

7.4 Required Sources/Competition

7.4.1 Required Sources

Whenever a purchase is required, the action to be taken is to select the proper source of supply for the services or items needed. Cardholders are required to adhere to the requirements of FAR 8.001, which requires agencies to acquire supplies and services from designated sources if they are capable of providing them. Cardholders must review the required sources of supply in Appendix E, Required Sources of Supply, prior to placing an order with a commercial vendor. Cardholders should contact their LAPC or servicing acquisition office if they need assistance in determining whether their requirement can be satisfied by a required source of supply. Cardholders can also visit the [AbilityOne](#) Web site for a list of required items to be purchased from the AbilityOne Program.

When an order is placed with a required source of supply, the simplified acquisition procedures of Part 13 and the small business provisions of FAR Part 19 do not apply. Refer to FAR Part 8 for specific requirements regarding order placement. In considering and using sources of supply, the cardholder must keep in mind that the need, as expressed by a request or other requirement for services or supplies is basic to some intended task. Whatever is supplied must serve the end use purpose.

7.4.2 Competition

Purchases within the micro-purchase threshold can be awarded without soliciting competitive price quotations if the price is reasonable. Such purchases must be distributed equitably among qualified suppliers. When practicable, a quotation should be solicited from other than the previous supplier prior to placing a repeat order. The administrative cost of verifying the reasonableness of the price of purchases not in excess of \$3,000 may more than offset potential savings in detecting instances of over pricing.

Therefore, actions to verify the reasonableness of the price need be taken only when:

- Information indicates that the price may not be reasonable (e.g., comparison to previous price paid, personal knowledge of the item involved, comparison to similar items).
- Purchasing a supply or service for which no comparable pricing information is readily available (e.g., an item that is not the same or similar to other items recently purchased).

Cardholders must determine that the proposed price is fair and reasonable before making the award and include the determination in the transaction file.

7.4.3 Purchasing Recycled and Environmentally-Preferable Products and Services

Federal government and USDA policy is to “buy green”, i.e., to purchase recycled products made from recovered waste materials, specifically those products designated by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and to give preference to recycled, environmentally-preferable, and energy-efficient products and services. Refer to Appendix B, Buying Green, for detailed information.