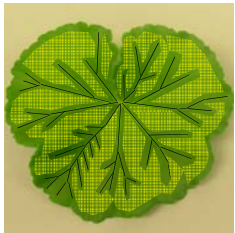


Terminology for Diagnosing Nutrient Deficiencies

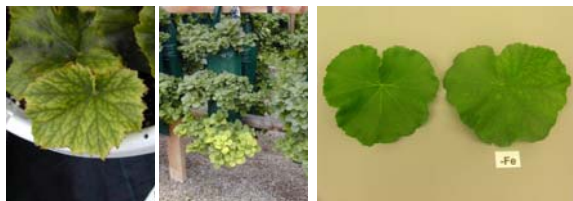
Categorizing Symptoms: Terminology

- Chlorosis
 - Interveinal ←
 - Marginal
 - Leaf Base
 - General
- Necrosis
 - Marginal
 - Internal
- Distortion
 - Waffle
 - Curling + death
 - Thickening



Chlorosis: Interveinal

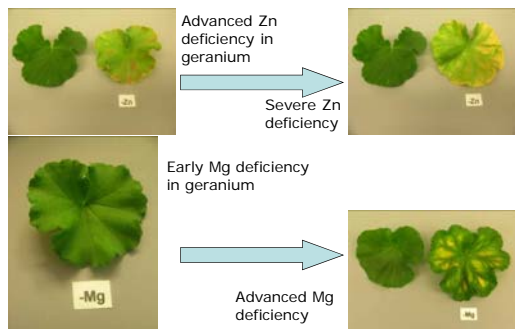
Iron deficiency is the classic example of interveinal chlorosis



Begonia Petunia Early iron deficiency in geranium (-Fe)

Chlorosis: Interveinal

Some early deficiency symptoms can evolve into interveinal chlorosis

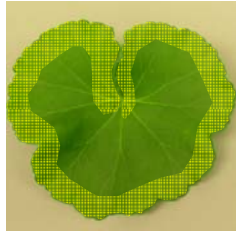


Advanced Zn deficiency in geranium → Severe Zn deficiency

Early Mg deficiency in geranium → Advanced Mg deficiency


Categorizing Symptoms: Terminology

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Chlorosis: Marginal

Phosphorus deficiency is the classic example of marginal chlorosis



-P

Chlorosis: Marginal

Dark foliage can make "chlorosis" identification difficult

Categorizing Symptoms: Terminology

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Chlorosis: Leaf Base

Copper deficiency often begins at the leaf base and progresses towards the margin

Categorizing Symptoms: Terminology

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Chlorosis: General

No distinct pattern. Compare leaves on the same plant to see the difference in color

Chlorosis: General

Some early deficiency symptoms can evolve into general chlorosis

Necrosis: Marginal

Unfortunately, some deficiency symptoms first appear as necrosis (dead tissue). Potassium will appear suddenly as marginal necrotic zones.

Day 1
Day 2
Day 3

Necrosis: Marginal

Some marginal deficiency symptoms that were "chlorotic" can evolve into "necrotic" regions

Advanced phosphorus deficiency in geranium

Severe phosphorus deficiency in geranium

Necrosis: Internal

Most often, internal necrotic regions were areas that evolved from chlorotic zones as the symptoms became more severe.

-Cu

-Cu

Necrosis: Internal

Sometimes, the progression from early symptoms to severe, unfixable necrotic symptoms can be devastatingly rapid

control incipient moderate severe

13 days 19 days 21 days

Boron deficiency in geranium began as veinal chlorosis but quickly developed into large areas of necrosis

Distortion: Waffle

Photo from Dr. Brian Whipker, North Carolina State University

High electrical conductivity can cause leaf morphology to change. New Guinea impatiens readily exhibit high EC symptoms. Plant growth can also be stunted.

Distortion: Curling and Death

Top leaf curl symptoms are commonly associated with B and Ca deficiencies.

Photo from Dr. Brian Whipker, North Carolina State University

Distortion: Thickening

Thickening is often seen with boron deficiency and toxicity. Leaves will often appear glossy and are extremely brittle.



Normal lettuce plants



-B lettuce, note shiny, warped leaves

Distortion: Thickening

Thickening is often seen with boron deficiency and toxicity. Leaves will often appear glossy



Boron toxicity in fuschia