)	8	(0.9)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Dinner includes eating occasions designated by the respondent as "dinner", "supper", or the Spanish equivalent "cena." Please note these eating occasions include consumption of beverages including water.
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from dinner for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.
- ⁴ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as dinner.
- ⁵ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error: RAE = retinol activity equivalents: DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Dinner: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Dinner, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 25. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Gender and age (years)	Percent reporting ³ % (SE)	Energy % (SE)	Protein % (SE)	Carbo- hydrate % (SE)	Total sugars % (SE)	Dietary fiber % (SE)	Total fat % (SE)	Saturated fat % (SE)	Mono- unsaturated fat % (SE)	Poly- unsaturated fat % (SE)
Males:		l				, ,			,	, ,
2 - 5	94 (1.5)	27 (1.3)	18 (1.2)	31 (1.3)	40 (1.4)	24 (0.9)	26 (1.7)	27 (1.9)	25 (1.9)	26 (2.1)
6 - 11	94 (1.5)	24 (1.9)	13 (1.5)	28 (2.1)	35 (2.3)	23 (2.0)	23 (1.8)	24 (2.2)	22 (1.6)	24 (2.1)
12 - 19	90 (2.0)	22 (1.2)	13 (0.8)	25 (1.4)	34 (1.5)	20 (1.2)	21 (1.5)	21 (1.7)	21 (1.4)	21 (1.9)
20 - 29	90 (2.2)	22 (1.0)	13 (0.9)	26 (1.3)	37 (2.4)	19 (1.6)	18 (1.1)	17 (1.2)	18 (1.6)	19 (1.4)
30 - 39	93 (1.4)	22 (1.5)	11 (0.9)	26 (1.8)	38 (2.5)	17 (1.1)	18 (1.0)	18 (1.2)	18 (1.2)	17 (1.1)
40 - 49	95 (1.3)	23 (1.4)	11 (1.3)	25 (2.0)	36 (3.0)	19 (3.0)	17 (1.9)	16 (1.5)	18 (2.7)	16 (1.7)
50 - 59	94 (1.5)	23 (1.3)	12 (1.5)	28 (1.7)	39 (3.2)	17 (0.9)	17 (1.4)	19 (1.8)	17 (1.5)	16 (1.7)
60 - 69	94 (0.8)	20 (1.3)	11 (0.8)	23 (1.5)	33 (2.7)	16 (1.4)	19 (1.4)	19 (1.4)	20 (1.6)	18 (1.8)
70 and over	89 (1.5)	18 (1.4)	10 (0.8)	20 (1.5)	27 (1.9)	14 (1.8)	17 (1.9)	16 (1.7)	19 (2.1)	18 (2.5)
2 - 19	92 (1.2)	24 (1.0)	14 (0.6)	27 (1.0)	35 (1.2)	22 (0.9)	22 (1.1)	23 (1.2)	22 (0.9)	23 (1.3)
20 and over	93 (0.6)	22 (0.7)	11 (0.5)	25 (0.8)	36 (1.2)	17 (0.6)	18 (0.8)	18 (0.8)	18 (0.9)	17 (0.8)
2 and over	92 (0.7)	22 (0.6)	12 (0.4)	26 (0.7)	36 (1.0)	18 (0.5)	19 (0.6)	19 (0.7)	19 (0.7)	18 (0.7)
Females:										
2 - 5	95* (1.4)	26 (0.9)	17 (1.1)	29 (1.0)	37 (1.8)	22 (1.4)	25 (1.1)	25 (1.1)	25 (1.2)	24 (1.7)
6 - 11	95 (1.0)	26 (1.3)	15 (0.9)	29 (1.4)	35 (1.6)	24 (0.9)	26 (1.3)	25 (1.3)	25 (1.4)	28 (1.6)
12 - 19	86 (1.9)	21 (1.4)	11 (0.8)	24 (1.6)	31 (2.3)	19 (1.0)	22 (1.5)	23 (2.1)	21 (1.3)	22 (1.5)
20 - 29	94 (1.0)	22 (1.3)	13 (0.9)	27 (1.7)	37 (2.3)	22 (1.6)	20 (1.3)	21 (0.8)	19 (1.4)	18 (2.0)
30 - 39	95 (1.2)	23 (1.8)	12 (0.7)	26 (1.7)	38 (2.5)	21 (1.4)	21 (1.8)	22 (2.1)	21 (2.0)	19 (1.7)
40 - 49	97* (1.0)	20 (1.3)	10 (0.7)	23 (1.8)	33 (3.2)	18 (1.1)	19 (1.0)	19 (1.2)	19 (1.5)	18 (1.3)
50 - 59	94 (1.5)	23 (1.2)	13 (1.0)	26 (1.2)	36 (1.8)	18 (1.5)	21 (1.6)	21 (2.2)	22 (2.1)	19 (1.4)
60 - 69	97* (1.3)	22 (1.7)	12 (1.5)	27 (1.9)	37 (3.2)	17 (1.2)	20 (2.0)	24 (2.3)	20 (2.2)	17 (2.2)
70 and over	95 (0.8)	19 (1.3)	11 (0.8)	22 (1.2)	30 (1.9)	16 (1.5)	17 (1.9)	18 (2.1)	18 (2.2)	16 (1.5)
2 - 19	91 (1.1)	23 (0.8)	14 (0.6)	26 (0.9)	34 (1.3)	21 (0.7)	23 (0.9)	24 (1.2)	23 (0.9)	24 (0.9)
20 and over	95 (0.6)	22 (0.8)	12 (0.6)	25 (0.7)	35 (1.0)	19 (0.6)	20 (0.9)	21 (1.0)	20 (1.1)	18 (0.9)
2 and over	94 (0.5)	22 (0.7)	12 (0.5)	26 (0.7)	35 (1.0)	19 (0.6)	21 (0.8)	22 (0.9)	21 (1.0)	19 (0.7)
Males and females: 2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	91 (1.0)	23 (0.6)	14 (0.4)	27 (0.6)	35 (0.9)	21 (0.5)	23 (0.7)	23 (0.8)	22 (0.7)	23 (0.7)
	94 (0.4)	22 (0.7)	12 (0.5)	25 (0.7)	36 (0.9)	18 (0.5)	19 (0.7)	19 (0.8)	19 (0.8)	18 (0.7)
	93 (0.5)	22 (0.6)	12 (0.4)	26 (0.6)	35 (0.8)	19 (0.4)	19 (0.6)	20 (0.7)	20 (0.7)	19 (0.6)

Table 25. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Gender and age (years)	Cho ter		Vitamin A (RAE) % (SE)	Beta- carotene % (SE)	Lycopene % (SE)	Thiami % (SI	n f	Ribo- lavin (SE)	Niac % (in SE)	Vitar %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
Males:														
2 - 5	14	(1.1)	19 (1.5)	12 (2.2)	7* (2.1)	18 (1.	1) 23	(1.1)	14 (1.1)	17	(1.2)	16	(1.3)
6 - 11	9	(1.0)	19 (4.6)	23* (9.5)	10 (2.1)	17 (2.	0) 18	(2.3)	15 (1.7)	17	(2.2)	16	(1.9)
12 - 19	9	(0.7)	17 (2.4)	9 (2.1)	7 (1.8)	16 (1	3) 19	(1.2)	14 (1.1)	17	(0.8)	16	(2.0)
20 - 29	6	(1.0)	24 (3.2)	7 (1.7)	3* (0.8)	18 (1.	6) 26	(2.6)	21 (2.0)	28	(4.0)	19	(1.7)
30 - 39	7	(1.0)	16 (2.4)	9 (1.4)	7* (2.1)	13 (1	3) 18	(1.8)	16 (2.0)	19	(2.6)	13	(1.6)
40 - 49	6	(0.9)	13 (1.3)	6* (2.2)	4* (2.3)	13 (1.	4) 24	(2.2)	17 (1.4)	20	(2.5)	15	(1.6)
50 - 59	9	(0.9)	18 (1.7)	10 (2.1)	9 (1.4)	15 (0.9	9) 24	(2.0)	17 (2.0)	19	(2.1)	17	(1.9)
60 - 69		(2.2)	14 (1.7)	7* (2.3)	13 (3.2)	13 (1.	· 1	(1.9)	`	1.0)	11	(0.8)	14	(1.2)
70 and over		(0.9)	11 (1.3)	7 (1.1)	6* (2.8)	12 (1	·	(1.4)	`	1.2)	10	(1.0)	12	(1.5)
2 - 19	10	(0.5)	18 (2.1)	15 (4.0)	8 (1.3)	16 (1.0	0) 19	(1.1)	14 (0.9)	17	(1.0)	16	(1.4)
20 and over		(0.6)	17 (0.8)	8 (1.2)	7 (0.8)	14 (0.4	*	(0.9)	,	0.8)	19	(1.2)	15	(0.4)
2 and over		(0.5)	17 (0.8)	9 (1.1)	7 (0.6)	15 (0.	,	(0.7)	`	0.6)	19	(0.9)	15	(0.4)
Females:														
2 - 5	13	(0.8)	20 (2.0)	13* (5.5)	10 (3.0)	19 (1.:	2) 24	(1.5)	15 (1.2)	19	(1.3)	19	(1.3)
6 - 11		(1.4)	18 (1.1)	17 (3.8)	9 (2.2)	18 (0.	,	(1.1)	,	1.0)	16	(0.8)	18	(1.4)
12 - 19		(1.4)	15 (2.1)	13 (3.8)	10 (1.5)	13 (1.		(1.5)	,	1.1)	15	(1.8)	12	(1.3)
20 - 29	8	(0.6)	21 (2.4)	20 (4.9)	13 (3.5)	17 (1.1	2) 23	(2.6)	20 (2.6)	24	(3.3)	18	(2.2)
30 - 39		(0.9)	26* (8.3)	35* (16.8)	9* (3.1)	15 (1.	*	(2.0)	`	1.8)	20	(3.2)	15	(1.5)
40 - 49		(0.9)	14 (1.6)	13 (3.4)	7* (2.3)	11 (0.	*	(1.5)	`	1.5)	16	(2.3)	12	(1.5)
50 - 59	11	(1.7)	15 (2.0)	9* (3.7)	4* (1.0)	14 (0.	7) 21	(1.5)	15 (1.9)	14	(1.8)	14	(0.7)
60 - 69	9	(1.2)	14 (2.4)	8* (2.6)	4* (1.2)	14 (1	<i>'</i>	(2.4)	`	1.8)	12	(1.7)	14	(1.8)
70 and over		(1.0)	10 (1.2)	5* (1.1)	10* (3.9)	12 (0.	·	` '	`	1.0)	10	(0.8)	12	(0.7)
2 - 19	12	(0.9)	17 (1.2)	15 (2.5)	9 (1.4)	16 (0.	7) 19	(1.1)	14 (0.6)	16	(0.9)	16	(0.8)
20 and over		(0.6)	17 (1.2)	16* (4.8)	8 (1.0)	14 (0	,	` /	`	1.0)	17	(0.5) (1.1)	14	(0.8)
2 and over		(0.6)	17 (1.5)	16 (4.2)	8 (0.7)	14 (0	,	` '	`	0.8)	17	(0.9)	15	(0.0)
Males and females:														
2 - 19	11	(0.5)	18 (1.2)	15 (2.1)	9 (0.8)	16 (0.	7) 19	(0.7)	14 (0.5)	17	(0.6)	16	(0.9)
20 and over		(0.5)	17 (1.0)	12 (3.0)	7 (0.7)	14 (0.4		(0.6)		0.7)	18	(0.7)	15	(0.5)
2 and over	_	(0.4)	17 (0.8)	13 (2.5)	8 (0.5)	15 (0.1	*	(0.5)	,	0.5)	18	(0.5)	15	(0.4)

Table 25. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Gender and age (years)	Cho	oline (SE)	Vitan	nin B12 (SE)	Vita %	min C (SE)	Vita:	min D	(al	min E pha- pherol) (SE)	Vitar %	min K (SE)	Cal %	cium (SE)	Phos	phorus (SE)	Maga %	nesium (SE)
•	,,,	(52)	,,,	(52)	,,,	(52)	,,,	(52)	,,,	(52)	7,0	(52)	,,,	(52)	,,,	(52)	,,,	(52)
Males: 2 - 5	18	(0.8)	19	(1.4)	38	(2.9)	24	(2.3)	26	(2.3)	18	(1.4)	29	(1.6)	23	(1.3)	25	(1.6)
6 - 11	13	(1.3)	15	(1.4)	25	(2.2)	15	(1.6)	26	(2.3)	17	(2.1)	20	(2.6)	17	(2.1)	23	(1.9)
12 - 19	13	(0.7)	16	(1.1)	28	(1.7)	18	(2.3)	26	(2.0)	14	(1.6)	21	(1.0)	17	(1.0)	25	(0.8)
20 - 29	15	(1.3)	24	(3.1)	28	(4.0)	24	(3.3)	26	(3.4)	10	(1.2)	25	(1.8)	18	(1.2)	28	(1.0)
30 - 39	12	(1.1)	16	(4.7)	24	(3.8)	11	(3.1)	24	(2.5)	8	(1.0)	21	(1.5)	15	(1.2)	25	(1.7)
40 - 49	16	(1.1)	13	(1.9)	21	(2.4)	13	(1.2)	20	(1.9)	8	(1.6)	21	(1.1)	16	(1.3)	29	(2.3)
50 - 59	17	(1.9)	14	(1.9)	22	(2.9)	18	(2.2)	18	(2.2)	10	(1.7)	25	(1.4)	18	(1.5)	26	(2.3)
60 - 69	13	(1.3)	10	(1.4)	15	(2.1)	14	(2.9)	22	(2.3)	7	(1.2)	21	(1.9)	15	(1.2)	23	(1.2)
70 and over	10	(0.7)	8	(0.9)	15	(1.9)	10	(1.0)	19	(3.0)	6	(0.8)	17	(1.3)	13	(1.1)	19	(1.6)
2 - 19	14	(0.5)	16	(0.9)	29	(1.5)	18	(1.3)	26	(1.5)	16	(1.0)	22	(1.0)	18	(0.8)	24	(0.8)
20 and over	14	(0.8)	16	(1.4)	22	(1.2)	16	(1.2)	22	(1.0)	8	(0.4)	22	(0.7)	16	(0.6)	26	(0.6)
2 and over	14	(0.6)	16	(1.0)	23	(0.8)	16	(0.8)	23	(0.8)	9	(0.4)	22	(0.5)	17	(0.4)	25	(0.5)
Females:																		
2 - 5	18	(1.3)	21	(1.6)	33	(4.1)	26	(2.3)	27	(1.5)	18	(2.1)	27	(1.4)	22	(1.2)	26	(1.4)
6 - 11	15	(1.1)	13	(1.1)	28	(2.4)	15	(1.5)	30	(1.9)	18	(1.4)	21	(1.3)	18	(1.0)	24	(1.2)
12 - 19	13	(1.2)	12	(1.6)	26	(2.9)	14	(2.2)	23	(1.7)	12	(1.3)	19	(1.5)	15	(1.1)	22	(1.1)
20 - 29	13	(1.0)	21	(3.2)	30	(3.7)	17	(1.8)	28	(2.6)	15*	(4.7)	26	(1.4)	17	(1.2)	26	(1.5)
30 - 39	12	(0.9)	16	(2.8)	21	(2.6)	13	(2.5)	25	(1.4)	10	(1.6)	25	(1.9)	17	(0.9)	26	(1.3)
40 - 49	12	(0.9)	11	(1.7)	23	(2.9)	11	(1.6)	22	(2.3)	9	(1.0)	21	(1.4)	14	(0.9)	23	(1.1)
50 - 59	14	(1.0)	12	(2.0)	19	(2.9)	13	(2.1)	25	(2.4)	6	(1.1)	24	(1.7)	17	(1.0)	26	(1.3)
60 - 69	11	(0.9)	12	(2.0)	21	(2.8)	13	(2.2)	21	(3.7)	7	(1.1)	26	(1.9)	17	(1.6)	24	(1.5)
70 and over	10	(0.9)	9	(0.9)	21	(1.9)	11	(1.7)	18	(1.8)	6	(0.8)	20	(1.6)	14	(1.1)	21	(1.6)
2 - 19	15	(0.8)	14	(1.1)	28	(1.6)	17	(1.6)	26	(1.1)	15	(1.0)	21	(1.1)	18	(0.7)	24	(0.9)
20 and over	12	(0.5)	14	(1.0)	23	(1.1)	13	(1.1)	24	(1.3)	9	(1.0)	24	(0.9)	16	(0.6)	25	(0.7)
2 and over	13	(0.5)	14	(0.9)	24	(1.1)	14	(1.0)	24	(1.1)	10	(1.0)	23	(0.8)	17	(0.5)	24	(0.7)
Males and females:																		
2 - 19	14	(0.4)	15	(0.6)	29	(1.2)	18	(1.0)	26	(0.7)	15	(0.7)	22	(0.7)	18	(0.5)	24	(0.5)
20 and over	13	(0.6)	15	(0.9)	22	(0.9)	14	(1.0)	23	(0.9)	9	(0.6)	23	(0.7)	16	(0.5)	25	(0.5)
2 and over	14	(0.5)	15	(0.7)	24	(0.8)	15	(0.7)	23	(0.7)	10	(0.6)	23	(0.5)	17	(0.4)	25	(0.5)

Table 25. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Gender and age		ron		inc		pper		enium		ssium		dium		feine		cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Males:																
2 - 5	18	(1.3)	19	(1.4)	27	(1.8)	14	(1.0)	26	(1.4)	19	(1.3)	35	(4.7)		
6 - 11	20	(2.3)	15	(1.5)	26	(1.9)	11	(1.6)	21	(1.5)	16	(1.7)	41	(4.3)		
12 - 19	17	(1.6)	15	(1.2)	27	(1.2)	10	(1.0)	20	(0.8)	13	(1.1)	42	(2.8)		
20 - 29	18	(2.3)	17	(1.7)	30	(1.8)	10	(1.1)	19	(1.1)	12	(0.9)	36	(4.8)		
30 - 39	15	(1.4)	13	(1.1)	27	(1.6)	9	(0.9)	18	(1.4)	12	(1.0)	37	(4.3)		
40 - 49	14	(1.6)	14	(1.5)	29	(3.1)	8	(0.9)	21	(1.9)	10	(0.7)	56	(4.3)		
50 - 59	14	(0.9)	13	(1.2)	23	(1.5)	10	(1.0)	22	(1.5)	12	(1.1)	44	(5.3)		
60 - 69	14	(1.3)	13	(0.6)	24	(1.8)	9	(1.0)	17	(1.2)	11	(0.8)	41	(6.5)		
70 and over	12	(1.7)	11	(1.3)	23	(2.2)	10	(2.1)	14	(1.2)	9	(1.0)	25	(4.9)		
2 - 19	18	(1.2)	16	(0.8)	27	(1.0)	11	(0.7)	21	(0.6)	15	(0.8)	41	(1.8)		
20 and over	15	(0.5)	14	(0.6)	26	(0.8)	9	(0.6)	19	(0.7)	11	(0.5)	41	(2.1)	63	(3.7)
2 and over	15	(0.3) (0.4)	14	(0.4)	26	(0.6)	10	(0.5)	19	(0.7) (0.5)	12	(0.3)	41	(2.1) (2.0)		(3.7)
		(31.1)		(311)		(313)		(0.0)		(0.0)		(***)		(=,		
Females: 2 - 5	21	(1.7)	19	(1.0)	28	(1.6)	15	(1.4)	24	(1.5)	17	(0.9)	31	(6.4)		
6 - 11	20	(1.7) (1.2)	15	(0.8)	27	(0.9)	14	(0.8)	21	(0.9)	18	(0.5) (1.1)	44	(5.7)		_
12 - 19	15	(1.5)	13	(1.1)	24	(1.1)	9	(0.8)	18	(1.4)	13	(0.9)	36	(5.6)		_
20 - 29	19	(2.3)	16	(1.3)	29	(1.5)	10	(0.8)	20	(1.4)	14	(0.9)	32	(5.8)		
30 - 39	17	(1.6)	16	(1.3) (1.2)	29	(1.3)	10	(0.8) (0.9)	20	(0.9)	12	(0.7)	36	(5.9)		
40 - 49	13	(0.6)	13	(0.8)	25	(1.4)	8	(0.9) (0.6)	17	(0.9) (1.1)	10	(0.7)	33	(5.4)		-
		` /		` /		, ,		` /		` /		` /		` '		
50 - 59	15	(1.0)	15	(1.1)	27	(1.4)	11	(0.7)	20	(1.6)	12	(1.2)	39	(3.8)		-
60 - 69	16	(1.6)	15	(1.9)	27	(2.3)	10	(0.9)	18	(0.9)	12	(1.1)	39	(4.6)		-
70 and over	12	(1.1)	13	(1.3)	24	(1.8)	9	(0.7)	16	(1.0)	11	(0.7)	23	(3.4)		-
2 - 19	17	(0.9)	15	(0.7)	26	(0.8)	12	(0.6)	20	(0.9)	15	(0.6)	37	(4.3)		-
20 and over	15	(0.7)	15	(0.7)	27	(0.7)	10	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	12	(0.5)	34	(1.9)	57	(4.8
2 and over	16	(0.6)	15	(0.6)	27	(0.7)	10	(0.4)	19	(0.6)	13	(0.4)	34	(1.9)		-
Males and females:																
2 - 19	18	(0.9)	15	(0.5)	26	(0.6)	11	(0.5)	21	(0.5)	15	(0.4)	39	(2.2)		
20 and over	15	(0.5)	14	(0.5)	27	(0.6)	10	(0.4)	19	(0.6)	12	(0.4)	38	(1.6)	61	(3.5
2 and over	16	(0.5)	14	(0.4)	27	(0.5)	10	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	38	(1.6)		٠.

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "bocadillo", "tentempie", and "bebida".
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from snacks for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 1. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the gender/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as snack.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Snacks: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Gender and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 26. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Race/ethnicity and age	Percent reporting ³	Energy	Protein	Carbo- hydrate	Total sugars	Dietary fiber	Total fat	Saturated fat	Mono- unsaturated fat	Poly- unsaturated fat
(years)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:										
2 - 5	94* (2.3)	24 (1.5)	16 (1.7)	29 (1.6)	37 (2.5)	20 (1.5)	22 (1.8)	24 (1.7)	22 (1.9)	20 (2.1)
6 - 11	97* (0.7)	26 (1.5)	15 (1.3)	29 (1.5)	35 (1.7)	25 (2.0)	25 (1.5)	26 (2.1)	24 (1.3)	27 (1.7)
12 - 19	88 (2.6)	21 (1.2)	11 (0.7)	23 (1.6)	32 (2.3)	19 (1.1)	21 (1.4)	21 (1.9)	21 (1.3)	21 (1.2)
20 and over	95 (0.3)	22 (0.9)	12 (0.6)	26 (0.9)	37 (1.2)	18 (0.7)	19 (0.9)	19 (1.0)	19 (1.0)	17 (0.8)
2 and over	95 (0.4)	22 (0.8)	12 (0.5)	26 (0.7)	36 (1.1)	19 (0.6)	19 (0.7)	20 (0.8)	20 (0.8)	18 (0.7)
Non-Hispanic Black:										
2 - 5	93* (1.5)	27 (1.9)	16 (1.8)	31 (1.7)	38 (1.9)	26 (2.3)	25 (2.6)	23 (2.8)	25 (2.4)	27 (3.2)
6 - 11	91* (2.3)	21 (1.1)	10 (0.6)	25 (1.4)	32 (1.9)	18 (1.2)	20 (1.1)	18 (1.1)	20 (1.2)	24 (1.5)
12 - 19	87 (2.3)	25 (2.0)	14 (1.3)	29 (2.1)	37 (2.5)	22 (2.6)	24 (2.7)	25 (2.7)	23 (2.9)	24 (3.0)
20 and over	91 (1.1)	22 (1.1)	12 (0.8)	26 (1.0)	34 (1.1)	19 (1.1)	20 (1.4)	21 (1.4)	20 (1.3)	19 (1.8)
2 and over	90 (1.0)	23 (0.8)	12 (0.6)	27 (0.6)	35 (0.7)	20 (0.8)	21 (1.0)	21 (1.1)	20 (0.9)	21 (1.3)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :										
2 - 5	98* (1.9)	29* (2.3)	21* (2.8)	32* (3.0)	40* (4.5)	30* (3.2)	30* (2.6)	27* (4.0)	33* (4.3)	32* (3.9)
6 - 11	96* (2.8)	28* (2.4)	14* (1.4)	32* (2.8)	45* (4.3)	25* (2.4)	30* (3.5)	35* (5.4)	27* (2.7)	28* (3.2)
12 - 19	94* (1.8)	20 (1.1)	12* (1.3)	23 (1.2)	33 (2.3)	20 (2.2)	20 (1.4)	22 (1.9)	19 (1.6)	18 (1.5)
20 and over	92 (1.4)	19 (0.8)	10 (0.6)	20 (0.8)	34 (2.1)	19 (0.8)	21 (1.3)	20 (1.5)	22 (1.5)	22 (1.5)
2 and over	93 (1.2)	20 (0.6)	11 (0.6)	22 (0.5)	35 (1.4)	20 (0.8)	22 (1.0)	22 (1.1)	22 (1.2)	22 (1.3)
Hispanic:										
2 - 5	95* (2.7)	30 (2.0)	21 (1.6)	33 (2.2)	42 (2.7)	25 (1.7)	31 (2.5)	33 (2.3)	30 (2.9)	31 (3.3)
6 - 11	89 (2.1)	24 (1.2)	14 (0.9)	27 (1.3)	34 (1.8)	23 (0.8)	24 (1.3)	24 (1.4)	23 (1.3)	24 (1.4)
12 - 19	86 (1.7)	21 (1.4)	12 (1.0)	24 (1.3)	31 (1.9)	18 (1.2)	20 (1.8)	20 (2.0)	21 (1.9)	21 (2.2)
20 and over	90 (1.4)	20 (0.9)	11 (0.8)	23 (0.8)	32 (1.0)	16 (0.6)	17 (1.0)	18 (1.2)	16 (1.0)	16 (1.0)
2 and over	90 (1.3)	21 (0.6)	12 (0.5)	24 (0.6)	33 (0.9)	18 (0.4)	19 (0.7)	20 (0.7)	18 (0.7)	18 (0.8)

Table 26. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age (years)	Choles- terol % (SE)	Vitamin A (RAE) % (SE)	Beta- carotene % (SE)	Lycopene % (SE)	Thiamin % (SE)	Ribo- flavin % (SE)	Niacin % (SE)	Vitamin B6 % (SE)	Folate (DFE) % (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:									
2 - 5	13 (1.2)	17 (1.4)	11* (5.0)	6* (1.8)	16 (1.1)	21 (1.7)	12 (1.1)	16 (1.5)	14 (1.1)
6 - 11	10 (0.9)	` '	21* (9.8)	6* (2.1)	17 (1.8)	19 (1.9)	16 (1.5)	16 (2.1)	18 (1.8)
12 - 19	9 (0.8)	16 (2.7)	13* (4.3)	8* (2.4)	13 (1.5)	18 (1.5)	12 (1.1)	16 (1.7)	14 (2.1)
20 and over	8 (0.7)	17 (1.6)	13* (4.5)	6 (0.7)	14 (0.5)	22 (0.8)	16 (0.9)	18 (0.9)	15 (0.6)
2 and over	8 (0.6)	17 (1.3)	14 (3.8)	6 (0.6)	14 (0.4)	21 (0.6)	16 (0.7)	18 (0.7)	15 (0.5)
Non-Hispanic Black:									
2 - 5	9* (1.6)	13 (1.2)	8* (2.2)	9* (2.9)	19 (1.9)	20 (1.5)	17 (2.0)	18 (1.7)	20 (2.2)
6 - 11	8* (1.5)	12 (1.5)	6* (1.5)	10* (1.8)	15 (1.0)	15 (1.1)	13 (0.8)	14 (1.2)	14 (0.9)
12 - 19	13 (1.7)	17 (1.7)	8 (1.3)	12 (3.5)	16 (1.5)	18 (1.4)	14 (1.4)	14 (1.7)	15 (1.5)
20 and over	8 (0.7)	13 (1.1)	9 (1.3)	11 (1.3)	15 (0.8)	17 (0.9)	16 (1.0)	18 (1.4)	15 (0.9)
2 and over	9 (0.6)	14 (0.8)	8 (1.0)	11 (1.3)	15 (0.5)	17 (0.6)	15 (0.7)	17 (1.1)	15 (0.7)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :									
2 - 5	11* (1.9)	20* (5.0)	5* (2.0)	1* (1.0)	27* (3.5)	28* (4.3)	19* (1.9)	24* (2.4)	22* (3.7)
6 - 11	11* (1.7)	21* (2.7)	21* (6.3)	10* (3.3)	20* (2.6)	23* (2.0)	16* (1.9)	17* (2.2)	18* (2.9)
12 - 19	11* (3.2)	19 (3.6)	14* (5.4)	12* (5.9)	16 (2.6)	21 (3.4)	15* (2.9)	17 (4.0)	16 (3.3)
20 and over	5 (0.6)	15 (1.7)	11 (2.1)	11 (3.2)	13 (0.9)	20 (0.7)	12 (0.7)	14 (0.7)	12 (0.7)
2 and over	6 (0.7)	16 (1.5)	12 (2.0)	11 (2.8)	14 (0.8)	20 (0.8)	13 (0.8)	15 (0.9)	13 (0.7)
Hispanic:									
2 - 5	17 (1.7)	28 (2.6)	20 (3.6)	14 (3.1)	23 (2.3)	29 (2.5)	18 (1.9)	21 (2.1)	22 (2.6)
6 - 11	11 (1.4)	, ,	23 (6.1)	15 (3.2)	18 (2.0)	20 (2.1)	16 (1.3)	18 (1.5)	19 (2.3)
12 - 19	10 (1.6)	17 (3.0)	8 (1.8)	5* (1.4)	15 (1.6)	18 (1.9)	14 (1.8)	17 (2.5)	15 (2.3)
20 and over	8 (1.2)	19 (1.4)	14 (1.9)	10 (1.1)	15 (0.9)	22 (1.8)	17 (1.5)	21 (1.8)	15 (1.3)
2 and over	9 (0.9)	19 (1.4)	14 (1.6)	10 (0.8)	15 (0.7)	22 (1.3)	16 (0.9)	20 (1.2)	16 (0.8)

Table 26. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity										min E ha-								
and age	Cho	oline	Vitam	in B12	Vita	min C	Vitar	nin D	tocop	herol)	Vitar	nin K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Magr	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	<u>%</u>	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																		
2 - 5	16	(1.7)	18	(1.9)	39	(5.2)	23	(2.7)	22	(2.7)	16	(2.9)	26	(1.9)	21	(1.8)	24	(1.9)
6 - 11	15	(0.9)	15	(1.2)	26	(2.9)	15	(2.0)	28	(1.5)	18	(1.6)	21	(2.4)	19	(1.8)	25	(1.7)
12 - 19	13	(0.9)	14	(1.5)	28	(2.5)	16	(2.9)	25	(1.5)	13	(1.5)	19	(1.7)	15	(1.3)	24	(1.0)
20 and over	14	(0.8)	14	(1.3)	22	(1.4)	14	(1.3)	23	(0.9)	9	(1.0)	22	(0.8)	17	(0.7)	26	(0.7)
2 and over	14	(0.7)	14	(1.1)	23	(1.3)	15	(1.0)	23	(0.7)	10	(0.9)	22	(0.6)	17	(0.5)	26	(0.6)
Non-Hispanic Black:																		
2 - 5	15	(1.4)	16	(2.1)	37	(2.9)	18	(2.2)	28	(2.6)	13	(2.1)	24	(2.1)	19	(1.8)	26	(2.2)
6 - 11	11	(1.1)	9*	(1.1)	25	(4.2)	9	(1.4)	27	(1.6)	13	(1.4)	15	(1.3)	13	(0.8)	19	(0.8)
12 - 19	15	(1.2)	14	(1.9)	28	(3.3)	15	(1.7)	24	(3.1)	11	(1.7)	22	(1.3)	18	(1.4)	26	(2.4)
20 and over	13	(0.9)	14	(1.4)	21	(1.5)	12	(1.0)	24	(2.1)	8	(0.5)	24	(0.7)	16	(0.9)	25	(1.0)
2 and over	13	(0.7)	14	(1.2)	24	(1.1)	12	(0.8)	25	(1.5)	9	(0.5)	23	(0.5)	16	(0.6)	24	(0.6)
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																		
2 - 5	20*	(2.5)	22*	(4.9)	39*	(4.0)	28*	(6.3)	37*	(3.8)	20*	(5.7)	30*	(5.6)	26*	(3.4)	34*	(2.1)
6 - 11	14*	(1.4)	15*	(3.2)	33*	(5.1)	18*	(3.1)	32*	(3.8)	16*	(3.2)	26*	(3.8)	19*	(1.6)	25*	(1.7)
12 - 19	13*	(1.8)	17	(4.5)	33	(5.5)	18	(4.5)	24	(3.9)	10*	(1.3)	24	(2.7)	16	(1.5)	23	(1.0)
20 and over	11	(0.7)	11	(1.2)	23	(4.3)	14	(1.4)	24	(1.9)	6	(0.5)	24	(1.2)	15	(0.7)	23	(1.0)
2 and over	11	(0.6)	12	(1.3)	24	(3.6)	15	(1.3)	24	(1.7)	6	(0.4)	24	(0.9)	16	(0.6)	23	(0.9)
Hispanic:																		
2 - 5	22	(1.9)	26	(3.2)	30	(4.4)	32	(3.7)	33	(2.7)	25	(2.7)	34	(2.6)	27	(1.9)	28	(2.0)
6 - 11	14	(1.0)	16	(2.1)	28	(2.6)	19	(2.4)	27	(1.3)	18	(2.0)	21	(1.8)	17	(1.2)	23	(1.1)
12 - 19	14	(1.5)	14	(2.5)	23	(2.5)	18	(3.2)	23	(2.3)	14	(1.9)	21	(1.6)	16	(1.3)	22	(1.1)
20 and over	13	(0.9)	19	(2.2)	25	(1.4)	19	(1.8)	21	(1.8)	10	(0.7)	25	(1.2)	15	(1.0)	23	(0.9)
2 and over	14	(0.7)	19	(1.4)	26	(1.4)	20	(1.5)	22	(1.2)	12	(0.8)	24	(1.0)	16	(0.7)	23	(0.7)

Table 26. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Race/ethnicity and age	Ir	on	Zi	inc	Co	pper	Sele	nium	Pota	ssium	Soc	lium	Caf	feine	Ale	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Non-Hispanic White:																
2 - 5	15	(1.2)	17	(1.7)	26	(2.1)	13	(1.7)	24	(2.0)	17	(1.4)	27	(6.8)		
6 - 11	20	(1.6)	16	(1.4)	28	(1.8)	13	(1.4)	21	(1.3)	18	(1.5)	43	(4.1)		
12 - 19	15	(1.5)	14	(1.8)	27	(1.6)	9	(0.8)	19	(1.2)	12	(0.6)	42	(3.4)		
20 and over	15	(0.6)	15	(0.6)	28	(0.8)	10	(0.7)	19	(0.8)	12	(0.6)	40	(1.8)	62	(4.4)
2 and over	15	(0.5)	15	(0.5)	28	(0.6)	10	(0.5)	19	(0.7)	12	(0.4)	40	(1.7)		
Non-Hispanic Black:																
2 - 5	21	(2.2)	18	(1.4)	27	(2.2)	12*	(1.7)	25	(2.1)	17	(2.1)	40	(6.4)		
6 - 11	16	(0.6)	11	(0.6)	21	(1.1)	10	(0.8)	18	(1.1)	14	(0.7)	34	(4.9)		
12 - 19	17	(2.1)	15	(1.9)	27	(3.8)	12	(1.5)	21	(1.7)	16	(1.5)	33	(6.2)		
20 and over	16	(0.9)	14	(0.9)	26	(1.2)	11	(1.0)	18	(0.8)	14	(0.9)	34	(3.7)	53	(10.3)
2 and over	17	(0.7)	14	(0.6)	26	(0.7)	11	(0.7)	19	(0.5)	14	(0.7)	34	(3.3)		
Non-Hispanic Asian ⁴ :																
2 - 5	23*	(1.7)	23*	(1.7)	39*	(5.3)	23*	(4.2)	31*	(3.6)	17*	(2.3)	36*	(13.7)		
6 - 11	21*	(2.5)	16*	(1.9)	29*	(2.9)	13*	(1.9)	24*	(2.4)	18*	(2.9)	56*	(8.6)		
12 - 19	16	(2.6)	14*	(2.8)	24	(1.5)	10*	(1.5)	21	(2.1)	12*	(1.2)	65*	(9.6)		
20 and over	14	(0.9)	13	(1.0)	25	(1.4)	8	(0.6)	18	(0.7)	8	(0.6)	38	(2.2)	56	(9.3)
2 and over	15	(0.8)	14	(1.0)	26	(1.3)	9	(0.6)	19	(0.6)	9	(0.5)	39	(2.4)		
Hispanic:																
2 - 5	24	(3.2)	22	(2.3)	31	(2.7)	18	(1.6)	27	(2.2)	20	(1.7)	36	(5.6)		
6 - 11	22	(2.5)	16	(1.4)	25	(1.4)	12	(1.1)	21	(1.1)	17	(1.3)	40	(7.3)		
12 - 19	16	(2.3)	14	(1.4)	22	(1.1)	10	(0.9)	19	(1.3)	14	(1.5)	31	(4.5)		
20 and over	14	(0.9)	13	(1.0)	23	(0.9)	10	(0.9)	18	(0.7)	11	(0.7)	26	(2.0)	64	(5.0)
2 and over	16	(0.7)	14	(0.8)	24	(0.7)	11	(0.6)	19	(0.6)	13	(0.4)	27	(1.9)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from snacks for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 2. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the race/ethnicity/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as snack.
- ⁴ A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Snacks: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 27. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income	D			C1	Т-4-1	D:	T-4-1	C-44- 1	Mono-	Poly-
in dollars	Percent	F	D	Carbo-	Total	Dietary	Total	Saturated	unsaturated	unsaturated
and age (years)	reporting ³ % (SE)	Energy % (SE)	Protein % (SE)	hydrate % (SE)	sugars % (SE)	fiber % (SE)	fat % (SE)	fat % (SE)	fat % (SE)	fat % (SE)
	70 (SE)	70 (SL)	70 (SL)	70 (SL)	70 (SE)	70 (BL)	70 (BE)	70 (SE)	70 (BE)	70 (BL)
\$0 - \$24,999:										
2 - 5	90 (2.8)	26 (2.1)	16 (1.8)	30 (1.9)	38 (2.2)	23 (1.8)	25 (2.7)	27 (3.1)	24 (2.5)	24 (2.9)
6 - 11	90 (2.0)	25 (2.2)	15 (1.8)	29 (2.4)	32 (2.7)	22 (1.4)	25 (2.5)	25 (2.5)	23 (2.4)	28 (3.3)
12 - 19	85 (3.3)	22 (1.7)	14 (1.3)	25 (1.9)	33 (2.6)	20 (1.6)	20 (2.0)	20 (2.6)	19 (1.8)	20 (2.1)
20 and over	90 (1.0)	22 (0.8)	12 (0.5)	27 (1.1)	38 (1.4)	18 (1.0)	19 (0.7)	20 (1.1)	19 (0.8)	18 (0.9)
2 and over	89 (0.9)	23 (0.7)	13 (0.4)	27 (0.9)	37 (1.2)	19 (0.8)	20 (0.6)	20 (0.9)	19 (0.6)	19 (0.7)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:										
2 - 5	94* (1.7)	24 (1.0)	17 (0.9)	28 (1.3)	35 (1.8)	22 (1.4)	23 (1.3)	24 (1.4)	22 (1.6)	21 (1.5)
6 - 11	93 (1.6)	22 (1.1)	12 (0.6)	26 (1.1)	33 (1.4)	21 (0.7)	21 (1.4)	21 (1.7)	21 (1.3)	23 (1.5)
12 - 19	87 (2.0)	23 (1.7)	13 (1.0)	25 (1.8)	33 (2.4)	20 (1.7)	23 (2.0)	24 (2.6)	23 (2.0)	23 (1.7)
20 and over	94 (0.6)	22 (1.0)	11 (0.6)	26 (1.0)	36 (1.4)	18 (0.8)	18 (0.9)	18 (1.0)	18 (1.0)	17 (1.0)
2 and over	93 (0.6)	22 (0.9)	12 (0.5)	26 (0.9)	36 (1.2)	19 (0.7)	19 (0.8)	19 (0.9)	19 (0.8)	18 (0.8)
\$75,000 and higher:										
2 - 5	98* (1.8)	29 (1.9)	20 (2.0)	33 (2.0)	42 (3.1)	23 (2.0)	28 (2.4)	28 (2.9)	29 (2.6)	27 (2.6)
6 - 11	98* (1.0)	26 (1.5)	15 (1.3)	30 (1.5)	38 (1.7)	25 (1.9)	26 (1.7)	27 (2.3)	25 (1.3)	27 (2.0)
12 - 19	90 (2.0)	20 (1.5)	11 (0.8)	24 (2.0)	33 (2.6)	19 (1.5)	20 (1.3)	21 (1.6)	20 (1.3)	20 (1.4)
20 and over	97 (0.5)	21 (1.0)	12 (0.6)	24 (1.0)	33 (1.3)	18 (1.0)	19 (1.2)	20 (1.4)	20 (1.3)	18 (1.0)
2 and over	96 (0.4)	22 (0.8)	12 (0.5)	25 (0.7)	34 (1.0)	19 (0.8)	20 (0.9)	21 (1.1)	21 (1.1)	19 (0.9)
All Individuals4:										
2 - 5	95 (1.2)	27 (0.8)	18 (0.8)	30 (0.9)	39 (1.2)	23 (0.9)	25 (1.1)	26 (1.1)	25 (1.2)	25 (1.4)
6 - 11	94 (1.0)	25 (0.9)	14 (0.7)	29 (0.9)	35 (1.1)	23 (0.9)	24 (0.9)	24 (1.1)	23 (0.8)	26 (1.0)
12 - 19	88 (1.6)	21 (1.0)	12 (0.6)	24 (1.2)	33 (1.5)	20 (0.7)	21 (1.1)	22 (1.4)	21 (1.1)	21 (1.2)
20 and over	94 (0.4)	22 (0.7)	12 (0.5)	25 (0.7)	36 (0.9)	18 (0.5)	19 (0.7)	19 (0.8)	19 (0.8)	18 (0.7)
2 and over	93 (0.5)	22 (0.6)	12 (0.4)	26 (0.6)	35 (0.8)	19 (0.4)	19 (0.6)	20 (0.7)	20 (0.7)	19 (0.6)

Table 27. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars and age (years)		oles- erol (SE)		min A AE) (SE)		eta- otene (SE)	Lyco %	opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		ibo- vin (SE)	Ni %	acin (SE)	Vitar %	nin B6 (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	12	(1.6)	18	(1.8)	13	(2.9)	10*	(3.6)	19	(1.9)	21	(1.9)	15	(1.8)	16	(1.6)	17	(2.3)
6 - 11	11	(1.9)	19	(2.5)	16	(4.2)	14	(3.0)	21	(2.6)	20	(2.4)	18	(2.2)	18	(2.1)	24	(3.3)
12 - 19	10	(1.3)	22	(4.2)	9	(2.1)	8*	(2.5)	19	(2.5)	21	(2.3)	15	(2.3)	19	(3.1)	21	(3.2)
20 and over	8	(0.6)	17	(1.7)	11	(1.6)	7	(1.5)	15	(0.6)	22	(1.1)	17	(1.1)	20	(1.6)	15	(0.6)
2 and over	8	(0.5)	18	(1.6)	11	(1.4)	8	(1.6)	16	(0.6)	22	(0.7)	17	(0.8)	20	(1.2)	17	(0.7)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	12	(0.7)	21	(1.8)	28	(7.8)	7*	(2.4)	17	(1.2)	22	(1.0)	14	(1.4)	18	(1.4)	15	(1.4)
6 - 11	9	(1.0)	16	(1.9)	24	(4.2)	9*	(2.9)	15	(1.0)	17	(1.5)	13	(0.7)	14	(0.9)	15	(1.2)
12 - 19	12	(1.7)	14	(1.9)	7	(1.4)	8	(2.2)	13	(1.0)	17	(1.5)	13	(1.4)	16	(2.7)	12	(1.4)
20 and over	8	(0.6)	16	(1.4)	11	(2.3)	8	(1.5)	14	(0.8)	21	(1.1)	16	(1.1)	19	(2.1)	16	(1.1)
2 and over	8	(0.5)	16	(1.1)	12	(1.9)	8	(1.4)	14	(0.6)	20	(0.9)	16	(1.0)	18	(1.7)	15	(0.8)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	16	(2.0)	21	(2.7)	7*	(2.0)	8*	(3.6)	20	(1.0)	27	(2.2)	15	(1.1)	21	(1.7)	21	(1.1)
6 - 11	11	(1.1)	20	(5.1)	20*	(10.0)	5*	(2.0)	17	(2.0)	19	(2.1)	15	(1.8)	17	(2.7)	16	(1.7)
12 - 19	8	(1.0)	17	(2.6)	15	(4.2)	9*	(4.5)	13	(1.2)	18	(1.7)	13	(0.8)	17	(1.8)	14	(2.0)
20 and over	8	(0.9)	18	(2.8)	15*	(6.8)	6	(1.2)	14	(0.5)	20	(1.0)	15	(1.1)	17	(1.4)	14	(0.5)
2 and over	8	(0.7)	18	(2.3)	15*	(5.6)	6	(1.1)	14	(0.4)	20	(0.7)	15	(0.8)	17	(1.0)	14	(0.5)
All Individuals ⁴ :																		
2 - 5	13	(0.7)	20	(1.1)	13	(3.0)	8	(1.4)	19	(0.9)	23	(1.0)	15	(0.9)	18	(1.0)	17	(1.0)
6 - 11	10	(0.7)	18	(2.5)	20*	(6.1)	10	(1.3)	17	(1.0)	19	(1.1)	15	(0.9)	16	(1.2)	17	(1.1)
12 - 19	10	(0.9)	16	(1.6)	11	(2.0)	8	(1.2)	14	(0.9)	18	(0.9)	13	(0.7)	16	(0.7)	14	(1.4)
20 and over	8	(0.5)	17	(1.0)	12	(3.0)	7	(0.7)	14	(0.4)	21	(0.6)	16	(0.7)	18	(0.7)	15	(0.5)
2 and over	8	(0.4)	17	(0.8)	13	(2.5)	8	(0.5)	15	(0.3)	21	(0.5)	16	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	15	(0.4)

Table 27. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars										min E pha-								
and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	tocop	herol)	Vita	min K	Cal	cium	Phos	phorus	Mag	nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																		
2 - 5	16	(1.5)	17	(1.7)	34	(4.0)	21	(2.4)	27	(2.1)	14	(2.4)	26	(2.2)	20	(2.0)	24	(1.7)
6 - 11	14	(1.4)	17	(2.4)	23	(2.2)	18	(3.1)	30	(2.8)	15	(1.8)	20	(2.6)	18	(2.0)	22	(1.7)
12 - 19	14	(1.3)	17	(3.1)	34	(4.2)	23	(4.1)	23	(4.6)	15	(2.6)	23	(2.4)	18	(1.9)	26	(2.9)
20 and over	13	(0.6)	16	(1.5)	25	(2.2)	15	(1.7)	24	(1.7)	12	(2.8)	24	(1.4)	16	(0.6)	25	(0.9)
2 and over	14	(0.5)	16	(1.2)	26	(1.7)	17	(1.4)	24	(1.3)	12	(2.4)	24	(1.1)	17	(0.4)	25	(0.5)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																		
2 - 5	16	(0.9)	18	(1.7)	38	(4.5)	24	(1.9)	24	(2.2)	18	(0.8)	28	(1.4)	21	(1.0)	24	(1.3)
6 - 11	12	(0.7)	11	(1.1)	27	(2.2)	14	(2.0)	26	(1.5)	18	(2.0)	18	(1.6)	15	(1.0)	21	(1.2)
12 - 19	15	(1.5)	14	(2.0)	22	(2.5)	15	(2.7)	25	(2.2)	14	(1.5)	20	(1.6)	16	(1.3)	24	(1.5)
20 and over	13	(0.7)	15	(1.4)	25	(2.0)	15	(1.2)	22	(1.3)	9	(0.7)	23	(0.9)	16	(0.7)	25	(0.9)
2 and over	13	(0.6)	15	(1.0)	25	(1.6)	16	(0.9)	22	(1.1)	10	(0.6)	22	(0.7)	16	(0.6)	25	(0.8)
\$75,000 and higher:																		
2 - 5	21	(2.1)	25	(3.0)	33	(5.4)	31	(3.7)	28	(2.6)	21	(3.8)	31	(3.1)	25	(2.5)	29	(2.1)
6 - 11	15	(1.0)	16	(1.5)	28	(3.5)	15	(1.8)	28	(1.6)	17	(2.1)	22	(2.8)	19	(2.1)	26	(1.5)
12 - 19	12	(1.1)	15	(1.6)	29	(2.6)	16	(3.2)	24	(2.0)	12	(1.7)	19	(2.0)	15	(1.4)	22	(1.3)
20 and over	13	(0.9)	14	(1.9)	18	(1.4)	13	(1.8)	24	(1.4)	7	(0.6)	22	(1.1)	16	(0.8)	26	(0.8)
2 and over	14	(0.8)	15	(1.4)	20	(1.3)	14	(1.3)	24	(1.1)	8	(0.6)	22	(0.8)	17	(0.6)	25	(0.7)
All Individuals4:																		
2 - 5	18	(0.9)	20	(0.9)	36	(2.9)	25	(1.5)	27	(1.6)	18	(1.6)	28	(1.1)	22	(1.0)	26	(1.1)
6 - 11	14	(0.5)	14	(0.8)	27	(2.0)	15	(1.1)	28	(0.8)	17	(1.2)	20	(1.3)	18	(1.0)	24	(1.0)
12 - 19	13	(0.7)	15	(0.8)	27	(1.6)	16	(1.7)	24	(1.2)	13	(1.0)	20	(1.0)	16	(0.9)	24	(0.6)
20 and over	13	(0.6)	15	(0.9)	22	(0.9)	14	(1.0)	23	(0.9)	9	(0.6)	23	(0.7)	16	(0.5)	25	(0.5)
2 and over	14	(0.5)	15	(0.7)	24	(0.8)	15	(0.7)	23	(0.7)	10	(0.6)	23	(0.5)	17	(0.4)	25	(0.5)

Table 27. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income in dollars																
and age	I	ron	Z	inc	Co	pper	Sele	enium	Pota	ıssium	So	dium	Car	ffeine	Alo	cohol
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:																
2 - 5	20	(2.1)	17	(1.4)	27	(2.1)	13	(1.7)	23	(1.6)	17	(2.1)	42	(6.3)		
6 - 11	26	(3.1)	16	(2.1)	26	(2.0)	14	(1.9)	20	(1.3)	20	(2.4)	44	(8.7)		
12 - 19	21	(2.8)	18	(2.6)	27	(3.8)	12	(1.7)	21	(1.4)	16	(1.5)	37	(10.2)		
20 and over	15	(1.0)	14	(0.7)	26	(1.0)	10	(0.5)	20	(0.8)	12	(0.4)	41	(2.4)	53	(7.8)
2 and over	17	(0.9)	15	(0.5)	26	(0.7)	10	(0.4)	20	(0.5)	13	(0.3)	40	(2.4)		
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																
2 - 5	16	(1.5)	17	(1.3)	24	(1.6)	13	(0.8)	24	(1.4)	17	(1.1)	25	(5.8)		
6 - 11	16	(1.2)	13	(0.7)	24	(1.2)	10	(0.8)	19	(0.9)	15	(0.9)	35	(3.4)		
12 - 19	15	(1.4)	14	(1.4)	27	(1.9)	10	(0.9)	19	(1.4)	14	(1.0)	37	(4.5)		
20 and over	15	(1.1)	14	(0.8)	26	(0.9)	9	(0.6)	19	(0.8)	12	(0.6)	38	(2.5)	66	(5.4)
2 and over	15	(0.9)	14	(0.7)	26	(0.9)	10	(0.5)	19	(0.7)	13	(0.6)	38	(2.5)		
\$75,000 and higher:																
2 - 5	22	(2.0)	22	(2.4)	31	(2.1)	17	(2.1)	28	(2.6)	19	(1.5)	39	(7.5)		
6 - 11	19	(1.9)	16	(1.4)	28	(1.5)	12	(1.5)	22	(1.4)	17	(1.6)	51	(5.3)		
12 - 19	15	(1.7)	13	(1.2)	25	(1.6)	9	(1.0)	18	(1.4)	11	(1.0)	43	(5.6)		
20 and over	15	(0.5)	15	(0.7)	27	(1.0)	10	(0.7)	18	(0.9)	11	(0.6)	36	(2.5)	60	(3.8)
2 and over	16	(0.4)	15	(0.5)	27	(0.8)	10	(0.6)	19	(0.7)	11	(0.5)	36	(2.4)		
All Individuals ⁴ :																
2 - 5	19	(1.3)	19	(0.9)	28	(1.2)	14	(0.9)	25	(1.2)	18	(0.9)	33	(3.8)		
6 - 11	20	(1.2)	15	(0.8)	26	(1.0)	12	(0.8)	21	(0.8)	17	(0.8)	42	(3.9)		
12 - 19	16	(1.2)	14	(0.9)	26	(0.7)	10	(0.7)	19	(0.7)	13	(0.8)	39	(3.0)		
20 and over	15	(0.5)	14	(0.5)	27	(0.6)	10	(0.4)	19	(0.6)	12	(0.4)	38	(1.6)	61	(3.5)
2 and over	16	(0.5)	14	(0.4)	27	(0.5)	10	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	38	(1.6)		

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "bocadillo", "tentempie", and "bebida".
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from snacks for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 3. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as snack.
- ⁴ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Snacks: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 28. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income as % of poverty level Percent and age reporting ⁴				ergy	Pro	otein	Carbo- hydrate		Total sugars		Dietary fiber		Total fat		Saturated fat		Mono- unsaturated fat		unsat	oly- urated at
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																				
2 - 5	90	(2.3)	25	(1.8)	15	(1.5)	28	(1.8)	36	(2.1)	22	(1.8)	23	(2.3)	24	(2.5)	23	(2.2)	23	(2.4)
6 - 11	89	(2.5)	24	(1.6)	15	(1.3)	28	(1.7)	33	(2.1)	21	(1.0)	24	(1.8)	24	(1.9)	23	(1.8)	26	(2.4)
12 - 19	85	(2.1)	22	(1.6)	14	(1.2)	25	(1.7)	33	(2.0)	19	(1.4)	21	(2.0)	22	(2.4)	21	(2.0)	21	(2.2)
20 and over	89	(1.2)	22	(1.0)	12	(0.8)	27	(1.3)	38	(1.7)	17	(0.8)	19	(1.0)	20	(1.2)	19	(0.9)	19	(1.1)
2 and over	89	(0.9)	23	(0.7)	13	(0.6)	27	(1.0)	36	(1.3)	18	(0.6)	20	(0.6)	21	(0.9)	19	(0.6)	20	(0.6)
131-350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	96*	(1.5)	27	(1.5)	18	(1.4)	30	(1.5)	38	(2.1)	23	(1.7)	26	(1.7)	27	(1.6)	25	(2.0)	24	(1.9)
6 - 11	97*	(1.2)	24	(1.6)	12	(1.2)	28	(1.6)	33	(1.6)	22	(1.4)	23	(1.9)	23	(2.4)	22	(1.8)	25	(1.9)
12 - 19	87	(2.6)	23	(1.3)	12	(0.8)	26	(1.4)	33	(2.2)	21	(1.2)	23	(1.7)	24	(2.3)	23	(1.6)	24	(1.4)
20 and over	94	(0.7)	21	(0.6)	11	(0.4)	25	(0.6)	35	(1.1)	19	(0.8)	18	(0.7)	18	(0.8)	18	(0.9)	17	(0.7)
2 and over	93	(0.7)	22	(0.6)	12	(0.4)	26	(0.6)	35	(0.9)	20	(0.7)	19	(0.7)	20	(0.9)	19	(0.8)	18	(0.6)
Over 350% poverty:																				
2 - 5	97*	(2.4)	28	(1.8)	20	(1.5)	33	(2.1)	41	(3.4)	22	(2.2)	26	(2.2)	25	(2.6)	27	(2.7)	25	(3.2)
6 - 11	97*	(1.4)	26	(1.5)	15	(1.0)	30	(1.7)	39	(2.2)	26	(2.0)	26	(1.8)	27	(2.6)	25	(1.7)	26	(1.9)
12 - 19	93*	(1.8)	19	(1.9)	10	(0.9)	23	(2.4)	32	(3.3)	18	(1.6)	19	(1.8)	19	(2.2)	19	(1.5)	19	(1.7)
20 and over	97	(0.4)	22	(1.0)	11	(0.7)	25	(1.0)	35	(1.4)	18	(0.9)	19	(1.2)	19	(1.3)	20	(1.3)	18	(1.1)
2 and over	96	(0.4)	22	(0.9)	12	(0.7)	25	(1.0)	35	(1.4)	18	(0.9)	19	(1.1)	20	(1.1)	20	(1.2)	18	(1.0)
All Individuals ⁵ :																				
2 - 5	95	(1.2)	27	(0.8)	18	(0.8)	30	(0.9)	39	(1.2)	23	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	26	(1.1)	25	(1.2)	25	(1.4)
6 - 11	94	(1.0)	25	(0.9)	14	(0.7)	29	(0.9)	35	(1.1)	23	(0.9)	24	(0.9)	24	(1.1)	23	(0.8)	26	(1.0)
12 - 19	88	(1.6)	21	(1.0)	12	(0.6)	24	(1.2)	33	(1.5)	20	(0.7)	21	(1.1)	22	(1.4)	21	(1.1)	21	(1.2)
20 and over	94	(0.4)	22	(0.7)	12	(0.5)	25	(0.7)	36	(0.9)	18	(0.5)	19	(0.7)	19	(0.8)	19	(0.8)	18	(0.7)
2 and over	93	(0.5)	22	(0.6)	12	(0.4)	26	(0.6)	35	(0.8)	19	(0.4)	19	(0.6)	20	(0.7)	20	(0.7)	19	(0.6)

Table 28. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level and age (years)	Choles- terol % (SE)		terol (RAE)		RAE) carotene			opene (SE)	Thi %	amin (SE)		Ribo- flavin % (SE)		Niacin % (SE)		Vitamin B6 % (SE)		olate FE) (SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	12	(1.4)	19	(2.0)	24*	(8.9)	9*	(3.1)	17	(2.0)	20	(1.6)	14	(1.8)	15	(1.7)	16	(2.3)
6 - 11	12	(1.5)	19	(1.9)	20	(4.2)	13	(2.3)	19	(1.6)	19	(1.5)	17	(1.2)	17	(1.3)	21	(2.2)
12 - 19	11	(1.6)	21	(4.3)	9	(1.8)	8	(2.2)	17	(2.1)	20	(2.3)	15	(1.7)	18	(2.1)	18	(2.6)
20 and over	9	(0.8)	16	(1.2)	11	(1.3)	9	(1.2)	15	(0.8)	21	(1.1)	17	(1.1)	19	(1.5)	15	(0.9)
2 and over	9	(0.6)	17	(1.3)	12	(1.1)	9	(1.2)	16	(0.7)	21	(0.7)	16	(0.7)	18	(1.1)	16	(0.8)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	13	(1.1)	22	(1.9)	19	(3.2)	6*	(2.2)	18	(1.0)	24	(1.6)	15	(1.4)	19	(1.5)	17	(1.3)
6 - 11	9	(1.3)	20	(5.5)	30*	(11.2)	6*	(2.8)	16	(1.5)	18	(2.2)	14	(1.6)	15	(2.3)	15	(1.2)
12 - 19	11	(1.4)	14	(1.3)	6	(1.0)	8	(1.3)	15	(1.0)	18	(1.3)	14	(1.0)	16	(2.2)	15	(1.5)
20 and over	7	(0.4)	20	(2.6)	20*	(7.5)	7	(1.2)	14	(0.6)	21	(0.8)	17	(0.7)	20	(0.9)	16	(1.0)
2 and over	8	(0.5)	19	(2.0)	20*	(6.3)	7	(1.0)	15	(0.5)	21	(0.7)	16	(0.5)	19	(0.8)	16	(0.8)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	16*	(2.1)	20	(2.8)	6*	(1.9)	10*	(4.6)	21	(0.8)	27	(2.3)	15*	(1.1)	22	(2.1)	22	(1.8)
6 - 11	11	(1.8)	15	(1.7)	11*	(3.5)	7*	(3.3)	16	(1.4)	18	(1.8)	15	(1.1)	16	(1.2)	16	(1.7)
12 - 19	7*	(0.9)	17	(2.9)	17*	(5.1)	9*	(4.3)	12	(1.1)	17	(1.5)	12	(1.2)	16	(2.2)	12	(1.7)
20 and over	8	(0.9)	15	(0.9)	7	(1.4)	6	(0.7)	13	(0.6)	21	(1.0)	15	(1.1)	17	(1.6)	14	(0.5)
2 and over	8	(0.8)	15	(0.8)	8	(1.4)	6	(0.7)	14	(0.5)	20	(0.9)	15	(0.9)	17	(1.3)	14	(0.5)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	13	(0.7)	20	(1.1)	13	(3.0)	8	(1.4)	19	(0.9)	23	(1.0)	15	(0.9)	18	(1.0)	17	(1.0)
6 - 11	10	(0.7)	18	(2.5)	20*	(6.1)	10	(1.3)	17	(1.0)	19	(1.1)	15	(0.9)	16	(1.2)	17	(1.1)
12 - 19	10	(0.9)	16	(1.6)	11	(2.0)	8	(1.2)	14	(0.9)	18	(0.9)	13	(0.7)	16	(0.7)	14	(1.4)
20 and over	8	(0.5)	17	(1.0)	12	(3.0)	7	(0.7)	14	(0.4)	21	(0.6)	16	(0.7)	18	(0.7)	15	(0.5)
2 and over	8	(0.4)	17	(0.8)	13	(2.5)	8	(0.5)	15	(0.3)	21	(0.5)	16	(0.5)	18	(0.5)	15	(0.4)

Table 28. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 *(continued)*

Family income as % of poverty level										min E pha-								
and age	Ch	oline	Vitan	nin B12	Vita	min C	Vita	min D	tocopherol)		Vita	Vitamin K		Calcium		Phosphorus		nesium
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty:																		
2 - 5	16	(1.3)	16	(1.6)	37	(4.0)	21	(1.9)	26	(2.5)	15	(2.3)	26	(1.6)	20	(1.6)	23	(1.4)
6 - 11	14	(1.1)	15	(1.6)	24	(2.5)	17	(2.0)	28	(1.9)	16	(1.5)	20	(2.1)	17	(1.4)	22	(1.4)
12 - 19	15	(1.5)	17	(2.5)	30	(2.7)	22	(4.3)	24	(3.4)	16	(2.1)	23	(2.2)	17	(1.8)	25	(2.2)
20 and over	13	(0.6)	16	(1.7)	22	(2.0)	16	(1.5)	22	(1.1)	9	(0.8)	25	(1.5)	17	(0.9)	25	(1.1)
2 and over	14	(0.4)	16	(1.2)	24	(1.5)	18	(1.2)	23	(0.9)	11	(0.6)	24	(1.0)	17	(0.6)	24	(0.9)
131-350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	18	(1.5)	22	(2.0)	36	(3.9)	26	(2.7)	27	(2.8)	20	(2.3)	29	(1.6)	23	(1.7)	25	(2.0)
6 - 11	13	(1.0)	11	(1.7)	25	(2.8)	13	(1.4)	27	(1.4)	19	(2.3)	20	(2.8)	17	(2.1)	22	(1.2)
12 - 19	15	(1.1)	15	(2.0)	24	(1.9)	14	(2.5)	25	(1.7)	14	(1.5)	19	(1.2)	16	(0.9)	24	(1.0)
20 and over	14	(0.6)	15	(0.8)	26	(1.6)	16	(1.4)	23	(1.3)	12	(1.7)	23	(1.0)	16	(0.5)	25	(0.6)
2 and over	14	(0.6)	15	(0.7)	26	(1.3)	16	(1.0)	24	(1.1)	12	(1.3)	22	(0.9)	17	(0.5)	25	(0.6)
Over 350% poverty:																		
2 - 5	21	(2.2)	25	(2.9)	31	(5.9)	32	(4.4)	26	(2.6)	18	(3.1)	30	(3.1)	25	(2.0)	28	(2.0)
6 - 11	15	(1.1)	17	(1.4)	31	(3.7)	16	(1.9)	27	(2.1)	16	(1.1)	20	(2.2)	18	(1.3)	26	(2.0)
12 - 19	11	(1.2)	14	(1.2)	29	(3.5)	15	(3.3)	24	(2.6)	12	(1.9)	19	(2.3)	14	(1.5)	22	(1.4)
20 and over	13	(0.9)	14	(1.7)	19	(2.0)	12	(1.3)	23	(1.5)	6	(0.5)	22	(1.0)	16	(0.7)	25	(0.9)
2 and over	13	(0.8)	15	(1.5)	21	(1.8)	13	(1.0)	23	(1.4)	7	(0.5)	22	(0.8)	16	(0.7)	25	(0.8)
All Individuals ⁵ :																		
2 - 5	18	(0.9)	20	(0.9)	36	(2.9)	25	(1.5)	27	(1.6)	18	(1.6)	28	(1.1)	22	(1.0)	26	(1.1)
6 - 11	14	(0.5)	14	(0.8)	27	(2.0)	15	(1.1)	28	(0.8)	17	(1.2)	20	(1.3)	18	(1.0)	24	(1.0)
12 - 19	13	(0.7)	15	(0.8)	27	(1.6)	16	(1.7)	24	(1.2)	13	(1.0)	20	(1.0)	16	(0.9)	24	(0.6)
20 and over	13	(0.6)	15	(0.9)	22	(0.9)	14	(1.0)	23	(0.9)	9	(0.6)	23	(0.7)	16	(0.5)	25	(0.5)
2 and over	14	(0.5)	15	(0.7)	24	(0.8)	15	(0.7)	23	(0.7)	10	(0.6)	23	(0.5)	17	(0.4)	25	(0.5)

Table 28. Snacks¹: Percentages² of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016 (continued)

Family income as % of poverty level																	
and age	Iron		n Zinc		Copper		Sele	nium	Potassium		Sodium		Caf	feine	Alcohol		
(years)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	
Under 131% poverty:																	
2 - 5	18	(2.4)	16	(1.2)	25	(1.9)	13	(1.5)	23	(1.5)	17	(1.8)	37	(8.9)			
6 - 11	23	(2.1)	15	(1.4)	25	(1.5)	13	(1.2)	20	(1.0)	18	(1.7)	42	(8.7)			
12 - 19	20	(2.2)	16	(1.9)	26	(2.8)	12	(1.4)	20	(1.3)	16	(1.5)	33	(6.8)			
20 and over	15	(1.1)	14	(0.9)	25	(1.1)	10	(0.7)	20	(0.9)	13	(0.7)	41	(2.6)	60	(5.2)	
2 and over	17	(0.9)	15	(0.7)	25	(0.8)	11	(0.5)	20	(0.6)	14	(0.5)	40	(2.5)			
131-350% poverty:																	
2 - 5	18	(1.6)	19	(1.5)	28	(2.6)	15	(1.4)	26	(1.8)	18	(1.1)	27	(6.5)			
6 - 11	17	(1.4)	13	(1.2)	24	(1.0)	11	(1.1)	19	(1.2)	17	(1.6)	36	(2.8)			
12 - 19	15	(1.4)	15	(0.9)	27	(1.5)	11	(0.8)	19	(0.9)	13	(0.7)	41	(3.8)			
20 and over	15	(1.0)	14	(0.7)	26	(0.7)	9	(0.3)	19	(0.5)	11	(0.4)	35	(2.4)	63	(5.8)	
2 and over	16	(0.9)	14	(0.6)	26	(0.7)	10	(0.3)	19	(0.5)	12	(0.4)	35	(2.4)			
Over 350% poverty:																	
2 - 5	22	(2.3)	22	(2.2)	30	(1.3)	16*	(2.0)	28	(3.0)	18	(1.4)	41*	(6.5)			
6 - 11	18	(1.3)	18	(1.2)	30	(2.1)	12	(1.3)	23	(1.5)	16	(1.0)	57	(6.9)			
12 - 19	13	(2.1)	12	(1.1)	24	(1.7)	8*	(1.0)	18	(1.6)	10	(1.2)	44	(6.7)			
20 and over	15	(0.5)	14	(0.7)	28	(1.1)	10	(0.7)	18	(0.8)	11	(0.6)	38	(2.1)	62	(3.7)	
2 and over	15	(0.6)	15	(0.6)	27	(1.0)	10	(0.7)	18	(0.8)	11	(0.5)	39	(2.1)			
All Individuals ⁵ :																	
2 - 5	19	(1.3)	19	(0.9)	28	(1.2)	14	(0.9)	25	(1.2)	18	(0.9)	33	(3.8)			
6 - 11	20	(1.2)	15	(0.8)	26	(1.0)	12	(0.8)	21	(0.8)	17	(0.8)	42	(3.9)			
12 - 19	16	(1.2)	14	(0.9)	26	(0.7)	10	(0.7)	19	(0.7)	13	(0.8)	39	(3.0)			
20 and over	15	(0.5)	14	(0.5)	27	(0.6)	10	(0.4)	19	(0.6)	12	(0.4)	38	(1.6)	61	(3.5)	
2 and over	16	(0.5)	14	(0.4)	27	(0.5)	10	(0.4)	19	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	38	(1.6)			

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages and ratios are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Nutrient ratios expressed as percentages: An estimated ratio between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size n^* of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect and n^* is the number of individuals in the sample reporting non-zero intake of the respective nutrient. An estimated ratio less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent, is flagged when the smaller of n^*p and n^* (1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. Additionally, an estimated ratio is flagged when either the relative standard error or p/(1-p) times the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

- ¹ Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".
- ² Percentages are estimated as a ratio of total nutrients from snacks for all individuals to total daily nutrient intakes for all individuals. Total daily nutrient intakes are available from: www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg. See Table 4. Nutrient Intakes from Food and Beverages: Mean Amounts Consumed per Individual, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016.
- ³ The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.
- ⁴ The percentage of respondents in the income/age group who reported consuming at least one item at an eating occasion designated as snack.
- ⁵ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error; RAE = retinol activity equivalents; DFE = dietary folate equivalents.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Snacks: Percentages of Selected Nutrients Contributed by Food and Beverages Consumed at Snack Occasions, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 29. Snacks: Distribution of Snack Occasions¹, by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

							Nu	mber	of snac	k occa	sions -												
Gender and age	Sample size	Z	ero	(One	Т	`wo	Tl	nree	F	our	F	ive	S	Six		even nore						
(years)		%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)						
Males:	1																						
2 - 5	336	6	(1.5)	9	(1.7)	24	(2.6)	21	(3.4)	21	(3.2)	11	(1.8)	4*	(1.0)	3*	(1.0)						
6 - 11	517	6	(1.5)	19	(2.0)	23	(3.1)	26	(2.9)	17	(1.8)	5	(1.1)	3*	(1.0)	2*							
12 - 19	609	10	(2.0)	26	(1.8)	26	(2.6)	17	(1.9)	14	(2.0)	4	(1.1)	1*	(0.1)	1*							
20 - 29	392	10	(2.2)	19	(2.5)	26	(3.0)	18	(3.1)	14	(1.6)	8	(2.4)	4*	(1.5)	2*	(0.7)						
30 - 39	418	7	(1.4)	14	(2.6)	24	(3.1)	24	(3.5)	23	(3.9)	4*	(1.1)	3*	(0.9)	2*							
40 - 49	370	5	(1.3)	18	(3.2)	20	(3.4)	19	(2.6)	12	(2.3)	16	(3.4)	5*	(2.1)	4*							
50 - 59	397	6	(1.5)	16	(3.3)	20	(2.6)	21	(3.0)	15	(3.0)	7	(2.0)	8	(2.4)	6	` '						
60 - 69	420	6	(0.8)	14	(1.6)	25	(4.0)	22	(4.0)	15	(2.0)	8	(2.3)	7	(2.4)	3*							
70 and over	418	11	(1.5)	25	(3.0)	21	(1.9)	18	(2.5)	18	(2.9)	4*	(1.3)	3*	(1.2)	2*							
2 - 19	1462	8	(1.2)	20	(1.4)	25	(1.7)	21	(1.4)	16	(1.3)	6	(0.7)	2	(0.4)	2	(0.5)						
20 and over	2415	7	(0.6)	17	(1.5)	22	(1.2)	20	(1.2)	16	(1.4)	8	(1.1)	5	(1.0)	3	(0.6)						
2 and over	3877	8	(0.7)	18	(1.2)	23	(0.9)	20	(1.0)	16	(1.2)	8	(0.9)	4	(0.8)	3	(0.5)						
Females: 2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	329 523 586	5* 5 14	(1.4) (1.0) (1.9)	14 16 25	(2.2) (3.7) (3.6)	19 29 26	(3.5) (4.7) (2.5)	29 20 18	(2.8) (2.0) (2.4)	16 15 12	(3.5) (2.7) (2.5)	11 10 2*	(1.7) (2.1) (0.9)	4* 3* 2*	(1.3) (1.0) (0.5)	1* 3* 1*	(1.2)						
20 - 29	442	6	(1.0)	20	(2.7)	27	(3.6)	22	(2.4)	15	(1.9)	4*	(1.0)	2*	(1.0)	3*	(0.8)						
30 - 39	435	5	(1.2)	16	(2.4)	22	(2.9)	25	(2.9)	13	(1.8)	10	(2.5)	4*	(1.4)	5	(2.0)						
40 - 49	460	3*	(1.0)	17	(3.1)	23	(3.7)	25	(2.5)	17	(2.6)	7	(1.8)	3*	(1.1)	4	(1.8)						
50 - 59	419	6	(1.5)	12	(2.0)	20	(2.4)	23	(3.5)	16	(2.7)	12	(3.2)	5*	(1.9)	7	(2.1)						
60 - 69	432	3*	(1.3)	16	(3.8)	22	(3.9)	28	(4.4)	11	(1.7)	13	(2.0)	1*	(0.6)	6	(2.5)						
70 and over	414	5	(0.8)	20	(2.9)	26	(2.8)	25	(2.3)	11	(1.8)	7	(1.9)	2*	(1.3)	4*	(1.2)						
2 - 19	1438	9	(1.1)	19	(2.3)	25	(1.3)	21	(1.3)	14	(1.8)	7	(1.0)	3	(0.5)	2	(0.4)						
20 and over	2602	5	(0.6)	17	(1.3)	23	(1.4)	25	(1.6)	14	(1.0)	9	(0.9)	3	(0.6)	5	(0.9)						
2 and over	4040	6	(0.5)	17	(1.3)	24	(1.2)	24	(1.2)	14	(0.8)	8	(0.8)	3	(0.4)	4	(0.8)						
Males and females: 2 - 19 20 and over 2 and over	2900 5017 7917	9 6 7	(1.0) (0.4) (0.5)	20 17 18	(1.5) (1.1) (1.1)	25 23 23	(0.9) (1.2) (0.8)	21 23 22	(1.2) (1.2) (0.9)	15 15 15	(1.1) (0.9) (0.8)	6 8 8	(0.6) (0.6) (0.6)	2 4 4	(0.3) (0.6) (0.5)	2 4 4	(0.3) (0.6) (0.5)						

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Footnotes

¹ Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".

Abbreviations

SE = standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service, 2018, Snacks; Distribution of Snack Occasions, by Gender and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 30. Snacks: Distribution of Snack Occasions¹, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

				Nu	ımber of snac	k occasions –			
Race/ethnicity and age	Sample size	Zero	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven or more
(years)		% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)
Non-Hispanic White	:								
2 - 5 6 - 11 12 - 19	209 300 322 1711	6* (2.3) 3* (0.7) 12 (2.6) 5 (0.3)	9 (2.2) 12 (2.2) 24 (2.9) 15 (1.4)	19 (3.7) 24 (4.7) 27 (3.1) 22 (1.4)	27 (3.7) 26 (3.4) 15 (1.8)	22 (4.4) 19 (1.9) 18 (3.4)	12 (1.8) 9 (1.7) 3* (0.9)	3* (1.3) 4* (1.6) 1* (0.5)	2* (1.1) 4* (1.2) 1* (0.5)
20 and over 2 and over	2542	5 (0.3) 5 (0.4)	15 (1.4) 15 (1.2)	22 (1.4) 22 (1.0)	24 (1.5) 24 (1.2)	16 (1.3) 16 (1.1)	10 (0.8) 9 (0.7)	5 (0.8) 4 (0.7)	4 (0.8) 4 (0.6)
Non-Hispanic Black:			, ,	, ,		,	<i>y</i> (0.7)	,	,
2 - 5	160 220 274 1060	7* (1.5) 9* (2.3) 13 (2.2) 9 (1.1)	13 (1.3) 31 (2.5) 26 (2.7) 22 (1.4)	29 (4.1) 26 (2.4) 25 (2.6) 28 (1.8)	22 (4.3) 17 (2.7) 20 (2.6) 19 (1.6)	20 (3.8) 10 (1.2) 10 (2.1) 12 (0.8)	6* (1.9) 5* (1.4) 3* (1.2) 6 (1.1)	1* (0.6) 2* (1.3) 1* (0.7) 3 (0.7)	2* (0.9) 1* (0.5) 1* (0.6) 2* (0.3)
2 and over	1714	10 (1.0)	23 (1.3)	27 (1.4)	19 (1.0)	12 (0.8)	5 (0.8)	2 (0.5)	2 (0.3)
Non-Hispanic Asian ²									
2 - 5	34 70 123 521	2* (1.9) 4* (2.8) 6* (1.8) 8 (1.4)	20* (9.4) 14* (5.3) 21 (5.6) 16 (1.3)	20* (9.4) 29* (6.0) 26 (5.4) 23 (1.9)	16* (6.7) 22* (3.6) 23 (2.6) 19 (1.9)	19* (9.1) 21* (4.5) 11* (3.5) 16 (1.3)	8* (2.9) 6* (2.6) 6* (2.4) 8 (1.4)	12* (5.4) 0* (0.0) 3* (1.1) 4 (1.1)	5* (3.0) 5* (1.9) 4* (2.7) 7 (1.5)
2 and over	748	7 (1.2)	17 (1.5)	23 (1.3)	19 (1.6)	16 (1.2)	8 (1.1)	4 (1.1)	6 (1.3)
Hispanic: 2 - 5	205 379 405 1543	5* (2.7) 11 (2.1) 14 (1.7) 10 (1.4)	15 (3.6) 22 (3.5) 30 (3.9) 22 (1.0)	21 (4.0) 27 (3.3) 25 (2.1) 25 (1.9)	24 (3.8) 20 (2.6) 19 (2.1) 20 (1.2)	11 (3.5) 13 (2.7) 7 (1.5) 13 (1.2)	14 (3.3) 4* (1.6) 4* (1.2) 5 (1.0)	6* (2.3) 2* (0.6) 1* (0.6) 3 (0.6)	3* (1.6) # 1* (0.6) 3 (0.5)
2 and over	2532	10 (1.3)	22 (1.4)	25 (1.2)	20 (1.2)	12 (1.0)	6 (0.9)	3 (0.5)	2 (0.4)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

- ¹ Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".
- ² A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Snacks: Distribution of Snack Occasions, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 31. Snacks: Distribution of Snack Occasions¹, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income	-						Nu	ımber	of snac	k occa	sions -														
in dollars and age	Sample size	Z	ero	C	ne	Т	'wo	Tł	nree	F	our	F	ive	S	ix		ven								
(years)		%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)								
\$0 - \$24,999:	I																								
2 - 5	196	10	(2.8)	20	(3.3)	27	(3.8)	18	(3.7)	13	(3.2)	8*	(3.1)	2*	(0.9)	3*	(1.0)								
6 - 11	258	10	(2.0)	27	(3.5)	30	(4.8)	17	(3.6)	9	(2.1)	4*	(2.0)	2*	(1.1)	#									
12 - 19	284	15	(3.3)	30	(4.1)	24	(2.8)	18	(2.4)	9	(2.4)	2*	(0.9)	1*	(0.3)	1*	(0.9)								
20 and over	1430	10	(1.0)	21	(2.1)	25	(1.5)	20	(1.1)	12	(1.1)	6	(1.1)	2	(0.6)	3	(0.8)								
2 and over	2168	11	(0.9)	22	(1.8)	26	(1.4)	19	(0.9)	12	(0.8)	6	(0.8)	2	(0.5)	3	(0.6)								
\$25,000 - \$74,999:																									
2 - 5	261	6*	(1.7)	11	(2.2)	21	(3.2)	26	(4.5)	15	(2.9)	14	(2.9)	7*	(1.7)	2*	(1.0)								
6 - 11	451	7	(1.6)	20	(3.4)	25	(2.9)	26	(2.9)	15	(1.6)	4	(0.9)	2*	(0.6)	2*	(1.0)								
12 - 19	513	13	(2.0)	26	(2.4)	27	(2.0)	18	(1.4)	11	(1.6)	2*	(0.7)	2*	(0.7)	1*	(0.6)								
20 and over	1973	6	(0.6)	16	(2.0)	23	(1.3)	25	(1.4)	14	(1.0)	7	(0.7)	5	(1.0)	3	(0.9)								
2 and over	3198	7	(0.6)	17	(1.8)	24	(1.0)	24	(1.2)	14	(0.9)	7	(0.6)	5	(0.8)	3	(0.7)								
\$75,000 and higher:																									
2 - 5	166	2*	(1.8)	7*	(2.4)	22	(5.8)	28	(5.0)	26	(6.8)	11*	(2.2)	2*	(0.7)	2*	(1.3)								
6 - 11	278	2*	(1.0)	10	(1.9)	24	(3.4)	24	(2.8)	20	(2.3)	12	(2.1)	4*	(2.1)	4*	(1.3)								
12 - 19	306	10	(2.0)	23	(4.3)	25	(4.4)	17	(3.3)	17	(4.3)	5*	(1.5)	1*	(0.6)	1*	(0.6)								
20 and over	1206	3	(0.5)	15	(1.6)	20	(1.8)	23	(2.1)	17	(1.8)	11	(1.4)	4	(1.1)	6	(0.9)								
2 and over	1956	4	(0.4)	15	(1.4)	21	(1.3)	23	(1.5)	18	(1.3)	11	(1.0)	4	(0.8)	5	(0.7)								
All Individuals ² :																									
2 - 5	665	5	(1.2)	12	(1.7)	22	(3.0)	25	(2.5)	19	(2.4)	11	(1.1)	4	(0.8)	2*	(0.7)								
6 - 11	1040	6	(1.0)	18	(2.4)	26	(2.3)	23	(2.0)	16	(1.0)	7	(1.2)	3	(0.9)	2	(0.7)								
12 - 19	1195	12	(1.6)	25	(2.3)	26	(1.8)	18	(1.7)	13	(1.9)	3	(0.7)	1*	(0.3)	1*	(0.3)								
20 and over	5017	6	(0.4)	17	(1.1)	23	(1.2)	23	(1.2)	15	(0.9)	8	(0.6)	4	(0.6)	4	(0.6)								
2 and over	7917	7	(0.5)	18	(1.1)	23	(0.8)	22	(0.9)	15	(0.8)	8	(0.6)	4	(0.5)	4	(0.5)								

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

¹ Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".

Abbreviations

SE = standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Snacks: Distribution of Snack Occasions, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

² Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Table 32. Snacks: Distribution of Snack Occasions¹, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level²) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

Family income as							Nu	ımber	of snac	k occa	sions -						
% of poverty level and age	Sample size	Ze	ero	C	ne	Т	`wo	T	nree	F	our	F	ïve	S	ix		ven nore
(years)		%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)	%	(SE)
Under 131% poverty	7:																
2 - 5	261	10	(2.3)	21	(2.9)	23	(3.2)	18	(3.6)	12	(2.2)	9	(2.6)	4*	(1.7)	2*	(0.8)
6 - 11	395	11	(2.5)	26	(2.9)	27	(3.8)	20	(3.2)	10	(2.0)	4*	(2.0)	2*	(0.8)	#	
12 - 19	423	15	(2.1)	30	(3.8)	24	(1.7)	20	(1.5)	9	(2.1)	2*	(0.4)	#		1*	(0.7)
20 and over	1434	11	(1.2)	20	(1.5)	25	(1.5)	21	(1.3)	13	(1.4)	6	(0.8)	2	(0.4)	2	(0.6)
2 and over	2513	11	(0.9)	22	(1.5)	25	(1.3)	21	(1.0)	12	(1.0)	5	(0.7)	2	(0.3)	2	(0.4)
131-350% poverty:																	
2 - 5	236	4*	(1.5)	8*	(0.9)	21	(4.4)	30	(4.6)	18	(4.2)	14	(2.8)	5*	(1.1)	2*	(1.0)
6 - 11	387	3*	(1.2)	16	(3.3)	26	(4.0)	25	(2.6)	16	(1.9)	7	(2.1)	4*	(1.9)	3*	(1.2)
12 - 19	435	13	(2.6)	25	(3.4)	24	(2.3)	18	(1.9)	14	(1.9)	3*	(0.9)	2*	(0.8)	2*	(0.7)
20 and over	1823	6	(0.7)	19	(1.7)	25	(0.9)	22	(1.4)	13	(0.9)	7	(0.9)	5	(0.9)	3	(0.6)
2 and over	2881	7	(0.7)	19	(1.3)	25	(0.9)	22	(1.1)	14	(0.9)	7	(0.8)	4	(0.7)	3	(0.5)
Over 350% poverty:																	
2 - 5	118	3*	(2.4)	6*	(3.1)	24	(7.1)	24	(6.3)	27	(7.9)	11*	(2.6)	2*	(1.2)	2*	(1.6)
6 - 11	191	3*	(1.4)	11	(2.3)	23	(3.0)	25	(3.4)	22	(3.9)	11	(2.2)	1*	(1.0)	4*	(1.6)
12 - 19	222	7*	(1.8)	23	(4.9)	29	(5.1)	16	(4.1)	18	(4.6)	5*	(1.7)	1*	(0.7)	1*	(0.7)
20 and over	1280	3	(0.4)	13	(1.3)	19	(2.1)	25	(2.1)	17	(1.5)	11	(0.9)	5	(0.9)	6	(1.0)
2 and over	1811	4	(0.4)	14	(1.3)	20	(1.7)	24	(1.7)	18	(1.3)	10	(0.8)	4	(0.8)	5	(0.9)
All Individuals ³ :																	
2 - 5	665	5	(1.2)	12	(1.7)	22	(3.0)	25	(2.5)	19	(2.4)	11	(1.1)	4	(0.8)	2*	(0.7)
6 - 11	1040	6	(1.0)	18	(2.4)	26	(2.3)	23	(2.0)	16	(1.0)	7	(1.2)	3	(0.9)	2	(0.7)
12 - 19	1195	12	(1.6)	25	(2.3)	26	(1.8)	18	(1.7)	13	(1.9)	3	(0.7)	1*	(0.3)	1*	(0.3)
20 and over	5017	6	(0.4)	17	(1.1)	23	(1.2)	23	(1.2)	15	(0.9)	8	(0.6)	4	(0.6)	4	(0.6)
2 and over	7917	7	(0.5)	18	(1.1)	23	(0.8)	22	(0.9)	15	(0.8)	8	(0.6)	4	(0.5)	4	(0.5)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

- ¹ Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".
- ² The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.
- ³ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Abbreviations

SE = standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Snacks: Distribution of Snack Occasions, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 33. Meals and Snacks: Distribution of Meal Patterns¹ and Snack Occasions², by Gender and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

	Br	eakfast, lun	ch, and din	ner		— Any tw	o meals —			Any one n	neal or less	
Gender		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions	_	Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions
and age		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more	•	1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more
(years)	% (SE) % (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)						
Males:					1							
2 - 5 6 - 11	84 (2.1) 73 (3.7)	12 (2.1) 17 (2.5)	39 (3.2) 37 (4.7)	33 (3.3) 18 (3.0)	15 (1.9) 24 (3.4)	3* (1.3) 7 (1.9)	6 (1.2) 10 (1.8)	6 (1.6) 7 (1.7)	1* (0.3) 3* (1.0)	# 1* (0.5)	# 1* (0.3)	# 1* (0.6)
12 - 19	52 (2.7)	20 (2.9)	23 (2.3)	9 (1.2)	37 (1.6)	13 (1.5)	16 (1.9)	8 (1.3)	11 (1.9)	4 (0.9)	4 (1.1)	4 (1.2)
20 - 29	54 (4.1)	16 (2.1)	23 (3.4)	15 (2.8)	36 (3.4)	11 (1.7)	14 (1.9)	11 (1.9)	10 (2.1)	2* (1.0)	6 (1.6)	2* (1.0)
30 - 39 40 - 49	60 (2.9) 65 (4.3)	11 (2.6) 14 (3.1)	30 (2.3) 25 (2.5)	19 (3.4) 25 (4.1)	33 (2.6) 30 (3.2)	7 (1.5) 8 (1.6)	16 (2.2) 11 (2.7)	10 (2.1) 11 (2.4)	7 (1.4) 6 (1.9)	2* (0.4) 2* (0.9)	2* (0.7) 2* (0.8)	3* (1.2) 2* (0.9)
50 - 59	60 (3.5)	13 (2.6)	26 (2.9)	22 (3.3)	35 (4.0)	8 (2.2)	15 (3.1)	12 (2.7)	5 (1.4)	2* (0.8)	1* (0.4)	3* (0.9)
60 - 69 70 and over	67 (5.7) 68 (2.2)	15 (1.6) 25 (2.3)	31 (4.5) 27 (2.1)	22 (3.8) 16 (3.0)	30 (5.4) 30 (2.2)	4* (1.1) 9 (1.7)	15 (3.5) 11 (2.5)	10 (3.0) 9 (2.2)	3* (0.7) 2* (0.8)	1* (0.4) 1* (0.4)	1* (0.4) 1* (0.3)	1* (0.6) 1* (0.4)
2 - 19	66 (2.7)	17 (1.7)	31 (2.4)	17 (1.6)	28 (1.9)	9 (1.4)	12 (1.1)	7 (0.9)	6 (1.1)	2 (0.5)	2 (0.5)	2 (0.6)
20 and over 2 and over	61 (1.7) 63 (1.7)	15 (1.1) 16 (0.8)	27 (1.3) 28 (1.3)	20 (1.6) 19 (1.4)	33 (1.5) 31 (1.2)	8 (0.8) 8 (0.8)	14 (1.0) 13 (0.9)	10 (1.3) 10 (0.9)	6 (0.7) 6 (0.7)	2 (0.3) 2 (0.3)	2 (0.5) 2 (0.4)	2 (0.4) 2 (0.4)
Females:												
2 - 5	89 (2.3)	16 (2.1)	43 (3.2)	29 (4.4)	11 (2.3)	2* (1.1)	5* (1.1)	4* (1.2)	#	0* (0.0)	#	#
6 - 11 12 - 19	72 (2.4) 49 (1.6)	16 (3.0) 21 (2.5)	34 (3.0) 20 (1.6)	22 (3.2) 8 (2.1)	24 (2.9) 41 (2.4)	5 (1.2) 15 (2.7)	14 (2.7) 18 (2.5)	6 (1.3) 8 (1.4)	4 (0.9) 10 (2.3)	1* (0.3) 2* (0.8)	1* (0.5) 6 (1.7)	2* (0.9) 2* (0.6)
20 - 29	59 (2.5)	15 (2.3)	32 (2.8)	13 (1.8)	33 (2.8)	10 (1.8)	15 (1.8)	8 (1.6)	7 (1.2)	1* (0.5)	3* (0.6)	4* (0.9)
30 - 39 40 - 49	66 (2.6) 70 (3.7)	12 (2.5) 15 (2.7)	34 (3.8) 33 (2.5)	19 (2.8) 22 (3.5)	29 (2.9) 27 (3.4)	7 (1.7) 5 (1.9)	11 (1.6) 14 (3.2)	11 (1.2) 7 (1.5)	5 (0.9) 4* (0.7)	1* (0.4) 1* (0.3)	2* (0.5) 2* (0.6)	2* (0.8) 2* (0.7)
			` ,		` ´	, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,		
50 - 59 60 - 69	65 (3.3) 66 (4.5)	13 (2.3) 14 (3.6)	26 (4.3) 35 (4.7)	26 (4.1) 17 (2.5)	32 (3.5) 30 (4.8)	4* (1.0) 5 (1.7)	16 (2.6) 13 (2.3)	12 (2.0) 12 (3.0)	2* (0.8) 4* (1.3)	# #	1* (0.4) 1* (0.6)	1* (0.5) 2* (1.2)
70 and over	68 (3.1)	16 (2.7)	37 (2.7)	15 (2.2)	28 (2.9)	7 (1.2)	13 (2.1)	8 (1.2)	4* (1.1)	1* (0.4)	1* (0.7)	2* (0.7)
2 - 19	65 (1.8)	18 (1.6)	30 (1.2)	17 (1.9)	29 (2.0)	9 (1.4)	14 (1.6)	6 (0.9)	6 (1.1)	1* (0.4)	3 (0.8)	2 (0.4)
20 and over	66 (1.6)	14 (1.2) 15 (1.2)	32 (1.9)	19 (1.3) 19 (1.3)	30 (1.7) 30 (1.4)	7 (0.7) 7 (0.7)	14 (1.2) 14 (1.1)	10 (0.7) 9 (0.6)	4 (0.4)	1* (0.1)	2 (0.2)	2 (0.3)
2 and over	65 (1.4)	13 (1.2)	32 (1.6)	19 (1.3)	30 (1.4)	7 (0.7)	14 (1.1)	9 (0.0)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.2)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.2)
Males and females: 2 - 19	66 (2.0)	18 (1.1)	31 (1.4)	17 (1.5)	28 (1.6)	9 (1.2)	13 (1.1)	7 (0.4)	6 (0.9)	2 (0.3)	3 (0.6)	2 (0.4)
20 and over	64 (1.5)	15 (0.9)	30 (1.4)	19 (1.3)	31 (1.3)	7 (0.6)	14 (0.8)	10 (0.7)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.2)
2 and over	64 (1.4)	15 (0.9)	30 (1.3)	19 (1.3)	31 (1.1)	8 (0.7)	14 (0.8)	9 (0.6)	5 (0.5)	1 (0.2)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.2)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

¹ Meals Patterns are categorized into the following:

Breakfast, lunch, and dinner: the respondent reported each of the three meals as follows: breakfast includes all eating occasions designated by the respondent as "breakfast", or the Spanish equivalents "desayuno", and "almuerzo"; lunch includes all eating occasions designated as "brunch", "lunch" or the Spanish equivalent "comida"; and dinner includes all eating occasions designated as "dinner", "supper", or the Spanish equivalent "cena".

Any two meals: the respondent reported any combination of two of the three meals -- breakfast, lunch or dinner.

Any one meal or less: the respondent reported one of the three meals, or no meal.

² Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".

Abbreviations

SE standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Meals and Snacks: Distribution of Meal Patterns and Snack Occasions, by Gender and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 34. Meals and Snacks: Distribution of Meal Patterns¹ and Snack Occasions², by Race/Ethnicity and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

	Br	eakfast, lun	ch, and din	ner		— Any tw	o meals —			Any one m		
Race/ethnicity		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions
and age		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more
(years)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)
Non-Hispanic White:												
2 - 5	95* (1.2)	14 (3.1)	44 (4.0)	37 (5.1)	5* (1.2)	1* (0.8)	2* (0.9)	2* (1.0)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)
6 - 11	80 (3.4)	13 (2.4)	41 (4.1)	26 (3.1)	17 (3.2)	2* (1.4)	9 (2.3)	6 (1.7)	3* (0.9)	#	1* (0.4)	2* (0.8)
12 - 19	53 (2.5)	22 (3.1)	21 (1.7)	10 (1.7)	38 (2.7)	12 (2.3)	16 (2.8)	10 (1.6)	10 (2.4)	2* (0.6)	5* (1.9)	3* (1.3)
20 and over	68 (1.8)	14 (1.4)	32 (1.9)	22 (1.4)	28 (1.7)	5 (0.7)	13 (0.8)	10 (1.0)	3 (0.4)	1* (0.2)	1* (0.3)	2 (0.3)
2 and over	69 (1.7)	14 (1.2)	32 (1.7)	22 (1.3)	27 (1.5)	5 (0.7)	12 (0.8)	10 (0.8)	4 (0.4)	1* (0.2)	1 (0.3)	2 (0.3)
Non-Hispanic Black:												
2 - 5	81 (3.5)	16 (1.7)	43 (3.0)	22 (3.5)	16 (3.3)	4* (1.7)	8* (1.8)	5* (2.0)	2* (1.3)	0* (0.0)	1* (0.5)	2* (1.1)
6 - 11	67 (3.2)	29 (2.9)	26 (2.8)	13 (2.7)	31 (2.8)	10 (2.6)	16 (2.3)	4* (0.8)	2* (0.8)	1* (0.5)	1* (0.5)	1* (0.4)
12 - 19	42 (3.1)	18 (2.4)	19 (1.6)	5* (2.1)	43 (3.8)	18 (3.6)	19 (3.0)	6* (1.0)	16 (3.5)	4* (1.3)	8 (2.3)	4* (1.9)
20 and over	49 (1.9)	16 (1.4)	23 (1.9)	10 (1.1)	37 (1.6)	11 (1.2)	18 (1.1)	8 (1.0)	14 (1.1)	4 (0.7)	6 (0.6)	5 (0.5)
2 and over	52 (1.7)	18 (1.1)	24 (1.2)	11 (0.9)	35 (1.6)	11 (1.3)	17 (0.6)	7 (0.7)	12 (1.0)	3 (0.6)	5 (0.6)	4 (0.5)
Non-Hispanic Asian ³ :												
2 - 5	94* (3.3)	22*(10.0)	35*(13.6)	38* (8.5)	6* (3.3)	0*(0.0)	0*(0.0)	6* (3.3)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)	0*(0.0)	0* (0.0)
6 - 11	94* (4.3)	16* (7.0)	48* (8.2)	30* (5.6)	6* (4.3)	2* (1.2)	2* (2.0)	2* (1.4)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)	0*(0.0)	0* (0.0)
12 - 19	63 (5.2)	18 (4.5)	28 (4.8)	18 (4.2)	31 (5.0)	9* (1.7)	17 (4.6)	4* (1.7)	6* (2.0)	#	5* (2.2)	1* (0.8)
20 and over	73 (3.3)	17 (1.7)	32 (2.4)	25 (3.0)	24 (2.6)	7 (1.1)	9 (2.2)	9 (1.2)	3* (1.1)	#	1* (0.6)	1* (0.5)
2 and over	74 (3.0)	17 (1.6)	32 (2.7)	25 (2.7)	23 (2.4)	6 (1.0)	9 (2.0)	8 (1.1)	3 (0.9)	#	1* (0.5)	1* (0.5)
Hispanic:												
2 - 5	74 (3.8)	14 (3.3)	36 (3.3)	24 (4.8)	25 (3.5)	6* (3.0)	9* (1.9)	10 (3.3)	1* (0.5)	#	#	#
6 - 11	55 (2.6)	20 (3.5)	27 (2.2)	9 (2.4)	39 (3.3)	12 (3.0)	19 (2.5)	9 (2.0)	5 (1.5)	2* (1.1)	2* (0.4)	2* (0.8)
12 - 19	46 (2.5)	22 (3.1)	20 (2.5)	4* (1.3)	43 (1.9)	16 (1.8)	19 (2.0)	8 (1.4)	11 (1.6)	5 (0.6)	5* (1.1)	1* (0.4)
20 and over	49 (2.4)	16 (1.6)	22 (1.4)	11 (1.3)	44 (2.2)	13 (0.9)	19 (1.7)	11 (1.5)	7 (1.1)	2 (0.4)	4 (0.9)	2 (0.4)
2 and over	51 (1.7)	17 (1.5)	23 (0.7)	10 (1.2)	42 (1.5)	13 (1.0)	18 (1.3)	10 (1.3)	7 (0.9)	2 (0.3)	3 (0.6)	2 (0.4)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

¹ Meals Patterns are categorized into the following:

Breakfast, lunch, and dinner: the respondent reported each of the three meals as follows: breakfast includes all eating occasions designated by the respondent as "breakfast", or the Spanish equivalents "desayuno", and "almuerzo"; lunch includes all eating occasions designated as "brunch", "lunch" or the Spanish equivalent "comida"; and dinner includes all eating occasions designated as "dinner", "supper", or the Spanish equivalent "cena".

Any two meals: the respondent reported any combination of two of the three meals -- breakfast, lunch or dinner.

Any one meal or less: the respondent reported one of the three meals, or no meal.

- ² Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".
- ³ A new sampling methodology was implemented for NHANES 2011-2012 to oversample non-Hispanic non-black Asians in addition to the ongoing oversample of Hispanics, non-Hispanic blacks, low-income whites/others, and whites/others 80+ years.

Abbreviations

SE standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Meals and Snacks: Distribution of Meal Patterns and Snack Occasions, by Race/Ethnicity and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

Table 35. Meals and Snacks: Distribution of Meal Patterns¹ and Snack Occasions², by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

	Br	eakfast, lun	ch, and din	ner	·	— Any tw	o meals —			Any one m	eal or less	
Family income in dollars		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions	_	Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions
and age		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more
(years)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)
\$0 - \$24,999:					1				I			
2 - 5	78 (3.6)	24 (3.4)	36 (3.4)	18 (4.0)	20 (3.3)	6* (2.4)	9* (2.2)	6* (2.4)	2* (1.0)	0* (0.0)	1* (0.5)	1* (0.7)
6 - 11	63 (4.4)	25 (4.3)	30 (5.5)	8 (2.3)	33 (4.2)	11 (1.8)	15 (2.9)	7* (1.9)	4* (1.2)	1* (0.8)	1* (0.6)	1* (0.7)
12 - 19	48 (4.3)	21 (3.5)	20 (3.3)	7* (2.2)	39 (4.4)	19 (2.6)	15 (3.4)	4* (1.2)	14 (2.8)	4* (1.1)	7 (2.2)	2* (1.3)
20 and over	48 (2.1)	15 (1.3)	24 (1.7)	10 (0.9)	41 (2.1)	13 (1.5)	18 (1.6)	10 (1.1)	11 (1.4)	3 (0.7)	4 (0.5)	4 (0.7)
2 and over	51 (1.8)	17 (1.3)	24 (1.5)	10 (0.7)	39 (1.6)	13 (1.3)	17 (1.0)	9 (0.9)	10 (1.1)	3 (0.5)	4 (0.5)	4 (0.5)
\$25,000 - \$74,999:												
2 - 5	87 (2.8)	14 (2.6)	41 (4.7)	32 (4.6)	12 (2.7)	3* (1.5)	5* (1.3)	4* (1.7)	1* (0.3)	#	0* (0.0)	#
6 - 11	67 (2.9)	18 (2.4)	36 (4.1)	13 (1.7)	28 (2.9)	7 (2.4)	13 (2.2)	7 (1.1)	5 (1.4)	1* (0.7)	1* (0.5)	2* (1.1)
12 - 19	48 (3.0)	21 (2.7)	21 (1.2)	6 (1.3)	40 (2.3)	14 (2.0)	18 (2.3)	8 (1.0)	12 (2.5)	4* (1.1)	6 (1.8)	3* (0.9)
20 and over	62 (2.2)	15 (1.4)	30 (2.0)	17 (1.6)	33 (1.9)	7 (1.1)	16 (1.3)	10 (1.1)	5 (0.8)	1* (0.2)	2 (0.5)	2 (0.5)
2 and over	62 (1.9)	16 (1.2)	30 (1.7)	16 (1.4)	32 (1.6)	7 (1.1)	15 (1.1)	9 (0.9)	6 (0.8)	1 (0.2)	2 (0.6)	2 (0.4)
\$75,000 and higher:												
2 - 5	93* (1.8)	9* (3.1)	46 (6.6)	37 (6.8)	7* (1.8)	#	4* (1.1)	3* (1.2)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)
6 - 11	84 (3.3)	12 (2.4)	40 (3.6)	33 (2.5)	14 (3.6)	1* (0.5)	8 (2.4)	6* (2.4)	1* (0.5)	#	#	1* (0.5)
12 - 19	53 (2.9)	20 (4.9)	22 (3.2)	11 (2.0)	38 (2.3)	10 (2.1)	18 (2.9)	10 (2.1)	9 (2.3)	2* (0.5)	3* (1.5)	3* (1.6)
20 and over	76 (1.6)	14 (1.6)	33 (1.7)	28 (2.2)	23 (1.5)	4 (0.6)	10 (1.0)	9 (0.8)	1* (0.3)	#	1* (0.2)	1* (0.2)
2 and over	75 (1.4)	14 (1.5)	33 (1.5)	27 (1.8)	23 (1.3)	4 (0.6)	10 (0.9)	9 (0.6)	2 (0.4)	#	1* (0.2)	1* (0.3)
All Individuals ³ :												
2 - 5	87 (1.7)	14 (1.7)	41 (2.4)	31 (3.3)	13 (1.6)	3* (1.1)	5 (0.9)	5 (1.0)	1* (0.3)	#	#	#
6 - 11	73 (2.7)	17 (2.1)	36 (2.9)	20 (2.0)	24 (2.7)	6 (1.4)	12 (1.9)	6 (0.8)	3 (0.5)	1* (0.3)	1* (0.2)	2* (0.4)
12 - 19	50 (1.7)	21 (2.2)	22 (1.2)	8 (1.3)	39 (1.5)	14 (1.5)	17 (1.6)	8 (0.8)	11 (1.7)	3 (0.6)	5 (1.2)	3 (0.8)
20 and over	64 (1.5)	15 (0.9)	30 (1.4)	19 (1.3)	31 (1.3)	7 (0.6)	14 (0.8)	10 (0.7)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.2)
2 and over	64 (1.4)	15 (0.9)	30 (1.3)	19 (1.3)	31 (1.1)	8 (0.7)	14 (0.8)	9 (0.6)	5 (0.5)	1 (0.2)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.2)

* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated percentages are as follows:

Percent reporting: An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.41.

Indicates a non-zero value too small to report.

Footnotes

¹ Meals Patterns are categorized into the following:

Breakfast, lunch, and dinner: the respondent reported each of the three meals as follows: breakfast includes all eating occasions designated by the respondent as "breakfast", or the Spanish equivalents "desayuno", and "almuerzo"; lunch includes all eating occasions designated as "brunch", "lunch" or the Spanish equivalent "comida"; and dinner includes all eating occasions designated as "dinner", "supper", or the Spanish equivalent "cena".

Any two meals: the respondent reported any combination of two of the three meals -- breakfast, lunch or dinner.

Any one meal or less: the respondent reported one of the three meals, or no meal.

Abbreviations

SE standard error.

Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2015-2016. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2015-2016 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

Suggested Citation

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service. 2018. Meals and Snacks: Distribution of Meal Patterns and Snack Occasions, by Family Income (in Dollars) and Age, What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016.

² Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".

³ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

Table 36. Meals and Snacks: Distribution of Meal Patterns¹ and Snack Occasions², by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level³) and Age, in the United States, 2015-2016

	Br	eakfast, lun	ch, and din	ner		— Any tw	o meals —			Any one meal or less			
Family income as % of poverty level		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions	_	Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions		Numbe	r of snack o	ccasions	
and age		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more	-	1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more		1 or less	2 or 3	4 or more	
(years)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	% (SE)	
Under 131% poverty:					I								
2 - 5	77 (3.3)	25 (2.7)	32 (3.0)	20 (3.4)	22 (3.0)	6* (2.2)	10 (2.1)	6* (2.4)	2* (0.8)	#	#	1* (0.6)	
6 - 11	67 (2.9)	26 (3.7)	32 (3.6)	9 (2.2)	29 (2.9)	10 (1.9)	13 (2.1)	6 (1.8)	5* (1.3)	1* (0.9)	1* (0.5)	2* (0.7)	
12 - 19	48 (4.2)	21 (3.1)	21 (2.9)	6 (1.8)	37 (3.4)	18 (2.7)	14 (2.3)	4* (1.3)	16 (3.3)	5 (1.6)	8 (2.5)	2* (0.9)	
20 and over	50 (2.5)	16 (1.3)	24 (1.8)	10 (1.2)	39 (2.4)	12 (1.0)	18 (2.1)	9 (0.9)	11 (1.1)	3 (0.6)	4 (0.6)	4 (0.7)	
2 and over	53 (1.9)	18 (1.2)	25 (1.6)	10 (1.0)	36 (1.4)	12 (0.9)	16 (1.3)	8 (0.8)	10 (1.0)	3 (0.5)	4 (0.5)	3 (0.5)	
131-350% poverty:													
2 - 5	92* (1.7)	10 (1.8)	48 (5.7)	34 (5.7)	8* (1.7)	2* (0.8)	3* (0.6)	3* (1.1)	#	#	0* (0.0)	#	
6 - 11	71 (3.2)	14 (2.6)	38 (4.4)	19 (3.2)	25 (3.3)	5* (1.9)	12 (1.9)	9 (2.0)	4* (1.2)	1* (0.5)	1* (0.5)	2* (1.1)	
12 - 19	49 (2.3)	23 (1.8)	18 (1.6)	8 (1.8)	42 (2.4)	13 (2.0)	20 (2.6)	9 (1.1)	10 (2.2)	3* (1.0)	4* (1.4)	3* (0.9)	
20 and over	61 (1.7)	16 (1.1)	30 (1.9)	15 (1.3)	34 (1.4)	8 (1.1)	15 (1.0)	11 (1.2)	5 (0.6)	1* (0.2)	2 (0.5)	1 (0.2)	
2 and over	62 (1.6)	16 (1.0)	30 (1.7)	16 (1.3)	33 (1.2)	8 (0.9)	15 (0.9)	10 (0.9)	5 (0.6)	1 (0.2)	2 (0.5)	2 (0.2)	
Over 350% poverty:													
2 - 5	92* (2.1)	9* (3.7)	44 (7.2)	39 (7.0)	8* (2.1)	0*(0.0)	5* (1.5)	3* (1.5)	0* (0.0)	0* (0.0)	0*(0.0)	0* (0.0)	
6 - 11	85 (3.3)	13 (2.7)	40 (4.3)	33 (2.8)	13 (3.5)	2* (0.9)	8* (2.8)	4* (1.5)	1* (0.9)	#	#	1* (0.9)	
12 - 19	55 (3.9)	19 (5.0)	25 (4.1)	11 (2.2)	37 (3.5)	10 (2.9)	16 (4.1)	11 (2.8)	8* (2.8)	1* (0.6)	3* (1.7)	3* (1.9)	
20 and over	74 (2.1)	13 (1.3)	32 (2.0)	28 (1.9)	24 (1.9)	3 (0.6)	11 (1.2)	10 (1.2)	2 (0.5)	# ` ´	1* (0.1)	1* (0.4)	
2 and over	73 (1.9)	13 (1.3)	32 (1.8)	28 (1.6)	24 (1.7)	4 (0.6)	11 (1.1)	9 (1.0)	2 (0.5)	#	1* (0.2)	1 (0.4)	
All Individuals ⁴ :													
2 - 5	87 (1.7)	14 (1.7)	41 (2.4)	31 (3.3)	13 (1.6)	3* (1.1)	5 (0.9)	5 (1.0)	1* (0.3)	#	#	#	
6 - 11	73 (2.7)	17 (2.1)	36 (2.9)	20 (2.0)	24 (2.7)	6 (1.4)	12 (1.9)	6 (0.8)	3 (0.5)	1* (0.3)	1* (0.2)	2* (0.4)	
12 - 19	50 (1.7)	21 (2.2)	22 (1.2)	8 (1.3)	39 (1.5)	14 (1.5)	17 (1.6)	8 (0.8)	11 (1.7)	3 (0.6)	5 (1.2)	3 (0.8)	
20 and over	64 (1.5)	15 (0.9)	30 (1.4)	19 (1.3)	31 (1.3)	7 (0.6)	14 (0.8)	10 (0.7)	5 (0.4)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.2)	
2 and over	64 (1.4)	15 (0.9)	30 (1.3)	19 (1.3)	31 (1.1)	8 (0.7)	14 (0.8)	9 (0.6)	5 (0.5)	1 (0.2)	2 (0.3)	2 (0.2)	

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Abbreviations

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Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

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Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

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² Snack occasions were reported as distinct eating occasions during the dietary interview and consisted of one or more food and beverage items, including plain water. Water was the only item reported in approximately 27 percent of the snack occasions. Survey respondents selected the name of all eating occasions from a fixed list that was provided during the interview. All reports of "snack", "drink" or "extended consumption" (items that were consumed over a long period of time) were included as snack occasions. Spanish language interviewers used Spanish language snack occasion names: "merienda", "entre comida", "botana", "botana", "tentempie", and "bebida".

³ The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/.

⁴ Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.