**Table 8. Energy Intakes:** Percentages<sup>1</sup> of Energy from Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, and Alcohol, by Family Income (as % of Poverty Level<sup>2</sup>) and Age, in the United States, 2017-2018

Family income as % of poverty level and age	Sample size 3	Fn	ergy	Protein		Carbohydrate		Total fat		Saturated fat		Mono- unsaturated fat		Poly- unsaturated fat		Alcohol	
(years)		kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)	% kcal	(SE)
Under 131% poverty	,. I		```		1 /		, ,		•				1		, ,		, ,
2 - 5	208	1637	(92.3)	14	(0.3)	54	(0.5)	33	(0.5)	12	(0.4)	11	(0.2)	7*	(0.2)		
6 - 11	282	1958	(62.0)	14	(0.4)	52	(1.0)	35	(0.8)	12	(0.3)	11	(0.3)	8	(0.2)		
12 - 19	375	1949	(77.6)	15	(0.6)	51	(1.1)	34	(0.5)	12	(0.3)	11	(0.3)	8	(0.3)		
20 and over	1180	2124	(55.9)	15	(0.3)	49	(0.6)	35	(0.5)	11	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.3)	3	(0.3)
2 and over	2045	2042	(45.4)	15	(0.3)	50	(0.5)	35	(0.4)	11	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.2)		
131-350% poverty:																	
2 - 5	178	1503	(52.5)	14	(0.3)	53	(0.7)	35	(0.5)	12	(0.4)	11*	(0.2)	8*	(0.2)		
6 - 11	279	1941	(31.2)	13	(0.3)	53	(0.7)	35	(0.5)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.3)		
12 - 19	372	2085	(48.5)	14	(0.3)	51	(0.6)	36	(0.6)	12	(0.3)	12	(0.3)	8	(0.2)		
20 and over	1722	2159	(44.9)	15	(0.2)	48	(0.4)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)	2	(0.3)
2 and over	2551	2096	(32.1)	15	(0.2)	49	(0.3)	36	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		
Over 350% poverty:																	
2 - 5	107	1493	(51.4)	14*	(0.3)	55	(1.0)	34	(1.0)	11*	(0.5)	11*	(0.4)	8*	(0.4)		
6 - 11	159	1927	(68.3)	14	(0.6)	53	(1.2)	35	(0.9)	12*	(0.4)	12*	(0.3)	8*	(0.4)		
12 - 19	191	2114	(96.5)	15	(0.8)	51	(1.7)	35	(0.9)	12	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	9*	(0.5)		
20 and over	1282	2176	(36.8)	16	(0.2)	44	(0.3)	37	(0.4)	12	(0.2)	13	(0.2)	9	(0.2)	4	(0.3)
2 and over	1739	2134	(32.6)	16	(0.2)	46	(0.3)	37	(0.3)	12	(0.1)	13	(0.2)	9	(0.2)		
All Individuals <sup>4</sup> :																	
2 - 5	540	1542	(31.4)	14	(0.2)	54	(0.4)	34	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	11	(0.1)	7	(0.1)		
6 - 11	795	1936	(34.7)	14	(0.3)	53	(0.5)	35	(0.3)	12	(0.2)	11	(0.1)	8	(0.2)		
12 - 19	1045	2030	(32.0)	15	(0.3)	51	(0.6)	35	(0.4)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.2)	8	(0.1)		
20 and over	4742	2155	(18.8)	16	(0.1)	47	(0.3)	36	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	9	(0.1)	3	(0.2)
2 and over	7122	2093	(14.2)	15	(0.1)	48	(0.2)	36	(0.2)	12	(0.1)	12	(0.1)	8	(0.1)		

# Symbol Legend

\* Indicates an estimate that may be less statistically reliable than estimates that are not flagged. The rules for flagging estimated means and percentages are as follows:

**Mean:** An estimated mean is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. The VIF used in this table is 2.57.

**Percent:** An estimated percentage between 25 and 75 percent is flagged when based on a sample size of less than 30 times the variance inflation factor (VIF), where the VIF represents a broadly calculated average design effect, or when the relative standard error is greater than 30 percent. An estimated percentage less than or equal to 25 percent or greater than or equal to 75 percent is flagged when the smaller of np and n(1-p) is less than 8 times the VIF, where n is the sample size and p is the percentage expressed as a fraction. The VIF used in this table is 2.57.

#### **Footnotes**

- <sup>1</sup> Percentages estimated as a ratio of each individual's energy intake of protein, carbohydrate, fat and alcohol divided by the individual's total food energy intake.
- <sup>2</sup> The ratio of family income to poverty expressed as a percentage. The Department of Health and Human Services' poverty guidelines were used as the poverty measure to calculate the ratio, <a href="http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/">http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/</a>.
- <sup>3</sup> Sample size and mean energy includes individuals (n = 1) with zero energy intake that are excluded from estimates of percentages of energy from protein, carbohydrate, fat, and alcohol.
- <sup>4</sup> Includes persons of all income levels or with unknown family income.

#### **Abbreviations**

SE = standard error.

## Notes Applicable to All Tables in Series: What We Eat in America, NHANES 2017-2018

Sample weights designed for dietary analysis were used to allow estimates representative of the U. S. population for the years of collection.

The statistics in this table are estimated from Day 1 dietary recall interviews conducted in the *What We Eat in America*, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) 2017-2018. The 24-hour dietary recalls were conducted in-person, by trained interviewers, using the USDA 5-step Automated Multiple-Pass Method. Food intakes were coded and nutrient values were determined using the USDA Food and Nutrient Database for Dietary Studies 2017-2018 www.ars.usda.gov/nea/bhnrc/fsrg.

Intakes of nutrients and other dietary components are based on the consumption of food and beverages, including water, and do not include intake from supplements or medications.

The table includes data from individuals 2 years and over. Breast-fed children were excluded because breast milk was not quantified in dietary recall interviews.

Although alcohol data are collected for all individuals, estimates are not presented for age groups under 20 years due to extreme variability and/or inadequate sample size.

### **Suggested Citation**

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